

REGISTRATION NO. 333-103473

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM S-3
POST-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO. 5

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY
(Exact Name of Registrant)

NEW JERSEY
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

22-2426091
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

C/O PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY
213 WASHINGTON STREET
NEWARK, NEW JERSEY 07102-2992
(973) 802-7333
(Address and telephone number of principal executive offices)

THOMAS C. CASTANO
ASSISTANT SECRETARY
PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY
213 WASHINGTON STREET
NEWARK, NEW JERSEY 07102-2992
(973) 802-4780
(Name, address and telephone number of agent for service)
Copies to:

C. CHRISTOPHER SPRAGUE
VICE PRESIDENT, CORPORATE COUNSEL
THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE
COMPANY OF AMERICA
213 WASHINGTON STREET
NEWARK, NEW JERSEY 07102-2992
(973) 802-6997

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, check the following box[X]

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Calculation of Registration fee				
Title of each class of securities to be registered	Amount to be registered*	Proposed maximum offering price per unit*	Proposed maximum aggregate offering price	Amount of registration fee **
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Market-value adjustment annuity contracts (or modified guaranteed annuity contracts)	75,000,000		75,000,000	\$-0-

* Securities are not issued in predetermined units

** Registration fee for these securities, in the amount of \$75 million, was paid at the time the securities were originally registered on Form S-3 as filed by Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey on February 27, 2003. The current amount of registered, but unsold, securities is reported quarterly by the Registrant on Form 10-Q and annually on Form 10-K.

STRATEGIC PARTNERS(SM)
ANNUITY ONE 3
VARIABLE ANNUITY

PROSPECTUS: MAY 2, 2005

THIS PROSPECTUS DESCRIBES AN INDIVIDUAL VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACT OFFERED BY PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY (PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY) AND THE PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY FLEXIBLE PREMIUM ANNUITY ACCOUNT. PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY OFFERS SEVERAL DIFFERENT ANNUITIES WHICH YOUR REPRESENTATIVE MAY BE AUTHORIZED TO OFFER TO YOU. EACH ANNUITY HAS DIFFERENT FEATURES AND BENEFITS THAT MAY BE APPROPRIATE FOR YOU BASED ON YOUR FINANCIAL SITUATION, YOUR AGE AND HOW YOU INTEND TO USE THE ANNUITY. THE DIFFERENT FEATURES AND BENEFITS INCLUDE VARIATIONS IN DEATH BENEFIT PROTECTION AND THE ABILITY TO ACCESS YOUR ANNUITY'S CONTRACT VALUE. THE FEES AND CHARGES UNDER THE ANNUITY CONTRACT AND THE COMPENSATION PAID TO YOUR REPRESENTATIVE MAY ALSO BE DIFFERENT AMONG EACH ANNUITY. IF YOU ARE PURCHASING THE CONTRACT AS A REPLACEMENT FOR EXISTING VARIABLE ANNUITY OR VARIABLE LIFE COVERAGE, YOU SHOULD CONSIDER, AMONG OTHER THINGS, ANY SURRENDER OR PENALTY CHARGES YOU MAY INCUR WHEN REPLACING YOUR EXISTING COVERAGE. PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY IS AN INDIRECT WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA.

THE FUNDS

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Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 offers a wide variety of investment choices, including variable investment options that invest in underlying mutual funds. Currently, portfolios of the following underlying mutual funds are being offered: The Prudential Series Fund, Inc., American Skandia Trust, Gartmore Variable Insurance Trust, and Janus Aspen Series.

You may choose between two basic versions of Strategic Partners Annuity One 3. One version, the Contract With Credit, provides for a bonus credit that we add to each purchase payment you make. If you choose this version of Strategic Partners Annuity One 3, some charges and expenses may be higher than if you choose the version without the credit. Those higher charges could exceed the amount of the credit under some circumstances, particularly if you withdraw purchase payments within a few years of making those purchase payments.

PLEASE READ THIS PROSPECTUS

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Please read this prospectus before purchasing a Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 variable annuity contract, and keep it for future reference. The current prospectuses for the underlying mutual funds contain important information about the mutual funds. When you invest in a variable investment option that is funded by a mutual fund, you should read the mutual fund prospectus and keep it for future reference. The Risk Factors section relating to the market value adjustment option appears in the Summary.

TO LEARN MORE ABOUT STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3

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To learn more about the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 variable annuity, you can request a copy of the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) dated May 2, 2004. The SAI has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is legally a part of this prospectus. Pruco Life of New Jersey also files other reports with the SEC. All of these filings can be reviewed and copied at the SEC's offices, and can also be obtained from the SEC's Public Reference Section, 450 5th Street N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549-0102. (See SEC file numbers 333-49230 and 333-103473.) You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at (202) 942-8090. The SEC maintains a Web site (<http://www.sec.gov>) that contains the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 SAI, material incorporated by reference, and other information regarding registrants that file electronically with the SEC. The Table of Contents of the SAI is set forth in Section 11 of this prospectus.

For a free copy of the SAI, call us at (888) PRU-2888, or write to us at Prudential Annuity Service Center, P.O. Box 7960, Philadelphia, PA 19176.

THE SEC HAS NOT DETERMINED THAT THIS CONTRACT IS A GOOD INVESTMENT, NOR HAS THE SEC DETERMINED THAT THIS PROSPECTUS IS COMPLETE OR ACCURATE. IT IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE TO STATE OTHERWISE. INVESTMENT IN A VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACT IS SUBJECT TO RISK, INCLUDING THE POSSIBLE LOSS OF YOUR MONEY. AN INVESTMENT IN STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 IS NOT A BANK DEPOSIT AND IS NOT INSURED BY THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY.

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PART I SUMMARY

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS

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PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

GLOSSARY

WE HAVE TRIED TO MAKE THIS PROSPECTUS AS EASY TO READ AND UNDERSTAND AS POSSIBLE. BY THE NATURE OF THE CONTRACT, HOWEVER, CERTAIN TECHNICAL WORDS OR TERMS ARE UNAVOIDABLE. WE HAVE IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING AS SOME OF THESE WORDS OR TERMS.

ACCUMULATION PHASE

The period that begins with the contract date (which we define below) and ends when you start receiving income payments, or earlier if the contract is terminated through a full withdrawal or payment of a death benefit.

ADJUSTED CONTRACT VALUE

When you begin receiving income payments, the value of your contract adjusted for any market value adjustment minus any charge we impose for premium taxes and withdrawal charges.

ANNUAL INCOME AMOUNT

Under the terms of the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, an amount that you can withdraw each year as long as the annuitant lives. The annual income amount is set initially as a percentage of the Protected Withdrawal Value, but will be adjusted to reflect subsequent purchase payments, withdrawals, and any step-up.

ANNUAL WITHDRAWAL AMOUNT

Under the terms of the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, an amount that you can withdraw each year as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value remaining. The Annual Withdrawal Amount is set initially to equal 7% of the initial Protected Withdrawal Value, but will be adjusted to reflect subsequent purchase payments, withdrawals, and any step-up.

ANNUITANT

The person whose life determines the amount of income payments that we will pay. If the annuitant dies before the annuity date, the co-annuitant (if any) becomes the annuitant if the contract's requirements for changing the annuity date are met. If, upon the death of the annuitant, there is no surviving eligible co-annuitant, and the owner is not the annuitant, then the owner becomes the annuitant.

ANNUITY DATE

The date when income payments are scheduled to begin. You must have our permission to change the annuity date. If the co-annuitant becomes the annuitant due to the death of the annuitant, and the co-annuitant is older than the annuitant, then the annuity date will be based on the age of the co-annuitant, provided that the contract's requirements for changing the annuity date are met (e.g., the co-annuitant cannot be older than a specified age). If the co-annuitant is younger than the annuitant, then the annuity date will remain unchanged.

BENEFICIARY

The person(s) or entity you have chosen to receive a death benefit.

BUSINESS DAY

A day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. Our business day generally ends at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time.

CO-ANNUITANT

The person shown on the contract data pages who becomes the annuitant (if eligible) upon the death of the annuitant if the contract's requirements for changing the annuity date are met. No co-annuitant may be designated if the owner is a non-natural person.

CONTRACT DATE

The date we accept your initial purchase payment and all necessary paperwork in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. Contract anniversaries are measured from the contract date. A contract year starts on the contract date or on a contract anniversary.

CONTRACT OWNER, OWNER, OR YOU

The person entitled to the ownership rights under the contract.

CONTRACT VALUE

This is the total value of your contract, equal to the sum of the values of your investment in each investment option you have chosen. Your contract value will go up or down based on the performance of the investment options you choose.

CONTRACT WITH CREDIT

A version of the annuity contract that provides for a bonus credit with each purchase payment that you make and has higher withdrawal charges and insurance

and administrative costs, and may provide lower interest rates for fixed rate options than the Contract Without Credit.

CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT

A version of the annuity contract that does not provide a credit and has lower withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract With Credit.

CREDIT

If you choose the Contract With Credit, this is the bonus amount that we allocate to your account each time you make a purchase payment. The amount of the credit is a percentage of the purchase payment. Bonus credits generally are not recaptured once the free look period expires. Our reference in the preceding sentence to "generally are not recaptured" refers to the fact that we have the contractual right to deduct, from the death benefit we pay, the amount of any credit corresponding to a purchase payment made within one year of death.

DEATH BENEFIT

If a death benefit is payable, the beneficiary you designate will receive, at a minimum, the total invested purchase payments, reduced proportionally by withdrawals, or a potentially greater amount related to market appreciation. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit is available for an additional charge. See Section 4, "What Is The Death Benefit?"

DOLLAR COST AVERAGING FIXED RATE OPTION (DCA FIXED RATE OPTION)

An investment option that offers a fixed rate of interest for a selected period during which periodic transfers are automatically made to selected variable investment options or to the one-year fixed interest rate option.

FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTIONS

Investment options that offer a fixed rate of interest for either a one-year period (fixed rate option) or a selected period during which periodic transfers are made to selected variable investment options or to the one-year fixed rate option.

GOOD ORDER

An instruction received at the Prudential Annuity Service Center, utilizing such forms, signatures and dating as we require, which is sufficiently clear that we do not need to exercise any discretion to follow such instructions.

GUARANTEE PERIOD

A period of time during which your invested purchase payment in the market value adjustment option earns interest at the declared rate. We may offer one or more guarantee periods.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT (GMDB)

An optional feature available for an additional charge that guarantees that the death benefit that the beneficiary receives will be no less than a certain GMDB protected value.

GMDB PROTECTED VALUE

The amount guaranteed under the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, which equals the GMDB step-up value. The GMDB protected value will be subject to certain age restrictions and time durations, however, it will still increase by subsequent invested purchase payments and reduce proportionally by withdrawals.

GMDB STEP-UP

We use the GMDB step-up value to compute the GMDB protected value of the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit. Generally speaking, the GMDB step-up establishes a "high water mark" of protected value that we would pay upon death, even if the contract value has declined. For example, if the GMDB step-up were set at \$100,000 on a contract anniversary, and the contract value subsequently

GLOSSARY CONTINUED

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withdrawals).

GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT (GMIB)

An optional feature available for an additional charge that guarantees that the income payments you receive during the income phase will be no less than a certain GMIB protected value applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates.

GMIB PROTECTED VALUE

We use the GMIB protected value to calculate annuity payments should you annuitize under the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit.

The value is calculated daily and is equal to the GMIB roll-up, until the GMIB roll-up either reaches its cap or if we stop applying the annual interest rate based on the age of the annuitant, number of contract anniversaries or number of years since last GMIB reset. At such point, the GMIB protected value will be increased by any subsequent invested purchase payments, and any withdrawals will proportionally reduce the GMIB protected value. The GMIB protected value is not available as a cash surrender benefit or a death benefit, nor is it used to calculate the cash surrender value or death benefit.

GMIB RESET

You may elect to "step-up" or "reset" your GMIB protected value if your contract value is greater than the current GMIB protected value. Upon exercise of the reset provision, your GMIB protected value will be reset to equal your current contract value. You are limited to two resets over the life of your contract, provided that certain annuitant age requirements are met.

GMIB ROLL-UP

We will use the GMIB roll-up value to compute the GMIB protected value of the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. The GMIB roll-up is equal to the invested purchase payments (after a reset, the contract value at the time of the reset) compounded daily at an effective annual interest rate starting on the date each invested purchase payment is made, subject to a cap, and reduced proportionally by withdrawals.

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT (IAB)

An optional feature that may be available for an additional charge that provides a supplemental living benefit based on earnings under the contract.

IAB AUTOMATIC WITHDRAWAL PAYMENT PROGRAM

A series of payments consisting of a portion of your contract value and Income Appreciator Benefit paid to you in equal installments over a 10 year period, which you may choose, if you elect to receive the Income Appreciator Benefit during the accumulation phase.

IAB CREDIT

An amount we add to your contract value that is credited in equal installments over a 10 year period, which you may choose, if you elect to receive the Income Appreciator Benefit during the accumulation phase.

INCOME OPTIONS

Options under the contract that define the frequency and duration of income payments. In your contract, we also refer to these as payout or annuity options.

INCOME PHASE

The period during which you receive income payments under the contract.

INVESTED PURCHASE PAYMENTS

Your purchase payments (which we define below) less any deduction we make for any tax charge.

JOINT OWNER

The person named as the joint owner, who shares ownership rights with the owner as defined in the contract.

LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT

An optional feature available for an additional charge that guarantees your ability to withdraw amounts equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (called the "Protected Withdrawal Value"), regardless of the impact of

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

PART I

market performance on your contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amount of withdrawals. There are two options -- one is designed to provide an annual withdrawal amount for life and the other is designed to provide a greater annual withdrawal amount (than the first option) as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT

An adjustment to your contract value or withdrawal proceeds that is based on the relationship between interest you are currently earning within the market value adjustment option and prevailing interest rates. This adjustment may be positive or negative.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT OPTION

Under the Contract Without Credit, this investment option may offer various guarantee periods and pays a fixed rate of interest with respect to each guarantee period. We impose a market value adjustment on withdrawals or transfers that you make from this option prior to the end of its guarantee period.

NET PURCHASE PAYMENTS

Your total purchase payments less any withdrawals you have made.

PROPORTIONAL WITHDRAWALS

A method that involves calculating the percentage of your contract value that each prior withdrawal represented when withdrawn. Proportional withdrawals result in a reduction to the applicable benefit value by reducing such value in the same proportion as the contract value was reduced by the withdrawal as of the date the withdrawal occurred.

PROTECTED WITHDRAWAL VALUE

Under the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, we guarantee an amount that you can withdraw each year until those annual withdrawals, when added together, reach an aggregate limit. We call that aggregate limit the Protected Withdrawal Value. Purchase payments and withdrawals you make will result in an adjustment to the Protected Withdrawal Value. In addition, you may elect to step-up your Protected Withdrawal Value under certain circumstances.

PRUDENTIAL ANNUITY SERVICE CENTER

For general correspondence: P.O. Box 7960, Philadelphia, PA 19176. For express overnight mail: 2101 Welsh Road, Dresher, PA 19025. The telephone number is (888) PRU-2888. Prudential's Web site is www.prudential.com.

PURCHASE PAYMENTS

The amount of money you pay us to purchase the contract. Generally, you can make additional purchase payments at any time during the accumulation phase.

SEPARATE ACCOUNT

Purchase payments allocated to the variable investment options are held by us in a separate account called the Pruco Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity Account. The separate account is set apart from all of the general assets of Pruco Life of New Jersey.

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

A document containing certain additional information about the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 variable annuity. We have filed the Statement of Additional Information with the Securities and Exchange Commission and it is legally a part of this prospectus. To learn how to obtain a copy of the Statement of Additional Information, see the front cover of this prospectus.

TAX DEFERRAL

This is a way to increase your assets without currently being taxed. Generally, you do not pay taxes on your contract earnings until you take money out of your contract. You should be aware that tax favored plans (such as IRAs) already provide tax deferral regardless of whether they invest in annuity contracts. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?"

VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTION

When you choose a variable investment option, we purchase shares of the underlying mutual fund that are held as an investment for that option. We hold these shares in the separate account. The division of the separate account of Pruco Life of New Jersey that invests in a particular mutual fund is referred to in your contract as a subaccount.

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PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

SUMMARY FOR SECTIONS 1-11

FOR A MORE COMPLETE DISCUSSION OF THE FOLLOWING TOPICS, SEE THE CORRESPONDING SECTION IN PART II OF THE PROSPECTUS.

SECTION 1

WHAT IS THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 VARIABLE ANNUITY?

The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 variable annuity is a contract between you, the owner, and us, the insurance company, Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey (Pruco Life of New Jersey, we or us). The contract allows you to invest on a tax-deferred basis in variable investment options, fixed interest rate options, and the market value adjustment option. The contract is intended for retirement savings and other long-term investment purposes and provides for a death benefit.

There are two basic versions of the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 variable annuity.

Contract With Credit.

- - provides for a bonus credit that we add to each purchase payment that you make,
- - has higher withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract Without Credit,
- - may provide lower interest rates for fixed interest rate options than the Contract Without Credit, and
- - does not offer the market value adjustment option.

Contract Without Credit.

- - does not provide a credit,
- - has lower withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract With Credit.
- - may provide higher interest rates for fixed interest rate options than the Contract With Credit, and
- - offers the market value adjustment option.

The variable investment options available under the contract offer the opportunity for a favorable return. However, this is NOT guaranteed. It is possible, due to market changes, that your investments may decrease in value, including an investment in the Prudential Money Market Portfolio variable investment option.

The fixed interest rate options offer a guaranteed interest rate. While your money is allocated to one of these options, your principal amount will not decrease and we guarantee that your money will earn at least a minimum interest rate annually.

Under the market value adjustment option, while your money remains in the contract for the full guarantee period, your principal amount is guaranteed and the interest amount that your money will earn is guaranteed by us to be at least 3%.

You may make up to 12 free transfers each contract year among the investment options. Certain restrictions apply to transfers involving the fixed interest rate options.

The contract, like all deferred annuity contracts, has two phases: the accumulation phase and the income phase.

- During the accumulation phase, any earnings grow on a tax-deferred basis and are generally only taxed as income when you make a withdrawal.
- The income phase starts when you begin receiving regular payments from your contract.

The amount of money you are able to accumulate in your contract during the accumulation phase will help determine the amount you will receive during the income phase. Other factors will affect the amount of your payments, such as age, gender, and the payout option you select.

The contract offers a choice of income and death benefit options, which may also be available to you.

We may amend the contract as permitted by law. For example, we may add new features to the contract. Subject to applicable law, we determine whether or not to make such contract amendments available to contracts that already have been issued.

If you change your mind about owning Strategic Partners Annuity One 3, you may cancel your contract within 10 days after receiving it (or whatever period is required by applicable law). This time period is referred to as the "Free Look" period.

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PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

SECTION 2

WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE?

You can invest your money in several variable investment options. The variable investment options are classified according to their investment style, and a brief description of each portfolio's investment objective and key policies is set forth in Section 2, to assist you in determining which portfolios may be of interest to you.

Depending upon market conditions, you may earn or lose money in any of these options. The value of your contract will fluctuate depending upon the performance of the underlying mutual fund portfolios used by the variable investment options that you choose. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.

You may also invest your money in fixed interest rate options or in a market value adjustment option.

SECTION 3

WHAT KIND OF PAYMENTS WILL I RECEIVE DURING THE INCOME PHASE? (ANNUITIZATION)

If you want to receive regular income from your annuity, you can choose one of several options, including guaranteed payments for the annuitant's lifetime. Generally, once you begin receiving regular payments, you cannot change your payment plan.

For an additional fee, you may also choose, if it is available under your contract, the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (GMIB). The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit provides that once the income period begins, your income payments will be no less than a value that is based on a certain "GMIB protected value" applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates. See Section 3, "What Kind Of Payments Will I Receive During The Income Phase?"

The Lifetime Five Income Benefit (discussed in Section 5) and the Income Appreciator Benefit (discussed in Section 6) each may provide an additional amount upon which your annuity payments are based.

SECTION 4
WHAT IS THE DEATH BENEFIT?

In general, if the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner dies before the income phase of the contract begins, the person(s) or entity that you have chosen as your beneficiary will receive, at a minimum, the greater of (i) the contract value, (ii) either the base death benefit or, for a higher insurance and administrative cost, a potentially larger Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit (GMDB).

The base death benefit equals the total invested purchase payments reduced proportionally by withdrawals. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit is equal to the "GMDB protected value" of the highest value of the contract on any contract anniversary, which we call the "GMDB step-up value".

On the date we receive proof of death in good order, in lieu of paying a death benefit, we will allow the surviving spouse to continue the contract by exercising the Spousal Continuance Benefit, if the conditions that we describe, in Section 4, are met.

SECTION 5
WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE(SM) INCOME BENEFIT?

The Lifetime Five Income Benefit is an optional feature that guarantees your ability to withdraw an amount equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (called the "Protected Withdrawal Value"), regardless of the impact of market performance on your contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amounts of withdrawals. There are two options -- one is designed to provide an annual withdrawal amount for life (the "Life Income Benefit"), and the other is designed to provide a greater annual withdrawal amount (than the first option), as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value (adjusted, as described in Section 5) (the "Withdrawal Benefit"). The annuitant must be at least 45 years old when the Lifetime Five Income Benefit is elected.

The charge for the Lifetime Five Income Benefit is a daily fee equal on an annual basis to 0.60% of the contract value allocated to the variable investment options. This charge is in addition to the charge for the applicable death benefit.

SECTION 6
WHAT IS THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT?

The Income Appreciator Benefit is an optional benefit, available for an additional charge, that provides an

SUMMARY FOR SECTIONS 1-11 CONTINUED

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

additional income amount during the accumulation period or upon annuitization. The Income Appreciator Benefit is designed to provide you with additional funds that can be used to help defray the impact taxes may have on distributions from your contract. You can activate this benefit in one of three ways, as described in Section 6. Note, however, that the annuitization options within this benefit are limited.

SECTION 7

HOW CAN I PURCHASE A STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT?

You can purchase this contract under most circumstances with a minimum initial purchase payment of \$10,000. You must get our prior approval for any initial and additional purchase payment of \$1,000,000 or more, unless we are prohibited under applicable state law from insisting on such prior approval. Generally, you can make additional purchase payments of \$500 (\$100 if made through electronic funds transfer) or more at any time during the accumulation phase of the contract. Your representative can help you fill out the proper forms. The Contract With Credit provides for the allocation of a credit with each purchase payment.

You may purchase this contract only if the oldest of the owner, joint owner, annuitant, or co-annuitant is age 85 or younger on the contract date. In addition, certain age limits apply to certain features and benefits described herein.

SECTION 8

WHAT ARE THE EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT?

The contract has insurance features and investment features, both of which have related costs and charges.

- Each year (or upon full surrender) we deduct a contract maintenance charge if your contract value is less than \$75,000. This charge is currently equal to the lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value. We do not impose the contract maintenance charge if your contract value is \$75,000 or more.
- For insurance and administrative costs, we also deduct a daily charge based on the average daily value of all assets allocated to the variable investment options, depending on the death benefit (or other) option that you choose. The daily cost is equivalent to an annual charge as follows:
 - 1.40% if you choose the base death benefit,
 - 1.65% if you choose the step-up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit option (i.e., 0.25% in addition to the base death benefit charge), or
 - 0.60% if you choose the Lifetime Five Income Benefit. This charge is in addition to the charge for the applicable death benefit.
- We impose an additional insurance and administrative charge of 0.10% annually for the Contract With Credit.
- We will deduct an additional charge if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. We deduct this annual charge from your contract value on the contract anniversary and upon certain other events. The charge for this benefit is equal to 0.50% for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (0.45% for all other contracts), of the average GMIB protected value.
- We will deduct an additional charge if you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit. We deduct this charge from your contract value on the contract anniversary and upon certain other events. The charge for this benefit is based on an annual rate of 0.25% of your contract value.
- There are also expenses associated with the mutual funds. For 2004, the fees of these funds ranged on an annual basis from 0.38% to 1.79% of fund assets, which were reduced by expense reimbursements or waivers to 0.38% to 1.30%. These reimbursements or waivers may be terminated at any time.
- If you withdraw money less than seven contract anniversaries after making a purchase payment, then you may have to pay a withdrawal charge on all or part of the withdrawal. This charge ranges from 1-7% for the Contract Without Credit and 5-8% for the Contract With Credit.

For more information, including details about other possible charges under the contract, see "Summary Of Contract Expenses" and Section 8, "What Are The

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

PART I

Expenses Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?"

SECTION 9
HOW CAN I ACCESS MY MONEY?

You may withdraw money at any time during the accumulation phase. You may, however, be subject to income tax and, if you make a withdrawal prior to age 59 1/2, an additional tax penalty as well. For the Contract Without Credit, if you withdraw money less than seven contract anniversaries after making a purchase payment, we may impose a withdrawal charge ranging from 1-7%. For the Contract With Credit, we may impose a withdrawal charge ranging from 5-8%.

Under the market value adjustment option, you will be subject to a market value adjustment if you make a withdrawal or transfer from the option prior to the end of a guarantee period.

We offer an optional benefit, called the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, under which we guarantee that certain amounts will be available to you for withdrawal, regardless of market-related declines in your contract value. You need not participate in this benefit in order to withdraw some or all of your money. You also may access your Income Appreciator Benefit through withdrawals.

SECTION 10
WHAT ARE THE TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT?

Your earnings are generally not taxed until withdrawn. If you withdraw money during the accumulation phase, the tax laws treat the withdrawal as a withdrawal of earnings, which are taxed as ordinary income. If you are younger than age 59 1/2 when you take money out, you may be charged a 10% federal tax penalty on the earnings in addition to ordinary taxation. A portion of the payments you receive during the income phase is considered a partial return of your original investment and therefore will not be taxable as income. Generally, all amounts withdrawn from an Individual Retirement Annuity (IRA) contract (excluding Roth IRAs) are taxable and subject to the 10% penalty if withdrawn prior to age 59 1/2.

SECTION 11
OTHER INFORMATION

This contract is issued by Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey (Pruco Life of New Jersey), an indirect subsidiary of The Prudential Insurance Company of America, and sold by registered representatives of affiliated and unaffiliated broker/dealers.

RISK FACTORS

There are various risks associated with an investment in the market value adjustment option that we summarize below.

Issuer Risk. The market value adjustment option, fixed interest rate options, and the contract's other insurance features are available under a contract issued by Pruco Life of New Jersey, and thus backed by the financial strength of that company. If Pruco Life of New Jersey were to experience significant financial adversity, it is possible that Pruco Life of New Jersey's ability to pay interest and principal under the market value adjustment option and fixed interest rate options and to fulfill its insurance guarantees could be impaired.

Risks Related to Changing Interest Rates. You do not participate directly in the investment experience of the bonds and other instruments that Pruco Life of New Jersey holds to support the market value adjustment option. Nonetheless, the market value adjustment formula reflects the effect that prevailing interest

rates have on those bonds and other instruments. If you need to withdraw your money prior to the end of a guarantee period and during a period in which prevailing interest rates have risen above their level when you made your purchase, you will experience a "negative" market value adjustment. When we impose this market value adjustment, it could result in the loss of both the interest you have earned and a portion of your purchase payments. Thus, before you commit to a particular guarantee period, you should consider carefully whether you have the ability to remain invested throughout the guarantee period. In addition, we cannot, of course, assure you that the market value adjustment option will perform better than another investment that you might have made.

SUMMARY FOR SECTIONS 1-11 CONTINUED

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

Risks Related to the Withdrawal Charge. We may impose withdrawal charges on amounts withdrawn from the market value adjustment option. If you anticipate needing to withdraw your money prior to the end of a guarantee period, you should be prepared to pay the withdrawal charge that we will impose.

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

SUMMARY OF CONTRACT EXPENSES

THE PURPOSE OF THIS SUMMARY IS TO HELP YOU TO UNDERSTAND THE COSTS YOU WILL PAY FOR STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3. THE FOLLOWING TABLES DESCRIBE THE FEES AND EXPENSES THAT YOU WILL PAY WHEN BUYING, OWNING, AND SURRENDERING THE CONTRACT. THE FIRST TABLE DESCRIBES THE FEES AND EXPENSES THAT YOU WILL PAY AT THE TIME THAT YOU BUY THE CONTRACT, SURRENDER THE CONTRACT, OR TRANSFER CASH VALUE BETWEEN INVESTMENT OPTIONS.

For more detailed information, including additional information about current and maximum charges, see Section 8, "What Are The Expenses Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?" The individual fund prospectuses contain detailed expense information about the underlying mutual funds.

CONTRACT OWNER TRANSACTION EXPENSES

<Table>
<Caption>
WITHDRAWAL CHARGE(1)

	NUMBER OF CONTRACT ANNIVERSARIES SINCE PURCHASE PAYMENT	CONTRACT WITH CREDIT	CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT
<S>		<C>	<C>
	0	8%	7%
	1	8%	6%
	2	8%	5%
	3	8%	4%
	4	7%	3%
	5	6%	2%
	6	5%	1%
	7	0%	0%

MAXIMUM TRANSFER FEE

EACH TRANSFER AFTER 12(2)	\$30.00
---------------------------	---------

</Table>

1: Each contract year, you may withdraw a specified amount of your contract value without incurring a withdrawal charge. We will waive the withdrawal charge if we pay a death benefit or under certain other circumstances. See "Withdrawal Charge" in Section 8.

2: Currently, we charge \$25 for each transfer after the twelfth in a contract

year. As shown in the table, we can increase that charge up to a maximum of \$30, but have no current intention to do so. We will not charge you for transfers made in connection with Dollar Cost Averaging and Auto-Rebalancing or transfers from the market value adjustment option at the end of a guarantee period, and do not count them toward the limit of 12 free transfers per year.

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SUMMARY OF CONTRACT EXPENSES CONTINUED

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The next table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay periodically during the time that you own the contract, not including underlying mutual fund fees and expenses.

PERIODIC ACCOUNT EXPENSES

<Table>		
<S>		
	<C>	<C>
MAXIMUM CONTRACT MAINTENANCE CHARGE AND CONTRACT CHARGE UPON FULL WITHDRAWAL(3)		
		\$30.00
</Table>		

<Table>		
<Caption>		
INSURANCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES WITH THE INDICATED BENEFITS		
AS A PERCENTAGE OF ACCOUNT VALUE IN VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTIONS:		
	CONTRACT WITH CREDIT	CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT
<S>		
Base Death Benefit	1.50%	1.40%
Base Death Benefit with Lifetime Five Income Benefit	2.10%	2.00%
Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option--Step-Up	1.75%	1.65%
Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option--Step-Up with Lifetime Five Income Benefit	2.35%	2.25%
ANNUAL GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT CHARGE AND CHARGE UPON CERTAIN WITHDRAWALS(4) (for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004)		
AS A PERCENTAGE OF AVERAGE GMIB PROTECTED VALUE	0.50%	
ANNUAL INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT CHARGE AND CHARGE UPON CERTAIN WITHDRAWALS(5)		
AS A PERCENTAGE OF CONTRACT VALUE	0.25%	
</Table>		

3: Currently, we waive this fee if your contract value is greater than or equal to \$75,000. If your contract value is less than \$75,000, we currently charge the lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value. This is a single fee that we assess (a) annually or (b) upon full withdrawal made on a date other than a contract anniversary.

4: We impose this charge only if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. This charge is equal to 0.50% for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (0.45% for all other contracts), of the average GMIB protected value, which is calculated daily and generally is equal to the GMIB roll-up value. The fee is withdrawn from each variable investment option in the same proportion as the contract value allocated to that variable investment option represents to the total contract value in all variable investment options. Subject to certain age or duration restrictions, the roll-up value is the total of all invested purchase payments (after a reset, the contract value at the time of the reset) compounded daily at an effective annual rate of 5%, subject to a cap of 200% of all invested purchase payments. Withdrawals reduce both the roll-up value and the 200% cap. When the GMIB roll-up is increasing at an effective annual interest rate of 5%, the reduction is equal to the amount of the withdrawal for the first 5% of the roll-up value, calculated as of the latest contract anniversary (or contract date). The amount of the withdrawal in excess of 5% of the roll-up value further reduces the roll-up value and 200% cap proportionally to the additional reduction in contract value after the first 5% withdrawal occurs. We assess this fee each contract anniversary and when you begin the

income phase of your contract. We also assess this fee if you make a full withdrawal, but prorate the fee based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted. If you make a partial withdrawal, we will assess the prorated fee if the remaining contract value after the withdrawal would be less than the amount of the prorated fee; otherwise we will not assess the fee at that time.

5: We impose this charge only if you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit. The charge for this benefit is based on an annual rate of 0.25% of your contract value. The Income Appreciator Benefit charge is calculated: on each contract anniversary, on the annuity date, upon the death of the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date, upon a full or partial withdrawal, and upon a subsequent purchase payment. The fee is based on the contract value at the time of the calculation, and is prorated based on the portion of the contract year since the date that the charge was last deducted. Although it may be calculated more often, it is deducted only: on each contract anniversary, on the annuity date, upon the death of the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date, upon a full withdrawal, and upon a partial withdrawal if the contract value remaining after such partial withdrawal is not enough to cover the then-applicable charge. With respect to full and partial withdrawals, we prorate the fee based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted. We reserve the right to calculate and deduct the fee more frequently than annually, such as quarterly.

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

TOTAL ANNUAL MUTUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

The next item shows the minimum and maximum total operating expenses (expenses that are deducted from underlying mutual fund assets, including management fees, distribution and/or service (12b-1) fees, and other expenses) charged by the underlying mutual funds that you may pay periodically during the time that you own the contract. More detail concerning each underlying mutual fund's fees and expenses is contained below and in the prospectus for each underlying mutual fund. The minimum and maximum total operating expenses depicted below are based on historical fund expenses for the year ended December 31, 2004. Fund expenses are not fixed or guaranteed by the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 contract, and may vary from year to year.

<Table>		
<Caption>		
	Minimum	Maximum
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Total Annual Underlying Mutual Fund Operating Expenses	0.38%	1.79%
</Table>		

* Actual expenses for the mutual funds were lower due to certain expense reimbursements or waivers. Expense reimbursements or waivers are voluntary and may be terminated at any time. The minimum and maximum expenses, with expense reimbursements were 0.38% and 1.30%, respectively.

SUMMARY OF CONTRACT EXPENSES CONTINUED

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

<Table>
<Caption>
UNDERLYING MUTUAL FUND PORTFOLIO ANNUAL EXPENSES (AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2004)

AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE AVERAGE NET ASSETS OF THE UNDERLYING PORTFOLIOS

TOTAL

ANNUAL OPERATING EXPENSES <S> THE PRUDENTIAL SERIES FUND, INC.	MANAGEMENT FEES <C>	OTHER EXPENSES (1) <C>	12B-1 FEES <C>	PORTFOLIO FEES <C>
Jennison Portfolio	0.60%	0.04%	None	0.64%
Prudential Equity Portfolio	0.45%	0.03%	None	0.48%
Prudential Global Portfolio	0.75%	0.09%	None	0.84%
Prudential Money Market Portfolio	0.40%	0.05%	None	0.45%
Prudential Stock Index Portfolio(2)	0.35%	0.03%	None	0.38%
Prudential Value Portfolio	0.40%	0.04%	None	0.44%
SP Aggressive Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio(3,4)	0.84%	0.11%	None	0.95%
SP AIM Aggressive Growth Portfolio(3,5)	0.95%	0.57%	None	1.52%
SP AIM Core Equity Portfolio(3)	0.85%	0.63%	None	1.48%
SP AllianceBernstein Large-Cap Growth Portfolio	0.90%	0.17%	None	1.07%
SP Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio(3,4)	0.76%	0.09%	None	0.85%
SP Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio(3,4)	0.72%	0.08%	None	0.80%
SP Davis Value Portfolio	0.75%	0.07%	None	0.82%
SP Goldman Sachs Small Cap Value Portfolio	0.90%	0.06%	None	0.96%
SP Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio(3,4)	0.81%	0.10%	None	0.91%
SP Large Cap Value Portfolio	0.80%	0.06%	None	0.86%
SP LSV International Value Portfolio (formerly SP Deutsche International Equity Portfolio)(3,6)	0.90%	0.33%	None	1.23%
SP MFS Capital Opportunities Portfolio(3,7)	0.75%	0.70%	None	1.45%
SP Mid Cap Growth Portfolio(3)	0.80%	0.26%	None	1.06%
SP PIMCO High Yield Portfolio	0.60%	0.08%	None	0.68%
SP PIMCO Total Return Portfolio	0.60%	0.05%	None	0.65%
SP Prudential U.S. Emerging Growth Portfolio	0.60%	0.18%	None	0.78%
SP Small-Cap Growth Portfolio (formerly SP State Street Research Small Company Growth Portfolio)(8)	0.95%	0.14%	None	1.09%
SP Strategic Partners Focused Growth Portfolio(3)	0.90%	0.38%	None	1.28%
SP Technology Portfolio(3,9)	1.15%	0.64%	None	1.79%
SP William Blair International Growth Portfolio	0.85%	0.17%	None	1.02%
AMERICAN SKANDIA TRUST(10)				
AST JPMorgan International Equity Portfolio	1.00%	0.13%	None	1.13%
AST MFS Global Equity Portfolio	1.00%	0.35%	None	1.35%
AST DeAm Small-Cap Growth Portfolio(11)	0.95%	0.22%	None	1.17%
AST Federated Aggressive Growth Portfolio	0.95%	0.24%	None	1.19%
AST Small-Cap Value Portfolio (formerly AST Gabelli Small-Cap Value Portfolio)(12)	0.90%	0.18%	None	1.08%
AST DeAm Small-Cap Value Portfolio(11)	0.95%	0.33%	None	1.28%
AST Goldman Sachs Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio(11)	1.00%	0.25%	None	1.25%
AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio(11)	0.90%	0.22%	None	1.12%
AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Value Portfolio(11)	0.90%	0.15%	None	1.05%
AST Alger All-Cap Growth Portfolio	0.95%	0.22%	None	1.17%
AST Gabelli All-Cap Value Portfolio	0.95%	0.26%	None	1.21%
AST T. Rowe Price Natural Resources Portfolio	0.90%	0.26%	None	1.16%
AST MFS Growth Portfolio(11)	0.90%	0.20%	None	1.10%
AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio(11)	0.90%	0.14%	None	1.04%
AST Goldman Sachs Concentrated Growth Portfolio(11)	0.90%	0.17%	None	1.07%
AST DeAm Large-Cap Value Portfolio(11)	0.85%	0.26%	None	1.11%
AST AllianceBernstein Growth + Value Portfolio	0.90%	0.32%	None	1.22%
AST AllianceBernstein Core Value Portfolio (formerly AST Sanford Bernstein Core Value Portfolio)(13)	0.75%	0.24%	None	0.99%
AST Cohen & Steers Realty Portfolio(11)	1.00%	0.22%	None	1.22%
AST AllianceBernstein Managed Index 500 Portfolio (formerly AST Sanford Bernstein Managed Index 500 Portfolio)(14)	0.60%	0.17%	None	0.77%
AST American Century Income & Growth Portfolio	0.75%	0.24%	None	0.99%

				TOTAL
ANNUAL	MANAGEMENT	OTHER		PORTFOLIO
OPERATING	FEES	EXPENSES (1)	12B-1 FEES	
EXPENSES				
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
AST AllianceBernstein Growth & Income Portfolio(11)	0.75%	0.15%	None	0.90%
AST Hotchkis & Wiley Large-Cap Value Portfolio(11)	0.75%	0.19%	None	0.94%
AST Global Allocation Portfolio (formerly AST DeAM Global Allocation Portfolio)(15)	0.89%	0.26%	None	1.15%
AST American Century Strategic Balanced Portfolio(11)	0.85%	0.27%	None	1.12%
AST T. Rowe Price Asset Allocation Portfolio(11)	0.85%	0.27%	None	1.12%
AST T. Rowe Price Global Bond Portfolio	0.80%	0.27%	None	1.07%
AST Goldman Sachs High Yield Portfolio	0.75%	0.18%	None	0.93%
AST Lord Abbett Bond-Debenture Portfolio(11)	0.80%	0.22%	None	1.02%
AST PIMCO Limited Maturity Bond Portfolio(11)	0.65%	0.17%	None	0.82%
GARTMORE VARIABLE INVESTMENT TRUST				

GVIT Developing Markets Fund(16)	1.15%	0.38%	0.25%	1.78%
JANUS ASPEN SERIES				

Large Cap Growth Portfolio -- Service Shares (formerly Growth Portfolio -- Service Shares)(16,17)	0.64%	0.02%	0.25%	0.91%

1. As noted above, shares of the Portfolios generally are purchased through variable insurance products. Some of the Portfolios and/or their investment advisers and/or distributors have entered into arrangements with us as the issuer of the contract under which they compensate us for providing ongoing services in lieu of the Series and/or Trust providing such services. Amounts paid by a Portfolio under those arrangements are included under "Other Expenses."

