

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

/X/ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2000

OR

/ / TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 33-37587

PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Arizona

22-1944557

(State or other jurisdiction,
incorporation or organization)

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

213 Washington Street, Newark, New Jersey 07102

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(973) 802-3274

(Registrant's Telephone Number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (b) of the Act: NONE

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (g) of the Act: NONE

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required
to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant
was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing
requirements for the past 90 days.

YES X NO

State the aggregate market value of the voting stock held by
non-affiliates of the registrant: NONE

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's
classes of common stock, as of August 14, 2000. Common stock, par value
of \$10 per share: 250,000 shares outstanding

PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

Page No.

<S>

Cover Page

<C>

Index

2

PART I - Financial Information

Item 1. (Unaudited) Consolidated Financial Statements

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position As of June 30, 2000 and December 31, 1999	3
Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income Three and Six months ended June 30, 2000 and 1999	4
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholder's Equity Periods ended June 30, 2000 and December 31, 1999 and 1998	5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Six months ended June 30, 2000 and 1999	6
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	7

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	10
---	----

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	13
--	----

PART II - Other Information

Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds	14
---	----

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K	15
--	----

Signature Page	16
----------------	----

</TABLE>

Pruco Life Insurance Company and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position
As of June 30, 2000 and December 31, 1999 (In Thousands)

	(Unaudited) June 30, 2000	December 31, 1999
	<C>	<C>
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ASSETS		
Fixed maturities		
Available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost, 2000: \$3,323,662 1999: \$3,084,057)	\$ 3,247,348	\$ 2,998,362
Held to maturity, at amortized cost (fair value, 2000:\$356,793 1999: \$377,822)	368,198	388,990
Equity securities - available for sale, at fair value (cost, 2000: 7,302; 1999: \$3,238)	9,403	4,532
Mortgage loans on real estate	9,923	10,509
Policy loans	826,122	792,352
Short-term investments	403,229	207,219
Other long-term investments	83,603	77,769
Total investments	4,947,826	4,479,733
Cash	81,322	76,396
Deferred policy acquisition costs	1,121,453	1,062,785
Accrued investment income	73,404	68,917
Receivables from affiliate	21,578	-
Other assets	77,614	48,228
Separate Account assets	16,686,214	16,032,449
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 23,009,411	\$ 21,768,508

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities

Policyholders' account balances	\$ 3,347,335	\$ 3,116,261
Future policy benefits and other policyholder liabilities	676,583	635,978
Cash collateral for loaned securities	131,101	87,336
Securities sold under agreement to repurchase	106,595	21,151

Income taxes payable	208,959	145,600
Payables to affiliate	-	487
Other liabilities	137,535	59,427
Separate Account liabilities	16,686,214	16,032,449
Total liabilities	21,294,322	20,098,689
Contingencies (See Footnote 2)		
Stockholder's Equity		
Common stock, \$10 par value; 1,000,000 shares, authorized; 250,000 shares, issued and outstanding	2,500	2,500
Paid-in-capital	439,582	439,582
Retained earnings	1,304,550	1,258,428
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		
Net unrealized investment losses	(27,789)	(28,364)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(3,754)	(2,327)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(31,543)	(30,691)
Total stockholder's equity	1,715,089	1,669,819
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$ 23,009,411	\$ 21,768,508

</TABLE>

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

3

Pruco Life Insurance Company and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)
Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2000 and 1999 (In Thousands)

	Six months ended June 30,		Three months ended June 30,	
	2000	1999	2000	1999
	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
REVENUES				
Premiums	\$60,728	\$40,902	\$ 33,477	\$21,706
Policy charges and fee income	229,407	206,366	114,526	112,625
Net investment income	167,975	137,597	83,501	67,784
Realized investment losses, net	(13,994)	(13,800)	(3,683)	(8,777)
Asset management fees	34,852	25,516	18,331	14,307
Other income	410	845	207	294
Total revenues	479,378	397,426	246,359	207,939
BENEFITS AND EXPENSES				
Policyholders' benefits	117,720	106,733	55,388	48,335
Interest credited to policyholders' account balances	79,451	62,249	41,288	30,987
General, administrative and other expenses	212,548	191,658	100,689	122,678
Total benefits and expenses	409,719	360,640	197,365	202,000
Income from operations before income taxes	69,659	36,786	48,994	5,939
Income tax provision	23,537	12,875	16,305	1,596
NET INCOME	\$46,122	\$23,911	\$32,689	\$4,343
Other comprehensive (loss), net of tax:				
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of Reclassification adjustment	575	(19,498)	(5,914)	(9,628)