2. Effective July 1, 2004, Quantitative Management Associates LLC became the Sub-adviser of the Portfolio. Prior to July 1, 2004, Prudential Investments LLC served as Sub-adviser of the Portfolio.

3. The Portfolios' total actual annual operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2004 were less than the amount shown in the table due to fee waivers, reimbursement of expenses, and expense offset arrangements. These expense reimbursements are voluntary and may be terminated by Prudential Investments LLC at any time. After accounting for the expense reimbursements, the Portfolios' actual annual operating expenses were:

		TOTAL ACTUAL ANNUAL PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES AFTER EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT
PORTFOLIO NAME		<C>
<S>		
SP Aggressive Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio		0.94%
SP AIM Aggressive Growth Portfolio		1.07%
SP AIM Core Equity Portfolio		1.00%
SP Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio		0.84%
SP Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio		0.79%
SP Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio		0.90%
</Table>		

		TOTAL ACTUAL ANNUAL PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES AFTER EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT
PORTFOLIO NAME		<C>
<S>		
SP LSV International Value		

Portfolio	1.10%
SP MFS Capital Opportunities Portfolio	1.00%
SP Mid Cap Growth Portfolio	1.00%
SP Strategic Partners Focused Growth Portfolio	1.01%
SP Technology Portfolio	1.30%

4. Each asset allocation portfolio invests in a combination of underlying portfolios of The Prudential Series Fund, Inc. The total expenses for each asset allocation portfolio are calculated as a blend of the fees of the underlying portfolios, plus a 0.05% advisory fee payable to the investment adviser, Prudential Investments LLC. The 0.05% advisory fee is included in the amount of each investment advisory fee set forth in the table above.

5. The Portfolio was merged into the SP Mid Cap Growth Portfolio on April 29, 2005.

6. Effective November 19, 2004, LSV Asset Management became Sub-adviser of the Portfolio. Prior to November 19, 2004, Deutsche Asset Management, Inc. served as Sub-adviser of the Portfolio, then named "SP Deutsche International Equity Portfolio."

7. The Portfolio was merged into the Prudential Equity Portfolio on April 29, 2005.

8. Effective May 1, 2005, Neuberger Berman Asset Management Inc. and Eagle Asset Management became Sub-advisers of the Portfolio. Previously, State Street Research and Management Company served as Sub-adviser of the Portfolio, then named "SP State Street Research Small Cap Growth Portfolio."

9. The Portfolio was merged into the SP Prudential U.S. Emerging Growth Portfolio on April 29, 2005.

10. Until November 18, 2004, the Trust had a Distribution Plan under Rule 12b-1 to permit an affiliate of the Trust's investment managers to receive brokerage commissions in connection with purchases and sales of securities held by the Portfolios, and to use these commissions to promote the sale of shares of the Portfolio. The Distribution Plan was terminated effective November 18, 2004. The Total Annual Portfolio Operating Expenses do not reflect any brokerage commissions paid pursuant to the Distribution Plan prior to the Plan's termination.

11. The Portfolios' total actual annual operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2004 were less than the amount shown in the table due to fee waivers, reimbursement of expenses and expense offset arrangements. These waivers, reimbursements, and offset arrangements are

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SUMMARY OF CONTRACT EXPENSES CONTINUED

- - - - -

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

voluntary and may be terminated by American Skandia Investment Services, Inc. and Prudential Investments LLC at any time. After accounting for the waivers, reimbursements and offset arrangements, the Portfolios' actual annual operating expenses were:

<Table>
<Caption>

PORTFOLIO NAME	TOTAL ACTUAL ANNUAL PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES AFTER EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT
<S>	<C>
AST DeAm Small-Cap Growth Portfolio	1.02%
AST DeAm Small-Cap Value Portfolio	1.13%
AST Goldman Sachs Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio	1.13%
AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio	1.11%
AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Value Portfolio	1.04%
AST MFS Growth Portfolio	1.07%
AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio	1.02%
AST Goldman Sachs Concentrated Growth Portfolio	1.00%

<Table>
<Caption>

PORTFOLIO NAME	TOTAL ACTUAL ANNUAL PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES AFTER EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT
<S>	<C>
AST DeAm Large-Cap Value Portfolio	0.99%
AST Cohen & Steers Realty Portfolio	1.11%
AST AllianceBernstein Growth & Income Portfolio	0.87%
AST Hotchkis & Wiley Large-Cap Value Portfolio	0.90%
AST American Century Strategic Balanced Portfolio	1.09%
AST T. Rowe Price Asset Allocation Portfolio	1.07%
AST Lord Abbett Bond-Debenture Portfolio	0.97%
AST PIMCO Limited Maturity Bond Portfolio	0.79%

12. Effective November 18, 2004, Integrity Asset Management, Lee Munder Capital Group, and J.P. Morgan Fleming Asset Management became Sub-advisers of the Portfolio. Prior to November 18, 2004, GAMCO Investors, Inc. served as Sub-adviser of the Portfolio, then named "AST Gabelli Small-Cap Value Portfolio."

13. Effective May 1, 2005, Alliance Capital Management, L.P. became Sub-adviser of the Portfolio. Prior to May 1, 2005, Sanford C. Bernstein & Co., LLC served as Sub-adviser of the Portfolio, then named "AST Sanford Bernstein Core Value Portfolio."

14. Effective May 1, 2005, Alliance Capital Management, L.P. became Sub-adviser of the Portfolio. Prior to May 1, 2005, Sanford C. Bernstein & Co., LLC served as Sub-adviser of the Portfolio, then named "AST Sanford Bernstein Managed Index 500 Portfolio."

15. (a) The AST Global Allocation Portfolio invests primarily in shares of other AST Portfolios (the "Underlying Portfolios"). The only management fee directly paid by the Portfolio is a 0.10% fee paid to Prudential Investments LLC and American Skandia Investment Services, Inc. The management fee shown in the chart for the Portfolio is (i) that 0.10% management fee paid by the Portfolio plus (ii) an estimate of the management fees paid by the Underlying Portfolios, which are borne indirectly by investors in the Portfolio. The estimate was calculated based on the percentage of the Portfolio invested in each Underlying Portfolio as of December 31, 2004 using the management fee rates shown in the chart above.

(b) The expense information shown in the chart for the Portfolio reflects (i) the expenses of the Portfolio itself plus (ii) an estimate of the expenses paid by the Underlying Portfolios, which are borne indirectly by investors in the Portfolio. The estimate was calculated based on the percentage of the Portfolio invested in each Underlying Portfolio as of December 31, 2004 using the expense rates for the Underlying Portfolios shown in the above chart.

(c) Effective May 1, 2005, Prudential Investments, LLC became Sub-adviser of the Portfolio. Prior to May 1, 2005, Deutsche Asset Management, Inc. served as Sub-adviser of the Portfolio, then named "AST DeAM Global Allocation Portfolio."

16. Because the 12b-1 fee is charged as an ongoing fee, over time the fee will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

17. Effective May 1, 2005, the name of the Portfolio was changed from "Growth Portfolio -- Service Shares" to "Large Cap Growth Portfolio -- Service Shares."

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PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

EXPENSE EXAMPLES

THESE EXAMPLES ARE INTENDED TO HELP YOU COMPARE THE COST OF INVESTING IN THE CONTRACT WITH THE COST OF INVESTING IN OTHER VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACTS. THESE COSTS INCLUDE CONTRACT OWNER TRANSACTION EXPENSES, CONTRACT FEES, SEPARATE ACCOUNT ANNUAL EXPENSES, AND UNDERLYING MUTUAL FUND FEES AND EXPENSES.

THE EXAMPLES ASSUME THAT YOU INVEST \$10,000 IN THE CONTRACT FOR THE TIME PERIODS INDICATED. THE EXAMPLES ALSO ASSUME THAT YOUR INVESTMENT HAS A 5% RETURN EACH YEAR AND ASSUME THE MAXIMUM FEES AND EXPENSES OF ANY OF THE MUTUAL FUNDS, WHICH DO NOT REFLECT ANY EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENTS OR WAIVERS. ALTHOUGH YOUR ACTUAL COSTS MAY BE HIGHER OR LOWER, BASED ON THESE ASSUMPTIONS, YOUR COSTS WOULD BE AS INDICATED IN THE TABLES THAT FOLLOW.

EXAMPLE 1a: Contract With Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example assumes that:

- - You invest \$10,000 in the Contract With Credit,
- - You choose the Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit,
- - You choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004),
- - You choose the Income Appreciator Benefit,
- - You allocate all of your assets to the variable investment option having the maximum total operating expenses,
- - The investment has a 5% return each year,
- - The mutual fund's total operating expenses remain the same each year, and
- - You withdraw all your assets at the end of the indicated period.

EXAMPLE 1b: Contract With Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 1a except that it assumes that you do not withdraw any of your assets at the end of the indicated period.

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EXPENSE EXAMPLES CONTINUED

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

EXAMPLE 2a: Contract With Credit: Base Death Benefit, and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example assumes that:

- - You invest \$10,000 in the Contract With Credit,

- - You do not choose any optional insurance benefit,
- - You allocate all of your assets to the variable investment option having the maximum total operating expenses,
- - The investment has a 5% return each year,
- - The mutual fund's total operating expenses remain the same each year, and
- - You withdraw all your assets at the end of the indicated period.

EXAMPLE 2b: Contract With Credit: Base Death Benefit, and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 2a except that it assumes that you do not withdraw any of your assets at the end of the indicated period.

EXAMPLE 3a: Contract Without Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 1a except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

EXAMPLE 3b: Contract Without Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 1b except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

EXAMPLE 4a: Contract Without Credit: Base Death Benefit; and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 2a except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

EXAMPLE 4b: Contract Without Credit: Base Death Benefit; and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 2b except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

NOTES FOR EXPENSE EXAMPLES:

THESE EXAMPLES SHOULD NOT BE CONSIDERED A REPRESENTATION OF PAST OR FUTURE EXPENSES. ACTUAL EXPENSES MAY BE GREATER OR LESS THAN THOSE SHOWN.

Note that withdrawal charges (which are reflected in Examples 1a, 2a, 3a and 4a) are assessed in connection with some annuity options, but not others.

The values shown in the 10 year column are the same for Example 1a and 1b, 2a and 2b, 3a and 3b, and 4a and 4b. This is because if 10 years have elapsed since your last purchase payment, we would no longer deduct withdrawal charges when you make a withdrawal.

The examples use an average contract maintenance charge, which we calculated based on our estimate of the total contract fees we expect to collect in 2005. Based on these estimates, the contract maintenance charge is included as an annual charge of 0.024% of contract value. Your actual fees will vary based on the amount of your contract and your specific allocation among the investment options.

A table of accumulation unit values appears in Appendix A to this prospectus.

<Table>
<Caption>
CONTRACT WITH CREDIT: STEP-UP GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION,
GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT, INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

EXAMPLE 1a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS				EXAMPLE 1b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<S> <C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$1,202	\$2,112	\$2,940	\$4,643	\$450	\$1,360	\$2,282	\$4,643

</Table>

<Table>
<Caption>
CONTRACT WITH CREDIT: BASE DEATH BENEFIT

EXAMPLE 2a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS				EXAMPLE 2b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<S> <C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$1,100	\$1,812	\$2,455	\$3,751	\$348	\$1,060	\$1,797	\$3,751

<Table>
<Caption>
CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT: STEP-UP GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION,
GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT, INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

EXAMPLE 3a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS				EXAMPLE 3b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<S> <C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$1,053	\$1,729	\$2,419	\$4,383	\$423	\$1,279	\$2,149	\$4,383

<Table>
<Caption>
CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT: BASE DEATH BENEFIT

EXAMPLE 4a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS				EXAMPLE 4b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<S> <C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$ 954	\$1,440	\$1,950	\$3,516	\$324	\$ 990	\$1,680	\$3,516

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PART II SECTIONS 1-11

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

1:
WHAT IS THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3
VARIABLE ANNUITY?

THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 VARIABLE ANNUITY IS A CONTRACT BETWEEN YOU, THE OWNER, AND US, PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY (PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY, WE OR US).

Under our contract, in exchange for your payment to us, we promise to pay you a guaranteed income stream that can begin any time on or after the first contract anniversary. Your annuity is in the accumulation phase until you decide to begin receiving annuity payments. The date you begin receiving annuity payments is the annuity date. On the annuity date, your contract switches to the income phase.

This annuity contract benefits from tax deferral. Tax deferral means that you are not taxed on earnings or appreciation on the assets in your contract until you withdraw money from your contract. (If you purchase the annuity contract in a tax-favored plan such as an IRA, that plan generally provides tax deferral

even without investing in an annuity contract. Therefore, before purchasing an annuity in a tax-favored plan, you should consider whether its features and benefits beyond tax deferral meet your needs and goals. You may also want to consider the relative features, benefits and costs of these annuities compared with any other investment that you may use in connection with your retirement plan or arrangement.)

There are two basic versions of Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 variable annuity.

Contract With Credit.

- - provides for a bonus credit that we add to each purchase payment that you make,
- - has higher withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract Without Credit,
- - may provide a lower interest rate for the fixed interest rate options than the Contract Without Credit, and
- - does not offer the market value adjustment option.

Contract Without Credit.

- - does not provide a credit,
- - has lower withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract With Credit,
- - may provide a higher interest rate for the fixed interest rate options than the Contract With Credit, and
- - offers the market value adjustment option.

Unless we state otherwise, when we use the word contract, it applies to both versions.

Because of the higher withdrawal charges, if you choose the Contract With Credit and you withdraw a purchase payment, depending upon the performance of the investment options you choose, you may be worse off than if you had chosen the Contract Without Credit. We do not recommend purchase of either version of Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 if you anticipate having to withdraw a significant amount of your purchase payments within a few years of making those purchase payments.

Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 is a variable annuity contract. During the accumulation phase, you can allocate your assets among the variable investment options, guaranteed fixed interest rate options and a market value adjustment option. The market value adjustment option is only available in the Contract Without Credit. If you select variable investment options, the amount of money you are able to accumulate in your contract during the accumulation phase depends upon the investment performance of the underlying mutual fund(s) associated with that variable investment option.

Because the underlying mutual funds' portfolios fluctuate in value depending upon market conditions, your contract value can either increase or decrease. This is important, since the amount of the annuity payments you receive during the income phase depends upon the value of your contract at the time you begin receiving payments.

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

As the owner of the contract, you have all of the decision-making rights under the contract. You will also be the annuitant unless you designate someone else. The annuitant is the person whose life is used to determine how much and how long (if applicable) the annuity payments will continue once the annuity phase begins. On or after the annuity date, the annuitant may not be changed.

The beneficiary is the person(s) or entity you designate to receive any death benefit. You may change the beneficiary any time prior to the annuity date by making a written request to us.

SHORT TERM CANCELLATION RIGHT OR "FREE LOOK"

If you change your mind about owning Strategic Partners Annuity One 3, you may cancel your contract within 10 days after receiving it (or whatever period is required by applicable law). You can request a refund by returning the contract either to the representative who sold it to you, or to the Prudential Annuity

Service Center at the address shown on the first page of this prospectus. You will receive a refund equal to your contract value (plus the amount of any fees or other charges) as of the date you surrendered your contract.

If you have purchased the Contract With Credit, we will deduct any credit we had added to your contract value.

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

2:

WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS

CAN I CHOOSE?

THE CONTRACT GIVES YOU THE CHOICE OF ALLOCATING YOUR PURCHASE PAYMENTS TO ANY OF THE VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTIONS, FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTIONS, AND A MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT OPTION.

The variable investment options invest in underlying mutual funds managed by leading investment advisers. These underlying mutual funds may sell their shares to both variable annuity and variable life separate accounts of different insurance companies, which could create the kinds of risk that are described in more detail in the current prospectus for the underlying mutual fund. The current prospectuses for the underlying mutual funds also contain other important information about the mutual funds. When you invest in a variable investment option that is funded by a mutual fund, you should read the mutual fund prospectus and keep it for future reference.

VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTIONS

The following chart classifies each of the portfolios based on our assessment of their investment style (as of the date of this prospectus). The chart also provides a description of each portfolio's investment objective and a short, summary description of their key policies to assist you in determining which portfolios may be of interest to you. There is no guarantee that any portfolio will meet its investment objective. The name of the adviser/subadviser for each portfolio appears next to the description.

The Jennison Portfolio, Prudential Equity Portfolio, Prudential Global Portfolio, Prudential Money Market Portfolio, Prudential Stock Index Portfolio, Prudential Value Portfolio, and each "SP" Portfolio of the Prudential Series Fund, are managed by an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial, Inc. called Prudential Investments LLC (PI) under a "manager-of-managers" approach. The SP Aggressive Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio, SP Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio, SP Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio, and SP Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio invest in other Prudential Series Fund Portfolios, and are managed by PI.

Under the manager-of-managers approach, PI has the ability to assign subadvisers to manage specific portions of a portfolio, and the portion managed by a subadviser may vary from 0% to 100% of the portfolio's assets. The subadvisers that manage some or all of a Prudential Series Fund portfolio are listed on the following chart.

The portfolios of the American Skandia Trust are co-managed by PI and American Skandia Investment Services, Incorporated, also under a manager-of-managers approach. American Skandia Investment Services, Incorporated is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial, Inc.

A fund or portfolio may have a similar name or an investment objective and investment policies resembling those of a mutual fund managed by the same investment adviser that is sold directly to the public. Despite such similarities, there can be no assurance that the investment performance of any such fund or portfolio will resemble that of the publicly available mutual fund.

Pruco Life of New Jersey has entered into agreements with certain underlying portfolios and/or the investment adviser or distributor of such portfolios. Pruco Life of New Jersey may provide administrative and support services to such portfolios pursuant to the terms of these agreements and under which it receives a fee of up to 0.55% annually (as of May 2, 2005) of the average assets

allocated to the portfolio under the contract. These agreements, including the fees paid and services provided, can vary for each underlying mutual fund whose portfolios are offered as sub-accounts.

As detailed in the Prudential Series Fund prospectus, although the Prudential Money Market Portfolio is designed to be a stable investment option, it is possible to lose money in that portfolio. For example, when prevailing short-term interest rates are very low, the yield on the Prudential Money Market Portfolio may be so low that, when separate account and contract charges are deducted, you experience a negative return.

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table> <Caption>		PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	
<S> LARGE CAP GROWTH	<C> JENNISON PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio invests primarily in equity securities of major, established corporations that the Sub-adviser believes offer above-average growth prospects.	<C> Jennison Associates LLC
LARGE CAP BLEND	PRUDENTIAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO (SP MFS CAPITAL OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO MERGED INTO THIS PORTFOLIO): seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio invests at least 80% of its investable assets in common stocks of major established corporations as well as smaller companies that the Sub-advisers believe offer attractive prospects of appreciation.	GE Asset Management, Incorporated; Jennison Associates LLC; Salomon Brothers Asset Management Inc.
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	PRUDENTIAL GLOBAL PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks (and their equivalents) of foreign and U.S. companies.	Jennison Associates LLC
FIXED INCOME	PRUDENTIAL MONEY MARKET PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum current income consistent with the stability of capital and the maintenance of liquidity.	Prudential Investment Management, Inc.
LARGE CAP BLEND	PRUDENTIAL STOCK INDEX PORTFOLIO: seeks investment results that generally correspond to the performance of publicly-traded common stocks. With the price and yield performance of the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Stock Price Index (S&P(R) 500) as the benchmark, the Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in S&P 500 stocks.	Quantitative Management Associates LLC
LARGE CAP VALUE	PRUDENTIAL VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks capital appreciation. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks that the Sub-adviser believes are undervalued -- those stocks that are trading below their underlying asset value, cash generating ability and overall earnings and earnings growth.	Jennison Associates LLC
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	SP AGGRESSIVE GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks capital appreciation. The Portfolio seeks to achieve this investment objective by investing in several other Prudential Series Fund Portfolios, which currently consist of domestic equity Portfolios and international equity Portfolios.	Prudential Investments LLC
LARGE CAP BLEND	SP AIM CORE EQUITY PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in equity securities, including convertible securities of established companies that have long-term above-average growth in earnings and growth companies that the Sub-adviser believes have the potential	A I M Capital Management, Inc.

for above-average growth in earnings.

</Table>

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2:
WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>
<Caption>

STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> LARGE CAP GROWTH	<C> SP ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN LARGE-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio invests at least 80% of its total assets in the equity securities of a limited number of large, carefully selected, high-quality U.S. companies that are judged likely to achieve superior earnings growth. Normally, about 40-60 companies will be represented in the Portfolio, with the 25 companies most highly regarded by the Sub-adviser usually constituting approximately 70% of the Portfolio's net assets.	<C> Alliance Capital Management, L.P.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	SP BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with the specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio seeks to provide a balance between current income and growth of capital by investing in several other Prudential Series Fund Portfolios, which currently consist of fixed income Portfolios, domestic equity Portfolios, and international equity Portfolios.	Prudential Investments LLC
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	SP CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with the specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio seeks to provide current income with low to moderate capital appreciation by investing in several other Prudential Series Fund Portfolios, which currently consist of fixed income Portfolios, domestic equity Portfolios, and international equity Portfolios.	Prudential Investments LLC
LARGE CAP VALUE	SP DAVIS VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks growth of capital. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks of U.S. companies with market capitalizations of at least \$5 billion. It may also invest in stocks of foreign companies and U.S. companies with smaller capitalizations.	Davis Advisors
SMALL CAP VALUE	SP GOLDMAN SACHS SMALL CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital appreciation. The Portfolio will seek its objective through investments primarily in equity securities that are believed to be undervalued in the marketplace. The Portfolio primarily seeks companies that are small-sized, based on the value of their outstanding stock.	Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	SP GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with the specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio seeks to provide long-term growth of capital with consideration also given to current income by investing in several other Prudential Series Fund Portfolios, which currently consist of domestic equity Portfolios, fixed income Portfolios, and international equity Portfolios.	Prudential Investments LLC
LARGE CAP VALUE	SP LARGE CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of	Hotchkis and Wiley Capital Management

investable assets in common stocks and securities convertible into common stock of companies that are believed to be undervalued and have an above-average potential to increase in price, given the company's sales, earnings, book value, cash flow and recent performance. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective through investments primarily in equity securities of large capitalization companies.

LLC; J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.

</Table>

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>
<Caption>

STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	<C> SP LSV INTERNATIONAL VALUE PORTFOLIO (FORMERLY SP DEUTSCHE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO): seeks capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its objective by primarily investing at least 80% of the value of its assets in the equity securities of companies in developed non-U.S. countries that are represented in the MSCI EAFE Index.	<C> LSV Asset Management
MID CAP GROWTH	SP MID CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO (SP AIM AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO MERGED INTO THIS PORTFOLIO): seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in common stocks and related securities, such as preferred stocks, convertible securities and depository receipts for those securities. These securities typically are of medium market capitalizations, which the subadviser believes have above-average growth potential.	Calamos Advisors LLC
FIXED INCOME	SP PIMCO HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management. The Portfolio will invest in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities of varying maturities. The average portfolio duration of the Portfolio generally will vary within a three-to six-year time frame based on the Sub-adviser's forecast for interest rates.	Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)
FIXED INCOME	SP PIMCO TOTAL RETURN PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management. The Portfolio will invest in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities of varying maturities. The average portfolio duration of the Portfolio generally will vary within a three-to six-year time frame based on the Sub-adviser's forecast for interest rates.	Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)
MID CAP GROWTH	SP PRUDENTIAL U.S. EMERGING GROWTH PORTFOLIO (SP TECHNOLOGY PORTFOLIO MERGED INTO THIS PORTFOLIO): seeks long-term capital appreciation. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in equity securities of small and medium sized U.S. companies that the Sub-adviser believes have the potential for above-average earnings growth.	Jennison Associates LLC
SMALL CAP GROWTH	SP SMALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO (FORMERLY SP STATE STREET RESEARCH SMALL COMPANY GROWTH PORTFOLIO): seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its objective by primarily investing in the common stocks of small-capitalization companies.	Neuberger Berman Asset Management Inc.; Eagle Asset Management
LARGE CAP GROWTH	SP STRATEGIC PARTNERS FOCUSED GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests	Alliance Capital Management, L.P.;

at least 65% of total assets in equity-related securities of U.S. companies that the Sub-advisers believe to have strong capital appreciation potential. The Portfolio's strategy is to combine the efforts of two subadvisers and to invest in the favorite stock selection ideas of three portfolio managers (two of whom invest as a team).

Jennison Associates
LLC

</Table>

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2:
WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>
<Caption>

STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	SP WILLIAM BLAIR INTERNATIONAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio invests primarily in equity-related securities of foreign issuers that the Sub-adviser thinks will increase in value over a period of years. The Portfolio invests primarily in the common stock of large and medium-sized foreign companies. Under normal circumstances, the Portfolio invests at least 65% of its total assets in common stock of foreign companies operating or based in at least five different countries.	William Blair & Company, LLC
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	AST JPMORGAN INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth by investing in a diversified portfolio of international equity securities. The Portfolio seeks to meet its objective by investing, under normal market conditions, at least 80% of its assets in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of companies located or operating in developed non-U.S. countries and emerging markets of the world.	J.P. Morgan Fleming Asset Management
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	AST MFS GLOBAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. Under normal circumstances the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its assets in equity securities of U.S. and foreign issuers (including issuers in developing countries). The Portfolio generally seeks to purchase securities of companies with relatively large market capitalizations relative to the market in which they are traded.	Massachusetts Financial Services Company
SMALL CAP GROWTH	AST DEAM SMALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum growth of investors' capital from a portfolio of growth stocks of smaller companies. The Portfolio pursues its objective, under normal circumstances, by primarily investing at least 80% of its total assets in the equity securities of small-sized companies included in the Russell 2000 Growth(R) Index.	Deutsche Asset Management, Inc.
SMALL CAP GROWTH	AST FEDERATED AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its investment objective by investing primarily in the stocks of small companies that are traded on national security exchanges, the NASDAQ stock exchange and the over-the-counter-market.	Federated Equity Management Company of Pennsylvania/ Federated Global Investment Management Corp.
SMALL CAP VALUE	AST SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO (FORMERLY AST GABELLI SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO): seeks to provide long-term capital growth by investing primarily in small-capitalization stocks that appear to be undervalued. The Portfolio will have a non-fundamental policy to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of its	Integrity Asset Management; Lee Munder Capital Group; J.P. Morgan Fleming Asset Management

assets in small capitalization companies.

SMALL CAP VALUE

AST DEAM SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum growth of investors' capital. The Portfolio pursues its objective, under normal market conditions, by primarily investing at least 80% of its total assets in the equity securities of small-sized companies included in the Russell 2000(R) Value Index.

Deutsche Asset Management, Inc.

</Table>

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table> <Caption>	STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S>	MID-CAP GROWTH	<C> AST GOLDMAN SACHS MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its investment objective by investing primarily in equity securities selected for their growth potential, and normally invests at least 80% of the value of its assets in medium capitalization companies.	<C> Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.
	MID-CAP GROWTH	AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio primarily invests at least 80% of its net assets in the common stocks of mid-cap companies. The Sub-adviser looks for fast-growing companies that are in new or rapidly evolving industries.	Neuberger Berman Management Inc.
	MID-CAP VALUE	AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio primarily invests at least 80% of its net assets in the common stocks of mid-cap companies. Under the Portfolio's value-oriented investment approach, the Sub-adviser looks for well-managed companies whose stock prices are undervalued and that may rise in price before other investors realize their worth.	Neuberger Berman Management Inc.
	SPECIALTY	AST ALGER ALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio invests primarily in equity securities, such as common or preferred stocks, that are listed on U.S. exchanges or in the over-the-counter market. The Portfolio may invest in the equity securities of companies of all sizes, and may emphasize either larger or smaller companies at a given time based on the Sub-adviser's assessment of particular companies and market conditions.	Fred Alger Management, Inc.
	SPECIALTY	AST GABELLI ALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its objective by investing primarily in readily marketable equity securities including common stocks, preferred stocks and securities that may be converted at a later time into common stock. The Portfolio may invest in the securities of companies of all sizes, and may emphasize either larger or smaller companies at a given time based on the Sub-adviser's assessment of particular companies and market conditions.	GAMCO Investors, Inc.
	SPECIALTY	AST T. ROWE PRICE NATURAL RESOURCES PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth primarily through the common stocks of companies that own or develop natural resources (such as energy products, precious metals and forest products) and other basic commodities. The Portfolio normally invests primarily (at least 80% of its total assets) in the common	T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.

stocks of natural resource companies whose earnings and tangible assets could benefit from accelerating inflation.

LARGE CAP GROWTH	AST MFS GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth and future income. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its total assets in common stocks and related securities, such as preferred stocks, convertible securities and depositary receipts, of companies that the Sub-adviser believes offer better than average prospects for long-term growth.	Massachusetts Financial Services Company
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</Table>

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2:
WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>
<Caption>

STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> LARGE CAP GROWTH	<C> AST MARSICO CAPITAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. Income realization is not an investment objective and any income realized on the Portfolio's investments, therefore, will be incidental to the Portfolio's objective. The Portfolio will pursue its objective by investing primarily in common stocks of larger, more established companies.	<C> Marsico Capital Management, LLC
LARGE CAP GROWTH	AST GOLDMAN SACHS CONCENTRATED GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks growth of capital in a manner consistent with the preservation of capital. Realization of income is not a significant investment consideration and any income realized on the Portfolio's investments, therefore, will be incidental to the Portfolio's objective. The Portfolio will pursue its objective by investing primarily in equity securities of companies that the Sub-adviser believes have potential to achieve capital appreciation over the long-term.	Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.
LARGE CAP VALUE	AST DEAM LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum growth of capital by investing primarily in the value stocks of larger companies. The Portfolio pursues its objective, under normal market conditions, by primarily investing at least 80% of the value of its assets in the equity securities of large-sized companies included in the Russell 1000(R) Value Index.	Deutsche Asset Management, Inc.
LARGE CAP BLEND	AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN GROWTH + VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth by investing approximately 50% of its assets in growth stocks of large companies and approximately 50% of its assets in value stocks of large companies. The Portfolio will invest primarily in common stocks of large U.S. companies included in the Russell 1000(R) Index.	Alliance Capital Management, L.P.
LARGE CAP VALUE	AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN CORE VALUE PORTFOLIO (FORMERLY AST SANFORD BERNSTEIN CORE VALUE PORTFOLIO): seeks long-term capital growth by investing primarily in common stocks. The Sub-adviser expects that the majority of the Portfolio's assets will be invested in the common stocks of large companies that appear to be undervalued.	Alliance Capital Management, L.P.
SPECIALTY	AST COHEN & STEERS REALTY PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return through investment in real estate securities. The Portfolio pursues its investment objective by investing,	Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc.

under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in securities of real estate issuers.

LARGE CAP BLEND

AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN MANAGED INDEX 500 PORTFOLIO (FORMERLY AST SANFORD BERNSTEIN MANAGED INDEX 500 PORTFOLIO): seeks to outperform the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Stock Price Index (the "S&P (R) 500") through stock selection resulting in different weightings of common stocks relative to the index. The Portfolio will invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in securities included in the S&P 500.

Alliance Capital Management, L.P.

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> LARGE CAP VALUE	<C> AST AMERICAN CENTURY INCOME & GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth with current income as a secondary objective. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks that offer potential for capital growth, and may, consistent with its investment objective, invest in stocks that offer potential for current income.	<C> American Century Investment Management, Inc.
LARGE CAP VALUE	AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN GROWTH & INCOME PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital and income while attempting to avoid excessive fluctuations in market value. The Portfolio normally will invest in common stocks (and securities convertible into common stocks).	Alliance Capital Management, L.P.
LARGE CAP VALUE	AST HOTCHKIS & WILEY LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks current income and long-term growth of income, as well as capital appreciation. The Portfolio invests, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets plus borrowings for investment purposes in common stocks of large cap U.S. companies, that have a high cash dividend or payout yield relative to the market.	Hotchkis and Wiley Capital Management, LLC
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST GLOBAL ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO (FORMERLY AST DEAM GLOBAL ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO): seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with a specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing in several other AST Portfolios ("Underlying Portfolios"). The Portfolio intends its strategy of investing in combinations of Underlying Portfolios to result in investment diversification that an investor could otherwise achieve only by holding numerous investments.	Prudential Investments LLC
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC BALANCED PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth and current income. The Sub-adviser intends to maintain approximately 60% of the Portfolio's assets in equity securities and the remainder in bonds and other fixed income securities.	American Century Investment Management, Inc.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST T. ROWE PRICE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks a high level of total return by investing primarily in a diversified portfolio of fixed income and equity securities. The Portfolio normally invests approximately 60% of its total assets in equity securities and 40% in fixed income securities. This mix may vary depending on the Sub-adviser's outlook for the markets.	T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.

FIXED INCOME	AST T. ROWE PRICE GLOBAL BOND PORTFOLIO: seeks to provide high current income and capital growth by investing in high-quality foreign and U.S. dollar-denominated bonds. The Portfolio will invest at least 80% of its total assets in fixed income securities, including high quality bonds issued or guaranteed by U.S. or foreign governments or their agencies and by foreign authorities, provinces and municipalities as well as investment grade corporate bonds and mortgage and asset-backed securities of U.S. and foreign issuers.	T. Rowe Price International, Inc.
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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> FIXED INCOME	<C> AST GOLDMAN SACHS HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO: seeks a high level of current income and may also consider the potential for capital appreciation. The Portfolio invests, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets plus any borrowings for investment purposes (measured at time of purchase) in high-yield, fixed-income securities that, at the time of purchase, are non-investment grade securities.	<C> Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.
FIXED INCOME	AST LORD ABBETT BOND-DEBENTURE PORTFOLIO: seeks high current income and the opportunity for capital appreciation to produce a high total return. To pursue its objective, the Portfolio will invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of its assets in fixed income securities and normally invests primarily in high yield and investment grade debt securities, securities convertible into common stock and preferred stocks.	Lord, Abbett & Co. LLC
FIXED INCOME	AST PIMCO LIMITED MATURITY BOND PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management. The Portfolio will invest in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities of varying maturities. The average portfolio duration of the Portfolio generally will vary within a one- to three-year time frame based on the Sub-adviser's forecast for interest rates.	Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	GVIT DEVELOPING MARKETS FUND: seeks long-term capital appreciation, under normal conditions by investing at least 80% of its total assets in stocks of companies of any size based in the world's developing economies. Under normal market conditions, investments are maintained in at least six countries at all times and no more than 35% of total assets in any single one of them.	Gartmore Global Asset Management Trust/Gartmore Global Partners
LARGE CAP GROWTH	JANUS ASPEN SERIES: LARGE CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO -- SERVICE SHARES (FORMERLY GROWTH PORTFOLIO -- SERVICE SHARES): seeks long-term growth of capital in a manner consistent with the preservation of capital. The Portfolio has a non-fundamental policy to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in large-sized companies.	Janus Capital Management LLC

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FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTIONS

We offer two fixed interest rate options:

- - a one-year fixed interest rate option, and
- - a dollar cost averaging fixed rate option (DCA Fixed Rate Option).

When you select one of these options, your payment will earn interest at the established rate for the applicable interest rate period. A new interest rate period is established every time you allocate or transfer money into a fixed interest rate option. (You may not transfer amounts from other investment options into the DCA Fixed Rate Option.) You may have money allocated in more than one interest rate period at the same time. This could result in your money earning interest at different rates and each interest rate period maturing at a different time. While these interest rates may change from time to time they will not be less than 1.5% for the one-year fixed interest rate option, or 3% for the dollar cost averaging fixed rate option. We may offer lower interest rates for Contracts With Credit than for Contracts Without Credit.

Payments allocated to the fixed interest rate options become part of Pruco Life of New Jersey's general assets.

ONE-YEAR FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTION

We set a one-year base guaranteed annual interest rate for the one-year fixed interest rate option. Additionally, we may provide a higher interest rate on each purchase payment allocated to this option for the first year after the payment. This higher interest rate will not apply to amounts transferred from other investment options within the contract or amounts remaining in this option for more than one year.

DOLLAR COST AVERAGING FIXED RATE OPTION

You may allocate all or part of any purchase payment to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. Under this option, you automatically transfer amounts over a stated period (currently, six or twelve months) from the DCA Fixed Rate Option to the variable investment options and/or to the one-year fixed interest rate option, as you select. We will invest the assets you allocate to the DCA Fixed Rate Option in our general account until they are transferred. You may not transfer from other investment options to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. Transfers to the one-year fixed interest rate option will remain in the general account.

If you choose to allocate all or part of a purchase payment to the DCA Fixed Rate Option, the minimum amount of the purchase payment you may allocate is \$2,000. The first periodic transfer will occur on the date you allocate your purchase payment to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. Subsequent transfers will occur on the monthly anniversary of the first transfer. Currently, you may choose to have the purchase payment allocated to the DCA Fixed Rate Option transferred to the selected variable investment option, or to the one-year fixed interest rate option in either six or twelve monthly installments, and you may not change that number of monthly installments after you have chosen the DCA Fixed Rate Option. You may allocate to both the six-month and twelve-month options. (In the future, we may make available other numbers of transfers and other transfer schedules--for example, quarterly as well as monthly.)

If you choose a six-payment transfer schedule, each transfer generally will equal 1/6th of the amount you allocated to the DCA Fixed Rate Option, and if you choose a twelve-payment transfer schedule, each transfer generally will equal 1/12th of the amount you allocated to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. In either case, the final transfer amount generally will also include the credited interest. You may change at any time the investment options into which the DCA Fixed Rate Option assets are transferred. You may make a one time transfer of the remaining value out of your DCA Fixed Rate Option, if you so choose. Transfers from the DCA Fixed Rate Option do not count toward the maximum number of free transfers allowed under the contract.