Foreign currency translation adjustments	(1,427)	530	(1,461)	641
Other comprehensive (loss), net of tax	(852)	(18,968)	(7,375)	(8,987)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$45,270	\$ 4,943	\$ 25,314	\$ (4,644)

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

4

Pruco Life Insurance Company and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholder's Equity (Unaudited)
Periods Ended June 30, 2000 and December 31, 1999 and 1998 (In Thousands)

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	Common stock	Paid-in- capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Total stockholder's equity
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Balance, January 1, 1998	\$ 2,500	\$ 439,582	\$ 1,050,871	\$ 12,564	\$ 1,505,517
Net income	-	-	151,962	-	151,962
Change in foreign currency translation adjustments, net of taxes	-	-	-	2,980	2,980
Change in net unrealized investment losses, net of reclassification adjustment and taxes	-	-	-	(7,227)	(7,227)
Balance, December 31, 1998	\$ 2,500	\$ 439,582	\$ 1,202,833	\$ 8,317	\$ 1,653,232
Net income	-	-	55,595	-	55,595
Change in foreign currency translation adjustments, net of taxes	-	-	-	(742)	(742)
Change in net unrealized investment losses, net of reclassification adjustment and taxes	-	-	-	(38,266)	(38,266)
Balance, December 31, 1999	\$ 2,500	\$ 439,582	\$ 1,258,428	\$ (30,691)	\$1,669,819
Net income	-	-	46,122	-	46,122
Change in foreign currency translation adjustments, net of taxes	-	-	-	(1,427)	(1,427)
Change in net unrealized investment gains, net of reclassification adjustment and taxes	-	-	-	575	575
Balance, June 30, 2000	\$ 2,500	\$ 439,582	\$1,304,550	\$ (31,543)	\$1,715,089

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

5

Pruco Life Insurance Company and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)
Six Months Ended June 30, 2000 and 1999 (In Thousands)

<TABLE>
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	2000	1999
	<C>	<C>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 46,122	\$ 23,911
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		
Policy charges and fee income	(33,040)	(39,520)
Interest credited to policyholders' account balances	79,486	62,249
Realized investment (gains) losses, net	13,994	13,800
Amortization and other non-cash items	4,426	38,830
Change in:		
Future policy benefits and other policyholders' liabilities	40,605	15,085
Accrued investment income	(4,487)	53
Payables to/Receivables from affiliate, net	(22,065)	1,483
Policy loans	(33,770)	(22,524)
Deferred policy acquisition costs	(58,669)	(90,092)
Income taxes payable	63,359	(32,241)
Other, net	48,725	27,840
Cash Flows From (Used In) Operating Activities	144,686	(1,126)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from the sale/maturity of:		
Fixed maturities:		
Available for sale	1,065,356	2,095,979
Held to maturity	20,871	25,206
Equity securities	251	2,452
Mortgage loans on real estate	585	466
Other long-term investments	1,830	318
Payments for the purchase of:		
Fixed maturities:		
Available for sale	(1,327,324)	(1,988,779)
Held to maturity	-	(24,170)
Equity securities	(4,155)	(1,989)
Other long-term investments	(3,128)	(33)
Cash collateral for loaned securities, net	43,765	(39,201)
Securities sold under agreement to repurchase, net	85,444	(1,993)
Other long-term investments	(4,536)	(4,723)
Short-term investments, net	(195,991)	(118,819)
Cash Flows (Used In) Investing Activities	(317,032)	(55,286)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Policyholders' account balances:		
Deposits	1,432,001	1,671,054
Withdrawals	(1,254,729)	(1,603,191)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities	177,272	67,863
Net increase in Cash	4,926	11,451
Cash, beginning of year	76,396	89,679
CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$ 81,322	\$ 101,130

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See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations for reporting on Form 10-Q on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. These interim financial statements are unaudited but reflect all adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to provide a fair presentation of the consolidated results of operations and financial condition of the Pruco Life Insurance Company ("the Company"), a wholly owned subsidiary of The Prudential Insurance Company of America ("Prudential"), for the interim periods presented. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature, with the exception of certain related party transactions, as described in Footnote 3. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year. Certain amounts in the Company's prior year consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the 2000 presentation. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999.