If you make a withdrawal or have a fee assessed from your contract, and all or part of that withdrawal or fee comes out of the DCA Fixed Rate Option, we will recalculate the periodic transfer amount to reflect the change. This recalculation may include some or all of the interest credited to the date of the next scheduled transfer. If a withdrawal or fee assessment reduces the

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monthly transfer amount below \$100, we will transfer the remaining balance in the DCA Fixed Rate Option on the next scheduled transfer date.

By investing amounts on a regular basis instead of investing the total amount at one time, the DCA Fixed Rate Option may decrease the effect of market fluctuation on the investment of your purchase payment. Of course, dollar cost averaging cannot ensure a profit or protect against loss in a declining market.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT OPTION

Under the market value adjustment option, we may offer one or more of several guarantee periods provided that the interest rate we are able to declare will be no less than 3% interest annually with respect to any guarantee period. This option is only available in the Contract Without Credit. The market value adjustment option is registered separately from the variable investment options, and the amount of market value adjustment option securities registered is stated in that registration statement.

IF AMOUNTS ARE WITHDRAWN FROM A GUARANTEE PERIOD, OTHER THAN DURING THE 30-DAY PERIOD IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE END OF THE GUARANTEE PERIOD, THEY WILL BE SUBJECT TO A MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT EVEN IF THEY ARE NOT SUBJECT TO A WITHDRAWAL CHARGE.

You will earn interest on your invested purchase payment at the rate that we have declared for the guarantee period you have chosen. You must invest at least \$1,000 if you choose this option.

We refer to interest rates as annual rates, although we credit interest within each guarantee period on a daily basis. The daily interest that we credit is equal to the pro rated portion of the interest that would be earned on an annual basis. We credit interest from the business day on which your purchase payment is received in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center until the earliest to occur of any of the following events: (a) full surrender of the contract, (b) commencement of annuity payments or settlement, (c) end of the guarantee period, (d) transfer of the value in the guarantee period, (e) payment of a death benefit, or (f) the date the amount is withdrawn.

During the 30-day period immediately following the end of a guarantee period, we allow you to do any of the following, without the imposition of the market value adjustment:

- (a) withdraw or transfer the value of the guarantee period,
- (b) allocate the value to another available guarantee period or other investment option (provided that the new guarantee period ends prior to the annuity date). You will receive the interest rate applicable on the date we receive your instruction, or
- (c) apply the value in the guarantee period to the annuity or settlement option of your choice.

If we do not receive instructions from you concerning the disposition of the contract value in your maturing guarantee period, we will reinvest the amount in the Prudential Money Market Portfolio investment option.

During the 30-day period immediately following the end of the guarantee period, or until you elect to do (a), (b) or (c) listed immediately above, you will receive the current interest rate applicable to the guarantee period having the same duration as the guarantee period that just matured, which is offered on the day immediately following the end of the matured guarantee period. However, if at that time we do not offer a guarantee period with the same duration as that which matured, you will then receive the current interest rate applicable to the shortest guarantee period then offered.

Under the market value adjustment option, while your money remains in the contract for the full guarantee period, your principal amount is guaranteed and the interest amount that your money will earn is guaranteed by us to be at least 3%.

Payments allocated to the market value adjustment option are held as a separate pool of assets. Any gains or losses experienced by these assets will not directly affect the contracts. The strength of our guarantees under these options is based on the overall financial strength of Pruco Life of New Jersey.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT

When you allocate a purchase payment or transfer contract value to a guarantee period, we use that money to buy and sell securities and other instruments

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to support our obligation to pay interest. Generally, we buy bonds for this purpose. The duration of the bonds and other instruments that we buy with respect to a particular guarantee period is influenced significantly by the length of the guarantee period. For example, we typically would acquire longer-duration bonds with respect to the 10 year guarantee period than we do for the 3 year guarantee period. The value of these bonds is affected by changes in interest rates, among other factors. The market value adjustment that we assess against your contract value if you withdraw or transfer outside the 30-day period discussed above involves our attributing to you a portion of our investment experience on these bonds and other instruments.

For example, if you make a full withdrawal when interest rates have risen since the time of your investment, the bonds and other investments in the guarantee period likely would have decreased in value, meaning that we would impose a "negative" market value adjustment on you (i.e., one that results in a reduction of the withdrawal proceeds that you receive). For a partial withdrawal, we would deduct a negative market value adjustment from your remaining contract value. Conversely, if interest rates have decreased, the market value adjustment would be positive.

Other things you should know about the market value adjustment include the following:

- - We determine the market value adjustment according to a mathematical formula, which is set forth at the end of this prospectus under the heading "Market-Value Adjustment Formula." In that section of the prospectus, we also provide hypothetical examples of how the formula works.
- - A negative market value adjustment could cause you to lose not only the interest you have earned but also a portion of your principal.
- - In addition to imposing a market value adjustment on withdrawals, we also will impose a market value adjustment on the contract value you apply to an annuity or settlement option, unless you annuitize within the 30-day period discussed above.

YOU SHOULD REALIZE, HOWEVER, THAT APART FROM THE MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT, THE VALUE OF THE BENEFIT IN YOUR GUARANTEE PERIOD UNDER YOUR CONTRACT DOES NOT DEPEND ON THE INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE OF THE BONDS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS THAT WE HOLD WITH RESPECT TO YOUR GUARANTEE PERIOD. APART FROM THE EFFECT OF ANY MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT, WE DO NOT PASS THROUGH TO YOU THE GAINS OR LOSSES ON THE BONDS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS THAT WE HOLD IN CONNECTION WITH A GUARANTEE PERIOD.

TRANSFERS AMONG OPTIONS

Subject to certain restrictions, you can transfer money among the variable investment options and the one-year fixed interest rate option. The minimum transfer amount is the lesser of \$250 or the amount in the investment option from which the transfer is to be made. In addition, you can transfer your contract value out of a market value adjustment guarantee period into another market value adjustment guarantee period, into a variable investment option, or into a one-year fixed interest rate option, although a market value adjustment will apply to any transfer you make outside the 30-day period discussed above. You may transfer contract value into the market value adjustment option at any time, provided it is at least \$1,000.

In general, you may make your transfer request by telephone, electronically, or otherwise in paper form to the Prudential Annuity Service Center. We have procedures in place to confirm that instructions received by telephone or electronically are genuine. We will not be liable for following unauthorized telephone or electronic instructions that we reasonably believed to be genuine. Your transfer request will take effect at the end of the business day on which it was received in good order by us, or by certain entities that we have specifically designated. Our business day generally closes at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time. Our business day may close earlier, for example if regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange closes early. Transfer requests received after the close of the business day will take effect at the end of the next business day.

With regard to the market value adjustment option, you can specify the

guarantee period from which you wish to transfer. If you request a transfer from the market value adjustment option, but you do not specify the guarantee period from which funds are to be taken,

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then we will transfer funds from the guarantee period that has the least time remaining until its maturity date.

YOU CAN MAKE TRANSFERS OUT OF A FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTION, OTHER THAN THE DCA FIXED RATE OPTION, ONLY DURING THE 30-DAY PERIOD FOLLOWING THE END OF THE ONE YEAR INTEREST RATE PERIOD. TRANSFERS FROM THE DCA FIXED RATE OPTION ARE MADE ON A PERIODIC BASIS FOR THE PERIOD THAT YOU SELECT.

During the contract accumulation phase, you can make up to 12 transfers each contract year, among the investment options, without charge. Currently we charge \$25 for each transfer after the twelfth in a contract year, and we have the right to increase this charge up to \$30. (Dollar Cost Averaging and Auto-Rebalancing transfers do not count toward the 12 free transfers per year.)

For purposes of the 12 free transfers per year that we allow, we will treat multiple transfers that are submitted on the same business day as a single transfer.

ADDITIONAL TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS

We limit your ability to transfer among your contract's variable investment options as permitted by applicable law. We impose a yearly restriction on transfers. Specifically, once you have made 20 transfers among the subaccounts during a contract year, we will accept any additional transfer request during that year only if the request is submitted to us in writing with an original signature and otherwise is in good order. For purposes of this transfer restriction, we (i) do not view a facsimile transmission as a "writing", (ii) will treat multiple transfer requests submitted on the same business day as a single transfer, and (iii) do not count any transfer that involves one of our systematic programs, such as asset allocation and automated withdrawals.

Frequent transfers among variable investment options in response to short-term fluctuations in markets, sometimes called "market timing," can make it very difficult for a portfolio manager to manage an underlying mutual fund's investments. Frequent transfers may cause the fund to hold more cash than otherwise necessary, disrupt management strategies, increase transaction costs, or affect performance. For those reasons, the contract was not designed for persons who make programmed, large, or frequent transfers.

In light of the risks posed to contract owners and other fund investors by frequent transfers, we reserve the right to limit the number of transfers in any contract year for all existing or new contract owners, and to take the other actions discussed below. We also reserve the right to limit the number of transfers in any contract year or to refuse any transfer request for an owner or certain owners if: (a) we believe that excessive transfer activity (as we define it) or a specific transfer request or group of transfer requests may have a detrimental effect on accumulation unit values or the share prices of the underlying mutual funds; or (b) we are informed by a fund (e.g., by the fund's portfolio manager) that the purchase or redemption of fund shares must be restricted because the fund believes the transfer activity to which such purchase and redemption relates would have a detrimental effect on the share prices of the affected fund. Without limiting the above, the most likely scenario where either of the above could occur would be if the aggregate amount of a trade or trades represented a relatively large proportion of the total assets of a particular underlying mutual fund. In furtherance of our general authority to restrict transfers as described above, and without limiting other actions we may take in the future, we have adopted the following specific restrictions:

- With respect to each variable investment option (other than the Prudential Money Market Portfolio), we track amounts exceeding a certain dollar threshold that were transferred into the option. If you transfer such amount into a particular variable investment option, and within 30 calendar days thereafter transfer (the "Transfer Out") all or a portion of that amount into another variable investment option, then upon the Transfer Out, the former variable

investment option becomes restricted (the "Restricted Option"). Specifically, we will not permit subsequent transfers into the Restricted Option for 90 calendar days after the Transfer Out if the Restricted Option invests in a non-international fund, or 180 calendar days after the Transfer Out if the

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Restricted Option invests in an international fund. For purposes of this rule, we do not (i) count transfers made in connection with one of our systematic programs, such as asset allocation and automated withdrawals and (ii) categorize as a transfer the first transfer that you make after the contract date, if you make that transfer within 30 calendar days after the contract date. Even if an amount becomes restricted under the foregoing rules, you are still free to redeem the amount from your contract at any time.

- We reserve the right to effect exchanges on a delayed basis for all contracts. That is, we may price an exchange involving a variable investment option on the business day subsequent to the business day on which the exchange request was received. Before implementing such a practice, we would issue a separate written notice to contract owners that explains the practice in detail. In addition, if we do implement a delayed exchange policy, we will apply the policy on a uniform basis to all contracts in the relevant class.
- We may impose specific restrictions on financial transactions (including transfer requests) for certain portfolios based on the portfolio's investment and/or transfer restrictions. We may do so to conform to any present or future restriction that is imposed by any portfolio available under this contract.
- If we deny one or more transfer requests under the foregoing rules, we will inform you promptly of the circumstances concerning the denial.
- We will not implement these rules in jurisdictions that have not approved contract language authorizing us to do so, or may implement different rules in certain jurisdictions if required by such jurisdictions. Contract owners in jurisdictions with such limited transfer restrictions, and contract owners who own variable life insurance or variable annuity contracts (regardless of jurisdiction) that do not impose the above-referenced transfer restrictions, might make more numerous and frequent transfers than contract owners who are subject to such limitations. Because contract owners who are not subject to the same transfer restrictions may have the same underlying mutual fund portfolios available to them, unfavorable consequences associated with such frequent trading within the underlying mutual fund (e.g., greater portfolio turnover, higher transaction costs, or performance or tax issues) may affect all contract owners. Apart from jurisdiction-specific and contract differences in transfer restrictions, we will apply these rules uniformly, and will not waive a transfer restriction for any contract owner.

Although our transfer restrictions are designed to prevent excessive transfers, they are not capable of preventing every potential occurrence of excessive transfer activity.

DOLLAR COST AVERAGING

The dollar cost averaging (DCA) feature (which is distinct from the DCA Fixed Rate Option) allows you to systematically transfer either a fixed dollar amount or a percentage out of any variable investment option into any other variable investment option or the one-year fixed interest rate option. You can have these automatic transfers occur monthly, quarterly, semiannually or annually. By investing amounts on a regular basis instead of investing the total amount at one time, dollar cost averaging may decrease the effect of market fluctuation on the investment of your purchase payment. Of course, dollar cost averaging cannot ensure a profit or protect against loss in declining markets.

Transfers will be made automatically on the schedule you choose until the entire amount you chose to have transferred has been transferred or until you tell us to discontinue the transfers. You can allocate subsequent purchase payments to be transferred under this option at any time.

Your transfers will occur on the last calendar day of each transfer period you have selected, provided that the New York Stock Exchange is open on that date. If the New York Stock Exchange is not open on a particular transfer date, the transfer will take effect on the next business day.

Any dollar cost averaging transfers you make do not count toward the 12 free

transfers you are allowed each contract year. The dollar cost averaging feature is

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available only during the contract accumulation phase and is offered without charge.

ASSET ALLOCATION PROGRAM

We recognize the value of having asset allocation models when deciding how to allocate your purchase payments among the investment options. If you choose to participate in the Asset Allocation Program, your representative will give you a questionnaire to complete that will help determine a program that is appropriate for you. Your asset allocation will be prepared based on your answers to the questionnaire. You will not be charged for this service, and you are not obligated to participate or to invest according to program recommendations.

Asset allocation is a sophisticated method of diversification which allocates assets among classes in order to manage investment risk and enhance returns over the long term. However, asset allocation does not guarantee a profit or protect against a loss. You are not obligated to participate or to invest according to the program recommendations. We do not intend to provide any personalized investment advice in connection with these programs and you should not rely on these programs as providing individualized investment recommendations to you. The asset allocation programs do not guarantee better investment results. We reserve the right to terminate or change the asset allocation programs at any time. You should consult your representative before electing any asset allocation program.

AUTO-REBALANCING

Once your money has been allocated among the variable investment options, the actual performance of the investment options may cause your allocation to shift. For example, an investment option that initially holds only a small percentage of your assets could perform much better than another investment option. Over time, this option could increase to a larger percentage of your assets than you desire. You can direct us to automatically rebalance your assets to return to your original allocation percentage or to a subsequent allocation percentage you select. We will rebalance only the variable investment options that you have designated. If you also participate in the DCA feature, then the variable investment option from which you make the DCA transfers will not be rebalanced.

You may choose to have your rebalancing occur monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually. The rebalancing will occur on the last calendar day of the period you have chosen, provided that the New York Stock Exchange is open on that date. If the New York Stock Exchange is not open on that date, the rebalancing will take effect on the next business day.

Any transfers you make because of auto-rebalancing are not counted toward the 12 free transfers you are allowed per year. This feature is available only during the contract accumulation phase, and is offered without charge. If you choose auto-rebalancing and dollar cost averaging, auto-rebalancing will take place after the transfers from your DCA account.

SCHEDULED TRANSACTIONS

Scheduled transactions include transfers under dollar cost averaging, the asset allocation program, auto-rebalancing, systematic withdrawals, minimum distributions or annuity payments. Scheduled transactions are processed and valued as of the date they are scheduled, unless the scheduled day is not a business day. In that case, the transaction will be processed and valued on the next business day, unless the next business day falls in the subsequent calendar year, in which case the transaction will be processed and valued on the prior business day.

VOTING RIGHTS

We are the legal owner of the shares of the underlying mutual funds used by the variable investment options. However, we vote the shares of the mutual funds according to voting instructions we receive from contract owners. When a vote is

required, we will mail you a proxy which is a form that you need to complete and return to us to tell us how you wish us to vote. When we receive those instructions, we will vote all of the shares we own on your behalf in accordance with those instructions. We will vote fund shares for which we do not receive instructions, and any other shares that

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we own in our own right, in the same proportion as shares for which we receive instructions from contract owners. We may change the way your voting instructions are calculated if it is required or permitted by federal or state regulation.

SUBSTITUTION

We may substitute one or more of the underlying mutual funds used by the variable investment options. We may also cease to allow investments in existing funds. We would not do this without the approval of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and any necessary state insurance departments. You will be given specific notice in advance of any substitution we intend to make.

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3:

WHAT KIND OF PAYMENTS WILL I RECEIVE DURING THE
INCOME PHASE? (ANNUITIZATION)

PAYMENT PROVISIONS

We can begin making annuity payments any time on or after the first contract anniversary. Annuity payments must begin no later than the later of the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the annuitant's 90th birthday or the tenth contract anniversary.

Upon annuitization, any value in a guarantee period of the market value adjustment option may be subject to a market value adjustment.

The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 variable annuity contract offers an optional Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, which we describe below. Your annuity options vary depending upon whether you choose this benefit.

PAYMENT PROVISIONS WITHOUT THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

We make the income plans described below available at any time before the annuity date. These plans are called "annuity options" or "settlement options." During the income phase, all of the annuity options under this contract are fixed annuity options. This means that your participation in the variable investment options ends on the annuity date. If an annuity option is not selected by the annuity date, the Life Income Annuity Option (Option 2, described below) will automatically be selected unless prohibited by applicable law. GENERALLY, ONCE THE ANNUITY PAYMENTS BEGIN, THE ANNUITY OPTION CANNOT BE CHANGED AND YOU CANNOT MAKE WITHDRAWALS. IN ADDITION TO THE ANNUITY PAYMENT OPTIONS DISCUSSED IN THIS SECTION, PLEASE NOTE THAT IF YOU CHOOSE THE OPTIONAL LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT, THERE ARE ADDITIONAL ANNUITY PAYMENT OPTIONS THAT ARE ASSOCIATED WITH THAT BENEFIT. SEE SECTION 5 OF THIS PROSPECTUS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.

OPTION 1
ANNUITY PAYMENTS FOR A FIXED PERIOD

Under this option, we will make equal payments for the period chosen, up to 25 years (but not to exceed life expectancy). The annuity payments may be made monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually, as you choose, for the fixed period. If the annuitant dies during the income phase, payments will continue to the beneficiary for the remainder of the fixed period or, if the beneficiary so chooses, we will make a single lump-sum payment. The amount of the lump sum payment is determined by calculating the present value of the unpaid future payments. This is done by using the interest rate used to compute the actual

payments. The interest rate will be at least 3% a year.

OPTION 2 LIFE INCOME ANNUITY OPTION

Under this option, we will make annuity payments monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually as long as the annuitant is alive. If the annuitant dies before we have made 10 years worth of payments, we will pay the beneficiary in one lump sum the present value of the annuity payments scheduled to have been made over the remaining portion of that 10 year period, unless we were specifically instructed that such remaining annuity payments continue to be paid to the beneficiary. The present value of the remaining annuity payments is calculated by using the interest rate used to compute the amount of the original 120 payments. The interest rate will be at least 3% a year.

If an annuity option is not selected by the annuity date, this is the option we will automatically select for you.

OTHER ANNUITY OPTIONS

We currently offer a variety of other annuity options not described above. At the time annuity payments are chosen, we may make available to you any of the fixed annuity options that are offered at your annuity date.

TAX CONSIDERATIONS

If your contract is held under a tax-favored plan, you should consider the minimum distribution requirements when selecting your annuity option.

If a contract is held in connection with "qualified" retirement plans (such as a Section 401(k) plan), please note that if you are married at the time your payments commence, you may be required by federal law to choose an income option that provides at least a 50 percent joint and survivor annuity to your spouse, unless your spouse waives that right. Similarly, if you are

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married at the time of your death, federal law may require all or a portion of the death benefit to be paid to your spouse, even if you designated someone else as your beneficiary. For more information, consult the terms of your retirement arrangement.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (GMIB), is an optional feature that guarantees that once the income period begins, your income payments will be no less than the GMIB protected value applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates. If you want the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, you must elect it when you make your initial purchase payment. Once elected, the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit cannot be revoked. You may not elect both GMIB and the Lifetime Five Income Benefit.

The GMIB protected value is calculated daily and is equal to the GMIB roll-up until the GMIB roll-up either reaches its cap or if we stop applying the annual interest rate based on the age of the annuitant, number of contract anniversaries, or number of years since the last GMIB reset, as described below. At this point, the GMIB protected value will be increased by any subsequent invested purchase payments and reduced proportionally by withdrawals.

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit is subject to certain restrictions described below.

- - The annuitant must be 75 or younger in order for you to elect the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit.
- - If you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, we will impose an annual charge equal to 0.50% for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (0.45% for all other contracts) of the average GMIB protected value described below.
- - Under the contract terms governing the GMIB, we can require GMIB participants to invest only in designated underlying mutual funds or can require GMIB participants to invest according to an asset allocation model.
- - TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT, YOU MUST WAIT A CERTAIN AMOUNT OF TIME BEFORE YOU BEGIN THE INCOME PHASE. THE WAITING PERIOD

IS THE PERIOD EXTENDING FROM THE CONTRACT DATE TO THE 7TH CONTRACT ANNIVERSARY BUT, IF THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT HAS BEEN RESET (AS DESCRIBED BELOW), THE WAITING PERIOD IS THE 7 YEAR PERIOD BEGINNING WITH THE DATE OF THE MOST RECENT RESET.

Once the waiting period has elapsed, you will have a 30-day period each year, beginning on the contract anniversary (or in the case of a reset, the anniversary of the most recent reset), during which you may begin the income phase with the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit by submitting the necessary forms in good order to the Prudential Annuity Service Center.

GMIB ROLL-UP

The GMIB roll-up is equal to the invested purchase payments (after a reset, the contract value at the time of the reset), increased daily at an effective annual interest rate of 5% starting on the date each invested purchase payment is made, until the cap is reached (GMIB roll-up cap). We will reduce this amount by the effect of withdrawals. The GMIB roll-up cap is equal to two times each invested purchase payment (for a reset, two times the sum of (1) the contract value at the time of the reset, and (2) any invested purchase payments made subsequent to the reset).

Even if the GMIB roll-up cap has not been reached, we will nevertheless stop increasing the GMIB roll-up value by the effective annual interest rate on the latest of:

- - the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the annuitant's 80th birthday,
- - the 7th contract anniversary, or
- - 7 years from the most recent GMIB reset (as described below).

However, even if we stop increasing the GMIB roll-up value by the effective annual interest rate, we will still increase the GMIB protected value by subsequent invested purchase payments, reduced proportionally by withdrawals.

EFFECT OF WITHDRAWALS

In any contract year when the GMIB protected value is increasing at the rate of 5%, withdrawals will first reduce the GMIB protected value on a dollar-for-dollar basis, by

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the same dollar amount of the withdrawal up to the first 5% of GMIB protected value calculated on the contract anniversary (or, during the first contract year, on the contract date). The GMIB roll-up cap is also reduced by withdrawals in the same manner. Any withdrawals made after the dollar-for-dollar limit has been reached will proportionally reduce the GMIB protected value. We calculate the proportional reduction by dividing the contract value after the withdrawal by the contract value immediately following the withdrawal of any available dollar-for-dollar amount. The resulting percentage is multiplied by the GMIB protected value after subtracting the amount of the withdrawal that does not exceed 5%. In each contract year during which the GMIB protected value has stopped increasing at the 5% rate, withdrawals will reduce the GMIB protected value proportionally. The GMIB roll-up cap is reduced by the sum of all reductions described above.

The following examples of dollar-for-dollar and proportional reductions assume: 1.) the contract date and the effective date of the GMIB are January 1, 2006; 2.) an initial purchase payment of \$250,000; 3.) an initial GMIB protected value of \$250,000; 4.) an initial 200% cap of \$500,000; and 5.) an initial dollar-for-dollar limit of \$12,500 (5% of \$250,000):

EXAMPLE 1. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR REDUCTION

A \$10,000 withdrawal is taken on February 1, 2006 (in the first contract year). No prior withdrawals have been taken. Immediately prior to the withdrawal, the GMIB protected value is \$251,038.10 (the initial value accumulated for 31 days at an annual effective rate of 5%). As the amount withdrawn is less than the dollar-for-dollar limit:

- - The GMIB protected value is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., by \$10,000, from \$251,038.10 to \$241,038.10).
- - The GMIB 200% cap is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., by \$10,000, from \$500,000 to \$490,000).
- - The remaining dollar-for-dollar limit ("Remaining Limit") for the balance of the first contract year is also reduced by the amount withdrawn (from \$12,500 to \$2,500).

EXAMPLE 2. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR AND PROPORTIONAL REDUCTIONS

A second \$10,000 withdrawal is taken on March 1, 2006 (still within the first contract year). Immediately before the withdrawal, the contract value is \$220,000 and the GMIB protected value is \$241,941.95. As the amount withdrawn exceeds the Remaining Limit of \$2,500 from Example 1:

- - The GMIB protected value is first reduced by the Remaining Limit (from \$241,941.95 to \$239,441.95).
- - The result is then further reduced by the ratio of A to B, where:
 - A is the amount withdrawn less the Remaining Limit (\$10,000 - \$2,500, or \$7,500).
 - B is the contract value less the Remaining Limit (\$220,000 - \$2,500, or \$217,500). The resulting GMIB protected value is: $\$239,441.95 \times (1 - (\$7,500 / \$217,500))$, or \$231,185.33.
- - The GMIB 200% cap is reduced by the sum of all reductions above (\$490,000 - \$2,500 - \$8,256.62, or \$479,243.38).
- - The Remaining Limit is set to zero (0) for the balance of the first contract year.

EXAMPLE 3. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR LIMIT IN SECOND CONTRACT YEAR

A \$10,000 withdrawal is made on the first anniversary of the contract date, January 1, 2007 (second contract year). Prior to the withdrawal, the GMIB protected value is \$240,837.69. The dollar-for-dollar limit is equal to 5% of this amount, or \$12,041.88. As the amount withdrawn is less than the dollar-for-dollar limit:

- - The GMIB protected value is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., reduced by \$10,000, from \$240,837.69 to \$230,837.69).
- - The GMIB 200% cap is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., by \$10,000, from

\$479,243.38 to \$469,243.38).

- - The Remaining Limit for the balance of the second contract year is also reduced by the amount withdrawn (from \$12,041.88 to \$2,041.88).

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GMIB RESET FEATURE

You may elect to "reset" your GMIB protected value to equal your current contract value twice over the life of the contract. You may only exercise this reset option if the annuitant has not yet reached his or her 76th birthday. If you reset, you must wait a new 7-year period from the most recent reset to exercise the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. Further, we will reset the GMIB roll-up cap to equal two times the GMIB protected value as of such date. Additionally, if you reset, we will determine the GMIB payout amount by using the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates (specified in your contract) based on the number of years since the most recent reset. These purchase rates may be less advantageous than the rates that would have applied absent a reset.

PAYOUT AMOUNT

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit payout amount is based on the age and sex of the annuitant (and, if there is one, the co-annuitant). After we first deduct a charge for any applicable premium taxes that we are required to pay, the payout amount will equal the greater of:

- 1) the GMIB protected value as of the date you exercise the GMIB payout option, applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates (which are generally less favorable than the annuity purchase rates for annuity payments not involving GMIB) and based on the annuity payout option as described below, or
- 2) the adjusted contract value--that is, the value of the contract adjusted for any market value adjustment minus any charge we impose for premium taxes and withdrawal charges--as of the date you exercise the GMIB payout option applied to the current annuity purchase rates then in use.

GMIB ANNUITY PAYOUT OPTIONS

We currently offer two Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit annuity payout options. Each option involves payment for at least a period certain of ten years. In calculating the amount of the payments under the GMIB we apply certain assumed interest rates, equal to 2% annually for a waiting period of 7-9 years, and 2.5% annually for waiting periods of 10 years or longer for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (and 2.5% annually for a waiting period of 7-9 years, 3% annually for a waiting period of 10-14 years, and 3.5% annually for waiting periods of 15 years or longer for all other contracts).

GMIB OPTION 1 SINGLE LIFE PAYOUT OPTION

We will make monthly payments for as long as the annuitant lives, with payments for a period certain. We will stop making payments after the later of the death of the annuitant or the end of the period certain.

GMIB OPTION 2 JOINT LIFE PAYOUT OPTION

In the case of an annuitant and co-annuitant, we will make monthly payments for the joint lifetime of the annuitant and co-annuitant, with payments for a period certain. If the co-annuitant dies first, we will continue to make payments until the later of the death of the annuitant and the end of the period certain. If the annuitant dies first, we will continue to make payments until the later of the death of the co-annuitant and the end of the period certain, but if the period certain ends first, we will reduce the amount of each payment to 50% of the original amount.

You have no right to withdraw amounts early under either GMIB payout option. We may make other payout frequencies available, such as quarterly, semi-annually or annually.

Because we do not impose a new waiting period for each subsequent purchase payment, if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, we reserve the right to limit subsequent purchase payments if we discover that by the timing of

your purchase payments, your GMIB protected value is increasing in ways we did not intend. In determining whether to limit purchase payments, we will look at purchase payments which are disproportionately larger than your initial purchase payment and other actions that may artificially increase the GMIB protected value. Certain state laws may prevent us from limiting your subsequent purchase payments. You must exercise one of the GMIB payout

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options described above no later than 30 days after the later of the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the annuitant's attainment of age 90 or the 10th contract anniversary.

You should note that GMIB is designed to provide a type of insurance that serves as a safety net only in the event that your contract value declines significantly due to negative investment performance. If your contract value is not significantly affected by negative investment performance, it is unlikely that the purchase of GMIB will result in your receiving larger annuity payments than if you had not purchased GMIB. This is because the assumptions that we use in computing the GMIB, such as the annuity purchase rates, (which include assumptions as to age-setbacks and assumed interest rates), are more conservative than the assumptions that we use in computing non-GMIB annuity payout options. Therefore, you may generate higher income payments if you were to annuitize a lower contract value at the current annuity purchase rates, than if you were to annuitize under the GMIB with a higher GMIB protected value than your contract value but at the annuity purchase rates guaranteed under the GMIB.

TERMINATING THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit cannot be terminated by the owner once elected. The GMIB automatically terminates as of the date the contract is fully surrendered, on the date the death benefit is payable to your beneficiary (unless your surviving spouse elects to continue the contract), or on the date that your contract value is transferred to begin making annuity payments. The GMIB may also be terminated if you designate a new annuitant who would not be eligible to elect the GMIB based on his or her age at the time of the change.

Upon termination of the GMIB, we will deduct the charge from your contract value for the portion of the contract year since the prior contract anniversary (or the contract date if in the first contract year).

HOW WE DETERMINE ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Generally speaking, the annuity phase of the contract involves our distributing to you in increments the value that you have accumulated. We make these incremental payments either over a specified time period (e.g., 15 years) (fixed period annuities) or for the duration of the life of the annuitant (and possibly co-annuitant) (life annuities). There are certain assumptions that are common to both fixed period annuities and life annuities. In each type of annuity, we assume that the value you apply at the outset toward your annuity payments earns interest throughout the payout period. For annuity options within the GMIB, this interest rate ranges from 2% to 2.5% for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (and 2.5% to 3.5% for all other contracts). For non-GMIB annuity options, the guaranteed minimum rate is 3%. The GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates in your contract depict the minimum amounts we will pay (per \$1000 of adjusted contract value). If our current annuity purchase rates on the annuity date are more favorable to you than the guaranteed rates, we will make payments based on those more favorable rates.

Other assumptions that we use for life annuities and fixed period annuities differ, as detailed in the following overview:

FIXED PERIOD ANNUITIES

Currently, we offer fixed period annuities only under the Income Appreciator Benefit and non-GMIB annuity options. Generally speaking, in determining the amount of each annuity payment under a fixed period annuity, we start with the adjusted contract value, add interest assumed to be earned over the fixed period, and divide the sum by the number of payments you have requested. The life expectancy of the annuitant and co-annuitant are relevant to this calculation only in that we will not allow you to select a fixed period that exceeds life expectancy.

LIFE ANNUITIES

There are more variables that affect our calculation of life annuity payments. Most importantly, we make

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several assumptions about the annuitant's or co-annuitant's life expectancy, including the following:

- The Annuity 2000 Mortality Table is the starting point for our life expectancy assumptions. This table anticipates longevity of an insured population based on historical experience and reflecting anticipated experience for the year 2000.

GUARANTEED AND GMIB ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Because life expectancy has lengthened over the past few decades, and likely will increase in the future, our life annuity calculations anticipate these developments. We do this largely by making a hypothetical reduction in the age of the annuitant (or co-annuitant), in lieu of using the annuitant's (or co-annuitant's) actual age, in calculating the payment amounts. By using such a reduced age, we base our calculations on a younger person, who generally would live longer and therefore draw life annuity payments over a longer time period. Given the longer pay-out period, the payments made to the younger person would be less than those made to an older person. We make two such age adjustments:

- 1) First, for all annuities, we start with the age of the annuitant (or co-annuitant) on his/her most recent birthday and reduce that age by either (a) four years, for life annuities under the GMIB sold in contracts on or after May 1, 2004 or (b) two years, with respect to guaranteed payments under life annuities not involving GMIB, as well as GMIB payments under contracts not described in (a) immediately above. For the reasons explained above in this section, the four year age reduction causes a greater reduction in the amount of the annuity payments than does the two-year age reduction.
- 2) Second, for life annuities under both versions of GMIB as well as guaranteed payments under life annuities not involving GMIB, we make a further age reduction according to the table in your contract entitled "Translation of Adjusted Age." As indicated in the table, the further into the future the first annuity payment is, the longer we expect the person receiving those payments to live, and the more we reduce the annuitant's (or co-annuitant's) age.

CURRENT ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Immediately above, we have referenced how we determine annuity payments based on "guaranteed" annuity purchase rates. By "guaranteed" annuity purchase rates, we mean the minimum annuity purchase rates that are set forth in your annuity contract and thus contractually guaranteed by us. "Current" annuity purchase rates, in contrast, refer to the annuity purchase rates that we are applying to contracts that are entering the annuity phase at a given point in time. These current annuity purchase rates vary from period to period, depending on changes in interest rates and other factors. We do not guarantee any particular level of current annuity purchase rates. When calculating current annuity purchase rates, we use the actual age of the annuitant (or co-annuitant), rather than any reduced age.

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WHAT IS THE

DEATH BENEFIT?

THE DEATH BENEFIT FEATURE PROTECTS THE CONTRACT VALUE FOR THE BENEFICIARY.

BENEFICIARY

The beneficiary is the person(s) or entity you name to receive any death benefit. The beneficiary is named at the time the contract is issued, unless you change it at a later date. A change of beneficiary will take effect on the date you sign the change request form, provided we receive the form in good order. Unless an irrevocable beneficiary has been named, during the accumulation period, you can change the beneficiary at any time before the owner dies. However, if the contract is jointly owned, the owner must name the joint owner and the joint owner must name the owner as the beneficiary. For entity-owned contracts, we pay a death benefit upon the death of the annuitant.

CALCULATION OF THE DEATH BENEFIT

If the owner or joint owner dies during the accumulation phase, we will, upon receiving the appropriate proof of death and any other needed documentation in good order (proof of death), pay a death benefit to the beneficiary designated by the deceased owner or joint owner. If there is a sole owner and there is only one beneficiary who is the owner's spouse on the date of death, then the surviving spouse may continue the contract under the Spousal Continuation Benefit. If there are an owner and joint owner of the contract, and the owner's spouse is both the joint owner and the beneficiary on the date of death, then, at the death of the first to die, the death benefit will be paid to the surviving owner or the surviving owner may continue the contract under the Spousal Continuation Benefit.

Upon receiving appropriate proof of death, the beneficiary will receive the greater of the following:

- 1) The current contract value (as of the time we receive proof of death in good order). If you have purchased the Contract With Credit, we will first deduct any credit corresponding to a purchase payment made within one year of death. We impose no market value adjustment on contract value held within the market value adjustment option when a death benefit is paid.
- 2) Either the base death benefit, which equals the total invested purchase payments you have made proportionally reduced by any withdrawals, or, if you have chosen the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit (GMDB), the GMDB protected value.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT

The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit provides for the option to receive an enhanced death benefit upon the death of the sole owner or the first to die of the owner or joint owner during the accumulation phase.

The GMDB protected value option equals the GMDB step-up. The GMDB protected value is calculated daily.

GMDB STEP-UP

IF THE SOLE OWNER OR THE OLDER OF THE OWNER AND JOINT OWNER IS LESS THAN AGE 80 ON THE CONTRACT DATE, the GMDB step-up before the first contract anniversary is the initial invested purchase payment increased by subsequent invested purchase payments, and proportionally reduced by the effect of withdrawals. The GMDB step-up on each contract anniversary will be the greater of the previous GMDB step-up and the contract value as of such contract anniversary. Between contract anniversaries, the GMDB step-up will increase by invested purchase payments and reduce proportionally by withdrawals.

We stop increasing the GMDB step-up by any appreciation in the contract value on the later of:

- - the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the sole or older owner's 80th birthday, or
- - the 5th contract anniversary.

However, we still increase the GMDB protected value by subsequent invested purchase payments and proportionally reduce it by withdrawals.

Here is an example of a proportional reduction:

The current contract value is \$100,000 and the protected value is \$80,000. The owner makes a withdrawal that reduces the contract value by 25% (including the effect of any withdrawal charges). The new protected value is \$60,000, or 75% of what it was before the withdrawal.

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IF THE SOLE OWNER OR THE OLDER OF THE OWNER AND JOINT OWNER IS BETWEEN AGE 80 AND 85 ON THE CONTRACT DATE, the GMDB step-up before the third contract anniversary is the sum of invested purchase payments, reduced by the effect of withdrawals. On the third contract anniversary, we will adjust the GMDB step-up to the greater of the then current GMDB step-up or the contract value as of that contract anniversary. Thereafter, we will only increase the GMDB protected value by subsequent invested purchase payments and proportionally reduce it by withdrawals.

Special rules apply if the beneficiary is the spouse of the owner and the contract does not have a joint owner. In that case, upon the death of the owner, the spouse will have the choice of the following:

- - If the sole beneficiary under the contract is the owner's spouse, and the other requirements of the Spousal Continuation Benefit are met, then the contract can continue, and the spouse will become the new owner of the contract; or
- - The spouse can receive the death benefit. A surviving spouse who is eligible for the Spousal Continuation Benefit must choose between that benefit and receiving the death benefit during the first 60 days following our receipt of proof of death.

If ownership of the contract changes as a result of the owner assigning it to someone else, we will reset the value of the death benefit to equal the contract value on the date the change of ownership occurs, and for purposes of computing the future death benefit, we will treat that contract value as a purchase payment occurring on that date.

SPECIAL RULES IF JOINT OWNERS

If the contract has an owner and a joint owner and they are spouses at the time that one dies, the Spousal Continuation Benefit may apply. If the contract has an owner and a joint owner and they are not spouses at the time one dies, we will pay the death benefit and the contract will end.

PAYOUT OPTIONS

The beneficiary may, within 60 days of providing proof of death, choose to take the death benefit under one of several death benefit payout options listed below.

The death benefit payout options are:

Choice 1. Lump sum payment of the death benefit. If the beneficiary does not choose a payout option within sixty days, the beneficiary will receive this payout option.

Choice 2. The payment of the entire death benefit within a period of 5 years from the date of death of the first to die of the owner or joint owner.

The entire death benefit will include any increases or losses resulting from the performance of the variable or fixed interest rate options during this period. During this period the beneficiary may: reallocate the contract value among the variable or fixed interest rate options; name a beneficiary to receive any remaining death benefit in the event of the beneficiary's death; and make withdrawals from the contract value, in which case, any such withdrawals will not be subject to any withdrawal charges. However, the beneficiary may not make any purchase payments to the contract.

During this 5 year period, we will continue to deduct from the death benefit proceeds the charges and costs that were associated with the features and benefits of the contract. Some of these features and benefits may not be available to the beneficiary, such as the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (with respect to the version of GMIB sold on or after May 1, 2004, we impose no GMIB charge after death) and Income Appreciator Benefit.

Choice 3. Payment of the death benefit under an annuity or annuity settlement option over the lifetime of the beneficiary or over a period not extending beyond the life expectancy of the beneficiary with distribution beginning within one year of the date of death of the owner.

If the owner and joint owner are not spouses, any portion of the death benefit not applied under Choice 3 within one year of the date of death of the first to die

WHAT IS THE DEATH BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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must be distributed within five years of the survivor's date of death.

The tax consequences to the beneficiary vary among the three death benefit payout options. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?"

SPOUSAL CONTINUANCE BENEFIT

This benefit is available if, on the date we receive proof of the owner's death in good order, (1) there is only one owner of the contract and there is only one beneficiary who is the owner's spouse; or (2) there are an owner and joint owner of the contract, and the joint owner is the owner's spouse and the owner's beneficiary under the contract. In no event, however, can the annuitant be older than the maximum age for annuitization on the date of the owner's death, nor can the surviving spouse be older than 95 on the date of the owner's death. Assuming the above conditions are present, the surviving spouse can elect the Spousal Continuation Benefit, but must do so no later than 60 days after furnishing proof of the owner's death in good order.

Upon activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, the contract value is adjusted to equal the amount of the death benefit to which the surviving spouse would have been entitled. This contract value will serve as the basis for calculating any death benefit payable upon the death of the surviving spouse. We will allocate any increase in the adjusted contract value among the variable, fixed interest rate or market value adjustment options in the same proportions that existed immediately prior to the spousal continuation adjustment. We will waive the \$1,000 minimum requirement for the market value adjustment option.

Under the Spousal Continuation Benefit, we waive any potential withdrawal charges applicable to purchase payments made prior to activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit. However, we will continue to impose withdrawal charges on purchase payments made after activation of this benefit. In addition, contract value allocated to the market value adjustment option will remain subject to a potential market value adjustment.

IF YOU ELECTED THE BASE DEATH BENEFIT, then upon activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, we will adjust the contract value to equal the greater of:

- - the contract value, or
- - the sum of all invested purchase payments (adjusted for withdrawals).

IF YOU HAVE ELECTED THE GMDB STEP-UP, we will adjust the contract value to equal the greater of:

- - the contract value, or
- - the GMDB step-up.

After we have made the adjustment to contract value set out immediately above, we will continue to compute the GMDB step-up under the surviving spousal owner's contract, and will do so in accordance with the preceding discussion in this section.

If the contract is being continued by the surviving spouse, the attained age of the surviving spouse will be the basis used in determining the death benefit payable under the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit provisions of the contract. The contract may not be continued upon the death of a spouse who had assumed ownership of the contract through the exercise of the Spousal Continuation Benefit.

IF YOU ELECTED THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT, it will be continued for the surviving spousal owner. All provisions of the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (i.e., waiting period, GMIB roll-up cap, etc.) will remain the same as on the date of the owner's death. If the GMIB reset feature was never exercised, the surviving spousal owner can exercise the GMIB reset feature twice. If the original owner had previously exercised the GMIB reset feature once, the surviving spousal owner can exercise the GMIB reset once. However the surviving spouse (or new annuitant designated by the surviving spouse) must be under 76 years of age at the time of reset. If the original owner had previously exercised the GMIB reset feature twice, the surviving spousal owner may not

exercise the GMIB reset at all. If the attained age of the surviving spouse at activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, when added to the remainder of the GMIB waiting period to be satisfied, would preclude the surviving spouse from utilizing the Guaranteed Mini-

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mum Income Benefit, we will revoke the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit under the contract at that time and we will no longer charge for that benefit.

IF YOU ELECTED THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT, on the owner's death, the Lifetime Five Income Benefit will end. However, if the owner's surviving spouse would be eligible to acquire the Lifetime Five Income Benefit as if he/she were a new purchaser, then the surviving spouse may elect the Lifetime Five Income Benefit under the Spousal Continuation Benefit. The surviving spouse (or new annuitant designated by the surviving spouse) must be at least 45 years of age at the time of election.

IF YOU ELECTED THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT, on the owner's death, the Income Appreciator Benefit will end unless the contract is continued by the owner's surviving spouse under the Spousal Continuation Benefit. If the contract is continued by the surviving spouse, we will continue to pay the balance of any Income Appreciator Benefit payments until the earliest to occur of the following: (a) the date on which 10 years' worth of IAB automatic withdrawal payments or IAB credits, as applicable, have been paid, (b) the latest date on which annuity payments would have had to have commenced had the owner not died (i.e., the later of the contract anniversary next following the annuitant's 90th birthday or the 10th contract anniversary), or (c) the later of the 10th contract anniversary or the contract anniversary next following the surviving spouse's 90th birthday (or the annuitant's 90th birthday if other than the surviving spouse).

If the Income Appreciator Benefit has not been in force for 7 contract years, the surviving spouse may not activate the benefit until it has been in force for 7 contract years. If the attained age of the surviving spouse at activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, when added to the remainder of the Income Appreciator Benefit waiting period to be satisfied, would preclude the surviving spouse from utilizing the Income Appreciator Benefit, we will revoke the Income Appreciator Benefit under the contract at that time and we will no longer charge for that benefit. If the Income Appreciator Benefit has been in force for 7 contract years or more, but the benefit has not been activated, the surviving spouse may activate the benefit at any time after the contract has been continued. If the Income Appreciator Benefit is activated after the contract is continued by the surviving spouse, the Income Appreciator Benefit calculation will exclude any amount added to the contract at the time of spousal continuation resulting from any death benefit value exceeding the contract value.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE

INCOME BENEFIT?

LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT

The Lifetime Five Income Benefit (Lifetime Five) is an optional feature that guarantees your ability to withdraw amounts equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (called the "Protected Withdrawal Value"), regardless of the impact of market performance on your contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amount of withdrawals. There are two options -- one is designed to provide an annual withdrawal amount for life (the "Life Income Benefit") and the other is designed to provide a greater annual withdrawal amount (than the first option) as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value

(adjusted as described below) (the "Withdrawal Benefit"). If there is no Protected Withdrawal Value, the Withdrawal Benefit will be zero. You do not choose between these two options; each option will continue to be available as long as the annuity has a contract value and Lifetime Five is in effect. Certain benefits under Lifetime Five may remain in effect even if the contract value is zero. The option may be appropriate if you intend to make periodic withdrawals from your contract and wish to ensure that market performance will not affect your ability to receive annual payments. You are not required to make withdrawals -- the guarantees are not lost if you withdraw less than the maximum allowable amount each year.

Lifetime Five is subject to certain restrictions described below.

- - Currently, Lifetime Five can only be elected once each contract year, and only where the annuitant and the contract owner are the same person or, if the contract owner is an entity, where there is only one annuitant. We reserve the right to limit the election frequency in the future. Before making any such change to the election frequency, we will provide prior notice to contract owners who have an effective Lifetime Five Income Benefit.
- - The annuitant must be at least 45 years old when Lifetime Five is elected.
- - Lifetime Five is not available if you elect the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit or Income Appreciator Benefit.
- - As long as Lifetime Five is in effect, you must allocate your contract value to one or more of the following asset allocation portfolios of the Prudential Series Fund: SP Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio, SP Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio, and SP Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio.

PROTECTED WITHDRAWAL VALUE

The Protected Withdrawal Value is initially used to determine the amount of each initial annual payment under the Life Income Benefit and the Withdrawal Benefit. The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is determined as of the date you make your first withdrawal under the contract following your election of Lifetime Five. The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is equal to the greater of (A) the contract value on the date you elect Lifetime Five, plus any additional purchase payments each growing at 5% per year from the date of your election, or application of the purchase payment to your contract, as applicable, until the date of your first withdrawal or the 10th anniversary of the benefit effective date, if earlier), (B) the contract value (before reducing the contract value by the amount of the withdrawal) as of the date of the first withdrawal from your contract, and (C) the highest contract value on each contract anniversary prior to the first withdrawal or on the first 10 contract anniversaries if earlier than the date of your first withdrawal after the benefit effective date. Each value is increased by the amount of any subsequent purchase payments.

- - If you elect Lifetime Five at the time you purchase your contract, the contract value will be your initial purchase payment.
- - For existing contract owners who are electing the Lifetime Five Benefit, the contract value on the date of the contract owner's election of Lifetime Five will be used to determine the initial Protected Withdrawal Value.
- - If you make additional purchase payments after your first withdrawal, the Protected Withdrawal Value will be increased by the amount of each additional purchase payment.

You may elect to step-up your Protected Withdrawal Value if, due to positive market performance, your

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contract value is greater than the Protected Withdrawal Value. You are eligible to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value on or after the 5th anniversary of the first withdrawal under Lifetime Five. The Protected Withdrawal Value can be stepped up again on or after the 5th anniversary following the preceding step-up. If you elect to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value, and on the date you elect to step-up, the charges under Lifetime Five have changed for new purchasers, you may be subject to the new charge going forward.

Upon election of the step-up, we increase the Protected Withdrawal Value to be equal to the then current contract value. For example, assume your initial Protected Withdrawal Value was \$100,000 and you have made cumulative withdrawals of \$40,000, reducing the Protected Withdrawal Value to \$60,000. On the date you are eligible to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value, your contract value is equal to \$75,000. You could elect to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value to \$75,000 on the date you are eligible. If your current Annual Income Amount and Annual Withdrawal Amount (as described below) are less than they would be if we did not reflect the step-up in Protected Withdrawal Value, then we will increase these amounts to reflect the step-up as described below.

The Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced each time a withdrawal is made on a "dollar-for-dollar" basis up to 7% per contract year of the Protected Withdrawal Value and on the greater of a "dollar-for-dollar" basis or a pro rata basis for withdrawals in a contract year in excess of that amount until the Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced to zero. At that point, the Annual Withdrawal Amount will be zero until such time (if any) as the contract reflects a Protected Withdrawal Value (for example, due to a step-up or additional purchase payments being made into the contract).

ANNUAL INCOME AMOUNT UNDER THE LIFE INCOME BENEFIT

The initial Annual Income Amount is equal to 5% of the initial Protected Withdrawal Value. Under Lifetime Five, if your cumulative withdrawals in a contract year are less than or equal to the Annual Income Amount, they will not reduce your Annual Income Amount in subsequent contract years. If your cumulative withdrawals are in excess of the Annual Income Amount (Excess Income), your Annual Income Amount in subsequent years will be reduced (except with regard to required minimum distributions) by the result of the ratio of the Excess Income to the contract value immediately prior to such withdrawal (see examples of this calculation below). Reductions include the actual amount of the withdrawal, including any withdrawal charges that may apply. A withdrawal can be considered Excess Income under the Life Income Benefit even though it does not exceed the Annual Withdrawal Amount under the Withdrawal Benefit. When you elect a step-up, your Annual Income Amount increases to equal 5% of your contract value after the step-up if such amount is greater than your Annual Income Amount. Your Annual Income Amount also increases if you make additional purchase payments. The amount of the increase is equal to 5% of any additional purchase payments. Any increase will be added to your Annual Income Amount beginning on the day that the step-up is effective or the purchase payment is made. A determination of whether you have exceeded your Annual Income Amount is made at the time of each withdrawal; therefore, a subsequent increase in the Annual Income Amount will not offset the effect of a withdrawal that exceeded the Annual Income Amount at the time the withdrawal was made.

ANNUAL WITHDRAWAL AMOUNT UNDER THE WITHDRAWAL BENEFIT

The initial Annual Withdrawal Amount is equal to 7% of the initial Protected Withdrawal Value. Under Lifetime Five, if your cumulative withdrawals each contract year are less than or equal to the Annual Withdrawal Amount, your Protected Withdrawal Value will be reduced on a "dollar-for-dollar" basis. If your cumulative withdrawals are in excess of the Annual Withdrawal Amount (Excess Withdrawal), your Annual Withdrawal Amount will be reduced (except with regard to required minimum distributions) by the result of the ratio of the Excess Withdrawal to the contract value immediately prior to such withdrawal

(see the examples of this calculation below). Reductions include the actual amount of the withdrawal, including any withdrawal charges that may apply. When you elect a step-up, your

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

Annual Withdrawal Amount increases to equal 7% of your contract value after the step-up if such amount is greater than your Annual Withdrawal Amount. Your Annual Withdrawal Amount also increases if you make additional purchase payments. The amount of the increase is equal to 7% of any additional purchase payments. A determination of whether you have exceeded your Annual Withdrawal Amount is made at the time of each withdrawal; therefore, a subsequent increase in the Annual Withdrawal Amount will not offset the effect of a withdrawal that exceeded the Annual Withdrawal Amount at the time the withdrawal was made.

Lifetime Five does not affect your ability to make withdrawals under your contract or limit your ability to request withdrawals that exceed the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount. You are not required to withdraw all or any portion of the Annual Withdrawal Amount or Annual Income Amount in each contract year.

- - If, cumulatively, you withdraw an amount less than the Annual Withdrawal Amount under the Withdrawal Benefit in any contract year, you cannot carry-over the unused portion of the Annual Withdrawal Amount to subsequent contract years.
- - If, cumulatively, you withdraw an amount less than the Annual Income Amount under the Life Income Benefit in any contract year, you cannot carry-over the unused portion of the Annual Income Amount to subsequent contract years.

However, because the Protected Withdrawal Value is only reduced by the actual amount of withdrawals you make under these circumstances, any unused Annual Withdrawal Amount or Annual Income Amount may extend the period of time until the remaining Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced to zero.

The following examples of dollar-for-dollar and proportional reductions and the step-up of the Protected Withdrawal Value, Annual Withdrawal Amount and Annual Income Amount assume: 1.) the contract date and the effective date of Lifetime Five are February 1, 2005; 2.) an initial purchase payment of \$250,000; 3.) the contract value on February 1, 2006 is equal to \$265,000; 4.) the first withdrawal occurs on March 1, 2006 when the contract value is equal to \$263,000; and 5.) the contract value on March 1, 2011 is equal to \$240,000.

The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is calculated as the greatest of (a), (b) and (c):

- (a) Purchase payment accumulated at 5% per year from February 1, 2005 until March 1, 2006 (393 days) = $\$250,000 * 1.05(393/365) = \$263,484.33$
- (b) Contract value on March 1, 2006 (the date of the first withdrawal) = \$263,000

- (c) Contract value on February 1, 2006 (the first contract anniversary) = \$265,000

Therefore, the initial Protected Withdrawal Value is equal to \$265,000. The Annual Withdrawal Amount is equal to \$18,550 under the Withdrawal Benefit (7% of \$265,000). The Annual Income Amount is equal to \$13,250 under the Life Income Benefit (5% of \$265,000).F

EXAMPLE 1. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR REDUCTION

If \$10,000 was withdrawn (less than both the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:

- Remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount for current contract year = \$18,550 - \$10,000 = \$8,550
- Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years remains at \$18,550
- Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = \$13,250 - \$10,000 = \$3,250
- Annual Income Amount for future contract years remains at \$13,250
- Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced by \$10,000 from \$265,000 to \$255,000

EXAMPLE 2. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR AND PROPORTIONAL REDUCTIONS

- a) If \$15,000 was withdrawn (more than the Annual Income Amount but less than the Annual Withdrawal Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:

- Remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount for current contract year = \$18,550 - \$15,000 = \$3,550
- Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years remains at \$18,550

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

- Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = \$0
- Excess of withdrawal over the Annual Income Amount (\$15,000 - \$13,250 = \$1,750) reduces Annual Income Amount for future contract years.
- Reduction to Annual Income Amount = Excess Income/contract value before Excess Income * Annual Income Amount = \$1,750/(\$263,000 - \$13,250) * \$13,250 = \$93

- - Annual Income Amount for future contract years = $\$13,250 - \$93 = \$13,157$

- - Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced by $\$15,000$ from $\$265,000$ to $\$250,000$

- b) If $\$25,000$ was withdrawn (more than both the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:
 - - Remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount for current contract year = $\$0$

 - - Excess of withdrawal over the Annual Withdrawal Amount ($\$25,000 - \$18,550 = \$6,450$) reduces Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years.

 - - Reduction to Annual Withdrawal Amount = Excess Withdrawal/contract value before Excess Withdrawal * Annual Withdrawal Amount = $\$6,450 / (\$263,000 - \$18,550) * \$18,550 = \$489$

 - - Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years = $\$18,550 - \$489 = \$18,061$

 - - Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = $\$0$

 - - Excess of withdrawal over the Annual Income Amount ($\$25,000 - \$13,250 = \$11,750$) reduces Annual Income Amount for future contract years.

 - - Reduction to Annual Income Amount = Excess Income/contract value before Excess Income * Annual Income Amount = $\$11,750 / (\$263,000 - \$13,250) * \$13,250 = \$623$

 - - Annual Income Amount for future contract years = $\$13,250 - \$623 = \$12,627$

 - - Protected Withdrawal Value is first reduced by the Annual Withdrawal Amount ($\$18,550$) from $\$265,000$ to $\$246,450$. It is further reduced by the greater of a dollar-for-dollar reduction or a proportional reduction.

 - - Dollar-for-dollar reduction = $\$25,000 - \$18,550 = \$6,450$

 - - Proportional reduction = Excess Withdrawal/contract value before Excess Withdrawal * Protected Withdrawal Value = $\$6,450 / (\$263,000 - \$18,550) * \$246,450 = \$6,503$

 - - Protected Withdrawal Value = $\$246,450 - \max [\$6,450, \$6,503] = \$239,947$

EXAMPLE 3. STEP-UP OF THE PROTECTED WITHDRAWAL VALUE

If the Annual Income Amount ($\$13,250$) is withdrawn each year starting on March 1, 2006 for a period of 5 years, the Protected Withdrawal Value on March 1, 2011 would be reduced to $\$198,750$ [$\$265,000 - (\$13,250 * 5)$]. If a step-up is elected on March 1, 2011, then the following values would result:

- - Protected Withdrawal Value = contract value on March 1, 2011 = $\$240,000$

- - Annual Income Amount is equal to the greater of the current Annual Income Amount or 5% of the stepped up Protected Withdrawal Value. Current Annual Income Amount is \$13,250. 5% of the stepped-up Protected Withdrawal Value is 5% of \$240,000, which is \$12,000. Therefore, the Annual Income Amount remains \$13,250.
- - Annual Withdrawal Amount is equal to the greater of the current Annual Withdrawal Amount or 7% of the stepped up Protected Withdrawal Value. Current Annual Withdrawal Amount is \$18,550. 7% of the stepped-up Protected Withdrawal Value is 7% of \$240,000, which is \$16,800. Therefore, the Annual Withdrawal Amount remains \$18,550.

BENEFITS UNDER LIFETIME FIVE

- - If your contract value is equal to zero, and the cumulative withdrawals in the current contract year are greater than the Annual Withdrawal Amount, Lifetime Five will terminate. To the extent that your contract value was reduced to zero as a result of cumulative withdrawals that are equal to or less than the Annual Income Amount and amounts are

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

still payable under both the Life Income Benefit and the Withdrawal Benefit, you will be given the choice of receiving the payments under the Life Income Benefit or under the Withdrawal Benefit. Once you make this election we will make an additional payment for that contract year equal to either the remaining Annual Income Amount or Annual Withdrawal Amount for the contract year, if any, depending on the option you choose. In subsequent contract years we make payments that equal either the Annual Income Amount or the Annual Withdrawal Amount. You will not be able to change the option after your election and no further purchase payments will be accepted under your contract. If you do not make an election, we will pay you annually under the Life Income Benefit. To the extent that cumulative withdrawals in the current contract year that reduced your contract value to zero are more than the Annual Income Amount but less than or equal to the Annual Withdrawal Amount and amounts are still payable under the Withdrawal Benefit, you will receive the payments under the Withdrawal Benefit. In the year of a withdrawal that reduced your contract value to zero, we will make an additional payment to equal any remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount and make payments equal to the Annual Withdrawal Amount in each subsequent year (until the Protected Withdrawal Value is depleted). Once your contract value equals zero no further purchase payments will be accepted under your contract.

- - If annuity payments are to begin under the terms of your contract or if you decide to begin receiving annuity payments and there is any Annual Income Amount due in subsequent contract years or any remaining Protected Withdrawal Value, you can elect one of the following three options:

1. apply your contract value to any annuity option available;
2. request that, as of the date annuity payments are to begin, we make annuity payments each year equal to the Annual Income Amount. We make such annuity payments until the annuitant's death; or

3. request that, as of the date annuity payments are to begin, we pay out any remaining Protected Withdrawal Value as annuity payments. Each year such annuity payments will equal the Annual Withdrawal Amount or the remaining Protected Withdrawal Value if less. We make such annuity payments until the earlier of the annuitant's death or the date the Protected Withdrawal Value is depleted.

We must receive your request in a form acceptable to us at the Prudential Annuity Service Center.

- - In the absence of an election when mandatory annuity payments are to begin, we will make annual annuity payments as a single life fixed annuity with five payments certain using the greater of the annuity rates then currently available or the annuity rates guaranteed in your contract. The amount that will be applied to provide such annuity payments will be the greater of:

1. the present value of future Annual Income Amount payments. Such present value will be calculated using the greater of the single life fixed annuity rates then currently available or the single life fixed annuity rates guaranteed in your contract; and

2. the contract value.

If no withdrawal was ever taken, we will determine a Protected Withdrawal Value and calculate an Annual Income Amount and an Annual Withdrawal Amount as if you made your first withdrawal on the date the annuity payments are to begin.

OTHER IMPORTANT CONSIDERATIONS

- - Withdrawals under Lifetime Five are subject to all of the terms and conditions of the contract, including any withdrawal charges.
- - Withdrawals made while Lifetime Five is in effect will be treated, for tax purposes, in the same way as any other withdrawals under the contract. Lifetime Five does not directly affect the contract value or surrender value, but any withdrawal will decrease the contract value by the amount of the withdrawal

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

(plus any applicable withdrawal charges). If you surrender your contract, you will receive the current contract value, not the Protected Withdrawal Value.

- - You can make withdrawals from your contract while your contract value is greater than zero without purchasing Lifetime Five. Lifetime Five provides a guarantee that if your contract value declines due to market performance, you will be able to receive your Protected Withdrawal Value or Annual Income Amount in the form of periodic benefit payments.
- - You must allocate your contract value to one or more of the following asset allocation portfolios of the Prudential Series Fund: SP Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio, SP Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio, and SP Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio.

ELECTION OF LIFETIME FIVE

Lifetime Five can be elected at the time you purchase your contract, or after the contract date. Elections of Lifetime Five are subject to our eligibility rules and restrictions. The contract owner's contract value as of the date of election will be used as the basis to calculate the initial Protected Withdrawal Value, the initial Annual Withdrawal Amount, and the initial Annual Income Amount.

TERMINATION OF LIFETIME FIVE

Lifetime Five terminates automatically when your Protected Withdrawal Value and Annual Income Amount reach zero. You may terminate Lifetime Five at any time by notifying us. If you terminate Lifetime Five, any guarantee provided by the benefit will terminate as of the date the termination is effective.

Lifetime Five terminates:

- - upon your surrender of the contract,
- - upon the death of the annuitant (but your surviving spouse may elect a new Lifetime Five benefit if your spouse elects the spousal continuance option and your spouse would then be eligible to elect the benefit as if he/she were a new purchaser),
- - upon a change in ownership of the contract that changes the tax identification number of the contract owner, or
- - upon your election to begin receiving annuity payments.

We cease imposing the charge for Lifetime Five upon the earliest to occur of (i) your election to terminate the benefit, (ii) our receipt of appropriate proof of the death of the owner (or annuitant, for entity owned contracts), (iii) the annuity date, (iv) automatic termination of the benefit due to an impermissible change of owner or annuitant, or (v) a withdrawal that causes the benefit to terminate.

ADDITIONAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS FOR QUALIFIED CONTRACTS

If you purchase an annuity contract as an investment vehicle for "qualified" investments, including an IRA, the minimum distribution rules under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (Code) require that you begin receiving periodic amounts from your annuity contract beginning after age 70 1/2. The amount required under the Code may exceed the Annual Withdrawal Amount and the Annual Income Amount, which will cause us to increase the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount in any contract year that required minimum distributions due from your contract that are greater than such amounts. Any such payments will reduce your Protected Withdrawal Value. In addition, the amount and duration of payments under the contract payment and death benefit provisions may be adjusted so that the payments do not trigger any penalty or excise taxes due to tax considerations such as minimum distribution requirements.

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WHAT IS THE

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT?

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

The Income Appreciator Benefit (IAB) is an optional, supplemental income benefit that provides an additional income amount during the accumulation period or upon annuitization. The Income Appreciator Benefit is designed to provide you with additional funds that can be used to help defray the impact taxes may have on distributions from your contract. IAB may be suitable for you in other circumstances as well, which you can discuss with your registered representative. Because individual circumstances vary, you should consult with a qualified tax advisor to determine whether it would be appropriate for you to elect the Income Appreciator Benefit.

If you want the Income Appreciator Benefit, you generally must elect it when you make your initial purchase payment. Once you elect the Income Appreciator Benefit, you may not later revoke it.

- - The annuitant must be 75 or younger in order for you to elect the Income Appreciator Benefit.
- - If you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit, we will impose an annual charge equal to 0.25% of your contract value. See Section 8, "What Are The Expenses Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?"

ACTIVATION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

YOU CAN ACTIVATE THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AT ANY TIME AFTER IT HAS BEEN IN FORCE FOR SEVEN YEARS. To activate the Income Appreciator Benefit, you must send us a written request in good order.

Once activated, you can receive the Income Appreciator Benefit:

- - (IAB OPTION 1) at annuitization when determining an annuity payment;
- - (IAB OPTION 2) during the accumulation phase through the IAB automatic withdrawal payment program; or
- - (IAB OPTION 3) during the accumulation phase as an Income Appreciator Benefit credit to your contract over a 10-year period.

Income Appreciator Benefit payments are treated as earnings and may be subject to tax upon withdrawal. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?"

IF YOU DO NOT ACTIVATE THE BENEFIT PRIOR TO THE MAXIMUM ANNUITIZATION AGE YOU MAY LOSE ALL OR PART OF THE IAB.

CALCULATION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

We will calculate the Income Appreciator Benefit amount as of the date we receive your written request in good order (or, for IAB Option 1, on the annuity date). We do this by multiplying the current earnings in the contract by the applicable Income Appreciator Benefit percentage based on the number of years the Income Appreciator Benefit has been in force. For purposes of calculating the Income Appreciator Benefit:

- - earnings are calculated as the difference between the contract value and the sum of all purchase payments;
- - earnings do not include (1) any amount added to the contract value as a result of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, or (2) if we were to permit you to elect the Income Appreciator Benefit after the contract date, any earnings accrued under the contract prior to that election;
- - withdrawals reduce earnings first, then purchase payments, on a dollar-for-dollar basis;
- - the table below shows the Income Appreciator Benefit percentages corresponding to the number of years the Income Appreciator Benefit has been in force.

<Table>
<Caption>
NUMBER OF YEARS
INCOME APPRECIATOR
BENEFIT
HAS BEEN IN FORCE

<S>
0-6
7-9
10-14
15+
</Table>

INCOME
APPRECIATOR
BENEFIT
PERCENTAGE

<C>
0%
15%
20%
25%

IAB OPTION 1 -- INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AT ANNUITIZATION

Under this option, if you choose to activate the Income Appreciator Benefit at annuitization, we will calculate

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- -----

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the Income Appreciator Benefit amount on the annuity date and add it to the adjusted contract value for purposes of determining the amount available for annuitization. You may apply this amount to any annuity or settlement option over the lifetime of the annuitant, joint annuitants, or a period certain of at least 15 years (but not to exceed life expectancy).

UPON ANNUITIZATION, YOU MAY LOSE ALL OR A PORTION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT IF YOU CHOOSE AN ANNUITY SETTLEMENT OPTION OTHER THAN ANY LIFETIME PAYOUT OPTION OR PERIOD CERTAIN OPTION FOR AT LEAST 15 YEARS. IN SUCH INSTANCES, WE WOULD NOT REIMBURSE YOU FOR THE EXPENSES YOU HAD PAID US FOR THIS BENEFIT.

EFFECT OF INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT ON GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

If you exercise the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit feature and an Income Appreciator Benefit amount remains payable under your contract, the value we use to calculate the annuity payout amount will be the greater of:

1. the adjusted contract value plus the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount, calculated at current IAB annuitization rates; or
2. the GMIB protected value plus the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount, calculated using the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates shown in the contract.

If you exercise the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit feature and activate the Income Appreciator Benefit at the same time, you must choose among the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit annuity payout options available at the time.

TERMINATING THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

The Income Appreciator Benefit will terminate on the earliest of:

- - the date you make a total withdrawal from the contract;
- - the date a death benefit is payable if the contract is not continued by the surviving spouse under the Spousal Continuance Benefit;
- - the date the Income Appreciator Benefit amount is reduced to zero (generally ten years after activation) under IAB Options 2 and 3;
- - the date of annuitization; or
- - the date the contract terminates.

Upon termination of the Income Appreciator Benefit, we cease imposing the associated charge.

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT OPTIONS DURING THE ACCUMULATION PHASE

You may choose IAB Option 1 at annuitization, but you may instead choose IAB Options 2 or 3 during the accumulation phase of your contract. Income Appreciator Benefit payments under IAB Options 2 and 3 will begin on the same day of the month as the contract date, beginning with the next month following our receipt of your request in good order. Under IAB Options 2 and 3, you can choose to have the Income Appreciator Benefit amounts paid or credited monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually.

IAB OPTIONS 2 AND 3 INVOLVE A TEN-YEAR PAYMENT PERIOD. IF THE 10-YEAR PAYMENT PERIOD WOULD END AFTER THE ANNUITY DATE AND YOU CHOOSE AN ANNUITY SETTLEMENT OPTION OTHER THAN ANY LIFETIME PAYOUT OPTION OR PERIOD CERTAIN OPTION OF AT LEAST 15 YEARS OR YOU MAKE A FULL WITHDRAWAL, YOU MAY LOSE ALL OR ANY REMAINING PORTION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT. IN SUCH INSTANCES, WE WOULD NOT REIMBURSE YOU FOR THE EXPENSES YOU HAD PAID US FOR THIS BENEFIT.

IAB OPTION 2 -- INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AUTOMATIC WITHDRAWAL PAYMENT PROGRAM

Under this option, you elect to receive the Income Appreciator Benefit during the accumulation phase. When you activate the benefit, a 10-year Income Appreciator Benefit automatic withdrawal payment program begins. We will pay you the Income Appreciator Benefit amount in equal installments over a 10 year payment period. You may combine this Income Appreciator Benefit amount with an automated withdrawal amount from your contract value, in which case each combined payment must be at least \$100.

The maximum automated withdrawal payment amount that you may receive from your contract value

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WHAT IS THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

under this Income Appreciator Benefit program in any contract year during the 10-year period may not exceed 10% of the contract value as of the date you activate the Income Appreciator Benefit.

Once we calculate the Income Appreciator Benefit, the amount will not be affected by changes in contract value due to the investment performance of any allocation option. Withdrawal charges may apply to automatic withdrawal payment amounts, but not to amounts attributable to the Income Appreciator Benefit.

After the ten-year payment period has ended, if the remaining contract value is \$2,000 or more, the contract will continue. If the remaining contract value is less than \$2,000 after the end of the 10-year payment period, we will pay you the remaining contract value and the contract will terminate. If the contract value falls below the minimum amount required to keep the contract in force due solely to investment results before the end of the 10-year payment period, we will continue to pay the Income Appreciator Benefit amount for the remainder of the 10-year payment period.

DISCONTINUING THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AUTOMATIC WITHDRAWAL PAYMENT PROGRAM UNDER IAB OPTION 2

You may discontinue the Income Appreciator Benefit payment program under IAB Option 2 and activate IAB Option 3 at any time after payments have begun and before the last payment is made. We will add the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount to the contract value at the same frequency as your initial election until the end of the 10-year payment period. We will treat any Income Appreciator Benefit amount added to the contract value as additional earnings. Unless you direct us otherwise, we will allocate these additions to the variable investment options, fixed interest rate options, or the market value adjustment option in the same proportions as your most recent purchase payment allocation percentages.

You may discontinue the Income Appreciator Benefit payment program under IAB Option 2 before the last payment is made and elect an annuity or settlement option. We will add the balance of the Income Appreciator Benefit amount for the 10-year payment period to the contract value in a lump sum before determining the adjusted contract value. The adjusted contract value may be applied to any annuity or settlement option that is paid over the lifetime of the annuitant, joint annuitants, or a period certain of at least 15 years (but not to exceed life expectancy).

IAB OPTION 3 -- INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT CREDIT TO CONTRACT VALUE

Under this option, you can activate the Income Appreciator Benefit and receive the benefit as credits to your contract value over a 10-year payment period. We will allocate these Income Appreciator Benefit credits to the variable investment options, the fixed interest rate options, or the market value adjustment option in the same manner as your current allocation, unless you direct us otherwise. We will waive the \$1,000 minimum requirement for the market value adjustment option. We will calculate the Income Appreciator Benefit amount on the date we receive your written request in good order. Once we have calculated the Income Appreciator Benefit, the Income Appreciator Benefit credit will not be affected by changes in contract value due to the investment performance of any allocation option.

Before we add the last Income Appreciator Benefit credit to your contract value, you may switch to IAB Option 2 and receive the remainder of the Income Appreciator Benefit as payments to you (instead of credits to the contract value) under the Income Appreciator Benefit program for the remainder of the 10-year payment period.

You can also request that any remaining payments in the 10-year payment period be applied to an annuity or settlement option that is paid over the lifetime of the annuitants, joint annuitants, or a period certain of at least 15 years (but not to exceed life expectancy).

EXCESS WITHDRAWALS

During the 10 year period under IAB options 2 or 3, an "excess withdrawal" occurs when any amount is withdrawn from your contract value in a contract year that exceeds the sum of (1) 10% of the contract value as of the date the Income Appreciator Benefit was activated

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

plus (2) earnings since the Income Appreciator Benefit was activated that have not been previously withdrawn.

We will deduct the excess withdrawal on a proportional basis from the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount. We will then calculate and apply a new reduced Income Appreciator Benefit amount.

Withdrawals you make in a contract year that do not exceed the sum of (1) 10% of the contract value as of the date the Income Appreciator Benefit was activated plus (2) earnings since the Income Appreciator Benefit was activated that have not been previously withdrawn do not reduce the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount. Additionally, if the amount withdrawn in any year is less than the excess withdrawal threshold, the difference between the amount withdrawn and the threshold can be carried over to subsequent years on a cumulative basis and withdrawn without causing a reduction to the Income Appreciator Benefit amount.

EFFECT OF TOTAL WITHDRAWAL ON INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

We will not make Income Appreciator Benefit payments after the date you make a total withdrawal of the contract surrender value.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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HOW CAN I PURCHASE A STRATEGIC PARTNERS
ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT?

PURCHASE PAYMENTS

The initial purchase payment is the amount of money you give us to purchase the contract. The minimum initial purchase payment is \$10,000. You must get our prior approval for any initial and additional purchase payment of \$1,000,000 or more, unless we are prohibited under applicable state law from insisting on such prior approval. With some restrictions, you can make additional purchase payments by means other than electronic fund transfer of no less than \$500 at any time during the accumulation phase. However, we impose a minimum of \$100 with respect to additional purchase payments made through electronic fund transfers.

You may purchase this contract only if the oldest of the owner, joint owner, annuitant, or co-annuitant is age 85 or younger on the contract date. Certain age limits apply to certain features and benefits described herein. No subsequent purchase payments may be made on or after the earliest of the 86th birthday of:

- - the owner,
- - the joint owner,
- - the annuitant, or
- - the co-annuitant.

Currently, the maximum aggregate purchase payments you may make is \$7 million. We limit the maximum total purchase payments in any contract year other than the first to \$2 million absent our prior approval.

ALLOCATION OF PURCHASE PAYMENTS

When you purchase a contract, we will allocate your invested purchase payment among the variable or fixed interest rate investment options, or the market value adjustment option based on the percentages you choose. The percentage of your allocation to a particular investment option can range in whole percentages from 0% to 100%.

When you make an additional purchase payment, it will be allocated in the same way as your most recent purchase payment, unless you tell us otherwise. Allocations to the DCA Fixed Rate Option must be no less than \$2,000 and, allocations to the market value adjustment option must be no less than \$1,000.

You may change your allocation of future invested purchase payments at any time. Contact the Prudential Annuity Service Center for details.

We generally will credit the initial purchase payment to your contract within two business days from the day on which we receive your payment in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. If, however, your first payment is made without enough information for us to set up your contract, we may need to contact you to obtain the required information. If we are not able to obtain this information within five business days, we will within that five business day period either return your purchase payment or obtain your consent to continue holding it until we receive the necessary information. We will generally credit each subsequent purchase payment as of the business day we receive it in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. Our business day generally closes at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time. Our business day may close earlier, for example if regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange closes early. Subsequent purchase payments received in good order after the close of the business day will be credited on the following business day.

At our discretion, we may give initial and subsequent purchase payments (as

well as withdrawals and transfers) received in good order by certain broker/dealers prior to the close of a business day the same treatment as they would have received had they been received at the same time at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. For more detail, talk to your registered representative.

CREDITS

If you purchase the Contract With Credit, we will add a credit amount to your contract value with each purchase payment you make. The credit amount is allocated to the variable or fixed interest rate investment options or the market value adjustment option in the same percentages as the purchase payment.

The bonus credit that we pay with respect to any purchase payment depends on (i) the age of the older of the owner or joint owner on the date on which the purchase payment is made and (ii) the amount of the purchase payment. Specifically,

- if the elder owner is 80 or younger on the date that the purchase payment is made, then we will add a bonus credit to the purchase payment equal to 4% if the purchase payment is less than \$250,000; 5% if the purchase payment is equal to or greater than

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

\$250,000 but less than \$1 million; or 6% if the purchase payment is \$1 million or greater; and

- if the older owner is aged 81-85 on the date that the purchase payment is made, then we will add a bonus credit equal to 3% of the amount of the purchase payment.

Under the Contract With Credit, if the owner returns the contract during the free look period, we will recapture the bonus credits. If we pay a death benefit under the contract, we have a contractual right to take back any credit we applied within one year of the date of death.

CALCULATING CONTRACT VALUE

The value of the variable portion of your contract will go up or down depending on the investment performance of the variable investment options you choose. To determine the value of your contract allocated to the variable investment options, we use a unit of measure called an accumulation unit. An accumulation unit works like a share of a mutual fund.

Every day we determine the value of an accumulation unit for each of the variable investment options. We do this by:

- 1) adding up the total amount of money allocated to a specific investment option,
- 2) subtracting from that amount insurance charges and any other applicable charges such as for taxes, and
- 3) dividing this amount by the number of outstanding accumulation units.