2. CONTINGENCIES

Various lawsuits against the Company have arisen in the course of the Company's business. In certain of these matters, large and/or indeterminate amounts are sought.

On October 28, 1996, the Company entered into a Stipulation of Settlement with attorneys for the plaintiffs in a consolidated class action lawsuit pending in a Multi-District Litigation proceeding in the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey. The class action suit involved alleged improprieties in connection with the sale, servicing and operation of permanent life insurance policies from 1982 through 1995. Pursuant to the settlement, the Company has participated in a remediation program pursuant to which relief was offered to policyowners who were misled when they purchased permanent life insurance policies in the United States from 1982 to 1995. Prudential has agreed to indemnify the Company for any liability incurred in connection with that litigation.

The balance of the Company's litigation is subject to many uncertainties, and given the complexity and scope, the outcomes cannot be predicted with precision. Management believes that any ultimate liability that could result from such litigation would not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has extensive transactions and relationships with Prudential and other affiliates. It is possible that the terms of these transactions are not the same as those that would result from transactions among wholly unrelated parties.

Expense Charges and Allocations

All of the Company's expenses are allocations or charges from Prudential or other affiliates. These expenses can be grouped into the following categories: general and administrative expenses, retail distribution expenses and asset management fees.

The Company's general and administrative expenses are charged to the Company using allocation methodologies based on business processes. Management believes that the methodology is reasonable and reflects costs incurred by Prudential to process transactions on behalf of the Company. Prudential and the Company operate under service and lease agreements whereby services of officers and employees (except for those agents employed directly by the Company in Taiwan), supplies, use of equipment and office space are provided by Prudential.

Pruco Life Insurance Company and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Late in 1998, Prudential undertook a review of its expense allocation methodology. This review resulted in increased allocations to the Company compared with 1998 levels, reflecting higher expense allocations to products requiring more complex business processes and more transactions, such as variable products which allow policyholders to make changes in their investment portfolio. Implementation of the revised allocation methodology was substantially completed in the second quarter of 1999.

The Company is allocated estimated distribution expenses from Prudential's retail agency network for both its domestic life and annuity products. The Company has capitalized the majority of these distribution expenses as deferred policy acquisition costs ("DAC"). At April 1, 2000 Prudential and the Company agreed to revise the estimate of allocated distribution expenses to reflect a market based pricing arrangement.

The Company is charged an asset management fee by Prudential Global Asset Management ("PGAM") for managing the Separate Account investment portfolio. These fees are a component of general, administrative and other expenses.

In addition, the Company receives fee income from policyholder account balances invested in the Prudential Series Fund ("PSF"). These amounts are recorded as "Asset management fees" in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company also collects these fees on behalf of Prudential and records a Payable to affiliate in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

Corporate Owned Life Insurance

The Company has sold three Corporate Owned Life Insurance ("COLI") policies to Prudential. The cash surrender value included in Separate Accounts was \$728.0 million and \$725.3 million at June 30, 2000 and December 31, 1999, respectively. The fees received related to the COLI policies were \$2.7 million for the six months ending June 30, 2000.

Reinsurance

The Company currently has three reinsurance agreements in place with Prudential (the reinsurer). Specifically a reinsurance Group Annuity Contract, whereby the reinsurer, in consideration for a single premium payment by the Company, provides reinsurance equal to 100% of all payments due under the contract, and two yearly renewable term agreements in which the Company may offer and the reinsurer may accept reinsurance on any life in excess of the Company's maximum limit of retention. The Company is not relieved of its primary obligation to the policyholder as a result of these reinsurance transactions. These agreements had no material effect on net income for the periods ended June 30, 2000 and December 31, 1999.

Debt Agreements

In July 1998, the Company established a revolving line of credit facility of up to \$500 million with Prudential Funding Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Prudential. There is no outstanding debt relating to this credit facility as of June 30, 2000 or December 31, 1999.

Pruco Life Insurance Company and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

4. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" which requires that companies recognize all derivatives as either assets or liabilities in the balance sheet and measure those instruments at fair value. SFAS No. 133 does not apply to most traditional insurance contracts. However, certain hybrid contracts that contain features which may affect settlement amounts similarly to derivatives may require separate accounting for the "host contract" and the underlying "embedded derivative" provisions. The latter provisions would be accounted for as derivatives as specified by the statement.

SFAS No. 133 provides, if certain conditions are met, that a derivative may be specifically designated as (1) a hedge of the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognized asset or liability or an unrecognized firm commitment (fair value hedge), (2) a hedge of the exposure to variable cash flows of a forecasted transaction (cash flow hedge), or (3) a hedge of the foreign currency exposure of a net investment in a foreign operation, an unrecognized firm commitment, an available-for-sale security or a foreign-currency-denominated forecasted transaction (foreign currency hedge).

Under SFAS No. 133, the accounting for changes in fair value of a derivative depends on its intended use and designation. For a fair value hedge, the gain or loss is recognized in earnings in the period of change together with the offsetting loss or gain on the hedged item. For a cash flow hedge, the effective portion of the derivative's gain or loss is initially reported as a component of other comprehensive income and subsequently reclassified into earnings when the forecasted transaction affects earnings. For a foreign currency hedge, the gain or loss is reported in other comprehensive income as part of the foreign currency translation adjustment. For all other derivatives not designated as

hedging instruments, the gain or loss is recognized in earnings in the period of change. The Company is required to adopt this Statement, as amended, as of January 1, 2001 and is currently assessing the effect of the new standard.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following analysis should be read in conjunction with the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Company markets interest-sensitive individual life insurance and variable life insurance, individual variable and fixed annuities, and guaranteed interest contracts ("GICs") by utilizing Prudential's sales force in the United States. These markets are subject to regulatory oversight with particular emphasis placed on company solvency and sales practices. These markets are also subject to increasing competitive pressures as the legal barriers that have historically segregated the markets of the financial services industry have changed through both legislative and judicial processes. Regulatory changes have opened the insurance industry to competition from other financial institutions, particularly banks and mutual funds companies that are positioned to deliver competing investment products through large, stable distribution channels. The Company also markets traditional individual life insurance through its branch office in Taiwan.

The Company's Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations are described below.

1. Analysis of Financial Condition

From December 31, 1999 to June 30, 2000 there was an increase of \$1.2 billion in total assets from \$21.8 billion to \$23.0 billion, the majority of which relates to a \$654 million increase in Separate Accounts from net cash inflows as described below. General Account invested assets increased by \$468 million, mainly due to net purchases and appreciation of fixed maturities of \$228 million, net purchases of short-term investments of \$196 million from increased securities lending activity and increased policy loan lending of \$34 million. Other assets increased by \$29 million due to timing on the cash collection of receivables for securities sold and asset management fees earned.

During this six-month period, liabilities also increased by \$1.2 billion from \$20.1 billion to \$21.3 billion. Corresponding with the asset change, Separate Account liabilities increased by \$654 million due to cash inflows to the Separate Accounts of \$1,461 million, net investment losses (including unrealized losses of \$457 million) of \$20 million, and surrenders, withdrawals and disbursements of \$787 million. General account policyholder balances increased by \$231 million during this period mainly from new sales of GICs of \$97 million, and Discovery Select ("Discovery Select") annuity product sales. Net sales (sales less withdrawals) and exchanges of Discovery Select were approximately \$900 million in the first six months of 2000. This represents a decrease of \$400 million in net sales from the first six months of 1999, due to lower sales from the exchange program which was discontinued in 2000, an increase in surrenders, offset somewhat by an increase in new sales. The remaining increases in liabilities relate to increases in securities lending, taxes payable and other liabilities. Other liabilities increased by \$78 million mainly due to timing on the cash payment for purchases of securities.

From June 30, 1999 to June 30, 2000 total assets increased by \$3.6 billion, the largest component of this increase was in Separate Account assets of \$2.7 billion to support the increase in contractholder liabilities which is described later. General Account invested assets increased by approximately \$737 million due to purchases of fixed maturities to support the GIC and general account annuity businesses. The remaining increase to assets was mainly in deferred acquisition costs ("DAC"), which increased by \$170 million due to growth in the business and consequently, deferrable costs.