When you make a purchase payment to a variable investment option, we credit your contract with accumulation units of the subaccount or subaccounts for the investment options you choose. We determine the number of accumulation units credited to your contract by dividing the amount of the purchase payment, plus (if you have purchased the Contract With Credit) any applicable credit, allocated to a variable investment option by the unit price of the accumulation unit for that variable investment option. We calculate the unit price for each investment option after the New York Stock Exchange closes each day and then credit your contract. The value of the accumulation units can increase, decrease, or remain the same from day to day.

We cannot guarantee that your contract value will increase or that it will not fall below the amount of your total purchase payments.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

WHAT ARE THE EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT?

THERE ARE CHARGES AND OTHER EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE CONTRACT THAT REDUCE THE RETURN ON YOUR INVESTMENT. THESE CHARGES AND EXPENSES ARE DESCRIBED BELOW.

The charges under the contracts are designed to cover, in the aggregate, our direct and indirect costs of selling, administering and providing benefits under the contracts. They are also designed, in the aggregate, to compensate us for the risks of loss we assume pursuant to the contracts. If, as we expect, the charges that we collect from the contracts exceed our total costs in connection with the contracts, we will earn a profit. Otherwise, we will incur a loss. The rates of certain of our charges have been set with reference to estimates of the amount of specific types of expenses or risks that we will incur. In most cases, this prospectus identifies such expenses or risks in the name of the charge; however, the fact that any charge bears the name of, or is designed primarily to defray a particular expense or risk does not mean that the amount we collect from that charge will never be more than the amount of such expense or risk. Nor does it mean that we may not also be compensated for such expense or risk out of any other charges we are permitted to deduct by the terms of the contract.

INSURANCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE CHARGES

Each day, we make a deduction for the insurance and administrative charges. These charges cover our expenses for mortality and expense risk, administration, marketing and distribution. If you choose a Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit option, or Lifetime Five Income Benefit option, the insurance and administrative cost also includes a charge to cover our assumption of the associated risk. The mortality risk portion of the charge is for assuming the risk that the annuitant(s) will live longer than expected based on our life expectancy tables. When this happens, we pay a greater number of annuity payments. We also incur the risk that the death benefit amount exceeds the contract value. The expense risk portion of the charge is for assuming the risk that the current charges will be insufficient in the future to cover the cost of administering the contract. The administrative expense portion of the charge compensates us for the expenses associated with the administration of the contract. This includes preparing and issuing the contract; establishing and maintaining contract records; preparation of confirmations and annual reports; personnel costs; legal and accounting fees; filing fees; and systems costs.

We calculate the insurance and administrative charge based on the average daily value of all assets allocated to the variable investment options. These charges are not assessed against amounts allocated to the fixed interest rate options. The amount of the charge depends on the death benefit (or other) option that you choose.

The death benefit charge is equal to:

- 1.40% on an annual basis if you choose the base death benefit, or
- 1.65% on an annual basis if you choose the step-up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit option (i.e., 0.25% in addition to the base death benefit charge).

We impose an additional insurance and administrative charge of 0.10% annually (of account value attributable to the variable investment options) for the Contract With Credit.

We impose an additional charge of 0.60% annually if you choose the Lifetime Five Benefit option. The 0.60% charge is in addition to the charge we impose for the applicable death benefit. Upon any reset of the amounts guaranteed under this benefit, we reserve the right to adjust the charge to that being imposed at that time for new elections of the benefit.

If the charges under the contract are not sufficient to cover our expenses, then we will bear the loss. We do, however, expect to profit from these charges. Any profits made from these charges may be used by us to pay for the costs of distributing the contracts. If you choose the Contract With Credit, we will also use any profits from this charge to recoup our costs of providing the credit.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

WITHDRAWAL CHARGE

A withdrawal charge may apply if you make a full or partial withdrawal during the withdrawal charge period for a purchase payment. The amount and duration of the withdrawal charge depends on whether you choose the Contract With Credit or the Contract Without Credit. The withdrawal charge varies with the number of contract anniversaries that have elapsed since each purchase payment being withdrawn was made. Specifically, we maintain an "age" for each purchase payment you have made by keeping track of how many contract anniversaries have passed since the purchase payment was made.

The withdrawal charge is the percentage, shown below, of the amount withdrawn.

<Table> <Caption> NUMBER OF CONTRACT ANNIVERSARIES SINCE THE DATE OF EACH PURCHASE PAYMENT		CONTRACT WITH CREDIT WITHDRAWAL CHARGE	CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT WITHDRAWAL CHARGE
<S>		<C>	<C>
	0	8%	7%
	1	8%	6%
	2	8%	5%
	3	8%	4%
	4	7%	3%
	5	6%	2%
	6	5%	1%
	7	0%	0%
</Table>			

If a withdrawal is effective on the day before a contract anniversary, the withdrawal charge percentage as of the next following contract anniversary will apply.

If you request a withdrawal, we will deduct an amount from the contract value that is sufficient to pay the withdrawal charge, and provide you with the amount requested.

If you request a full withdrawal, we will provide you with the full amount of the contract value after making deductions for charges.

Each contract year, you may withdraw a specified amount of your contract value without incurring a withdrawal charge. We determine the "charge-free" amount available to you in a given contract year on the contract anniversary that begins that year. In calculating the charge-free amount, we divide purchase payments into two categories -- payments that are subject to a withdrawal charge and those that are not. We determine the charge-free amount based only on purchase payments that are subject to a withdrawal charge. The charge-free amount in a given contract year is equal to 10% of the sum of all the purchase payments subject to the withdrawal charge that you have made as of the applicable contract anniversary. During the first contract year, the charge-free amount is equal to 10% of the initial purchase payment.

When you make a withdrawal (including a withdrawal under the optional Lifetime Five Income Benefit), we will deduct the amount of the withdrawal first from the available charge-free amount. Any excess amount will then be deducted from purchase payments in excess of the charge-free amount and subject to applicable withdrawal charges. Once you have withdrawn all purchase payments, additional withdrawals will come from any earnings. We do not impose withdrawal charges on earnings.

If a withdrawal or transfer is taken from a market value adjustment guarantee period, prior to the expiration of the rate guarantee period, we will make a

market value adjustment to the withdrawal amount. We will then apply a withdrawal charge to the adjusted amount.

If you choose the Contract With Credit and make a withdrawal that is subject to a withdrawal charge, we may use part of that withdrawal charge to recoup our costs of providing the credit.

Withdrawal charges will never be greater than permitted by applicable law.

MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS

If a withdrawal is taken from a tax qualified contract under the minimum distribution option in order to satisfy an Internal Revenue Service mandatory distribution requirement only with respect to that contract's account balance, we will waive withdrawal charges. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?"

CONTRACT MAINTENANCE CHARGE

On each contract anniversary during the accumulation phase, if your contract value is less than \$75,000, we will deduct the lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value, for administrative expenses. We may raise the

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WHAT ARE THE EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT? CONTINUED

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

level of the contract value at which we waive this fee. The charge will be deducted proportionately from each of the contract's investment options. This same charge will also be deducted when you surrender your contract if your contract value is less than \$75,000.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT CHARGE

We will impose an additional charge if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. FOR CONTRACTS SOLD ON OR AFTER MAY 1, 2004, we will deduct a charge equal to 0.50% per year of the average GMIB protected value for the period the charge applies. FOR ALL OTHER CONTRACTS, this is an annual charge equal to 0.45% of the average GMIB protected value for the period the charge applies. We deduct the charge from your contract value on each of the following events:

- each contract anniversary,
- when you begin the income phase of the contract,
- upon a full withdrawal, and
- upon a partial withdrawal if the remaining contract value would not be enough to cover the then applicable Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit charge.

If we impose this fee other than on a contract anniversary, then we will pro-rate it based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted.

Because the charge is calculated based on the average GMIB protected value, it does not increase or decrease based on changes to the annuity's contract value due to market performance. If the GMIB protected value increases, the dollar amount of the annual charge will increase, while a decrease in the GMIB protected value will decrease the dollar amount of the charge.

The charge is deducted annually in arrears each contract year on the contract anniversary. We deduct the amount of the charge pro-rata from the contract value allocated to the variable investment options. If you surrender your contract, begin receiving annuity payments under the GMIB or any other annuity payout option we make available during a contract year, or the GMIB terminates, we will deduct the charge for the portion of the contract year since the prior contract anniversary (or the contract date if in the first contract year). Upon a full withdrawal or if the contract value remaining after a partial withdrawal is not

enough to cover the applicable Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit charge, we will deduct the charge from the amount we pay you.

THE FACT THAT WE MAY IMPOSE THE CHARGE UPON A FULL OR PARTIAL WITHDRAWAL DOES NOT IMPAIR YOUR RIGHT TO MAKE A WITHDRAWAL AT THE TIME OF YOUR CHOOSING.

We will not impose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit charge after the income phase begins.

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT CHARGE

We will impose an additional charge if you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit. This is an annual charge equal to 0.25% of your contract value. The Income Appreciator Benefit charge is calculated:

- on each contract anniversary,
- on the annuity date,
- upon the death of the sole owner or the first to die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date,
- upon a full or partial withdrawal, and
- upon a subsequent purchase payment.

The fee is based on the contract value at the time of the calculation, and is prorated based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted.

Although the Income Appreciator Benefit charge may be calculated more often, it is deducted only:

- on each contract anniversary,
- on the annuity date,
- upon the death of the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date,
- upon a full withdrawal, and
- upon a partial withdrawal if the contract value remaining after such partial withdrawal is not enough to cover the then-applicable Income Appreciator Benefit charge.

We reserve the right to calculate and deduct the fee more frequently than annually, such as quarterly.

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The Income Appreciator Benefit charge is deducted from each investment option in the same proportion that the amount allocated to the investment option bears to the total contract value. No market value adjustment will apply to the portion of the charge deducted from the market value adjustment option. Upon a full withdrawal, or if the contract value remaining after a partial withdrawal is not enough to cover the then-applicable Income Appreciator Benefit charge, the charge is deducted from the amount paid. The payment of the Income Appreciator Benefit charge will be deemed to be made from earnings for purposes of calculating other charges. THE FACT THAT WE MAY IMPOSE THE CHARGE UPON A FULL OR PARTIAL WITHDRAWAL DOES NOT IMPAIR YOUR RIGHT TO MAKE A WITHDRAWAL AT THE TIME OF YOUR CHOOSING.

We do not assess this charge upon election of IAB Option 1, the completion of IAB Option 2 or 3, and upon annuitization. However, we do assess the IAB charge during the 10-year payment period contemplated by IAB Options 2 and 3. Moreover, you should realize that amounts credited to your contract value under IAB Option 3 increase the contract value, and because the IAB fee is a percentage of your contract value, the IAB fee may increase as a consequence of those additions.

TAXES ATTRIBUTABLE TO PREMIUM

There may be federal, state and premium based taxes applicable to your purchase payment. We are responsible for the payment of these taxes and may make a deduction from the value of the contract to pay some or all of these taxes. New York does not currently charge premium taxes on annuities. It is our current practice not to deduct a charge for the federal tax associated with deferred

acquisition costs paid by us that are based on premium received. However, we reserve the right to charge the contract owner in the future for any such tax associated with deferred acquisition costs and any federal, state or local income, excise, business or any other type of tax measured by the amount of premium received by us.

TRANSFER FEE

You can make 12 free transfers every contract year. We measure a contract year from the date we issue your contract (contract date). If you make more than 12 transfers in a contract year (excluding Dollar Cost Averaging and Auto-Rebalancing), we will deduct a transfer fee of \$25 for each additional transfer. We have the right to increase this fee up to a maximum of \$30 per transfer, but we have no current plans to do so. We will deduct the transfer fee pro-rata from the investment options from which the transfer is made.

COMPANY TAXES

We pay company income taxes on the taxable corporate earnings created by this separate account product. While we may consider company income taxes when pricing our products, we do not currently include such income taxes in the tax charges you pay under the contract. We will periodically review the issue of charging for these taxes and may impose a charge in the future.

In calculating our corporate income tax liability, we derive certain corporate income tax benefits associated with the investment of company assets, including separate account assets, which are treated as company assets under applicable income tax law. These benefits reduce our overall corporate income tax liability. Under current law, such benefits may include foreign tax credits and corporate dividend received deductions. We do not pass these tax benefits through to holders of the separate account annuity contracts because (i) the contract owners are not the owners of the assets generating these benefits under applicable income tax law and (ii) we do not currently include company income taxes in the tax charges you pay under the contract. We reserve the right to change these tax practices.

UNDERLYING MUTUAL FUND FEES

When you allocate a purchase payment or a transfer to the variable investment options, we in turn invest in shares of a corresponding underlying mutual fund. Those funds charge fees that are in addition to the contract-related fees described in this section. For 2004, the fees of these funds ranged on an annual basis from 0.38% to 1.30% of fund assets (these fees reflect the effect of expense reimbursements or waivers, which may terminate at any time). For additional information about these fund fees, please consult the prospectuses for the funds.

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HOW CAN I

ACCESS MY MONEY?

- - - - -

- YOU CAN ACCESS YOUR MONEY BY:
- - MAKING A WITHDRAWAL (EITHER PARTIAL OR FULL); OR
 - - CHOOSING TO RECEIVE ANNUITY PAYMENTS DURING THE INCOME PHASE.

WITHDRAWALS DURING THE ACCUMULATION PHASE

When you make a full withdrawal, you will receive the value of your contract minus any applicable charges and fees. We will calculate the value of your contract and charges, if any, as of the date we receive your request in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center.

Unless you tell us otherwise, any partial withdrawal and related withdrawal

charges will be taken proportionately from all of the investment options you have selected. The minimum contract value that must remain in order to keep your contract in force after a withdrawal is \$2,000. If you request a withdrawal amount that would reduce the contract value below this minimum, we will withdraw the maximum amount available that, with the withdrawal charge, would not reduce the contract value below such minimum.

With respect to the variable investment options, we will generally pay the withdrawal amount, less any required tax withholding, within seven days after we receive a withdrawal request in good order. We will deduct applicable charges, if any, from the assets in your contract.

With respect to the market value adjustment option, you may specify the guarantee period from which you would like to make a withdrawal. If you indicate that the withdrawal is to originate from the market value adjustment option, but you do not specify which guarantee period is to be involved, then we will take the withdrawal from the guarantee period that has the least time remaining until its maturity date. If you indicate that you wish to make a withdrawal, but do not specify the investment options to be involved, then we will take the withdrawal from your contract value on a pro rata basis from each investment option that you have. In that situation, we will aggregate the contract value in each of the guarantee periods that you have within the market value adjustment option for purposes of making that pro rata calculation. The portion of the withdrawal associated with the market value adjustment option then will be taken from the guarantee periods with the least amount of time remaining until the maturity date, irrespective of the original length of the guarantee period. You should be aware that a withdrawal may avoid a withdrawal charge based on the charge-free amount that we allow, yet still be subject to a market value adjustment.

INCOME TAXES, TAX PENALTIES, AND CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS ALSO MAY APPLY TO ANY WITHDRAWAL YOU MAKE. FOR A MORE COMPLETE EXPLANATION, SEE SECTION 10.

AUTOMATED WITHDRAWALS

We offer an automated withdrawal feature. This feature enables you to receive periodic withdrawals in monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual intervals. We will process your withdrawals at the end of the business day at the intervals you specify. We will continue at these intervals until you tell us otherwise. You can make withdrawals from any designated investment option or proportionally from all investment options (other than a guarantee period within the market value adjustment option). The minimum automated withdrawal amount you can make is generally \$100. An assignment of the contract terminates any automated withdrawal program that you had in effect.

INCOME TAXES, TAX PENALTIES, WITHDRAWAL CHARGES, AND CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS MAY APPLY TO AUTOMATED WITHDRAWALS. FOR A MORE COMPLETE EXPLANATION, SEE SECTION 10.

SUSPENSION OF PAYMENTS OR TRANSFERS

The SEC may require us to suspend or postpone payments made in connection with withdrawals or transfers for any period when:

- - The New York Stock Exchange is closed (other than customary weekend and holiday closings);
- - Trading on the New York Stock Exchange is restricted;

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- - An emergency exists, as determined by the SEC, during which sales and redemptions of shares of the underlying mutual funds are not feasible or we cannot reasonably value the accumulation units; or
- - The SEC, by order, permits suspension or postponement of payments for the protection of owners.

We expect to pay the amount of any withdrawal or process any transfer made from the fixed interest rate options promptly upon request.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

10:

WHAT ARE THE TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT?

The tax considerations associated with the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 contract vary depending on whether the contract is (i) owned by an individual and not associated with a tax-favored retirement plan (including contracts held by a non-natural person, such as a trust, acting as an agent for a natural person), or (ii) held under a tax-favored retirement plan. We discuss the tax considerations for these categories of contracts below. The discussion is general in nature and describes only federal income tax law (not state or other tax laws). It is based on current law and interpretations, which may change. The discussion includes a description of certain spousal rights under the contract and under tax-qualified plans. Our administration of such spousal rights and related tax reporting accords with our understanding of the Defense of Marriage Act (which defines a "marriage" as a legal union between a man and a woman and a "spouse" as a person of the opposite sex). The information provided is not intended as tax advice. You should consult with a qualified tax advisor for complete information and advice. References to purchase payments below relate to your cost basis in your contract. Generally, your cost basis in a contract not associated with a tax-favored retirement plan is the amount you pay into your contract, or into annuities exchanged for your contract, on an after-tax basis less any withdrawals of such payments.

This contract may also be purchased as a non-qualified annuity (i.e., a contract not held under a tax-favored retirement plan) by a trust or custodial IRA or 403(b) account, which can hold other permissible assets other than the annuity. The terms and administration of the trust or custodial account in accordance with the laws and regulations for IRAs or 403(b)s, as applicable, are the responsibility of the applicable trustee or custodian.

CONTRACTS OWNED BY INDIVIDUALS (NOT ASSOCIATED WITH TAX-FAVORED RETIREMENT PLANS)

TAXES PAYABLE BY YOU

We believe the contract is an annuity contract for tax purposes. Accordingly, as a general rule, you should not pay any tax until you receive money under the contract.

Generally, annuity contracts issued by the same company (and affiliates) to you during the same calendar year must be treated as one annuity contract for purposes of determining the amount subject to tax under the rules described below.

It is possible that the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) would assert that some or all of the charges for the optional benefits under the contract such as the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, should be treated for federal income tax purposes as a partial withdrawal from the contract. If this were the case, the charge for this benefit could be deemed a withdrawal and treated as taxable to the extent there are earnings in the contract. Additionally, for owners under age 59 1/2, the taxable income attributable to the charge for the benefit could be subject to a tax penalty.

If the IRS determines that the charges for one or more benefits under the contract are taxable withdrawals, then the sole or surviving owner will be provided with a notice from us describing available alternatives regarding these benefits.

TAXES ON WITHDRAWALS AND SURRENDER

If you make a withdrawal from your contract or surrender it before annuity payments begin, the amount you receive will be taxed as ordinary income, rather than as return of purchase payments, until all gain has been withdrawn. You will generally be taxed on any withdrawals from the contract while you are alive even if the withdrawal is paid to someone else.

If you assign or pledge all or part of your contract as collateral for a loan, the part assigned generally will be treated as a withdrawal. Also, if you elect any interest payment option that we may offer, that election will be treated, for tax purposes, as surrendering your contract.

If you transfer your contract for less than full consideration, such as by gift, you will trigger tax on any gain in the contract. This rule does not apply if you transfer the contract to your spouse or under most circumstances if you transfer the contract incident to divorce.

TAXES ON ANNUITY PAYMENTS

A portion of each annuity payment you receive will be treated as a partial return of your purchase payments

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and will not be taxed. The remaining portion will be taxed as ordinary income. Generally, the nontaxable portion is determined by multiplying the annuity payment you receive by a fraction, the numerator of which is your purchase payments (less any amounts previously received tax-free) and the denominator of which is the total expected payments under the contract.

After the full amount of your purchase payments have been recovered tax-free, the full amount of the annuity payments will be taxable. If annuity payments stop due to the death of the annuitant before the full amount of your purchase payments have been recovered, a tax deduction may be allowed for the unrecovered amount.

TAX PENALTY ON WITHDRAWALS AND ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Any taxable amount you receive under your contract may be subject to a 10% tax penalty. Amounts are not subject to this tax penalty if:

- - the amount is paid on or after you reach age 59 1/2 or die;
- - the amount received is attributable to your becoming disabled;
- - the amount paid or received is in the form of substantially equal payments not less frequently than annually (please note that substantially equal payments must continue until the later of reaching age 59 1/2 or 5 years. Modification of payments during that time period will generally result in retroactive application of the 10% tax penalty.); or
- - the amount received is paid under an immediate annuity contract (in which annuity payments begin within one year of purchase).

SPECIAL RULES IN RELATION TO TAX-FREE EXCHANGES UNDER SECTION 1035

Section 1035 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (Code) permits certain tax-free exchanges of a life insurance, annuity or endowment contract for an annuity. If the annuity is purchased through a tax-free exchange of a life insurance, annuity or endowment contract that was purchased prior to August 14, 1982, then any purchase payments made to the original contract prior to August 14, 1982 will be treated as made to the new contract prior to that date. (See "Federal Tax Status" in the Statement of Additional Information.)

Partial surrenders may be treated in the same way as tax-free 1035 exchanges of entire contracts, therefore avoiding current taxation of gains in the contract as well as the 10% tax penalty of pre-age 59 1/2 withdrawals. The IRS has reserved the right to treat transactions it considers abusive as ineligible for this favorable partial 1035 exchange treatment. We do not know what transactions may be considered abusive. For example we do not know how the IRS may view early withdrawals or annuitizations after a partial exchange. In addition, it is unclear how the IRS will treat a partial exchange from a life insurance, endowment, or annuity contract into an immediate annuity. As of the date of this prospectus, we will accept a partial 1035 exchange from a non-qualified annuity into an immediate annuity as a "tax-free" exchange for future tax reporting purposes, except to the extent that we, as a reporting and withholding agent, believe that we would be expected to deem the transaction to be abusive. However, some insurance companies may not recognize these partial surrenders as tax-free exchanges and may report them as taxable distributions to the extent of any gain distributed as well as subjecting the taxable portion of the distribution to the 10% tax penalty. We strongly urge you to discuss any transaction of this type with your tax advisor before proceeding with the transaction.

TAXES PAYABLE BY BENEFICIARIES

The death benefit options are subject to income tax to the extent the distribution exceeds the cost basis in the contract. The value of the death benefit, as determined under federal law, is also included in the owner's estate.

Generally, the same tax rules described above would also apply to amounts received by your beneficiary. Choosing any option other than a lump sum death benefit may defer taxes. Certain minimum distribution requirements apply upon your death, as discussed further below.

Tax consequences to the beneficiary vary among the death benefit payment options.

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TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT CONTINUED

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- - Choice 1: The beneficiary is taxed on earnings in the contract.
- - Choice 2: The beneficiary is taxed as amounts are withdrawn (in this case earnings are treated as being distributed first).
- - Choice 3: The beneficiary is taxed on each payment (part will be treated as earnings and part as return of premiums).

REPORTING AND WITHHOLDING ON DISTRIBUTIONS

Taxable amounts distributed from your annuity contracts are subject to federal and state income tax reporting and withholding. In general, we will withhold federal income tax from the taxable portion of such distribution based on the type of distribution. In the case of an annuity or similar periodic payment, we will withhold as if you are a married individual with three exemptions unless you designate a different withholding status. In the case of all other distributions, we will withhold at a 10% rate. You may generally elect not to have tax withheld from your payments. An election out of withholding must be made on forms that we provide.

State income tax withholding rules vary and we will withhold based on the rules of your State of residence. Special tax rules apply to withholding for nonresident aliens, and we generally withhold income tax for nonresident aliens at a 30% rate. A different withholding rate may be applicable to a nonresident alien based on the terms of an existing income tax treaty between the United States and the nonresident alien's country. Please refer to the CONTRACTS HELD BY TAX FAVORED PLANS section below for a discussion regarding withholding rules for tax favored plans (for example, an IRA).

Regardless of the amount withheld by us, you are liable for payment of federal and state income tax on the taxable portion of annuity distributions. You should consult with your tax advisor regarding the payment of the correct amount of these income taxes and potential liability if you fail to pay such taxes.

ANNUITY QUALIFICATION

Diversification And Investor Control. In order to qualify for the tax rules applicable to annuity contracts described above, the assets underlying the variable investment options of the annuity contract must be diversified, according to certain rules. We believe these diversification rules will be met.

An additional requirement for qualification for the tax treatment described above is that we, and not you as the contract owner, must have sufficient control over the underlying assets to be treated as the owner of the underlying assets for tax purposes. While we also believe these investor control rules will be met, the Treasury Department may promulgate guidelines under which a variable annuity will not be treated as an annuity for tax purposes if persons with ownership rights have excessive control over the investments underlying such variable annuity. It is unclear whether such guidelines, if in fact promulgated, would have retroactive effect. It is also unclear what effect, if any, such guidelines may have on transfers between the investment options offered pursuant to this prospectus. We will take any action, including modifications to your contract or the investment options, required to comply with such guidelines if promulgated.

Please refer to the Statement of Additional Information for further information on these diversification and investor control issues.

Required Distributions Upon Your Death. Upon your death, certain distributions must be made under the contract. The required distributions depend on whether you die before you start taking annuity payments under the contract or after you start taking annuity payments under the contract.

If you die on or after the annuity date, the remaining portion of the interest in the contract must be distributed at least as rapidly as under the method of distribution being used as of the date of death.

If you die before the annuity date, the entire interest in the contract must be distributed within 5 years after the date of death. However, if a periodic payment option is selected by your designated beneficiary and if such payments begin within 1 year of your death, the value of the contract may be distributed over the beneficiary's life or a period not exceeding the beneficiary's life expectancy. Your designated beneficiary is the person to whom benefit rights under

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the contract pass by reason of death, and must be a natural person in order to elect a periodic payment option based on life expectancy or a period exceeding five years.

If the contract is payable to (or for the benefit of) your surviving spouse, that portion of the contract may be continued with your spouse as the owner.

Changes In The Contract. We reserve the right to make any changes we deem necessary to assure that the contract qualifies as an annuity contract for tax purposes. Any such changes will apply to all contract owners and you will be given notice to the extent feasible under the circumstances.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

You should refer to the Statement of Additional Information if:

- - The contract is held by a corporation or other entity instead of by an individual or as agent for an individual.
- - Your contract was issued in exchange for a contract containing purchase payments made before August 14, 1982.
- - You transfer your contract to, or designate, a beneficiary who is either 37 1/2 years younger than you or a grandchild.

CONTRACTS HELD BY TAX-FAVORED PLANS

The following discussion covers annuity contracts held under tax-favored retirement plans.

Currently, the contract may be purchased for use in connection with individual retirement accounts and annuities (IRAs) which are subject to Sections 408(a), 408(b) and 408A of the Code. This description assumes that you have satisfied the requirements for eligibility for these products.

YOU SHOULD BE AWARE THAT TAX FAVORED PLANS SUCH AS IRAS GENERALLY PROVIDE TAX DEFERRAL REGARDLESS WHETHER THEY INVEST IN ANNUITY CONTRACTS. THIS MEANS THAT WHEN A TAX FAVORED PLAN INVESTS IN AN ANNUITY CONTRACT, IT GENERALLY DOES NOT RESULT IN ANY ADDITIONAL TAX DEFERRAL BENEFITS.

TYPES OF TAX FAVORED PLANS

IRAs. If you buy a contract for use as an IRA, we will provide you a copy of the prospectus and contract. The "IRA Disclosure Statement," attached to this prospectus, contains information about eligibility, contribution limits, tax particulars, and other IRA information. In addition to this information (some of which is summarized below), the IRS requires that you have a "free look" after making an initial contribution to the contract. During this time, you can cancel the contract by notifying us in writing, and we will refund all of the purchase payments under the contract (or, if provided by applicable state law, the amount your contract is worth, if greater), less any applicable federal and state income tax withholding.

CONTRIBUTIONS LIMITS/ROLLOVERS. Because of the way the contract is designed, you may only purchase a contract for an IRA in connection with a "rollover" of

amounts from a qualified retirement plan or transfer from another IRA. You must make a minimum initial payment of \$10,000 to purchase a contract. This minimum is greater than the maximum amount of any annual contribution allowed by law you may make to an IRA. For 2005, the limit is \$4,000, increasing to \$5,000 in 2008. After 2008, the contribution amount will be indexed for inflation. The tax law also provides for a catch-up provision for individuals who are age 50 and above. These taxpayers will be permitted to contribute an additional \$500, increasing to \$1,000 in 2006 and years thereafter. The "rollover" rules under the Code are fairly technical; however, an individual (or his or her surviving spouse) may generally "roll over" certain distributions from tax favored retirement plans (either directly or within 60 days from the date of these distributions) if he or she meets the requirements for distribution. Once you buy the contract, you can make regular IRA contributions under the contract (to the extent permitted by law). However, if you make such regular IRA contributions, you should note that you will not be able to treat the contract as a "conduit IRA," which means that you will not retain possible favorable tax treatment if you subsequently "roll over" the contract funds originally derived from a qualified retirement plan into another Section 401(a) plan.

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Required Provisions. Contracts that are IRAs (or endorsements that are part of the contract) must contain certain provisions:

- - You, as owner of the contract, must be the "annuitant" under the contract (except in certain cases involving the division of property under a decree of divorce);
- - Your rights as owner are non-forfeitable;
- - You cannot sell, assign or pledge the contract, other than to Pruco Life of New Jersey;
- - The annual contribution you pay cannot be greater than the maximum amount allowed by law, including catch-up contributions if applicable (which does not include any rollover amounts);
- - The date on which annuity payments must begin cannot be later than April 1st of the calendar year after the calendar year you turn age 70 1/2; and
- - Death and annuity payments must meet "minimum distribution requirements".

Usually, the full amount of any distribution from an IRA (including a distribution from this contract) which is not a rollover is taxable. As taxable income, these distributions are subject to the general tax withholding rules described earlier. In addition to this normal tax liability, you may also be liable for the following, depending on your actions:

- - A 10% "early distribution penalty";
- - Liability for "prohibited transactions" if you, for example, borrow against the value of an IRA; or
- - Failure to take a minimum distribution.

Roth IRAs. Like standard IRAs, income within a Roth IRA accumulates tax-free, and contributions are subject to specific limits. Roth IRAs have, however, the following differences:

- - Contributions to a Roth IRA cannot be deducted from your gross income;
- - "Qualified distributions" from a Roth IRA are excludable from gross income. A

"qualified distribution" is a distribution that satisfies two requirements: (1) the distribution must be made (a) after the owner of the IRA attains age 59 1/2; (b) after the owner's death; (c) due to the owner's disability; or (d) for a qualified first time homebuyer distribution within the meaning of Section 72(t)(2)(F) of the Code; and (2) the distribution must be made in the year that is at least five tax years after the first year for which a contribution was made to any Roth IRA established for the owner or five years after a rollover, transfer, or conversion was made from a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA. Distributions from a Roth IRA that are not qualified distributions will be treated as made first from contributions and then from earnings, and taxed generally in the same manner as distributions from a traditional IRA; and

- - If eligible (including meeting income limitations and earnings requirements), you may make contributions to a Roth IRA after attaining age 70 1/2, and distributions are not required to begin upon attaining such age or at any time thereafter.

Because the contract's minimum initial payment of \$10,000 is greater than the maximum annual contribution permitted to be made to a Roth IRA, you may only purchase a contract for a Roth IRA in connection with a "rollover" or "conversion" of amounts of another traditional IRA, conduit IRA, or Roth IRA. This minimum is greater than the maximum amount of any annual contribution allowed by law you may make to a Roth IRA. The Code permits persons who meet certain income limitations (generally, adjusted gross income under \$100,000), and who receive certain qualifying distributions from such non-Roth IRAs, to directly rollover or make, within 60 days, a "rollover" of all or any part of the amount of such distribution to a Roth IRA which they establish. This conversion triggers current taxation (but is not subject to a 10% early distribution penalty). Once the contract has been purchased, regular Roth IRA contributions will be accepted to the extent permitted by law.

MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS AND PAYMENT OPTION

If you hold the contract under an IRA (or other tax-favored plan), IRS minimum distribution requirements must be satisfied. This means that generally payments must start by April 1 of the year after the year you reach age 70 1/2 and must be made for each year thereafter.

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The amount of the payment must at least equal the minimum required under the IRS rules. Several choices are available for calculating the minimum amount. More information on the mechanics of this calculation is available on request. Please contact us a reasonable time before the IRS deadline so that a timely distribution is made. Please note that there is a 50% tax penalty on the amount of any minimum distribution not made in a timely manner.

Effective in 2006, in accordance with recent changes in laws and regulations, required minimum distributions will be calculated based on the sum of the contract value and the actuarial value of any additional death benefits and benefits from optional riders that you have purchased under the contract. As a result, the required minimum distributions may be larger than if the calculation were based on the contract value only, which may in turn result in an earlier (but not before the required beginning date) distribution under the contract and an increased amount of taxable income distributed to the contract owner, and a reduction of death benefits and the benefits of any optional riders.

You can use the minimum distribution option to satisfy the IRS minimum distribution requirements for this contract without either beginning annuity payments or surrendering the contract. We will distribute to you this minimum distribution amount, less any other partial withdrawals that you made during the year.

Although the IRS rules determine the required amount to be distributed from your IRA each year, certain payment alternatives are still available to you. If you own more than one IRA, you can choose to satisfy your minimum distribution requirement for each of your IRAs by withdrawing that amount from any of your IRAs.

PENALTY FOR EARLY WITHDRAWALS

You may owe a 10% tax penalty on the taxable part of distributions received from an IRA or Roth IRA before you attain age 59 1/2.

Amounts are not subject to this tax penalty if:

- the amount is paid on or after you reach age 59 1/2 or die;
- the amount received is attributable to your becoming disabled; or
- the amount paid or received is in the form of substantially equal payments not less frequently than annually (please note that substantially equal payments must continue until the later of reaching age 59 1/2 or 5 years. Modification of payments during that time period will generally result in retroactive application of the 10% tax penalty.).

Other exceptions to this tax may apply. You should consult your tax advisor for further details.

WITHHOLDING

Unless you elect otherwise, we will withhold federal income tax from the taxable portion of such distribution at an appropriate percentage. The rate of withholding on annuity payments where no mandatory withholding is required is determined on the basis of the withholding certificate that you file with us. If you do not file a certificate, we will automatically withhold federal taxes on the following basis:

- For any annuity payments not subject to mandatory withholding, you will have taxes withheld by us as if you are a married individual, with three exemptions; and
- For all other distributions, we will withhold at a 10% rate.

We will provide you with forms and instructions concerning the right to elect that no amount be withheld from payments in the ordinary course. However, you should know that, in any event, you are liable for payment of federal income taxes on the taxable portion of the distributions, and you should consult with your tax advisor to find out more information on your potential liability if you fail to pay such taxes.

ERISA DISCLOSURE/REQUIREMENTS

ERISA (the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974") and the Code prevent a fiduciary and other "parties in interest" with respect to a plan (and, for these purposes, an IRA would also constitute a "plan") from receiving any benefit from any party dealing with the plan, as a result of the sale of the contract. Administrative exemptions under ERISA generally

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permit the sale of insurance/annuity products to plans, provided that certain information is disclosed to the person purchasing the contract. This information has to do primarily with the fees, charges, discounts and other costs related to the contract, as well as any commissions paid to any agent selling the contract.

Information about any applicable fees, charges, discounts, penalties or adjustments may be found under Section 8, "What Are The Expenses Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?"

Information about sales representatives and commissions may be found under "Other Information" and "Sale And Distribution Of The Contract" in Section 11.

In addition, other relevant information required by the exemptions is contained in the contract and accompanying documentation. Please consult your tax advisor if you have any additional questions.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For additional information about federal tax law requirements applicable to tax favored plans, see the "IRA Disclosure Statement," attached to this prospectus.

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INFORMATION

PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY

Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey (Pruco Life of New Jersey) is a stock life insurance company organized in 1982 under the laws of the State of New Jersey. It is licensed to sell life insurance and annuities in New Jersey and New York, and accordingly is subject to the laws of each of those states.

Pruco Life of New Jersey is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of The Prudential Insurance Company of America (Prudential), a New Jersey stock life insurance company doing business since 1875. Prudential is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial, Inc. (Prudential Financial), a New Jersey insurance holding company. As Pruco Life of New Jersey's ultimate parent, Prudential Financial exercises significant influence over the operations and capital structure of Pruco Life of New Jersey and Prudential. However, neither Prudential Financial, Prudential, nor any other related company has any legal responsibility to pay amounts that Pruco Life of New Jersey may owe under the contract.

Pruco Life of New Jersey publishes annual and quarterly reports that are filed with the SEC. These reports contain financial information about Pruco Life of New Jersey that is annually audited by independent accountants. Pruco Life of New Jersey's annual report for the year ended December 31, 2004, together with subsequent periodic reports that Pruco Life of New Jersey files with the SEC, are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. You can obtain copies, at no cost, of any and all of this information, including the Pruco Life of New Jersey annual report that is not ordinarily mailed to contract owners, the more current reports and any subsequently filed documents at no cost by contacting us at the address or telephone number listed on the cover. The SEC file number for Pruco Life of New Jersey is 33-18053. You may read and copy any filings made by Pruco Life of New Jersey with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 450 Fifth Street, Washington, D.C. 20549-0102. You can obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling (202) 942-8090. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC at <http://www.sec.gov>.

THE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

We have established a separate account, the Pruco Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity Account (separate account), to hold the assets that are associated with the variable annuity contracts. The separate account was established under New Jersey law on May 20, 1996, and is registered with the SEC under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as a unit investment trust, which is a type of investment company. The assets of the separate account are held in the name of Pruco Life of New Jersey and legally belong to us. These assets are kept separate from all of our other assets and may not be charged with liabilities arising out of any other business we may conduct. More detailed information about Pruco Life of New Jersey, including its audited financial statements, is provided in the SAI.

SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE CONTRACT

Prudential Investment Management Services LLC (PIMS), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial, Inc., is the distributor and principal underwriter of the securities offered through this prospectus. PIMS acts as the distributor of a number of annuity contracts and life insurance products we offer.

PIMS's principal business address is 100 Mulberry Street, Newark, New Jersey 07102-4077. PIMS is registered as a broker/dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act) and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD).

The contract is offered on a continuous basis. PIMS enters into distribution agreements with broker/dealers who are registered under the Exchange Act and with entities that may offer the contract but are exempt from registration (firms). Applications for the contract are solicited by registered representatives of those firms. Such representatives will also be our appointed insurance agents under state insurance law. In addition, PIMS may offer the contract directly to potential purchasers.

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Commissions are paid to firms on sales of the contract according to one or more schedules. The individual representative will receive a portion of the compensation, depending on the practice of his or her firm. Commissions are generally based on a percentage of purchase payments made, up to a maximum of 8%. Alternative compensation schedules are available that provide a lower initial commission plus ongoing annual compensation based on all or a portion of contract value. We may also provide compensation to the distributing firm for providing ongoing service to you in relation to the contract. Commissions and other compensation paid in relation to the contract do not result in any additional charge to you or to the separate account.