Similarly, total liabilities increased by \$3.6 billion from June 30, 1999 to June 30, 2000, primarily from the increase in Separate Account liabilities, which represent contractholder fund balances. Separate Account fund balances grew from \$14.0 billion to \$16.7 billion, an increase of \$2.7 billion. Most of the increase was in annuity Separate Accounts which grew by \$2.6 billion as a result of net sales (sales less withdrawals) and exchanges of Discovery Select as well as appreciation on equity funds. The domestic life business had higher Separate Account fund balances of approximately \$73 million due to sales of Variable Universal Life ("VUL") and equity fund appreciation. There was also an increase in General Account policyholder balances of \$554 million, mainly due to sales and interest credited on GICs of \$404 million, and an increase of approximately \$128 million on annuity fund balances due to sales of Discovery Select. Future policy benefits and other policyholder liabilities also increased by \$133 million due to business growth for Taiwan and domestic life. Securities lending also increased by \$155 million since June 30, 1999.

2. Results of Operations

For the six months ended June 30, 2000 versus 1999

Consolidated net income of \$46.1 million for the first six months of 2000 was \$22.2 million more than for the first six months of 1999. Revenues grew by \$82.0 million, an increase of 20.6% from the prior year, while benefits and expenses grew by \$49.1 million, or 13.6% from the prior year. Taxes also increased corresponding with the income increase.

Consolidated total revenues increased by \$82.0 million, from \$397.4 million to \$479.4 million. Insurance revenues, which include premiums from the Taiwan traditional life business and policy charges and fee income from the individual annuity and domestic life businesses, increased by \$42.9 million to \$290.1 million in 2000. Policy charges and fee income, consisting primarily of mortality and expense ("M&E"), loading and other insurance charges assessed on General and Separate Account policyholder fund balances, increased by \$23.6 million for the individual annuity business primarily a result of the growth since June 30, 1999 in the policyholder account balances upon which these fees are assessed, as described in the "Analysis of Financial Condition". Offsetting this increase in policy charges and fee income was a slight decline of \$.6 million in the domestic life business as increases in M&E charges were offset by non-recurring loading charges received in the prior year. The increase in premiums of \$19.8 million is primarily from Taiwan premiums which grew \$13.3 million due to increased persistency rates and growth in the in force business of 17%. Premiums from annuitizations of Discovery Select contracts and from extended term insurance also contributed to the growth in premiums.

Asset management fees, which are charged on policyholder accounts invested in the Prudential Series Fund ("PSF"), increased by \$9.3 million, also due to the growth in the Separate Account fund balances.

Net investment income increased by \$30.4 million from the prior year, as total fixed maturities and short-term investments increased \$664 million since June 30 1999, mainly due to cash inflows from GIC sales as described in the "Analysis of Financial Condition". There were also realized losses recognized on sales of fixed maturities of \$15 million, permanent impairment writedowns on fixed maturities of \$5 million, and derivative gains of \$6 million in 2000. This compares to realized losses of \$14 million in 1999 primarily from sales of fixed maturities, and permanent impairment writedowns on fixed maturities of \$3.3 million.

Policyholder benefits, including changes to reserves, increased by \$11 million. Reserves increased due to higher Taiwan life insurance sales and premiums from Discovery Select annuitizations in the amount of \$10.1 million and \$5.3 million, respectively. Domestic life had a decrease of \$4.4 million due to a reduction in death claims and in the reserve for disabled insureds. Interest credited to policyholder account balances increased by \$17.2 million mainly due to the increase in GIC policyholder account balances from sales as mentioned above.

General, administrative, and other expenses increased by \$20.9 million from the prior year. As of April 1 2000, there was a change in the allocation of estimated distribution expenses from Prudential's retail agency network which decreased year over year expenses by \$5.1 million. Offsetting this decrease is higher DAC amortization of \$14.2 million due to growth in profitability of the annuity business, changes made in late 1999 to the assumptions used in the amortization model, and release of DAC due to Discovery Select lapse experience. There was also an additional \$9.4 million in non-deferrable expenses due to growth in trail commissions on Discovery Select exchanges, which are not subject to capitalization. In addition, asset management fees paid to Prudential Global Asset Management ("PGAM") for managing the Separate Account portfolios increased by \$3.4 million as the Separate Account portfolios upon which these fees are assessed have grown.

For the three months ended June 30, 2000 versus 1999

Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2000 was \$32.7 million, an increase of \$28.4 million from \$4.3 million earned in the three months ended June 30, 1999.

Consolidated total revenues increased by \$38.4 million, from \$207.9 million to \$246.3 million. Insurance revenues, which include premiums from the Taiwan traditional life business and policy charges and fee income from the individual annuity and domestic life businesses, increased by \$13.7 million to \$148.0

million in 2000. Policy charges and fee income, consisting primarily of mortality and expense, loading and other insurance charges assessed on General and Separate Account policyholder fund balances, increased by \$10.1 million for the individual annuity business primarily a result of the growth in the policyholder account balances upon which these fees are assessed as described in the "Analysis of Financial Condition". Offsetting this increase in policy charges and fee income was a decline of \$8.2 million in the domestic life business due to large non-recurring loading charges received in the second quarter of 1999. The increase in premiums of \$11.8 million is primarily from Taiwan premiums which grew \$7.0 million due to increased persistency rates and growth in the in force business. Increases in annuitizations from Discovery Select and extended term insurance also increased premiums.

Asset management fees, which are charged on policyholder accounts invested in the Prudential Series Fund ("PSF"), increased by \$4.0 million, also due to the growth in the Separate Account fund balances.

Net investment income increased by \$15.7 million from the prior year, as total fixed maturities and short-term investments increased \$664 million since June 30 1999, mainly due to GIC sales as described in the "Analysis of Financial Condition".

Policyholder benefits, including changes to reserves, increased by \$7.1 million. Reserves increased due to higher Taiwan life insurance sales and premiums from Discovery Select annuitizations in the amount of \$5.2 million and \$2.3 million, respectively. Interest credited to policyholder account balances increased by \$10.3 million mainly due to the increase in GIC policyholder account balances from sales as mentioned above.

General, administrative, and other expenses decreased by \$22.0 million from the prior year. As of April 1, 2000, there was a change in the allocation of estimated distribution expenses from Prudential's retail agency network, this change decreased quarter over quarter expenses by \$10.3 million. In addition, the second quarter of 1999 reflected the impact of fully implementing the expense allocation methodology that was introduced in late 1998. This methodology allocated higher expenses to products requiring more complex business processes and transactions. The estimated effect of this allocation change in second quarter 1999 was an increase to expenses of \$17.6 million, causing a positive variance when comparing current quarter results to prior year quarter results. Offsetting these decreases is increased DAC amortization of \$5.5 million due to changes in the amortization model and Discovery Select lapse experience. An increase in trail commissions on Discovery Select, which are not subject to capitalization, increased expenses by \$4.2 million.

12

3. Liquidity and Capital Resources

Principal cash flow sources are investment and fee income, investment maturities and sales, and premiums and fund deposits. These cash inflows may be complemented by financing activities through other Prudential affiliates.

Cash outflows consist principally of benefits, claims and amounts paid to policyholders in connection with policy surrenders, withdrawals and net policy loan activity. Uses of cash also include commissions, general and administrative expenses, and purchases of investments. Liquidity requirements associated with policyholder obligations are monitored regularly so that the Company can manage cash inflows to match anticipated cash outflow requirements.

The Company believes that cash flow from operations together with proceeds from scheduled maturities and sales of fixed maturity investments, are adequate to satisfy liquidity requirements based on the Company's current liability structure.

The Company had \$23.0 billion of assets at June 30, 2000 compared to \$21.8 billion at December 31, 1999, of which \$16.7 billion and \$16.0 billion were held in Separate Accounts at June 30, 2000 and December 31, 1999, respectively, under variable life insurance policies and variable annuity contracts. The remaining assets consisted primarily of investments and deferred policy acquisition costs.