In addition, in an effort to promote the sale of our products (which may include the placement of Pruco Life of New Jersey and/or the contract on a preferred or recommended company or product list and/or access to the firm's registered representatives), we or PIMS may enter into compensation arrangements with certain broker/dealer firms with respect to certain or all registered representatives of such firms under which such firms may receive separate compensation or reimbursement for, among other things, training of sales personnel and/or marketing and/or administrative services and/or other services they provide to us or our affiliates. These services may include, but are not limited to: educating customers of the firm on the contract's features; conducting due diligence and analysis; providing office access, operations and systems support; holding seminars intended to educate registered representatives and make them more knowledgeable about the contract; providing a dedicated marketing coordinator; providing priority sales desk support; and providing expedited marketing compliance approval and preferred programs to PIMS. A list of firms that PIMS paid pursuant to such arrangements is provided in the Statement of Additional Information which is available upon request.

To the extent permitted by NASD rules and other applicable laws and regulations, PIMS may pay or allow other promotional incentives or payments in the form of cash or non-cash compensation. These arrangements may not be offered to all firms and the terms of such arrangements may differ between firms.

You should note that firms and individual registered representatives and branch managers within some firms participating in one of these compensation arrangements might receive greater compensation for selling the contract than for selling a different contract that is not eligible for these compensation arrangements. While compensation is generally taken into account as an expense in considering the charges applicable to a contract product, any such compensation will be paid by us or PIMS and will not result in any additional charge to you. Overall compensation paid to the distributing firm does not exceed, based on actuarial assumptions, 8.5% of the total purchase payments made. Your registered representative can provide you with more information about

the compensation arrangements that apply upon the sale of the contract.

LITIGATION

Pruco Life of New Jersey is subject to legal and regulatory actions in the ordinary course of its businesses, which may include class action lawsuits. Pending legal and regulatory actions include proceedings relating to aspects of the businesses and operations that are specific to Pruco Life of New Jersey and that are typical of the businesses in which Pruco Life of New Jersey operates. Class action and individual lawsuits may involve a variety of issues and/or allegations, which include sales practices, underwriting practices, claims payment and procedures, premium charges, policy servicing and breach of fiduciary duties to customers. We may also be subject to litigation arising out of our general business activities, such as our investments and third party contracts. In certain of these matters, the plaintiffs may seek large and/or indeterminate amounts, including punitive or exemplary damages.

Pruco Life of New Jersey has received formal requests for information relating to its variable annuity business from regulators, including, among others, the Securities and Exchange Commission and the State of

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New York Attorney General's Office. As part of a broad initiative by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, Pruco Life of New Jersey has received a request for information from the New Jersey Department of Banking and Insurance related to producer compensation and fee arrangements. It is possible that other regulators will issue similar requests.

Pruco Life of New Jersey's litigation is subject to many uncertainties, and given the complexity and scope, the outcomes cannot be predicted. It is possible that the results of operations or the cash flow of Pruco Life of New Jersey in a particular quarterly or annual period could be materially affected by an ultimate unfavorable resolution of litigation and regulatory matters. Management believes, however, that the ultimate outcome of all pending litigation and regulatory matters should not have a material adverse effect on Pruco Life of New Jersey's financial position.

ASSIGNMENT

In general, you can assign the contract at any time during your lifetime. If you do so, we will reset the death benefit to equal the contract value on the date the assignment occurs. For details, see Section 4, "What Is The Death Benefit?" We will not be bound by the assignment until we receive written notice. We will not be liable for any payment or other action we take in accordance with the contract if that action occurs before we receive notice of the assignment. An assignment, like any other change in ownership, may trigger a taxable event. If you assign the contract, that assignment will result in the termination of any automated withdrawal program that had been in effect. If the new owner wants to re-institute an automated withdrawal program, then he/she needs to submit the forms that we require, in good order.

If the contract is issued under a qualified plan, there may be limitations on your ability to assign the contract. For further information please speak to your representative.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the separate account and Pruco Life of New Jersey, the co-issuer of the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 contract, are included in the Statement of Additional Information.

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Contents:

- - Company
- - Experts
- - Principal Underwriter
- - Payments Made to Promote Sale of Our Products
- - Allocation of Initial Purchase Payment
- - Determination of Accumulation Unit Values
- - Federal Tax Status
- - Financial Statements

HOUSEHOLDING

To reduce costs, we now send only a single copy of prospectuses and shareholder reports to each consenting household, in lieu of sending a copy to each contract owner that resides in the household. If you are a member of such a household, you should be aware that you can revoke your consent to householding at any time, and begin to receive your own copy of prospectuses and shareholder reports, by calling (877) 778-5008.

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

MARKET-VALUE ADJUSTMENT FORMULA

MARKET-VALUE ADJUSTMENT FORMULA

The general formula under which Pruco Life of New Jersey calculates the market value adjustment applicable to a full or partial surrender, annuitization, or settlement under Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 is set forth below. The market value adjustment is expressed as a multiplier factor. That is, the Contract Value after the market value adjustment ("MVA"), but before any withdrawal charge, is as follows: Contract Value (after MVA) = Contract Value (before MVA) X (1 + MVA). The MVA itself is calculated as follows:

$$MVA = \left[\frac{1 + I}{1 + J + .0025} \right]^{\text{to the power of } (N/12)} - 1$$

<Table>			
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
where:	I	=	the guaranteed credited interest rate (annual effective) for the given contract at the time of withdrawal or annuitization or settlement.
	J	=	the interpolated current credited interest rate offered on new money at the time of withdrawal, annuitization, or settlement. (See below for the interpolation formula)
	N	=	equals the remaining number of months in the contract's current guarantee period (rounded up) at the time of withdrawal or annuitization or settlement.

The MVA formula with respect to contracts issued in New York is what is depicted above. The formula uses an interpolated rate "J" as the current credited interest rate. Specifically, "J" is the interpolated current credited interest rate offered on new money at the time of withdrawal, annuitization, or settlement. The interpolated value is calculated using the following formula:

$$m/365 \times (n + 1) \text{ year rate} + (365 - m)/365 \times n \text{ year rate},$$

where "n" equals the number of whole years remaining in the Contract's current guarantee period, and "m" equals the number of days remaining in year "n" of the current guarantee period.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT EXAMPLE

The following will illustrate the application of the Market Value Adjustment.
For simplicity, surrender charges are ignored in this example.

Positive market value adjustment

- - Suppose a contract owner made an invested purchase payment of \$10,000 on July 1, 2005 and received a guaranteed interest rate of 6% for 5 years. A request to surrender the contract is made on May 1, 2007. At the time, the Contract Value will have accumulated to \$11,127.11. The number of whole years remaining in the guarantee period is 3.
- - On May 1, 2007 the interest rate declared by Pruco Life of New Jersey for a guarantee period of 3 years (the number of whole years remaining) is 4%, and for a guarantee period of 4 years (the number of whole years remaining plus 1) is 5%.

The following computations would be made:

- 1) Determine the Market Value Adjustment factor.

<Table>		
<S>	<C>	<C>
	N =	38
	I =	6% (0.06)
	J =	[(61/365) X 0.05] + [(365-61)/365) X 0.04] =
		0.0417
</Table>		

The MVA factor calculation would be: [(1.06)/(1.0417 + 0.0025)] to the power of (38/12) -1 = 0.04871

- 2) Multiply the Contract Value by the factor calculated in Step 1.

\$11,127.11 X 0.04871 = \$542.00

- 3) Add together the Market Value Adjustment and the Contract Value to get the total Contract Surrender Value.

\$11,127.11 + \$542.00 = \$11,669.11

The MVA may not always be positive. Here is an example where it is negative.

- - Suppose a contract owner made an invested purchase payment of \$10,000 on July 1, 2005 and received a guaranteed interest rate of 6% for 5 years. A request to surrender the contract is made on May 1, 2007. At the time, the Contract Value will have accumulated to \$11,127.11. The number of whole years remaining in the guarantee period is 3.
- - On May 1, 2007 the interest rate declared by Pruco Life of New Jersey for a guarantee period of 3 years (the number of whole years remaining) is 7%, and for a guarantee period of 4 years (the number of whole years remaining plus 1) is 8%.

The following computations would be made:

- 1) Determine the Market Value Adjustment factor.

<Table>		
<S>	<C>	<C>

$$N = 38$$

$$I = 6\% (0.06)$$

$$J = [(61/365) \times 0.08] + [((365 - 61)/365) \times 0.07] = 0.0717$$

The MVA factor calculation would be: $[(1.06)/(1.0717 + 0.0025)]$ to the power of $(38/12) - 1 = -0.04126$

2) Multiply the Contract Value by the factor calculated in Step 1.

$$\$11,127.11 \times (-0.04126) = -\$459.10$$

3) Add together the Market Value Adjustment and the Contract Value to get the total Contract Surrender Value.

$$\$11,127.11 + (-\$459.10) = \$10,668.10$$

APPENDIX A

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES

As we have indicated throughout this prospectus, the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Variable Annuity is a contract that allows you to select or decline any of several features that carries with it a specific asset-based charge. We maintain a unique unit value corresponding to each combination of such contract features. Here we depict the historical unit values corresponding to the contract features bearing the highest and lowest combinations of asset-based charges. The remaining unit values appear in the Statement of Additional Information, which you may obtain free of charge, by calling (888) PRU-2888 or by writing to us at the Prudential Annuity Service Center, P.O. Box 7960, Philadelphia, PA 19176.

The portfolio names shown for the corresponding unit values are as of December 31, 2004. For a complete list of the current portfolio names, see Section 2, "What Investment Options Can I Choose?"

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES

<Table>
 <Caption>
 ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES: (BASE DEATH BENEFIT 1.40)

ACCUMULATION UNITS OF PERIOD <\$>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD <C>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT END OF PERIOD <C>	NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING AT END <C>
JENNISON PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.18439	\$1.24006	39,791
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.24006	\$1.34066	100,732
PRUDENTIAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.17721	\$1.25778	28,099
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.25778	\$ 1.3635	79,192
PRUDENTIAL GLOBAL PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.20571	\$1.28481	16,224
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.28481	\$1.38861	32,873
PRUDENTIAL MONEY MARKET PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$0.99549	\$0.99449	164,642
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$0.99449	\$0.99063	57,936
PRUDENTIAL STOCK INDEX PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.15290	\$1.22414	37,552
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.22414	\$1.33335	123,526
PRUDENTIAL VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.12896	\$1.22392	17,996
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.22392	\$1.40386	38,464
SP AGGRESSIVE GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.21452	\$1.27916	11,282
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.27916	\$1.44765	60,849
SP AIM AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.18805	\$1.22149	6,124
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.22149	\$1.34749	25,091
SP AIM CORE EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.12456	\$1.19626	8,644
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.19626	\$1.28343	14,276
SP ALLIANCE LARGE CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.13994	\$1.17938	23,284
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.17938	\$1.23406	28,153
SP BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.14798	\$1.19393	504,794
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.19393	\$1.30793	907,722
SP CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.10288	\$1.13654	47,622
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.13654	\$1.22048	328,878
SP DAVIS VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.17037	\$1.24835	12,492
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.24835	\$1.38531	43,327

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* DATE THAT THE ANNUITY WAS FIRST OFFERED.

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ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED):

(BASE DEATH BENEFIT 1.40)

ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	NUMBER OF
OF PERIOD	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	AT END OF PERIOD	OUTSTANDING AT END
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SP GOLDMAN SACHS SMALL CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.22255	\$1.29026	19,314
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.29026	\$1.53570	101,983
SP GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.18371	\$1.23975	13,048
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.23975	\$1.38211	415,431
SP LARGE CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.13457	\$1.21457	9,324
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.21457	\$1.41041	59,056
SP LSV INTERNATIONAL VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.13314	\$1.23393	2,117
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.23393	\$1.40924	36,000
SP MFS CAPITAL OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.14453	\$1.20717	12,883
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.20717	\$1.33789	12,829
SP MID CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.31609	\$1.33928	2,550
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.33928	\$1.57888	20,649
SP PIMCO HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.16169	\$1.19841	229,155
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.19841	\$1.29196	181,718
SP PIMCO TOTAL RETURN PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.02971	\$1.04684	406,783
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.04684	\$1.08689	614,905
SP PRUDENTIAL U.S. EMERGING GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.35478	\$1.36653	25,796
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.36653	\$1.63587	60,126
SP STATE STREET RESEARCH SMALL CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.29042	\$1.30191	15,448
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.30191	\$1.27212	30,036
SP STRATEGIC PARTNERS FOCUSED GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.14518	\$1.19388	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.19388	\$1.30209	5,809
SP TECHNOLOGY PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.32609	\$1.34037	531
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.34037	\$1.32188	4,721
SP WILLIAM BLAIR INTERNATIONAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.26410	\$1.35112	18,770
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.35112	\$1.55290	152,738
JANUS ASPEN SERIES--GROWTH PORTFOLIO -- SERVICE SHARES			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.19749	\$1.24622	13,951
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.24622	\$1.28061	15,228

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES:			
(GMDB STEP-UP AND CONTRACT WITH CREDIT 1.75)			

ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	NUMBER OF
OF PERIOD	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	AT END OF PERIOD	OUTSTANDING AT END
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
JENNISON PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.18098	\$1.23592	450,454
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.23592	\$1.33162	960,655
PRUDENTIAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.17369	\$1.25343	297,001
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.25343	\$1.35414	752,062
PRUDENTIAL GLOBAL PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.20227	\$1.28057	90,519
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.28057	\$1.37924	268,262
PRUDENTIAL MONEY MARKET PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$0.99244	\$0.99097	277,890
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$0.99097	\$0.98370	1,910,334
PRUDENTIAL STOCK INDEX PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.14951	\$1.21997	599,706
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.21997	\$1.32426	1,241,374
PRUDENTIAL VALUE PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.12571	\$1.21982	163,757
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.21982	\$1.39431	686,614
SP AGGRESSIVE GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.21097	\$1.27479	113,475
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.27479	\$1.43779	692,027
SP AIM AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.18466	\$1.21743	106,337
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.21743	\$1.33841	308,379
SP AIM CORE EQUITY PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.12120	\$1.19212	11,005
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.19212	\$1.27462	82,260
SP ALLIANCE LARGE CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.13666	\$1.17543	237,135
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.17543	\$1.22575	355,951
SP BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.14451	\$1.18975	2,475,488
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.18975	\$1.29901	9,026,452
SP CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.09974	\$1.13276	898,406
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.13276	\$1.21249	3,348,367
SP DAVIS VALUE PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.16707	\$1.24425	607,204
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.24425	\$1.37603	1,372,642

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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 ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED):
 (GMDB STEP-UP AND CONTRACT WITH CREDIT 1.75)

ACCUMULATION UNITS OF PERIOD <S>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD <C>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT END OF PERIOD <C>	NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING AT END <C>
SP GOLDMAN SACHS SMALL CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.21891	\$1.28582	581,014
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.28582	\$1.52507	1,736,515
SP GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.18041	\$1.23575	1,477,896
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.23575	\$1.37292	5,378,534
SP LARGE CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.13121	\$1.21039	318,663
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.21039	\$1.40077	666,794
SP LSV INTERNATIONAL VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.12984	\$1.22973	328,009
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.22973	\$1.39961	658,313
SP MFS CAPITAL OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.14120	\$1.20305	74,871
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.20305	\$1.32884	126,283
SP MID CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.31221	\$1.33469	168,195
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.33469	\$1.56814	676,469
SP PIMCO HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.15822	\$1.19418	473,046
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.19418	\$1.28300	1,739,880
SP PIMCO TOTAL RETURN PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.02657	\$1.04315	1,134,951
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.04315	\$1.07941	3,719,710
SP PRUDENTIAL U.S. EMERGING GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.35080	\$1.36187	342,611
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.36187	\$1.62472	937,285
SP STATE STREET RESEARCH SMALL CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.28652	\$1.29734	97,095
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.29734	\$1.26327	371,521
SP STRATEGIC PARTNERS FOCUSED GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.14165	\$1.18963	37,654
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.18963	\$1.29291	217,170

SP TECHNOLOGY PORTFOLIO

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.32227	\$1.33585	51,309
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.33585	\$1.31286	160,769
SP WILLIAM BLAIR INTERNATIONAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.26038	\$1.34648	78,627
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.34648	\$1.54220	352,589
JANUS ASPEN SERIES--GROWTH PORTFOLIO -- SERVICE SHARES			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$1.19390	\$1.24188	76,006
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$1.24188	\$1.27175	150,750

</Table>

* DATE THAT THE ANNUITY WAS FIRST OFFERED.

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PLEASE SEND ME A STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION THAT CONTAINS FURTHER DETAILS ABOUT THE PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY ANNUITY DESCRIBED IN PROSPECTUS ORD01182NY (05/2005).

(print your name)

(address)

(city/state/zip code)

MAILING ADDRESS:

PRUDENTIAL ANNUITY SERVICE CENTER
P.O. Box 7960
Philadelphia, PA 19176

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ORD01182NY

STRATEGIC PARTNERS(SM)
PLUS 3
VARIABLE ANNUITY

PROSPECTUS: MAY 2, 2005

THIS PROSPECTUS DESCRIBES AN INDIVIDUAL VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACT OFFERED BY PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY (PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY) AND THE PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY FLEXIBLE PREMIUM ANNUITY ACCOUNT. PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY OFFERS SEVERAL DIFFERENT ANNUITIES WHICH YOUR REPRESENTATIVE MAY BE AUTHORIZED TO OFFER TO YOU. EACH ANNUITY HAS DIFFERENT FEATURES AND BENEFITS THAT MAY BE APPROPRIATE FOR YOU BASED ON YOUR FINANCIAL SITUATION, YOUR AGE AND HOW YOU INTEND TO USE THE ANNUITY. THE DIFFERENT FEATURES AND BENEFITS INCLUDE VARIATIONS IN DEATH BENEFIT PROTECTION AND THE ABILITY TO ACCESS YOUR ANNUITY'S CONTRACT VALUE. THE FEES AND CHARGES UNDER THE ANNUITY CONTRACT AND THE COMPENSATION PAID TO YOUR REPRESENTATIVE MAY ALSO BE DIFFERENT AMONG EACH ANNUITY. IF YOU ARE PURCHASING THE CONTRACT AS A REPLACEMENT FOR EXISTING VARIABLE ANNUITY OR VARIABLE LIFE COVERAGE, YOU SHOULD CONSIDER, AMONG OTHER THINGS, ANY SURRENDER OR PENALTY CHARGES YOU MAY INCUR WHEN REPLACING YOUR EXISTING COVERAGE. PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY IS AN INDIRECT WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA.

THE FUNDS

Strategic Partners Plus 3 offers a wide variety of investment choices, including variable investment options that invest in underlying mutual funds. Currently, portfolios of the following underlying mutual funds are being offered: The Prudential Series Fund, Inc., American Skandia Trust, Evergreen Variable Annuity Trust, Gartmore Variable Insurance Trust, and Janus Aspen Series.

You may choose between two basic versions of Strategic Partners Plus 3. One version, the Contract With Credit, provides for a bonus credit that we add to each purchase payment you make. If you choose this version of Strategic Partners Plus 3, some charges and expenses may be higher than if you choose the version without the credit. Those higher charges could exceed the amount of the credit under some circumstances, particularly if you withdraw purchase payments within a few years of making those purchase payments.

PLEASE READ THIS PROSPECTUS

- - - - -

Please read this prospectus before purchasing a Strategic Partners Plus 3 variable annuity contract, and keep it for future reference. The current prospectuses for the underlying mutual funds contain important information about the mutual funds. When you invest in a variable investment option that is funded by a mutual fund, you should read the mutual fund prospectus and keep it for future reference. The Risk Factors section relating to the market value adjustment option appears in the Summary.

TO LEARN MORE ABOUT STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3

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To learn more about the Strategic Partners Plus 3 variable annuity, you can request a copy of the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) dated May 2, 2004. The SAI has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is legally a part of this prospectus. Pruco Life of New Jersey also files other reports with the SEC. All of these filings can be reviewed and copied at the SEC's offices, and can also be obtained from the SEC's Public Reference Section, 450 5th Street N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549-0102. (See SEC file numbers 333-49230 and 333-103473.) You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at (202) 942-8090. The SEC maintains a Web site (<http://www.sec.gov>) that contains the Strategic Partners Plus 3 SAI, material incorporated by reference, and other information regarding registrants that file electronically with the SEC. The Table of Contents of the SAI is set forth in Section 11 of this prospectus.

For a free copy of the SAI, call us at (888) PRU-2888, or write to us at Prudential Annuity Service Center, P.O. Box 7960, Philadelphia, PA 19176.

THE SEC HAS NOT DETERMINED THAT THIS CONTRACT IS A GOOD INVESTMENT, NOR HAS THE SEC DETERMINED THAT THIS PROSPECTUS IS COMPLETE OR ACCURATE. IT IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE TO STATE OTHERWISE. INVESTMENT IN A VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACT IS SUBJECT TO RISK, INCLUDING THE POSSIBLE LOSS OF YOUR MONEY. AN INVESTMENT IN STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 IS NOT A BANK DEPOSIT AND IS NOT INSURED BY THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY.

STRATEGIC PARTNERS(SM) IS A SERVICE MARK OF THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA. P2401NY

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PART I SUMMARY

----- STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS

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PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

GLOSSARY

WE HAVE TRIED TO MAKE THIS PROSPECTUS AS EASY TO READ AND UNDERSTAND AS POSSIBLE. BY THE NATURE OF THE CONTRACT, HOWEVER, CERTAIN TECHNICAL WORDS OR TERMS ARE UNAVOIDABLE. WE HAVE IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING AS SOME OF THESE WORDS OR TERMS.

ACCUMULATION PHASE

The period that begins with the contract date (which we define below) and ends when you start receiving income payments, or earlier if the contract is terminated through a full withdrawal or payment of a death benefit.

ADJUSTED CONTRACT VALUE

When you begin receiving income payments, the value of your contract adjusted for any market value adjustment minus any charge we impose for premium taxes and withdrawal charges.

ANNUAL INCOME AMOUNT

Under the terms of the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, an amount that you can withdraw each year as long as the annuitant lives. The annual income amount is set initially as a percentage of the Protected Withdrawal Value, but will be adjusted to reflect subsequent purchase payments, withdrawals, and any step-up.

ANNUAL WITHDRAWAL AMOUNT

Under the terms of the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, an amount that you can withdraw each year as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value remaining. The Annual Withdrawal Amount is set initially to equal 7% of the initial Protected Withdrawal Value, but will be adjusted to reflect subsequent purchase payments, withdrawals, and any step-up.

ANNUITANT

The person whose life determines the amount of income payments that we will pay. If the annuitant dies before the annuity date, the co-annuitant (if any) becomes the annuitant if the contract's requirements for changing the annuity date are met. If, upon the death of the annuitant, there is no surviving eligible co-annuitant, and the owner is not the annuitant, then the owner becomes the annuitant.

ANNUITY DATE

The date when income payments are scheduled to begin. You must have our permission to change the annuity date. If the co-annuitant becomes the annuitant due to the death of the annuitant, and the co-annuitant is older than the annuitant, then the annuity date will be based on the age of the co-annuitant, provided that the contract's requirements for changing the annuity date are met (e.g., the co-annuitant cannot be older than a specified age). If the co-annuitant is younger than the annuitant, then the annuity date will remain unchanged.

BENEFICIARY

The person(s) or entity you have chosen to receive a death benefit.

BUSINESS DAY

A day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. Our business day generally ends at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time.

CO-ANNUITANT

The person shown on the contract data pages who becomes the annuitant (if eligible) upon the death of the annuitant if the contract's requirements for changing the annuity date are met. No co-annuitant may be designated if the owner is a non-natural person.

CONTRACT DATE

The date we accept your initial purchase payment and all necessary paperwork in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. Contract anniversaries are measured from the contract date. A contract year starts on the contract date or on a contract anniversary.

CONTRACT OWNER, OWNER, OR YOU

The person entitled to the ownership rights under the contract.

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PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

CONTRACT VALUE

This is the total value of your contract, equal to the sum of the values of your investment in each investment option you have chosen. Your contract value will go up or down based on the performance of the investment options you choose.

CONTRACT WITH CREDIT

A version of the annuity contract that provides for a bonus credit with each purchase payment that you make and has higher withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs, and may provide lower interest rates for fixed rate options than the Contract Without Credit.

CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT

A version of the annuity contract that does not provide a credit and has lower withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract With Credit.

CREDIT

If you choose the Contract With Credit, this is the bonus amount that we allocate to your account each time you make a purchase payment. The amount of the credit is a percentage of the purchase payment. Bonus credits generally are not recaptured once the free look period expires. Our reference in the preceding sentence to "generally are not recaptured" refers to the fact that we have the contractual right to deduct, from the death benefit we pay, the amount of any credit corresponding to a purchase payment made within one year of death.

DEATH BENEFIT

If a death benefit is payable, the beneficiary you designate will receive, at a minimum, the total invested purchase payments, reduced proportionally by withdrawals, or a potentially greater amount related to market appreciation. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit is available for an additional charge. See Section 4, "What Is The Death Benefit?"

DOLLAR COST AVERAGING FIXED RATE OPTION (DCA FIXED RATE OPTION)

An investment option that offers a fixed rate of interest for a selected period during which periodic transfers are automatically made to selected variable investment options or to the one-year fixed interest rate option.

FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTIONS

Investment options that offer a fixed rate of interest for either a one-year period (fixed rate option) or a selected period during which periodic transfers are made to selected variable investment options or to the one-year fixed rate option.

GOOD ORDER

An instruction received at the Prudential Annuity Service Center, utilizing such forms, signatures and dating as we require, which is sufficiently clear that we do not need to exercise any discretion to follow such instructions.

GUARANTEE PERIOD

A period of time during which your invested purchase payment in the market value adjustment option earns interest at the declared rate. We may offer one or more guarantee periods.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT (GMDB)

An optional feature available for an additional charge that guarantees that the death benefit that the beneficiary receives will be no less than a certain GMDB protected value.

GMDB PROTECTED VALUE

The amount guaranteed under the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, which equals the GMDB step-up value. The GMDB protected value will be subject to certain age restrictions and time durations, however, it will still increase by subsequent invested purchase payments and reduce proportionally by withdrawals.

GMDB STEP-UP

We use the GMDB step-up value to compute the GMDB protected value of the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit. Generally speaking, the GMDB step-up establishes a "high water mark" of protected value that we would pay upon death, even if the contract value has declined. For example, if the GMDB step-up were set at \$100,000 on a contract anniversary, and the contract value subsequently

GLOSSARY CONTINUED

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

declined to \$80,000 on the date of death, the GMDB step-up value would nonetheless remain \$100,000 (assuming no additional purchase payments or withdrawals).

GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT (GMIB)

An optional feature available for an additional charge that guarantees that the income payments you receive during the income phase will be no less than a certain GMIB protected value applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates.

GMIB PROTECTED VALUE

We use the GMIB protected value to calculate annuity payments should you annuitize under the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit.

The value is calculated daily and is equal to the GMIB roll-up, until the GMIB roll-up either reaches its cap or if we stop applying the annual interest rate based on the age of the annuitant, number of contract anniversaries or number of years since last GMIB reset. At such point, the GMIB protected value will be increased by any subsequent invested purchase payments, and any withdrawals will proportionally reduce the GMIB protected value. The GMIB protected value is not available as a cash surrender benefit or a death benefit, nor is it used to calculate the cash surrender value or death benefit.

GMIB RESET

You may elect to "step-up" or "reset" your GMIB protected value if your contract value is greater than the current GMIB protected value. Upon exercise of the

reset provision, your GMIB protected value will be reset to equal your current contract value. You are limited to two resets over the life of your contract, provided that certain annuitant age requirements are met.

GMIB ROLL-UP

We will use the GMIB roll-up value to compute the GMIB protected value of the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. The GMIB roll-up is equal to the invested purchase payments (after a reset, the contract value at the time of the reset) compounded daily at an effective annual interest rate starting on the date each invested purchase payment is made, subject to a cap, and reduced proportionally by withdrawals.

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT (IAB)

An optional feature that may be available for an additional charge that provides a supplemental living benefit based on earnings under the contract.

IAB AUTOMATIC WITHDRAWAL PAYMENT PROGRAM

A series of payments consisting of a portion of your contract value and Income Appreciator Benefit paid to you in equal installments over a 10 year period, which you may choose, if you elect to receive the Income Appreciator Benefit during the accumulation phase.

IAB CREDIT

An amount we add to your contract value that is credited in equal installments over a 10 year period, which you may choose, if you elect to receive the Income Appreciator Benefit during the accumulation phase.

INCOME OPTIONS

Options under the contract that define the frequency and duration of income payments. In your contract, we also refer to these as payout or annuity options.

INCOME PHASE

The period during which you receive income payments under the contract.

INVESTED PURCHASE PAYMENTS

Your purchase payments (which we define below) less any deduction we make for any tax charge.

JOINT OWNER

The person named as the joint owner, who shares ownership rights with the owner as defined in the contract.

LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT

An optional feature available for an additional charge that guarantees your ability to withdraw amounts equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (called the "Protected Withdrawal Value"), regardless of the impact of

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

PART I

market performance on your contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amount of withdrawals. There are two options -- one is designed to provide an annual withdrawal amount for life and the other is designed to provide a greater annual withdrawal amount (than the first option) as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT

An adjustment to your contract value or withdrawal proceeds that is based on the relationship between interest you are currently earning within the market value adjustment option and prevailing interest rates. This adjustment may be positive or negative.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT OPTION

Under the Contract Without Credit, this investment option may offer various guarantee periods and pays a fixed rate of interest with respect to each guarantee period. We impose a market value adjustment on withdrawals or transfers that you make from this option prior to the end of its guarantee period.

NET PURCHASE PAYMENTS

Your total purchase payments less any withdrawals you have made.

PROPORTIONAL WITHDRAWALS

A method that involves calculating the percentage of your contract value that each prior withdrawal represented when withdrawn. Proportional withdrawals result in a reduction to the applicable benefit value by reducing such value in the same proportion as the contract value was reduced by the withdrawal as of the date the withdrawal occurred.

PROTECTED WITHDRAWAL VALUE

Under the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, we guarantee an amount that you can withdraw each year until those annual withdrawals, when added together, reach an aggregate limit. We call that aggregate limit the Protected Withdrawal Value. Purchase payments and withdrawals you make will result in an adjustment to the Protected Withdrawal Value. In addition, you may elect to step-up your Protected Withdrawal Value under certain circumstances.

PRUDENTIAL ANNUITY SERVICE CENTER

For general correspondence: P.O. Box 7960, Philadelphia, PA 19176. For express overnight mail: 2101 Welsh Road, Dresher, PA 19025. The telephone number is (888) PRU-2888. Prudential's Web site is www.prudential.com.

PURCHASE PAYMENTS

The amount of money you pay us to purchase the contract. Generally, you can make additional purchase payments at any time during the accumulation phase.

SEPARATE ACCOUNT

Purchase payments allocated to the variable investment options are held by us in a separate account called the Pruco Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity Account. The separate account is set apart from all of the general assets of Pruco Life of New Jersey.

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

A document containing certain additional information about the Strategic Partners Plus 3 variable annuity. We have filed the Statement of Additional Information with the Securities and Exchange Commission and it is legally a part of this prospectus. To learn how to obtain a copy of the Statement of Additional Information, see the front cover of this prospectus.

TAX DEFERRAL

This is a way to increase your assets without currently being taxed. Generally, you do not pay taxes on your contract earnings until you take money out of your contract. You should be aware that tax favored plans (such as IRAs) already provide tax deferral regardless of whether they invest in annuity contracts. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?"

VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTION

When you choose a variable investment option, we purchase shares of the underlying mutual fund that are held as an investment for that option. We hold these shares in the separate account. The division of the separate account of Pruco Life of New Jersey that invests in a particular mutual fund is referred to in your contract as a subaccount.

SUMMARY FOR SECTIONS 1-11

FOR A MORE COMPLETE DISCUSSION OF THE FOLLOWING TOPICS, SEE THE CORRESPONDING SECTION IN PART II OF THE PROSPECTUS.

SECTION 1

WHAT IS THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 VARIABLE ANNUITY?

The Strategic Partners Plus 3 variable annuity is a contract between you, the owner, and us, the insurance company, Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey (Pruco Life of New Jersey, we or us). The contract allows you to invest on a tax-deferred basis in variable investment options, fixed interest rate options, and the market value adjustment option. The contract is intended for retirement savings or other long-term investment purposes and provides for a death benefit.

There are two basic versions of the Strategic Partners Plus 3 variable annuity.

Contract With Credit.

- - provides for a bonus credit that we add to each purchase payment that you make,
- - has higher withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract Without Credit,
- - may provide lower interest rates for fixed interest rate options than the Contract Without Credit, and
- - does not offer the market value adjustment option.

Contract Without Credit.

- - does not provide a credit,
- - has lower withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract With Credit.
- - may provide higher interest rates for fixed interest rate options than the Contract With Credit, and
- - offers the market value adjustment option.

The variable investment options available under the contract offer the opportunity for a favorable return. However, this is NOT guaranteed. It is possible, due to market changes, that your investments may decrease in value, including an investment in the Prudential Money Market Portfolio variable investment option.

The fixed interest rate options offer a guaranteed interest rate. While your money is allocated to one of these options, your principal amount will not decrease and we guarantee that your money will earn at least a minimum interest rate annually.

Under the market value adjustment option, while your money remains in the contract for the full guarantee period, your principal amount is guaranteed and the interest amount that your money will earn is guaranteed by us to be at least 3%.

You may make up to 12 free transfers each contract year among the investment options. Certain restrictions apply to transfers involving the fixed interest rate options.

The contract, like all deferred annuity contracts, has two phases: the accumulation phase and the income phase.

- - During the accumulation phase, any earnings grow on a tax-deferred basis and are generally only taxed as income when you make a withdrawal.
- - The income phase starts when you begin receiving regular payments from your contract.

The amount of money you are able to accumulate in your contract during the accumulation phase will help determine the amount you will receive during the income phase. Other factors will affect the amount of your payments, such as age, gender, and the payout option you select.

The contract offers a choice of income and death benefit options, which may also be available to you.

We may amend the contract as permitted by law. For example, we may add new features to the contract. Subject to applicable law, we determine whether or not to make such contract amendments available to contracts that already have been issued.

If you change your mind about owning Strategic Partners Plus 3, you may cancel your contract within 10 days after receiving it (or whatever period is required by applicable law). This time period is referred to as the "Free Look" period.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

SECTION 2

WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE?

You can invest your money in several variable investment options. The variable investment options are classified according to their investment style, and a brief description of each portfolio's investment objective and key policies is set forth in Section 2, to assist you in determining which portfolios may be of interest to you.

Depending upon market conditions, you may earn or lose money in any of these options. The value of your contract will fluctuate depending upon the performance of the underlying mutual fund portfolios used by the variable investment options that you choose. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.

You may also invest your money in fixed interest rate options or in a market value adjustment option.

SECTION 3

WHAT KIND OF PAYMENTS WILL I RECEIVE DURING THE INCOME PHASE? (ANNUITIZATION)

If you want to receive regular income from your annuity, you can choose one of several options, including guaranteed payments for the annuitant's lifetime. Generally, once you begin receiving regular payments, you cannot change your payment plan.

For an additional fee, you may also choose, if it is available under your contract, the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (GMIB). The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit provides that once the income period begins, your income payments will be no less than a value that is based on a certain "GMIB protected value" applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates. See Section 3, "What Kind Of Payments Will I Receive During The Income Phase?"

The Lifetime Five Income Benefit (discussed in Section 5) and the Income Appreciator Benefit (discussed in Section 6) each may provide an additional amount upon which your annuity payments are based.

SECTION 4

WHAT IS THE DEATH BENEFIT?

In general, if the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner dies before the income phase of the contract begins, the person(s) or entity that you have chosen as your beneficiary will receive, at a minimum, the greater of (i) the contract value, (ii) either the base death benefit or, for a higher insurance and administrative cost, a potentially larger Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit (GMDB).

The base death benefit equals the total invested purchase payments reduced proportionally by withdrawals. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit is equal to the "GMDB protected value" of the highest value of the contract on any contract anniversary, which we call the "GMDB step-up value".

On the date we receive proof of death in good order, in lieu of paying a death benefit, we will allow the surviving spouse to continue the contract by exercising the Spousal Continuance Benefit, if the conditions that we describe, in Section 4, are met.

SECTION 5
WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE(SM) INCOME BENEFIT?

The Lifetime Five Income Benefit is an optional feature that guarantees your ability to withdraw an amount equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (called the "Protected Withdrawal Value"), regardless of the impact of market performance on your contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amounts of withdrawals. There are two options -- one is designed to provide an annual withdrawal amount for life (the "Life Income Benefit"), and the other is designed to provide a greater annual withdrawal amount (than the first option), as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value (adjusted, as described in Section 5) (the "Withdrawal Benefit"). The annuitant must be at least 45 years old when the Lifetime Five Income Benefit is elected.

The charge for the Lifetime Five Income Benefit is a daily fee equal on an annual basis to 0.60% of the contract value allocated to the variable investment options. This charge is in addition to the charge for the applicable death benefit.

SECTION 6
WHAT IS THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT?

The Income Appreciator Benefit is an optional benefit, available for an additional charge, that provides an

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SUMMARY FOR SECTIONS 1-11 CONTINUED

- - - - -

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

PART I

additional income amount during the accumulation period or upon annuitization. The Income Appreciator Benefit is designed to provide you with additional funds that can be used to help defray the impact taxes may have on distributions from your contract. You can activate this benefit in one of three ways, as described in Section 6. Note, however, that the annuitization options within this benefit are limited.

SECTION 7
HOW CAN I PURCHASE A STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT?

You can purchase this contract under most circumstances with a minimum initial purchase payment of \$10,000. You must get our prior approval for any initial and additional purchase payment of \$1,000,000 or more, unless we are prohibited under applicable state law from insisting on such prior approval. Generally, you can make additional purchase payments of \$500 (\$100 if made through electronic funds transfer) or more at any time during the accumulation phase of the contract. Your representative can help you fill out the proper forms. The Contract With Credit provides for the allocation of a credit with each purchase payment.

You may purchase this contract only if the oldest of the owner, joint owner, annuitant, or co-annuitant is age 85 or younger on the contract date. In addition, certain age limits apply to certain features and benefits described herein.

SECTION 8
WHAT ARE THE EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT?

The contract has insurance features and investment features, both of which have related costs and charges.

- - Each year (or upon full surrender) we deduct a contract maintenance charge if

your contract value is less than \$75,000. This charge is currently equal to the lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value. We do not impose the contract maintenance charge if your contract value is \$75,000 or more.

- - For insurance and administrative costs, we also deduct a daily charge based on the average daily value of all assets allocated to the variable investment options, depending on the death benefit (or other) option that you choose. The daily cost is equivalent to an annual charge as follows:
 - 1.40% if you choose the base death benefit,
 - 1.65% if you choose the step-up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit option (i.e., 0.25% in addition to the base death benefit charge), or
 - 0.60% if you choose the Lifetime Five Income Benefit. This charge is in addition to the charge for the applicable death benefit.
- - We impose an additional insurance and administrative charge of 0.10% annually for the Contract With Credit.
- - We will deduct an additional charge if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. We deduct this annual charge from your contract value on the contract anniversary and upon certain other events. The charge for this benefit is equal to 0.50% for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (0.45% for all other contracts), of the average GMIB protected value.
- - We will deduct an additional charge if you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit. We deduct this charge from your contract value on the contract anniversary and upon certain other events. The charge for this benefit is based on an annual rate of 0.25% of your contract value.
- - There are also expenses associated with the mutual funds. For 2004, the fees of these funds ranged on an annual basis from 0.38% to 1.79% of fund assets, which were reduced by expense reimbursements or waivers to 0.38% to 1.30%. These reimbursements or waivers may be terminated at any time.
- - If you withdraw money less than seven contract anniversaries after making a purchase payment, then you may have to pay a withdrawal charge on all or part of the withdrawal. This charge ranges from 1-7% for the Contract Without Credit and 5-8% for the Contract With Credit.

For more information, including details about other possible charges under the contract, see "Summary Of Contract Expenses" and Section 8, "What Are The

Expenses Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?"

SECTION 9 HOW CAN I ACCESS MY MONEY?

You may withdraw money at any time during the accumulation phase. You may, however, be subject to income tax and, if you make a withdrawal prior to age 59 1/2, an additional tax penalty as well. For the Contract Without Credit, if you withdraw money less than seven contract anniversaries after making a purchase payment, we may impose a withdrawal charge ranging from 1-7%. For the Contract With Credit, we may impose a withdrawal charge ranging from 5-8%.

Under the market value adjustment option, you will be subject to a market value adjustment if you make a withdrawal or transfer from the option prior to the end of a guarantee period.

We offer an optional benefit, called the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, under which we guarantee that certain amounts will be available to you for withdrawal, regardless of market-related declines in your contract value. You need not participate in this benefit in order to withdraw some or all of your money. You also may access your Income Appreciator Benefit through withdrawals.

SECTION 10
WHAT ARE THE TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT?

Your earnings are generally not taxed until withdrawn. If you withdraw money during the accumulation phase, the tax laws treat the withdrawal as a withdrawal of earnings, which are taxed as ordinary income. If you are younger than age 59 1/2 when you take money out, you may be charged a 10% federal tax penalty on the earnings in addition to ordinary taxation. A portion of the payments you receive during the income phase is considered a partial return of your original investment and therefore will not be taxable as income. Generally, all amounts withdrawn from an Individual Retirement Annuity (IRA) contract (excluding Roth IRAs) are taxable and subject to the 10% penalty if withdrawn prior to age 59 1/2.

SECTION 11
OTHER INFORMATION

This contract is issued by Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey (Pruco Life of New Jersey), an indirect subsidiary of The Prudential Insurance Company of America, and sold by registered representatives of affiliated and unaffiliated broker/dealers.

RISK FACTORS

There are various risks associated with an investment in the market value adjustment option that we summarize below.

Issuer Risk. The market value adjustment option, fixed interest rate options, and the contract's other insurance features are available under a contract issued by Pruco Life of New Jersey, and thus backed by the financial strength of that company. If Pruco Life of New Jersey were to experience significant financial adversity, it is possible that Pruco Life of New Jersey's ability to pay interest and principal under the market value adjustment option and fixed interest rate options and to fulfill its insurance guarantees could be impaired.

Risks Related to Changing Interest Rates. You do not participate directly in the investment experience of the bonds and other instruments that Pruco Life of New Jersey holds to support the market value adjustment option. Nonetheless, the market value adjustment formula reflects the effect that prevailing interest rates have on those bonds and other instruments. If you need to withdraw your money prior to the end of a guarantee period and during a period in which prevailing interest rates have risen above their level when you made your purchase, you will experience a "negative" market value adjustment. When we impose this market value adjustment, it could result in the loss of both the interest you have earned and a portion of your purchase payments. Thus, before you commit to a particular guarantee period, you should consider carefully whether you have the ability to remain invested throughout the guarantee period. In addition, we cannot, of course, assure you that the market value adjustment option will perform better than another investment that you might have made.

SUMMARY FOR SECTIONS 1-11 CONTINUED

PART I	
STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY	

Risks Related to the Withdrawal Charge. We may impose withdrawal charges on amounts withdrawn from the market value adjustment option. If you anticipate needing to withdraw your money prior to the end of a guarantee period, you should be prepared to pay the withdrawal charge that we will impose.

PART I	
STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY	
SUMMARY OF CONTRACT EXPENSES	

THE PURPOSE OF THIS SUMMARY IS TO HELP YOU TO UNDERSTAND THE COSTS YOU WILL PAY FOR STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3. THE FOLLOWING TABLES DESCRIBE THE FEES AND EXPENSES THAT YOU WILL PAY WHEN BUYING, OWNING, AND SURRENDERING THE CONTRACT. THE FIRST TABLE DESCRIBES THE FEES AND EXPENSES THAT YOU WILL PAY AT THE TIME THAT YOU BUY THE CONTRACT, SURRENDER THE CONTRACT, OR TRANSFER CASH VALUE BETWEEN INVESTMENT OPTIONS.

For more detailed information, including additional information about current and maximum charges, see Section 8, "What Are The Expenses Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?" The individual fund prospectuses contain detailed expense information about the underlying mutual funds.

CONTRACT OWNER TRANSACTION EXPENSES

<Table> <Caption> WITHDRAWAL CHARGE(1)			

NUMBER OF CONTRACT ANNIVERSARIES SINCE PURCHASE PAYMENT		CONTRACT WITH CREDIT	CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT
-----		-----	-----
<S>		<C>	<C>
0		8%	7%
1		8%	6%
2		8%	5%
3		8%	4%
4		7%	3%
5		6%	2%
6		5%	1%
7		0%	0%
MAXIMUM TRANSFER FEE			

EACH TRANSFER AFTER 12(2)		\$30.00	

</Table>

1: Each contract year, you may withdraw a specified amount of your contract value without incurring a withdrawal charge. We will waive the withdrawal charge if we pay a death benefit or under certain other circumstances. See "Withdrawal Charge" in Section 8.

2: Currently, we charge \$25 for each transfer after the twelfth in a contract year. As shown in the table, we can increase that charge up to a maximum of \$30, but have no current intention to do so. We will not charge you for transfers made in connection with Dollar Cost Averaging and Auto-Rebalancing or transfers from the market value adjustment option at the end of a guarantee period, and do not count them toward the limit of 12 free transfers per year.

SUMMARY OF CONTRACT EXPENSES CONTINUED

PART I
STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The next table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay periodically during the time that you own the contract, not including underlying mutual fund fees and expenses.

PERIODIC ACCOUNT EXPENSES

<Table> <S>		
MAXIMUM CONTRACT MAINTENANCE CHARGE AND CONTRACT CHARGE UPON FULL WITHDRAWAL(3)		

		\$30.00
</Table>		

<Table>
 <Caption>
 INSURANCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES WITH THE INDICATED BENEFITS

 AS A PERCENTAGE OF ACCOUNT VALUE IN VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTIONS:

	CONTRACT WITH CREDIT -----	CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT -----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Base Death Benefit	1.50%	1.40%
Base Death Benefit with Lifetime Five Income Benefit	2.10%	2.00%
Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option--Step-Up	1.75%	1.65%
Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option--Step-Up with Lifetime Five Income Benefit	2.35%	2.25%

ANNUAL GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT CHARGE AND CHARGE
 UPON CERTAIN WITHDRAWALS(4) (for contracts sold on or after May 1,
 2004)

 AS A PERCENTAGE OF AVERAGE GMIB PROTECTED VALUE 0.50%
 ANNUAL INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT CHARGE AND CHARGE
 UPON CERTAIN WITHDRAWALS(5)

 AS A PERCENTAGE OF CONTRACT VALUE 0.25%

</Table>

3: Currently, we waive this fee if your contract value is greater than or equal to \$75,000. If your contract value is less than \$75,000, we currently charge the lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value. This is a single fee that we assess (a) annually or (b) upon full withdrawal made on a date other than a contract anniversary.

4: We impose this charge only if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. This charge is equal to 0.50% for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (0.45% for all other contracts), of the average GMIB protected value, which is calculated daily and generally is equal to the GMIB roll-up value. The fee is withdrawn from each variable investment option in the same proportion as the contract value allocated to that variable investment option represents to the total contract value in all variable investment options. Subject to certain age or duration restrictions, the roll-up value is the total of all invested purchase payments (after a reset, the contract value at the time of the reset) compounded daily at an effective annual rate of 5%, subject to a cap of 200% of all invested purchase payments. Withdrawals reduce both the roll-up value and the 200% cap. When the GMIB roll-up is increasing at an effective annual interest rate of 5%, the reduction is equal to the amount of the withdrawal for the first 5% of the roll-up value, calculated as of the latest contract anniversary (or contract date). The amount of the withdrawal in excess of 5% of the roll-up value further reduces the roll-up value and 200% cap proportionally to the additional reduction in contract value after the first 5% withdrawal occurs. We assess this fee each contract anniversary and when you begin the income phase of your contract. We also assess this fee if you make a full withdrawal, but prorate the fee based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted. If you make a partial withdrawal, we will assess the prorated fee if the remaining contract value after the withdrawal would be less than the amount of the prorated fee; otherwise we will not assess the fee at that time.

5: We impose this charge only if you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit. The charge for this benefit is based on an annual rate of 0.25% of your contract value. The Income Appreciator Benefit charge is calculated: on each contract anniversary, on the annuity date, upon the death of the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date, upon a full or partial withdrawal, and upon a subsequent purchase payment. The fee is based on the contract value at the time of the calculation, and is prorated based on the portion of the contract year since the date that the charge was last deducted. Although it may be calculated more often, it is deducted only: on each contract anniversary, on the annuity date, upon the death of the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date, upon a full withdrawal, and upon a partial withdrawal if the contract value remaining after such partial withdrawal is not enough to cover the then-applicable charge. With respect to full and partial withdrawals, we prorate the fee based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted. We reserve the right to calculate and deduct the fee more frequently than annually, such as quarterly.

TOTAL ANNUAL MUTUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

The next item shows the minimum and maximum total operating expenses (expenses that are deducted from underlying mutual fund assets, including management fees, distribution and/or service (12b-1) fees, and other expenses) charged by the underlying mutual funds that you may pay periodically during the time that you own the contract. More detail concerning each underlying mutual fund's fees and expenses is contained below and in the prospectus for each underlying mutual fund. The minimum and maximum total operating expenses depicted below are based on historical fund expenses for the year ended December 31, 2004. Fund expenses are not fixed or guaranteed by the Strategic Partners Plus 3 contract, and may vary from year to year.

<Table>
<Caption>

	Minimum	Maximum
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Total Annual Underlying Mutual Fund Operating Expenses	0.38%	1.79%

</Table>

* Actual expenses for the mutual funds were lower due to certain expense reimbursements or waivers. Expense reimbursements or waivers are voluntary and may be terminated at any time. The minimum and maximum expenses, with expense reimbursements were 0.38% and 1.30%, respectively.

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SUMMARY OF CONTRACT EXPENSES CONTINUED

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

PART I

<Table>
<Caption>

UNDERLYING MUTUAL FUND PORTFOLIO ANNUAL EXPENSES (AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2004)

AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE AVERAGE NET ASSETS OF THE UNDERLYING PORTFOLIOS

ANNUAL	MANAGEMENT	OTHER	12B-1 FEES	TOTAL
OPERATING	FEES	EXPENSES (1)		PORTFOLIO
EXPENSES				
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>

THE PRUDENTIAL SERIES FUND, INC.

Jennison Portfolio	0.60%	0.04%	None	0.64%
Prudential Equity Portfolio	0.45%	0.03%	None	0.48%
Prudential Global Portfolio	0.75%	0.09%	None	0.84%
Prudential Money Market Portfolio	0.40%	0.05%	None	0.45%
Prudential Stock Index Portfolio(2)	0.35%	0.03%	None	0.38%
Prudential Value Portfolio	0.40%	0.04%	None	0.44%
SP Aggressive Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio(3,4)	0.84%	0.11%	None	0.95%
SP AIM Aggressive Growth Portfolio(3,5)	0.95%	0.57%	None	1.52%
SP AIM Core Equity Portfolio(3)	0.85%	0.63%	None	1.48%
SP AllianceBernstein Large-Cap Growth Portfolio	0.90%	0.17%	None	1.07%
SP Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio(3,4)	0.76%	0.09%	None	0.85%
SP Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio(3,4)	0.72%	0.08%	None	0.80%
SP Davis Value Portfolio	0.75%	0.07%	None	0.82%
SP Goldman Sachs Small Cap Value Portfolio	0.90%	0.06%	None	0.96%
SP Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio(3,4)	0.81%	0.10%	None	0.91%
SP Large Cap Value Portfolio	0.80%	0.06%	None	0.86%
SP LSV International Value Portfolio (formerly SP Deutsche International Equity Portfolio)(3,6)	0.90%	0.33%	None	1.23%
SP MFS Capital Opportunities Portfolio(3,7)	0.75%	0.70%	None	1.45%
SP Mid Cap Growth Portfolio(3)	0.80%	0.26%	None	1.06%
SP PIMCO High Yield Portfolio	0.60%	0.08%	None	0.68%

SP PIMCO Total Return Portfolio	0.60%	0.05%	None	0.65%
SP Prudential U.S. Emerging Growth Portfolio	0.60%	0.18%	None	0.78%
SP Small-Cap Growth Portfolio (formerly SP State Street Research Small Company Growth Portfolio)(8)	0.95%	0.14%	None	1.09%
SP Strategic Partners Focused Growth Portfolio(3)	0.90%	0.38%	None	1.28%
SP Technology Portfolio(3,9)	1.15%	0.64%	None	1.79%
SP William Blair International Growth Portfolio	0.85%	0.17%	None	1.02%
AMERICAN SKANDIA TRUST(10)				

AST JPMorgan International Equity Portfolio	1.00%	0.13%	None	1.13%
AST MFS Global Equity Portfolio	1.00%	0.35%	None	1.35%
AST DeAm Small-Cap Growth Portfolio(11)	0.95%	0.22%	None	1.17%
AST Federated Aggressive Growth Portfolio	0.95%	0.24%	None	1.19%
AST Small-Cap Value Portfolio (formerly AST Gabelli Small-Cap Value Portfolio)(12)	0.90%	0.18%	None	1.08%
AST DeAm Small-Cap Value Portfolio(11)	0.95%	0.33%	None	1.28%
AST Goldman Sachs Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio(11)	1.00%	0.25%	None	1.25%
AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio(11)	0.90%	0.22%	None	1.12%
AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Value Portfolio(11)	0.90%	0.15%	None	1.05%
AST Alger All-Cap Growth Portfolio	0.95%	0.22%	None	1.17%
AST Gabelli All-Cap Value Portfolio	0.95%	0.26%	None	1.21%
AST T. Rowe Price Natural Resources Portfolio	0.90%	0.26%	None	1.16%
AST MFS Growth Portfolio(11)	0.90%	0.20%	None	1.10%
AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio(11)	0.90%	0.14%	None	1.04%
AST Goldman Sachs Concentrated Growth Portfolio(11)	0.90%	0.17%	None	1.07%
AST DeAm Large-Cap Value Portfolio(11)	0.85%	0.26%	None	1.11%
AST AllianceBernstein Growth + Value Portfolio	0.90%	0.32%	None	1.22%
AST AllianceBernstein Core Value Portfolio (formerly AST Sanford Bernstein Core Value Portfolio)(13)	0.75%	0.24%	None	0.99%
AST Cohen & Steers Realty Portfolio(11)	1.00%	0.22%	None	1.22%
AST AllianceBernstein Managed Index 500 Portfolio (formerly AST Sanford Bernstein Managed Index 500 Portfolio)(14)	0.60%	0.17%	None	0.77%
AST American Century Income & Growth Portfolio	0.75%	0.24%	None	0.99%

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

<Table>
<Caption>
UNDERLYING MUTUAL FUND PORTFOLIO ANNUAL EXPENSES (AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2004)

AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE AVERAGE NET ASSETS OF THE UNDERLYING PORTFOLIOS

ANNUAL OPERATING EXPENSES <S>	MANAGEMENT FEES <C>	OTHER EXPENSES (1) <C>	TOTAL PORTFOLIO 12B-1 FEES <C>	
AST AllianceBernstein Growth & Income Portfolio(11)	0.75%	0.15%	None	0.90%
AST Hotchkis & Wiley Large-Cap Value Portfolio(11)	0.75%	0.19%	None	0.94%
AST Global Allocation Portfolio (formerly AST DeAM Global Allocation Portfolio)(15)	0.89%	0.26%	None	1.15%
AST American Century Strategic Balanced Portfolio(11)	0.85%	0.27%	None	1.12%
AST T. Rowe Price Asset Allocation Portfolio(11)	0.85%	0.27%	None	1.12%
AST T. Rowe Price Global Bond Portfolio	0.80%	0.27%	None	1.07%
AST Goldman Sachs High Yield Portfolio	0.75%	0.18%	None	0.93%
AST Lord Abbett Bond-Debenture Portfolio(11)	0.80%	0.22%	None	1.02%
AST PIMCO Limited Maturity Bond Portfolio(11)	0.65%	0.17%	None	0.82%
EVERGREEN VARIABLE ANNUITY TRUST:				

Evergreen VA Balanced Fund (formerly Evergreen VA Foundation Fund)(16)	0.33%	0.17%	None	0.50%
Evergreen VA Fund(17)	0.61%	0.16%	None	0.77%
Evergreen Fundamental Large Cap Fund (formerly Evergreen VA Growth and Income Fund)(18)	0.56%	0.16%	None	0.72%
Evergreen VA Growth Fund	0.70%	0.26%	None	0.96%
Evergreen VA International Equity Fund	0.42%	0.30%	None	0.72%
Evergreen VA Omega Fund	0.52%	0.16%	None	0.68%

Evergreen VA Special Values Fund	0.79%	0.18%	None	0.97%
GARTMORE VARIABLE INVESTMENT TRUST				

GVIT Developing Markets Fund(19)	1.15%	0.38%	0.25%	1.78%
JANUS ASPEN SERIES				

Large Cap Growth Portfolio -- Service Shares (formerly Growth Portfolio -- Service Shares)(19,20)	0.64%	0.02%	0.25%	0.91%

1. As noted above, shares of the Portfolios generally are purchased through variable insurance products. Some of the Portfolios and/or their investment advisers and/or distributors have entered into arrangements with us as the issuer of the contract under which they compensate us for providing ongoing services in lieu of the Series and/or Trust providing such services. Amounts paid by a Portfolio under those arrangements are included under "Other Expenses."

2. Effective July 1, 2004, Quantitative Management Associates LLC became the Sub-adviser of the Portfolio. Prior to July 1, 2004, Prudential Investments LLC served as Sub-adviser of the Portfolio.

3. The Portfolios' total actual annual operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2004 were less than the amount shown in the table due to fee waivers, reimbursement of expenses, and expense offset arrangements. These expense reimbursements are voluntary and may be terminated by Prudential Investments LLC at any time. After accounting for the expense reimbursements, the Portfolios' actual annual operating expenses were:

<Table>
<Caption>

PORTFOLIO NAME	TOTAL ACTUAL ANNUAL PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES AFTER EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT
<S>	<C>
SP Aggressive Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio	0.94%
SP AIM Aggressive Growth Portfolio	1.07%
SP AIM Core Equity Portfolio	1.00%
SP Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio	0.84%
SP Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio	0.79%
SP Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio	0.90%

<Table>
<Caption>

PORTFOLIO NAME	TOTAL ACTUAL ANNUAL PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES AFTER EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT
<S>	<C>
SP LSV International Value Portfolio	1.10%
SP MFS Capital Opportunities Portfolio	1.00%
SP Mid Cap Growth Portfolio	1.00%
SP Strategic Partners Focused Growth Portfolio	1.01%
SP Technology Portfolio	1.30%

4. Each asset allocation portfolio invests in a combination of underlying portfolios of The Prudential Series Fund, Inc. The total expenses for each asset allocation portfolio are calculated as a blend of the fees of the underlying portfolios, plus a 0.05% advisory fee payable to the investment adviser, Prudential Investments LLC. The 0.05% advisory fee is included in the amount of each investment advisory fee set forth in the table above.

5. The Portfolio was merged into the SP Mid Cap Growth Portfolio on April 29, 2005.
6. Effective November 19, 2004, LSV Asset Management became Sub-adviser of the Portfolio. Prior to November 19, 2004, Deutsche Asset Management, Inc. served as Sub-adviser of the Portfolio, then named "SP Deutsche International Equity Portfolio."
7. The Portfolio was merged into the Prudential Equity Portfolio on April 29, 2005.
8. Effective May 1, 2005, Neuberger Berman Asset Management Inc. and Eagle Asset Management became Sub-advisers of the Portfolio. Previously, State Street Research and Management Company served as Sub-adviser of the Portfolio, then named "SP State Street Research Small Cap Growth Portfolio."
9. The Portfolio was merged into the SP Prudential U.S. Emerging Growth Portfolio on April 29, 2005.
10. Until November 18, 2004, the Trust had a Distribution Plan under Rule 12b-1 to permit an affiliate of the Trust's investment managers to receive brokerage commissions in connection with purchases and sales of securities held by the Portfolios, and to use these commissions to promote the sale of shares of the Portfolio. The Distribution Plan was terminated effective November 18, 2004. The Total Annual Portfolio Operating Expenses do not reflect any brokerage commissions paid pursuant to the Distribution Plan prior to the Plan's termination.

SUMMARY OF CONTRACT EXPENSES CONTINUED

- - - - -

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

11. The Portfolios' total actual annual operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2004 were less than the amount shown in the table due to fee waivers, reimbursement of expenses and expense offset arrangements. These waivers, reimbursements, and offset arrangements are voluntary and may be terminated by American Skandia Investment Services, Inc. and Prudential Investments LLC at any time. After accounting for the waivers, reimbursements and offset arrangements, the Portfolios' actual annual operating expenses were:

<Table>
<Caption>

PORTFOLIO NAME	TOTAL ACTUAL ANNUAL PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES AFTER EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT
<S>	<C>
AST DeAm Small-Cap Growth Portfolio	1.02%
AST DeAm Small-Cap Value Portfolio	1.13%
AST Goldman Sachs Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio	1.13%
AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio	1.11%
AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Value Portfolio	1.04%
AST MFS Growth Portfolio	1.07%
AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio	1.02%
AST Goldman Sachs Concentrated Growth Portfolio	1.00%

</Table>

<Table>

<Caption>

PORTFOLIO NAME	TOTAL ACTUAL ANNUAL
	PORTFOLIO OPERATING EXPENSES AFTER EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENT
<S>	<C>
AST DeAm Large-Cap Value Portfolio	0.99%
AST Cohen & Steers Realty Portfolio	1.11%
AST AllianceBernstein Growth & Income Portfolio	0.87%
AST Hotchkis & Wiley Large-Cap Value Portfolio	0.90%
AST American Century Strategic Balanced Portfolio	1.09%
AST T. Rowe Price Asset Allocation Portfolio	1.07%
AST Lord Abbett Bond-Debenture Portfolio	0.97%
AST PIMCO Limited Maturity Bond Portfolio	0.79%

</Table>

12. Effective November 18, 2004, Integrity Asset Management, Lee Munder Capital Group, and J.P. Morgan Fleming Asset Management became Sub-advisers of the Portfolio. Prior to November 18, 2004, GAMCO Investors, Inc. served as Sub-adviser of the Portfolio, then named "AST Gabelli Small-Cap Value Portfolio."

13. Effective May 1, 2005, Alliance Capital Management, L.P. became Sub-adviser of the Portfolio. Prior to May 1, 2005, Sanford C. Bernstein & Co., LLC served as Sub-adviser of the Portfolio, then named "AST Sanford Bernstein Core Value Portfolio."

14. Effective May 1, 2005, Alliance Capital Management, L.P. became Sub-adviser of the Portfolio. Prior to May 1, 2005, Sanford C. Bernstein & Co., LLC served as Sub-adviser of the Portfolio, then named "AST Sanford Bernstein Managed Index 500 Portfolio."

15. (a) The AST Global Allocation Portfolio invests primarily in shares of other AST Portfolios (the "Underlying Portfolios"). The only management fee directly paid by the Portfolio is a 0.10% fee paid to Prudential Investments LLC and American Skandia Investment Services, Inc. The management fee shown in the chart for the Portfolio is (i) that 0.10% management fee paid by the Portfolio plus (ii) an estimate of the management fees paid by the Underlying Portfolios, which are borne indirectly by investors in the Portfolio. The estimate was calculated based on the percentage of the Portfolio invested in each Underlying Portfolio as of December 31, 2004 using the management fee rates shown in the chart above.

(b) The expense information shown in the chart for the Portfolio reflects (i) the expenses of the Portfolio itself plus (ii) an estimate of the expenses paid by the Underlying Portfolios, which are borne indirectly by investors in the Portfolio. The estimate was calculated based on the percentage of the Portfolio invested in each Underlying Portfolio as of December 31, 2004 using the expense rates for the Underlying Portfolios shown in the above chart.

(c) Effective May 1, 2005, Prudential Investments, LLC became Sub-adviser of the Portfolio. Prior to May 1, 2005, Deutsche Asset Management, Inc. served as Sub-adviser of the Portfolio, then named "AST DeAM Global Allocation Portfolio."

16. Effective April 18, 2005, the name of the Fund was changed from "Evergreen VA Foundation Fund" to "Evergreen VA Balanced Fund."

17. The Fund was merged into the Evergreen VA Growth and Income Fund on April 15, 2005.

18. Effective April 18, 2005, the name of the Fund was changed from "Evergreen VA Growth and Income Fund" to "Evergreen VA Fundamental Large Cap Fund."

19. Because the 12b-1 fee is charged as an ongoing fee, over time the fee will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

20. Effective May 1, 2005, the name of the Portfolio was changed from "Growth Portfolio -- Service Shares" to "Large Cap Growth Portfolio -- Service Shares."

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

EXPENSE EXAMPLES

THESE EXAMPLES ARE INTENDED TO HELP YOU COMPARE THE COST OF INVESTING IN THE CONTRACT WITH THE COST OF INVESTING IN OTHER VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACTS. THESE COSTS INCLUDE CONTRACT OWNER TRANSACTION EXPENSES, CONTRACT FEES, SEPARATE ACCOUNT ANNUAL EXPENSES, AND UNDERLYING MUTUAL FUND FEES AND EXPENSES.

THE EXAMPLES ASSUME THAT YOU INVEST \$10,000 IN THE CONTRACT FOR THE TIME PERIODS INDICATED. THE EXAMPLES ALSO ASSUME THAT YOUR INVESTMENT HAS A 5% RETURN EACH YEAR AND ASSUME THE MAXIMUM FEES AND EXPENSES OF ANY OF THE MUTUAL FUNDS, WHICH DO NOT REFLECT ANY EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENTS OR WAIVERS. ALTHOUGH YOUR ACTUAL COSTS MAY BE HIGHER OR LOWER, BASED ON THESE ASSUMPTIONS, YOUR COSTS WOULD BE AS INDICATED IN THE TABLES THAT FOLLOW.

EXAMPLE 1a: Contract With Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example assumes that:

- You invest \$10,000 in the Contract With Credit,
- You choose the Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit,
- You choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004),
- You choose the Income Appreciator Benefit,
- You allocate all of your assets to the variable investment option having the maximum total operating expenses,
- The investment has a 5% return each year,
- The mutual fund's total operating expenses remain the same each year, and
- You withdraw all your assets at the end of the indicated period.

EXAMPLE 1b: Contract With Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 1a except that it assumes that you do not withdraw any of your assets at the end of the indicated period.

EXPENSE EXAMPLES CONTINUED

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

EXAMPLE 2a: Contract With Credit: Base Death Benefit, and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example assumes that:

- You invest \$10,000 in the Contract With Credit,
- You do not choose any optional insurance benefit,
- You allocate all of your assets to the variable investment option having the maximum total operating expenses,

- - The investment has a 5% return each year,
- - The mutual fund's total operating expenses remain the same each year, and
- - You withdraw all your assets at the end of the indicated period.

EXAMPLE 2b: Contract With Credit: Base Death Benefit, and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 2a except that it assumes that you do not withdraw any of your assets at the end of the indicated period.

EXAMPLE 3a: Contract Without Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 1a except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

EXAMPLE 3b: Contract Without Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 1b except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

EXAMPLE 4a: Contract Without Credit: Base Death Benefit; and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 2a except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

EXAMPLE 4b: Contract Without Credit: Base Death Benefit; and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 2b except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

NOTES FOR EXPENSE EXAMPLES:

THESE EXAMPLES SHOULD NOT BE CONSIDERED A REPRESENTATION OF PAST OR FUTURE EXPENSES. ACTUAL EXPENSES MAY BE GREATER OR LESS THAN THOSE SHOWN.

Note that withdrawal charges (which are reflected in Examples 1a, 2a, 3a and 4a) are assessed in connection with some annuity options, but not others.

The values shown in the 10 year column are the same for Example 1a and 1b, 2a and 2b, 3a and 3b, and 4a and 4b. This is because if 10 years have elapsed since your last purchase payment, we would no longer deduct withdrawal charges when you make a withdrawal.

The examples use an average contract maintenance charge, which we calculated based on our estimate of the total contract fees we expect to collect in 2005. Based on these estimates, the contract maintenance charge is included as an annual charge of 0.024% of contract value. Your actual fees will vary based on the amount of your contract and your specific allocation among the investment options.

A table of accumulation unit values appears in Appendix A to this prospectus.

<Table>
<Caption>
CONTRACT WITH CREDIT: STEP-UP GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION,
GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT, INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

EXAMPLE 1a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS				EXAMPLE 1b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<S> <C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$1,202	\$2,112	\$2,940	\$4,643	\$450	\$1,360	\$2,282	\$4,643

</Table>

<Table>
<Caption>
CONTRACT WITH CREDIT: BASE DEATH BENEFIT

EXAMPLE 2a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS				EXAMPLE 2b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<S> <C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$1,100	\$1,812	\$2,455	\$3,751	\$348	\$1,060	\$1,797	\$3,751

<Table>
<Caption>
CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT: STEP-UP GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION,
GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT, INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

EXAMPLE 3a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS				EXAMPLE 3b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<S> <C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$1,053	\$1,729	\$2,419	\$4,383	\$423	\$1,279	\$2,149	\$4,383

<Table>
<Caption>
CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT: BASE DEATH BENEFIT

EXAMPLE 4a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS				EXAMPLE 4b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<S> <C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$ 954	\$1,440	\$1,950	\$3,516	\$324	\$ 990	\$1,680	\$3,516

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PART II SECTIONS 1-11

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

1:
WHAT IS THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3

VARIABLE ANNUITY?

THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 VARIABLE ANNUITY IS A CONTRACT BETWEEN YOU, THE OWNER, AND US, PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY (PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY, WE OR US).

Under our contract, in exchange for your payment to us, we promise to pay you a guaranteed income stream that can begin any time on or after the first contract anniversary. Your annuity is in the accumulation phase until you decide to begin receiving annuity payments. The date you begin receiving annuity payments is the annuity date. On the annuity date, your contract switches to the income phase.

This annuity contract benefits from tax deferral. Tax deferral means that you are not taxed on earnings or appreciation on the assets in your contract until you withdraw money from your contract. (If you purchase the annuity contract in a tax-favored plan such as an IRA, that plan generally provides tax deferral even without investing in an annuity contract. Therefore, before purchasing an annuity in a tax-favored plan, you should consider whether its features and benefits beyond tax deferral meet your needs and goals. You may also want to consider the relative features, benefits and costs of these annuities compared with any other investment that you may use in connection with your retirement plan or arrangement.)

There are two basic versions of Strategic Partners Plus 3 variable annuity.

Contract With Credit.

- provides for a bonus credit that we add to each purchase payment that you make,
- has higher withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract Without Credit,
- may provide a lower interest rate for the fixed interest rate options than the Contract Without Credit, and
- does not offer the market value adjustment option.

Contract Without Credit.

- does not provide a credit,
- has lower withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract With Credit,
- may provide a higher interest rate for the fixed interest rate options than the Contract With Credit, and
- offers the market value adjustment option.

Unless we state otherwise, when we use the word contract, it applies to both versions.

Because of the higher withdrawal charges, if you choose the Contract With Credit and you withdraw a purchase payment, depending upon the performance of the investment options you choose, you may be worse off than if you had chosen the Contract Without Credit. We do not recommend purchase of either version of Strategic Partners Plus 3 if you anticipate having to withdraw a significant amount of your purchase payments within a few years of making those purchase payments.

Strategic Partners Plus 3 is a variable annuity contract. During the accumulation phase, you can allocate your assets among the variable investment options, guaranteed fixed interest rate options and a market value adjustment option. The market value adjustment option is only available in the Contract Without Credit. If you select variable investment options, the amount of money you are able to accumulate in your contract during the accumulation phase depends upon the investment performance of the underlying mutual fund(s) associated with that variable investment option.

Because the underlying mutual funds' portfolios fluctuate in value depending upon market conditions, your contract value can either increase or decrease. This is important, since the amount of the annuity payments you receive during the income phase depends upon the value of your contract at the time you begin receiving payments.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

As the owner of the contract, you have all of the decision-making rights under the contract. You will also be the annuitant unless you designate someone else. The annuitant is the person whose life is used to determine how much and how long (if applicable) the annuity payments will continue once the annuity phase begins. On or after the annuity date, the annuitant may not be changed.

The beneficiary is the person(s) or entity you designate to receive any death benefit. You may change the beneficiary any time prior to the annuity date by making a written request to us.

SHORT TERM CANCELLATION RIGHT OR "FREE LOOK"

If you change your mind about owning Strategic Partners Plus 3, you may cancel your contract within 10 days after receiving it (or whatever period is required by applicable law). You can request a refund by returning the contract either to the representative who sold it to you, or to the Prudential Annuity Service Center at the address shown on the first page of this prospectus. You will receive a refund equal to your contract value (plus the amount of any fees or other charges) as of the date you surrendered your contract.

If you have purchased the Contract With Credit, we will deduct any credit we had added to your contract value.

2: WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS

CAN I CHOOSE?

THE CONTRACT GIVES YOU THE CHOICE OF ALLOCATING YOUR PURCHASE PAYMENTS TO ANY OF THE VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTIONS, FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTIONS, AND A MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT OPTION.

The variable investment options invest in underlying mutual funds managed by leading investment advisers. These underlying mutual funds may sell their shares to both variable annuity and variable life separate accounts of different insurance companies, which could create the kinds of risk that are described in more detail in the current prospectus for the underlying mutual fund. The current prospectuses for the underlying mutual funds also contain other important information about the mutual funds. When you invest in a variable investment option that is funded by a mutual fund, you should read the mutual fund prospectus and keep it for future reference.

VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTIONS

The following chart classifies each of the portfolios based on our assessment of their investment style (as of the date of this prospectus). The chart also provides a description of each portfolio's investment objective and a short, summary description of their key policies to assist you in determining which portfolios may be of interest to you. There is no guarantee that any portfolio will meet its investment objective. The name of the adviser/subadviser for each portfolio appears next to the description.

The Jennison Portfolio, Prudential Equity Portfolio, Prudential Global Portfolio, Prudential Money Market Portfolio, Prudential Stock Index Portfolio, Prudential Value Portfolio, and each "SP" Portfolio of the Prudential Series Fund, are managed by an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial, Inc. called Prudential Investments LLC (PI) under a "manager-of-managers" approach. The SP Aggressive Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio, SP Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio, SP Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio, and SP Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio invest in other Prudential Series Fund Portfolios, and are managed by PI.

Under the manager-of-managers approach, PI has the ability to assign subadvisers to manage specific portions of a portfolio, and the portion managed by a subadviser may vary from 0% to 100% of the portfolio's assets. The subadvisers that manage some or all of a Prudential Series Fund portfolio are listed on the following chart.

The portfolios of the American Skandia Trust are co-managed by PI and American Skandia Investment Services, Incorporated, also under a manager-of-managers approach. American Skandia Investment Services, Incorporated is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial, Inc.

A fund or portfolio may have a similar name or an investment objective and investment policies resembling those of a mutual fund managed by the same investment adviser that is sold directly to the public. Despite such similarities, there can be no assurance that the investment performance of any such fund or portfolio will resemble that of the publicly available mutual fund.

Pruco Life of New Jersey has entered into agreements with certain underlying portfolios and/or the investment adviser or distributor of such portfolios. Pruco Life of New Jersey may provide administrative and support services to such portfolios pursuant to the terms of these agreements and under which it receives a fee of up to 0.55% annually (as of May 2, 2005) of the average assets allocated to the portfolio under the contract. These agreements, including the fees paid and services provided, can vary for each underlying mutual fund whose portfolios are offered as sub-accounts.

As detailed in the Prudential Series Fund prospectus, although the Prudential Money Market Portfolio is designed to be a stable investment option, it is possible to lose money in that portfolio. For example, when prevailing short-term interest rates are very low, the yield on the Prudential Money Market Portfolio may be so low that, when separate account and contract charges are deducted, you experience a negative return.

PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>
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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> LARGE CAP GROWTH	<C> JENNISON PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio invests primarily in equity securities of major, established corporations that the Sub-adviser believes offer above-average growth prospects.	<C> Jennison Associates LLC
LARGE CAP BLEND	PRUDENTIAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO (SP MFS CAPITAL OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO MERGED INTO THIS PORTFOLIO): seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio invests at least 80% of its investable assets in common stocks of major established corporations as well as smaller companies that the Sub-advisers believe offer attractive prospects of appreciation.	GE Asset Management, Incorporated; Jennison Associates LLC; Salomon Brothers Asset Management Inc.
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	PRUDENTIAL GLOBAL PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks (and their equivalents) of foreign and U.S. companies.	Jennison Associates LLC
FIXED INCOME	PRUDENTIAL MONEY MARKET PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum current income consistent with the stability of capital and the maintenance of liquidity.	Prudential Investment Management, Inc.
LARGE CAP BLEND	PRUDENTIAL STOCK INDEX PORTFOLIO: seeks investment results that generally correspond to the performance of publicly-traded common stocks. With the price and yield performance of the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Stock Price Index (S&P(R) 500) as the benchmark, the Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in S&P 500 stocks.	Quantitative Management Associates LLC
LARGE CAP VALUE	PRUDENTIAL VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks capital appreciation. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks that the Sub-adviser believes are undervalued -- those stocks that are trading below their underlying asset value, cash generating ability and overall earnings and earnings growth.	Jennison Associates LLC
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	SP AGGRESSIVE GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks capital appreciation. The Portfolio seeks to achieve this investment objective by investing in several other Prudential Series Fund Portfolios, which currently consist of domestic equity Portfolios and international equity Portfolios.	Prudential Investments LLC
LARGE CAP BLEND	SP AIM CORE EQUITY PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in equity securities, including convertible securities of established companies that have long-term above-average growth in earnings and growth companies that the Sub-adviser believes have the potential for above-average growth in earnings.	A I M Capital Management, Inc.