4. The Year 2000 Issue

The Company utilizes many of the same business applications, infrastructure and business partners as Prudential. Prudential addressed the Year 2000 issue on an enterprise-wide basis. Therefore, it is not possible to differentiate the Company's Year 2000 issue from that of Prudential. To date, neither Prudential nor the Company has experienced material Year 2000 related problems in any of their operations. Prudential believes that it has mitigated the Year 2000 risk, however Prudential cannot guarantee that it will not experience a Year 2000 failure that has thus far been undetected. In the worst case, it is possible that an as yet unknown Year 2000 failure, whether internal or external, could have a material impact on Prudential or the Company's results of operations,

liquidity or financial condition. Where necessary, we have enhanced our general business continuation contingency plans to ensure that they would be effective in responding to a Year 2000 failure. Substantially all of these plans, as they related to Year 2000 issues, include the ultimate resolution of any technology failure that we may encounter.

5. Information Concerning Forward-Looking Statements

Some of the statements contained in Management's Discussion and Analysis, including those words such as "believes", "expects", "intends", "estimates", "assumes", "anticipates" and "seeks", are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements for various reasons. In particular, statements contained in Management's Discussion and Analysis regarding the Company's business strategies involve risks and uncertainties, and we can provide no assurance that we will be able to execute our strategies effectively or achieve our financial and other objectives.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company's exposure to market risks and the way these risks are managed, are summarized in Item 7a of the 1999 Form 10K.

13

PART II

Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds.

(d) Information required by Item 701(f) of Regulation S-K:

The information below pertains to modified guaranteed annuity contracts issued by the Company in two distinct variable annuity products, Discovery Preferred Variable Annuity and Discovery Select Variable Annuity. However, because the modified guaranteed annuity option of each of these products is identical, the Company has aggregated the registration of these securities.

- (1) The original effective date of the Registration Statement of the Company for the Discovery Preferred Variable Annuity on Form S-1 was declared effective on November 27, 1995 (Registration No. 33-61143). The Discovery Select prospectus was added through filings under Rule 424 of the Securities Act of 1993. The registration statement continues to be effective through annual amendments, the most recent filed April 16, 1999 and declared effective April 30, 1999.
- (2) Offering commenced immediately upon effectiveness of the registration statement.
- (3) Not applicable.
- (4)
 - (i) The offering has not been terminated.
 - (ii) The managing underwriter of the offering is Prudential Investment Management Services LLC.
 - (iii) Market-Value Adjustment Annuity Contracts (also known as modified guaranteed annuity contracts).
 - (iv) Securities registered and sold for the account of the Company:

<TABLE>
<S>

Amount registered*:	\$ 500,000,000
Aggregate price of the offering amount registered:	\$ 500,000,000
Amount sold*:	\$ 312,261,725
Aggregate offering price of amount sold to date:	\$ 312,261,725

</TABLE>

* Securities not issued in predetermined units

No securities have been registered for the account of any selling security holder.

- (v) Expenses associated with the issuance of the securities:

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Underwriting discounts and commissions**	\$ 10,929,160
Other expenses**	\$ 15,939,843

<C>

Total

\$ 26,869,003

</TABLE>

** Amounts are estimated and are paid to
affiliated parties.

<TABLE>

<S>

(vi) Net offering proceeds:

<C>

\$ 285,392,722

</TABLE>

(vii) Not applicable.

(viii) Not applicable.

14

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits

3(i)(a) The Articles of Incorporation of Pruco Life Insurance Company (as amended through October 19, 1993) are incorporated by reference to the initial Registration Statement on Form S-6 of Pruco Life Variable Appreciable Account as filed July 2, 1996, Registration No. 333-07451.

3(ii) By-Laws of Pruco Life Insurance Company (as amended through May 6, 1997) are incorporated by reference to Form 10-Q as filed by the Company on August 15, 1997.

4(a) Modified Guaranteed Annuity Contract is filed herewith (previously filed as an exhibit to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 as filed November 2, 1990, Registration No. 33-37587).

4(b) Market-Value Adjustment Annuity Contract is incorporated by reference to the Company's registration statement on Form S-1, Registration No. 333-18053, as filed November 17, 1995.

27 Financial Data Schedule is filed herewith in accordance with EDGAR instructions.

(b) Reports on Form 8K

None

15

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf of the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
(Registrant)

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

Signature
- - - - -

Title

Date

<S>

<C>

President and Director

<C>

August 14, 2000

- - - - -
Esther H. Milnes

Principal Financial Officer and
Chief Accounting Officer

August 14, 2000

- - - - -
Dennis G. Sullivan

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