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PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> LARGE CAP GROWTH	<C> SP ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN LARGE-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio invests at least 80% of its total assets in the equity securities of a limited number of large, carefully selected, high-quality U.S. companies that are judged likely to achieve superior earnings growth. Normally, about 40-60 companies will be represented in the Portfolio, with the 25 companies most highly regarded by the Sub-adviser usually constituting approximately 70% of the Portfolio's net assets.	<C> Alliance Capital Management, L.P.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	SP BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with the specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio seeks to provide a balance between current income and growth of capital by investing in several other Prudential Series Fund Portfolios, which currently consist of fixed income Portfolios, domestic equity Portfolios, and international equity Portfolios.	Prudential Investments LLC
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	SP CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with the specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio seeks to provide current income with low to moderate capital appreciation by investing in several other Prudential Series Fund Portfolios, which currently consist of fixed income Portfolios, domestic equity Portfolios, and international equity Portfolios.	Prudential Investments LLC
LARGE CAP VALUE	SP DAVIS VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks growth of capital. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks of U.S. companies with market capitalizations of at least \$5 billion. It may also invest in stocks of foreign companies and U.S. companies with smaller capitalizations.	Davis Advisors
SMALL CAP VALUE	SP GOLDMAN SACHS SMALL CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital appreciation. The Portfolio will seek its objective through investments primarily in equity securities that are believed to be undervalued in the marketplace. The Portfolio primarily seeks companies that are small-sized, based on the value of their outstanding stock.	Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	SP GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with the specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio seeks to provide long-term growth of capital with consideration also given to current income by investing in several other Prudential Series Fund Portfolios, which currently consist of domestic equity Portfolios, fixed income Portfolios, and international equity Portfolios.	Prudential Investments LLC
LARGE CAP VALUE	SP LARGE CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in common stocks and securities convertible into common stock of companies that are believed to be undervalued and have an above-average potential to increase in price, given the company's sales, earnings, book value, cash flow and recent performance. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective through investments primarily in equity securities of large capitalization companies.	Hotchkis and Wiley Capital Management LLC; J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc.

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PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	SP LSV INTERNATIONAL VALUE PORTFOLIO (FORMERLY SP DEUTSCHE INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO): seeks capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its objective by primarily investing at least 80% of the value of its assets in the equity securities of companies in developed non-U.S. countries that are represented in the MSCI EAFE Index.	LSV Asset Management
MID CAP GROWTH	SP MID CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO (SP AIM AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO MERGED INTO THIS PORTFOLIO): seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in common stocks and related securities, such as preferred stocks, convertible securities and depositary receipts for those securities. These securities typically are of medium market capitalizations, which the subadviser believes have above-average growth potential.	Calamos Advisors LLC
FIXED INCOME	SP PIMCO HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management. The Portfolio will invest in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities of varying maturities. The average portfolio duration of the Portfolio generally will vary within a three-to six-year time frame based on the Sub-adviser's forecast for interest rates.	Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)
FIXED INCOME	SP PIMCO TOTAL RETURN PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management. The Portfolio will invest in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities of varying maturities. The average portfolio duration of the Portfolio generally will vary within a three-to six-year time frame based on the Sub-adviser's forecast for interest rates.	Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)
MID CAP GROWTH	SP PRUDENTIAL U.S. EMERGING GROWTH PORTFOLIO (SP TECHNOLOGY PORTFOLIO MERGED INTO THIS PORTFOLIO): seeks long-term capital appreciation. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in equity securities of small and medium sized U.S. companies that the Sub-adviser believes have the potential for above-average earnings growth.	Jennison Associates LLC
SMALL CAP GROWTH	SP SMALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO (FORMERLY SP STATE STREET RESEARCH SMALL COMPANY GROWTH PORTFOLIO): seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its objective by primarily investing in the common stocks of small-capitalization companies.	Neuberger Berman Asset Management Inc.; Eagle Asset Management
LARGE CAP GROWTH	SP STRATEGIC PARTNERS FOCUSED GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests at least 65% of total assets in equity-related securities of U.S. companies that the Sub-advisers believe to have strong capital appreciation potential. The Portfolio's strategy is to combine the efforts of two subadvisers and to invest in the favorite stock selection ideas of three portfolio managers (two of whom invest as a team).	Alliance Capital Management, L.P.; Jennison Associates LLC

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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	SP WILLIAM BLAIR INTERNATIONAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio invests primarily in equity-related securities of foreign issuers that the Sub-adviser thinks will increase in value over a period of years. The Portfolio invests primarily in the common stock of large and medium-sized foreign companies. Under normal circumstances, the Portfolio invests at least 65% of its total assets in common stock of foreign companies operating or based in at least five different countries.	William Blair & Company, LLC
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	AST JPMORGAN INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth by investing in a diversified portfolio of international equity securities. The Portfolio seeks to meet its objective by investing, under normal market conditions, at least 80% of its assets in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of companies located or operating in developed non-U.S. countries and emerging markets of the world.	J.P. Morgan Fleming Asset Management
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	AST MFS GLOBAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. Under normal circumstances the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its assets in equity securities of U.S. and foreign issuers (including issuers in developing countries). The Portfolio generally seeks to purchase securities of companies with relatively large market capitalizations relative to the market in which they are traded.	Massachusetts Financial Services Company
SMALL CAP GROWTH	AST DEAM SMALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum growth of investors' capital from a portfolio of growth stocks of smaller companies. The Portfolio pursues its objective, under normal circumstances, by primarily investing at least 80% of its total assets in the equity securities of small-sized companies included in the Russell 2000 Growth(R) Index.	Deutsche Asset Management, Inc.
SMALL CAP GROWTH	AST FEDERATED AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its investment objective by investing primarily in the stocks of small companies that are traded on national security exchanges, the NASDAQ stock exchange and the over-the-counter-market.	Federated Equity Management Company of Pennsylvania/ Federated Global Investment Management Corp.
SMALL CAP VALUE	AST SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO (FORMERLY AST GABELLI SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO): seeks to provide long-term capital growth by investing primarily in small-capitalization stocks that appear to be undervalued. The Portfolio will have a non-fundamental policy to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of its assets in small capitalization companies.	Integrity Asset Management; Lee Munder Capital Group; J.P. Morgan Fleming Asset Management
SMALL CAP VALUE	AST DEAM SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum growth of investors' capital. The Portfolio pursues its objective, under normal market conditions, by primarily investing at least 80% of its total assets in the equity securities of small-sized companies included in the Russell 2000(R) Value Index.	Deutsche Asset Management, Inc.

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PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> MID-CAP GROWTH	<C> AST GOLDMAN SACHS MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its investment objective by investing primarily in equity securities selected for their growth potential, and normally invests at least 80% of the value of its assets in medium capitalization companies.	<C> Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.
MID-CAP GROWTH	AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio primarily invests at least 80% of its net assets in the common stocks of mid-cap companies. The Sub-adviser looks for fast-growing companies that are in new or rapidly evolving industries.	Neuberger Berman Management Inc.
MID-CAP VALUE	AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio primarily invests at least 80% of its net assets in the common stocks of mid-cap companies. Under the Portfolio's value-oriented investment approach, the Sub-adviser looks for well-managed companies whose stock prices are undervalued and that may rise in price before other investors realize their worth.	Neuberger Berman Management Inc.
SPECIALTY	AST ALGER ALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio invests primarily in equity securities, such as common or preferred stocks, that are listed on U.S. exchanges or in the over-the-counter market. The Portfolio may invest in the equity securities of companies of all sizes, and may emphasize either larger or smaller companies at a given time based on the Sub-adviser's assessment of particular companies and market conditions.	Fred Alger Management, Inc.
SPECIALTY	AST GABELLI ALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its objective by investing primarily in readily marketable equity securities including common stocks, preferred stocks and securities that may be converted at a later time into common stock. The Portfolio may invest in the securities of companies of all sizes, and may emphasize either larger or smaller companies at a given time based on the Sub-adviser's assessment of particular companies and market conditions.	GAMCO Investors, Inc.
SPECIALTY	AST T. ROWE PRICE NATURAL RESOURCES PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth primarily through the common stocks of companies that own or develop natural resources (such as energy products, precious metals and forest products) and other basic commodities. The Portfolio normally invests primarily (at least 80% of its total assets) in the common stocks of natural resource companies whose earnings and tangible assets could benefit from accelerating inflation.	T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.
LARGE CAP GROWTH	AST MFS GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth and future income. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its total assets in common stocks and related securities, such as preferred stocks, convertible securities and depositary receipts, of companies that the Sub-adviser believes offer better than average prospects for long-term growth.	Massachusetts Financial Services Company

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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> LARGE CAP GROWTH	<C> AST MARSICO CAPITAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. Income realization is not an investment objective and any income realized on the Portfolio's investments, therefore, will be incidental to the Portfolio's objective. The Portfolio will pursue its objective by investing primarily in common stocks of larger, more established companies.	<C> Marsico Capital Management, LLC
LARGE CAP GROWTH	AST GOLDMAN SACHS CONCENTRATED GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks growth of capital in a manner consistent with the preservation of capital. Realization of income is not a significant investment consideration and any income realized on the Portfolio's investments, therefore, will be incidental to the Portfolio's objective. The Portfolio will pursue its objective by investing primarily in equity securities of companies that the Sub-adviser believes have potential to achieve capital appreciation over the long-term.	Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.
LARGE CAP VALUE	AST DEAM LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum growth of capital by investing primarily in the value stocks of larger companies. The Portfolio pursues its objective, under normal market conditions, by primarily investing at least 80% of the value of its assets in the equity securities of large-sized companies included in the Russell 1000(R) Value Index.	Deutsche Asset Management, Inc.
LARGE CAP BLEND	AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN GROWTH + VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth by investing approximately 50% of its assets in growth stocks of large companies and approximately 50% of its assets in value stocks of large companies. The Portfolio will invest primarily in common stocks of large U.S. companies included in the Russell 1000(R) Index.	Alliance Capital Management, L.P.
LARGE CAP VALUE	AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN CORE VALUE PORTFOLIO (FORMERLY AST SANFORD BERNSTEIN CORE VALUE PORTFOLIO): seeks long-term capital growth by investing primarily in common stocks. The Sub-adviser expects that the majority of the Portfolio's assets will be invested in the common stocks of large companies that appear to be undervalued.	Alliance Capital Management, L.P.
SPECIALTY	AST COHEN & STEERS REALTY PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return through investment in real estate securities. The Portfolio pursues its investment objective by investing, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in securities of real estate issuers.	Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc.
LARGE CAP BLEND	AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN MANAGED INDEX 500 PORTFOLIO (FORMERLY AST SANFORD BERNSTEIN MANAGED INDEX 500 PORTFOLIO): seeks to outperform the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Stock Price Index (the "S&P (R) 500") through stock selection resulting	Alliance Capital Management, L.P.

in different weightings of common stocks relative to the index. The Portfolio will invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in securities included in the S&P 500.

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PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> LARGE CAP VALUE	<C> AST AMERICAN CENTURY INCOME & GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth with current income as a secondary objective. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks that offer potential for capital growth, and may, consistent with its investment objective, invest in stocks that offer potential for current income.	<C> American Century Investment Management, Inc.
LARGE CAP VALUE	AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN GROWTH & INCOME PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital and income while attempting to avoid excessive fluctuations in market value. The Portfolio normally will invest in common stocks (and securities convertible into common stocks).	Alliance Capital Management, L.P.
LARGE CAP VALUE	AST HOTCHKIS & WILEY LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks current income and long-term growth of income, as well as capital appreciation. The Portfolio invests, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets plus borrowings for investment purposes in common stocks of large cap U.S. companies, that have a high cash dividend or payout yield relative to the market.	Hotchkis and Wiley Capital Management, LLC
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST GLOBAL ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO (FORMERLY AST DEAM GLOBAL ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO): seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with a specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing in several other AST Portfolios ("Underlying Portfolios"). The Portfolio intends its strategy of investing in combinations of Underlying Portfolios to result in investment diversification that an investor could otherwise achieve only by holding numerous investments.	Prudential Investments LLC
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC BALANCED PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth and current income. The Sub-adviser intends to maintain approximately 60% of the Portfolio's assets in equity securities and the remainder in bonds and other fixed income securities.	American Century Investment Management, Inc.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST T. ROWE PRICE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks a high level of total return by investing primarily in a diversified portfolio of fixed income and equity securities. The Portfolio normally invests approximately 60% of its total assets in equity securities and 40% in fixed income securities. This mix may vary depending on the Sub-adviser's outlook for the markets.	T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.
FIXED INCOME	AST T. ROWE PRICE GLOBAL BOND PORTFOLIO: seeks to provide high current income and capital growth by investing in high-quality foreign and U.S. dollar-denominated bonds. The Portfolio will invest at least 80% of its total assets in fixed income securities, including high quality bonds issued or guaranteed by U.S. or foreign governments or their agencies and by foreign authorities, provinces and municipalities as well as investment grade corporate bonds	T. Rowe Price International, Inc.

and mortgage and asset-backed securities of U.S. and foreign issuers.

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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> FIXED INCOME	<C> AST GOLDMAN SACHS HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO: seeks a high level of current income and may also consider the potential for capital appreciation. The Portfolio invests, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets plus any borrowings for investment purposes (measured at time of purchase) in high-yield, fixed-income securities that, at the time of purchase, are non-investment grade securities.	<C> Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.
FIXED INCOME	AST LORD ABBETT BOND-DEBENTURE PORTFOLIO: seeks high current income and the opportunity for capital appreciation to produce a high total return. To pursue its objective, the Portfolio will invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of its assets in fixed income securities and normally invests primarily in high yield and investment grade debt securities, securities convertible into common stock and preferred stocks.	Lord, Abbett & Co. LLC
FIXED INCOME	AST PIMCO LIMITED MATURITY BOND PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management. The Portfolio will invest in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities of varying maturities. The average portfolio duration of the Portfolio generally will vary within a one- to three-year time frame based on the Sub-adviser's forecast for interest rates.	Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	EVERGREEN VA BALANCED FUND (FORMERLY EVERGREEN VA FOUNDATION FUND): seeks capital growth and current income. The Fund invests in a combination of debt securities, common stocks, preferred stocks and securities convertible or exchangeable for common stocks of large U.S. companies (i.e., companies whose market capitalizations fall within the range tracked by the Russell 1000(R) Index, at the time of purchase). Under normal circumstances, the Fund will invest at least 25% of its assets in debt securities and the remainder in equity securities.	Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC
LARGE CAP VALUE	EVERGREEN VA FUNDAMENTAL LARGE CAP FUND (FORMERLY EVERGREEN VA GROWTH AND INCOME FUND, SUCCESSOR TO EVERGREEN VA FUND): seeks capital growth with the potential for current income. The Fund invests primarily in common stocks of large U.S. companies (i.e., companies whose market capitalizations fall within the range tracked by the Russell 1000(R) Index, at the time of purchase).	Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC
SMALL CAP GROWTH	EVERGREEN VA GROWTH FUND: seeks long-term capital growth. The Fund invests at least 75% of its assets in common stocks of small- and medium-sized companies (i.e., companies whose market capitalizations fall within the range of the Russell	Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC

2000(R) Growth Index, at the time of purchase).

INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	EVERGREEN VA INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND: seeks long-term capital growth and secondarily, modest income. The Fund normally invests 80% of its assets in equity securities issued by established, quality, non-U.S. companies located in countries with developed markets and may purchase across all market capitalizations. The Fund normally invests at least 65% of its assets in securities of companies in at least three different countries (other than the U.S.).	Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC
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PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>
<Caption>

STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> SPECIALTY	<C> EVERGREEN VA OMEGA FUND: seeks long-term capital growth. The Fund invests primarily, and under normal conditions, substantially all of its assets in common stocks and securities convertible into common stocks of U.S. companies across all market capitalizations.	<C> Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC
SMALL CAP VALUE	EVERGREEN VA SPECIAL VALUES FUND: seeks capital growth in the value of its shares. The Fund normally invests at least 80% of its assets in common stocks of small U.S. companies (i.e. companies whose market capitalizations fall within the range of the Russell 2000(R) Index, at the time of purchase).	Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	GVIT DEVELOPING MARKETS FUND: seeks long-term capital appreciation, under normal conditions by investing at least 80% of its total assets in stocks of companies of any size based in the world's developing economies. Under normal market conditions, investments are maintained in at least six countries at all times and no more than 35% of total assets in any single one of them.	Gartmore Global Asset Management Trust/Gartmore Global Partners
LARGE CAP GROWTH	JANUS ASPEN SERIES: LARGE CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO -- SERVICE SHARES (FORMERLY GROWTH PORTFOLIO -- SERVICE SHARES): seeks long-term growth of capital in a manner consistent with the preservation of capital. The Portfolio has a non-fundamental policy to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in large-sized companies.	Janus Capital Management LLC

</Table>

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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTIONS

We offer two fixed interest rate options:

- - a one-year fixed interest rate option, and
- - a dollar cost averaging fixed rate option (DCA Fixed Rate Option).

When you select one of these options, your payment will earn interest at the established rate for the applicable interest rate period. A new interest rate period is established every time you allocate or transfer money into a fixed interest rate option. (You may not transfer amounts from other investment options into the DCA Fixed Rate Option.) You may have money allocated in more than one interest rate period at the same time. This could result in your money earning interest at different rates and each interest rate period maturing at a different time. While these interest rates may change from time to time they will not be less than 1.5% for the one-year fixed interest rate option, or 3% for the dollar cost averaging fixed rate option. We may offer lower interest rates for Contracts With Credit than for Contracts Without Credit.

Payments allocated to the fixed interest rate options become part of Pruco Life of New Jersey's general assets.

ONE-YEAR FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTION

We set a one-year base guaranteed annual interest rate for the one-year fixed interest rate option. Additionally, we may provide a higher interest rate on each purchase payment allocated to this option for the first year after the payment. This higher interest rate will not apply to amounts transferred from other investment options within the contract or amounts remaining in this option for more than one year.

DOLLAR COST AVERAGING FIXED RATE OPTION

You may allocate all or part of any purchase payment to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. Under this option, you automatically transfer amounts over a stated period (currently, six or twelve months) from the DCA Fixed Rate Option to the variable investment options and/or to the one-year fixed interest rate option, as you select. We will invest the assets you allocate to the DCA Fixed Rate Option in our general account until they are transferred. You may not transfer from other investment options to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. Transfers to the one-year fixed interest rate option will remain in the general account.

If you choose to allocate all or part of a purchase payment to the DCA Fixed Rate Option, the minimum amount of the purchase payment you may allocate is \$2,000. The first periodic transfer will occur on the date you allocate your purchase payment to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. Subsequent transfers will occur on the monthly anniversary of the first transfer. Currently, you may choose to have the purchase payment allocated to the DCA Fixed Rate Option transferred to the selected variable investment option, or to the one-year fixed interest rate option in either six or twelve monthly installments, and you may not change that number of monthly installments after you have chosen the DCA Fixed Rate Option. You may allocate to both the six-month and twelve-month options. (In the future, we may make available other numbers of transfers and other transfer schedules--for example, quarterly as well as monthly.)

If you choose a six-payment transfer schedule, each transfer generally will equal 1/6th of the amount you allocated to the DCA Fixed Rate Option, and if you choose a twelve-payment transfer schedule, each transfer generally will equal 1/12th of the amount you allocated to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. In either case, the final transfer amount generally will also include the credited interest. You may change at any time the investment options into which the DCA Fixed Rate Option assets are transferred. You may make a one time transfer of the remaining value out of your DCA Fixed Rate Option, if you so choose. Transfers from the DCA Fixed Rate Option do not count toward the maximum number of free transfers allowed under the contract.

If you make a withdrawal or have a fee assessed from your contract, and all or part of that withdrawal or fee comes out of the DCA Fixed Rate Option, we will recalculate the periodic transfer amount to reflect the change. This recalculation may include some or all of the interest credited to the date of the next scheduled transfer. If a withdrawal or fee assessment reduces the

monthly transfer amount below \$100, we will transfer the remaining balance in the DCA Fixed Rate Option on the next scheduled transfer date.

By investing amounts on a regular basis instead of investing the total amount at one time, the DCA Fixed Rate Option may decrease the effect of market fluctuation on the investment of your purchase payment. Of course, dollar cost

averaging cannot ensure a profit or protect against loss in a declining market.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT OPTION

Under the market value adjustment option, we may offer one or more of several guarantee periods provided that the interest rate we are able to declare will be no less than 3% interest annually with respect to any guarantee period. This option is only available in the Contract Without Credit. The market value adjustment option is registered separately from the variable investment options, and the amount of market value adjustment option securities registered is stated in that registration statement.

IF AMOUNTS ARE WITHDRAWN FROM A GUARANTEE PERIOD, OTHER THAN DURING THE 30-DAY PERIOD IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE END OF THE GUARANTEE PERIOD, THEY WILL BE SUBJECT TO A MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT EVEN IF THEY ARE NOT SUBJECT TO A WITHDRAWAL CHARGE.

You will earn interest on your invested purchase payment at the rate that we have declared for the guarantee period you have chosen. You must invest at least \$1,000 if you choose this option.

We refer to interest rates as annual rates, although we credit interest within each guarantee period on a daily basis. The daily interest that we credit is equal to the pro rated portion of the interest that would be earned on an annual basis. We credit interest from the business day on which your purchase payment is received in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center until the earliest to occur of any of the following events: (a) full surrender of the contract, (b) commencement of annuity payments or settlement, (c) end of the guarantee period, (d) transfer of the value in the guarantee period, (e) payment of a death benefit, or (f) the date the amount is withdrawn.

During the 30-day period immediately following the end of a guarantee period, we allow you to do any of the following, without the imposition of the market value adjustment:

- (a) withdraw or transfer the value of the guarantee period,
- (b) allocate the value to another available guarantee period or other investment option (provided that the new guarantee period ends prior to the annuity date). You will receive the interest rate applicable on the date we receive your instruction, or
- (c) apply the value in the guarantee period to the annuity or settlement option of your choice.

If we do not receive instructions from you concerning the disposition of the contract value in your maturing guarantee period, we will reinvest the amount in the Prudential Money Market Portfolio investment option.

During the 30-day period immediately following the end of the guarantee period, or until you elect to do (a), (b) or (c) listed immediately above, you will receive the current interest rate applicable to the guarantee period having the same duration as the guarantee period that just matured, which is offered on the day immediately following the end of the matured guarantee period. However, if at that time we do not offer a guarantee period with the same duration as that which matured, you will then receive the current interest rate applicable to the shortest guarantee period then offered.

Under the market value adjustment option, while your money remains in the contract for the full guarantee period, your principal amount is guaranteed and the interest amount that your money will earn is guaranteed by us to be at least 3%.

Payments allocated to the market value adjustment option are held as a separate pool of assets. Any gains or losses experienced by these assets will not directly affect the contracts. The strength of our guarantees under these options is based on the overall financial strength of Pruco Life of New Jersey.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT

When you allocate a purchase payment or transfer contract value to a guarantee period, we use that money to buy and sell securities and other instruments

to support our obligation to pay interest. Generally, we buy bonds for this purpose. The duration of the bonds and other instruments that we buy with respect to a particular guarantee period is influenced significantly by the length of the guarantee period. For example, we typically would acquire longer-duration bonds with respect to the 10 year guarantee period than we do for the 3 year guarantee period. The value of these bonds is affected by changes in interest rates, among other factors. The market value adjustment that we assess against your contract value if you withdraw or transfer outside the 30-day period discussed above involves our attributing to you a portion of our investment experience on these bonds and other instruments.

For example, if you make a full withdrawal when interest rates have risen since the time of your investment, the bonds and other investments in the guarantee period likely would have decreased in value, meaning that we would impose a "negative" market value adjustment on you (i.e., one that results in a reduction of the withdrawal proceeds that you receive). For a partial withdrawal, we would deduct a negative market value adjustment from your remaining contract value. Conversely, if interest rates have decreased, the market value adjustment would be positive.

Other things you should know about the market value adjustment include the following:

- - We determine the market value adjustment according to a mathematical formula, which is set forth at the end of this prospectus under the heading "Market-Value Adjustment Formula." In that section of the prospectus, we also provide hypothetical examples of how the formula works.
- - A negative market value adjustment could cause you to lose not only the interest you have earned but also a portion of your principal.
- - In addition to imposing a market value adjustment on withdrawals, we also will impose a market value adjustment on the contract value you apply to an annuity or settlement option, unless you annuitize within the 30-day period discussed above.

YOU SHOULD REALIZE, HOWEVER, THAT APART FROM THE MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT, THE VALUE OF THE BENEFIT IN YOUR GUARANTEE PERIOD UNDER YOUR CONTRACT DOES NOT DEPEND ON THE INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE OF THE BONDS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS THAT WE HOLD WITH RESPECT TO YOUR GUARANTEE PERIOD. APART FROM THE EFFECT OF ANY MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT, WE DO NOT PASS THROUGH TO YOU THE GAINS OR LOSSES ON THE BONDS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS THAT WE HOLD IN CONNECTION WITH A GUARANTEE PERIOD.

TRANSFERS AMONG OPTIONS

Subject to certain restrictions, you can transfer money among the variable investment options and the one-year fixed interest rate option. The minimum transfer amount is the lesser of \$250 or the amount in the investment option from which the transfer is to be made. In addition, you can transfer your contract value out of a market value adjustment guarantee period into another market value adjustment guarantee period, into a variable investment option, or into a one-year fixed interest rate option, although a market value adjustment will apply to any transfer you make outside the 30-day period discussed above. You may transfer contract value into the market value adjustment option at any time, provided it is at least \$1,000.

In general, you may make your transfer request by telephone, electronically, or otherwise in paper form to the Prudential Annuity Service Center. We have procedures in place to confirm that instructions received by telephone or electronically are genuine. We will not be liable for following unauthorized telephone or electronic instructions that we reasonably believed to be genuine. Your transfer request will take effect at the end of the business day on which it was received in good order by us, or by certain entities that we have specifically designated. Our business day generally closes at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time. Our business day may close earlier, for example if regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange closes early. Transfer requests received after the close of the business day will take effect at the end of the next business day.

With regard to the market value adjustment option, you can specify the guarantee period from which you wish to transfer. If you request a transfer from the market value adjustment option, but you do not specify the guarantee period from which funds are to be taken,

then we will transfer funds from the guarantee period that has the least time remaining until its maturity date.

YOU CAN MAKE TRANSFERS OUT OF A FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTION, OTHER THAN THE DCA FIXED RATE OPTION, ONLY DURING THE 30-DAY PERIOD FOLLOWING THE END OF THE ONE YEAR INTEREST RATE PERIOD. TRANSFERS FROM THE DCA FIXED RATE OPTION ARE MADE ON A PERIODIC BASIS FOR THE PERIOD THAT YOU SELECT.

During the contract accumulation phase, you can make up to 12 transfers each contract year, among the investment options, without charge. Currently we charge \$25 for each transfer after the twelfth in a contract year, and we have the right to increase this charge up to \$30. (Dollar Cost Averaging and Auto-Rebalancing transfers do not count toward the 12 free transfers per year.)

For purposes of the 12 free transfers per year that we allow, we will treat multiple transfers that are submitted on the same business day as a single transfer.

ADDITIONAL TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS

We limit your ability to transfer among your contract's variable investment options as permitted by applicable law. We impose a yearly restriction on transfers. Specifically, once you have made 20 transfers among the subaccounts during a contract year, we will accept any additional transfer request during that year only if the request is submitted to us in writing with an original signature and otherwise is in good order. For purposes of this transfer restriction, we (i) do not view a facsimile transmission as a "writing", (ii) will treat multiple transfer requests submitted on the same business day as a single transfer, and (iii) do not count any transfer that involves one of our systematic programs, such as asset allocation and automated withdrawals.

Frequent transfers among variable investment options in response to short-term fluctuations in markets, sometimes called "market timing," can make it very difficult for a portfolio manager to manage an underlying mutual fund's investments. Frequent transfers may cause the fund to hold more cash than otherwise necessary, disrupt management strategies, increase transaction costs, or affect performance. For those reasons, the contract was not designed for persons who make programmed, large, or frequent transfers.

In light of the risks posed to contract owners and other fund investors by frequent transfers, we reserve the right to limit the number of transfers in any contract year for all existing or new contract owners, and to take the other actions discussed below. We also reserve the right to limit the number of transfers in any contract year or to refuse any transfer request for an owner or certain owners if: (a) we believe that excessive transfer activity (as we define it) or a specific transfer request or group of transfer requests may have a detrimental effect on accumulation unit values or the share prices of the underlying mutual funds; or (b) we are informed by a fund (e.g., by the fund's portfolio manager) that the purchase or redemption of fund shares must be restricted because the fund believes the transfer activity to which such purchase and redemption relates would have a detrimental effect on the share prices of the affected fund. Without limiting the above, the most likely scenario where either of the above could occur would be if the aggregate amount of a trade or trades represented a relatively large proportion of the total assets of a particular underlying mutual fund. In furtherance of our general authority to restrict transfers as described above, and without limiting other actions we may take in the future, we have adopted the following specific restrictions:

- With respect to each variable investment option (other than the Prudential Money Market Portfolio), we track amounts exceeding a certain dollar threshold that were transferred into the option. If you transfer such amount into a particular variable investment option, and within 30 calendar days thereafter transfer (the "Transfer Out") all or a portion of that amount into another variable investment option, then upon the Transfer Out, the former variable investment option becomes restricted (the "Restricted Option"). Specifically, we will not permit subsequent transfers into the Restricted Option for 90 calendar days after the Transfer Out if the Restricted Option invests in a non-international fund, or 180 calendar days after the Transfer Out if the

Restricted Option invests in an international fund. For purposes of this rule, we do not (i) count transfers made in connection with one of our systematic programs, such as asset allocation and automated withdrawals and (ii) categorize as a transfer the first transfer that you make after the contract date, if you make that transfer within 30 calendar days after the contract date. Even if an amount becomes restricted under the foregoing rules, you are still free to redeem the amount from your contract at any time.

- We reserve the right to effect exchanges on a delayed basis for all contracts. That is, we may price an exchange involving a variable investment option on the business day subsequent to the business day on which the exchange request was received. Before implementing such a practice, we would issue a separate written notice to contract owners that explains the practice in detail. In addition, if we do implement a delayed exchange policy, we will apply the policy on a uniform basis to all contracts in the relevant class.
- We may impose specific restrictions on financial transactions (including transfer requests) for certain portfolios based on the portfolio's investment and/or transfer restrictions. We may do so to conform to any present or future restriction that is imposed by any portfolio available under this contract.
- If we deny one or more transfer requests under the foregoing rules, we will inform you promptly of the circumstances concerning the denial.
- We will not implement these rules in jurisdictions that have not approved contract language authorizing us to do so, or may implement different rules in certain jurisdictions if required by such jurisdictions. Contract owners in jurisdictions with such limited transfer restrictions, and contract owners who own variable life insurance or variable annuity contracts (regardless of jurisdiction) that do not impose the above-referenced transfer restrictions, might make more numerous and frequent transfers than contract owners who are subject to such limitations. Because contract owners who are not subject to the same transfer restrictions may have the same underlying mutual fund portfolios available to them, unfavorable consequences associated with such frequent trading within the underlying mutual fund (e.g., greater portfolio turnover, higher transaction costs, or performance or tax issues) may affect all contract owners. Apart from jurisdiction-specific and contract differences in transfer restrictions, we will apply these rules uniformly, and will not waive a transfer restriction for any contract owner.

Although our transfer restrictions are designed to prevent excessive transfers, they are not capable of preventing every potential occurrence of excessive transfer activity.

DOLLAR COST AVERAGING

The dollar cost averaging (DCA) feature (which is distinct from the DCA Fixed Rate Option) allows you to systematically transfer either a fixed dollar amount or a percentage out of any variable investment option into any other variable investment option or the one-year fixed interest rate option. You can have these automatic transfers occur monthly, quarterly, semiannually or annually. By investing amounts on a regular basis instead of investing the total amount at one time, dollar cost averaging may decrease the effect of market fluctuation on the investment of your purchase payment. Of course, dollar cost averaging cannot ensure a profit or protect against loss in declining markets.

Transfers will be made automatically on the schedule you choose until the entire amount you chose to have transferred has been transferred or until you tell us to discontinue the transfers. You can allocate subsequent purchase payments to be transferred under this option at any time.

Your transfers will occur on the last calendar day of each transfer period you have selected, provided that the New York Stock Exchange is open on that date. If the New York Stock Exchange is not open on a particular transfer date, the transfer will take effect on the next business day.

Any dollar cost averaging transfers you make do not count toward the 12 free transfers you are allowed each contract year. The dollar cost averaging feature is

available only during the contract accumulation phase and is offered without charge.

ASSET ALLOCATION PROGRAM

We recognize the value of having asset allocation models when deciding how to allocate your purchase payments among the investment options. If you choose to participate in the Asset Allocation Program, your representative will give you a questionnaire to complete that will help determine a program that is appropriate for you. Your asset allocation will be prepared based on your answers to the questionnaire. You will not be charged for this service, and you are not obligated to participate or to invest according to program recommendations.

Asset allocation is a sophisticated method of diversification which allocates assets among classes in order to manage investment risk and enhance returns over the long term. However, asset allocation does not guarantee a profit or protect against a loss. You are not obligated to participate or to invest according to the program recommendations. We do not intend to provide any personalized investment advice in connection with these programs and you should not rely on these programs as providing individualized investment recommendations to you. The asset allocation programs do not guarantee better investment results. We reserve the right to terminate or change the asset allocation programs at any time. You should consult your representative before electing any asset allocation program.

AUTO-REBALANCING

Once your money has been allocated among the variable investment options, the actual performance of the investment options may cause your allocation to shift. For example, an investment option that initially holds only a small percentage of your assets could perform much better than another investment option. Over time, this option could increase to a larger percentage of your assets than you desire. You can direct us to automatically rebalance your assets to return to your original allocation percentage or to a subsequent allocation percentage you select. We will rebalance only the variable investment options that you have designated. If you also participate in the DCA feature, then the variable investment option from which you make the DCA transfers will not be rebalanced.

You may choose to have your rebalancing occur monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually. The rebalancing will occur on the last calendar day of the period you have chosen, provided that the New York Stock Exchange is open on that date. If the New York Stock Exchange is not open on that date, the rebalancing will take effect on the next business day.

Any transfers you make because of auto-rebalancing are not counted toward the 12 free transfers you are allowed per year. This feature is available only during the contract accumulation phase, and is offered without charge. If you choose auto-rebalancing and dollar cost averaging, auto-rebalancing will take place after the transfers from your DCA account.

SCHEDULED TRANSACTIONS

Scheduled transactions include transfers under dollar cost averaging, the asset allocation program, auto-rebalancing, systematic withdrawals, minimum distributions or annuity payments. Scheduled transactions are processed and valued as of the date they are scheduled, unless the scheduled day is not a business day. In that case, the transaction will be processed and valued on the next business day, unless the next business day falls in the subsequent calendar year, in which case the transaction will be processed and valued on the prior business day.

VOTING RIGHTS

We are the legal owner of the shares of the underlying mutual funds used by the variable investment options. However, we vote the shares of the mutual funds according to voting instructions we receive from contract owners. When a vote is required, we will mail you a proxy which is a form that you need to complete and return to us to tell us how you wish us to vote. When we receive those instructions, we will vote all of the shares we own on your behalf in accordance with those instructions. We will vote fund shares for which we do not receive instructions, and any other shares that

PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

we own in our own right, in the same proportion as shares for which we receive instructions from contract owners. We may change the way your voting instructions are calculated if it is required or permitted by federal or state regulation.

SUBSTITUTION

We may substitute one or more of the underlying mutual funds used by the variable investment options. We may also cease to allow investments in existing funds. We would not do this without the approval of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and any necessary state insurance departments. You will be given specific notice in advance of any substitution we intend to make.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

PART II

3:

WHAT KIND OF PAYMENTS WILL I RECEIVE DURING THE

INCOME PHASE? (ANNUITIZATION)

PAYMENT PROVISIONS

We can begin making annuity payments any time on or after the first contract anniversary. Annuity payments must begin no later than the later of the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the annuitant's 90th birthday or the tenth contract anniversary.

Upon annuitization, any value in a guarantee period of the market value adjustment option may be subject to a market value adjustment.

The Strategic Partners Plus 3 variable annuity contract offers an optional Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, which we describe below. Your annuity options vary depending upon whether you choose this benefit.

PAYMENT PROVISIONS WITHOUT THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

We make the income plans described below available at any time before the annuity date. These plans are called "annuity options" or "settlement options." During the income phase, all of the annuity options under this contract are fixed annuity options. This means that your participation in the variable investment options ends on the annuity date. If an annuity option is not selected by the annuity date, the Life Income Annuity Option (Option 2, described below) will automatically be selected unless prohibited by applicable law. GENERALLY, ONCE THE ANNUITY PAYMENTS BEGIN, THE ANNUITY OPTION CANNOT BE CHANGED AND YOU CANNOT MAKE WITHDRAWALS. IN ADDITION TO THE ANNUITY PAYMENT OPTIONS DISCUSSED IN THIS SECTION, PLEASE NOTE THAT IF YOU CHOOSE THE OPTIONAL LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT, THERE ARE ADDITIONAL ANNUITY PAYMENT OPTIONS THAT ARE ASSOCIATED WITH THAT BENEFIT. SEE SECTION 5 OF THIS PROSPECTUS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.

OPTION 1
ANNUITY PAYMENTS FOR A FIXED PERIOD

Under this option, we will make equal payments for the period chosen, up to 25 years (but not to exceed life expectancy). The annuity payments may be made monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually, as you choose, for the fixed period. If the annuitant dies during the income phase, payments will continue to the beneficiary for the remainder of the fixed period or, if the beneficiary so chooses, we will make a single lump-sum payment. The amount of the lump sum payment is determined by calculating the present value of the unpaid future payments. This is done by using the interest rate used to compute the actual payments. The interest rate will be at least 3% a year.

OPTION 2
LIFE INCOME ANNUITY OPTION

Under this option, we will make annuity payments monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually as long as the annuitant is alive. If the annuitant

dies before we have made 10 years worth of payments, we will pay the beneficiary in one lump sum the present value of the annuity payments scheduled to have been made over the remaining portion of that 10 year period, unless we were specifically instructed that such remaining annuity payments continue to be paid to the beneficiary. The present value of the remaining annuity payments is calculated by using the interest rate used to compute the amount of the original 120 payments. The interest rate will be at least 3% a year.

If an annuity option is not selected by the annuity date, this is the option we will automatically select for you.

OTHER ANNUITY OPTIONS

We currently offer a variety of other annuity options not described above. At the time annuity payments are chosen, we may make available to you any of the fixed annuity options that are offered at your annuity date.

TAX CONSIDERATIONS

If your contract is held under a tax-favored plan, you should consider the minimum distribution requirements when selecting your annuity option.

If a contract is held in connection with "qualified" retirement plans (such as a Section 401(k) plan), please note that if you are married at the time your payments commence, you may be required by federal law to choose an income option that provides at least a 50 percent joint and survivor annuity to your spouse, unless your spouse waives that right. Similarly, if you are

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WHAT KIND OF PAYMENTS WILL I RECEIVE DURING THE INCOME PHASE? (ANNUITIZATION)
CONTINUED
- - - - -

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

PART II

married at the time of your death, federal law may require all or a portion of the death benefit to be paid to your spouse, even if you designated someone else as your beneficiary. For more information, consult the terms of your retirement arrangement.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (GMIB), is an optional feature that guarantees that once the income period begins, your income payments will be no less than the GMIB protected value applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates. If you want the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, you must elect it when you make your initial purchase payment. Once elected, the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit cannot be revoked. You may not elect both GMIB and the Lifetime Five Income Benefit.

The GMIB protected value is calculated daily and is equal to the GMIB roll-up until the GMIB roll-up either reaches its cap or if we stop applying the annual interest rate based on the age of the annuitant, number of contract anniversaries, or number of years since the last GMIB reset, as described below. At this point, the GMIB protected value will be increased by any subsequent invested purchase payments and reduced proportionally by withdrawals.

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit is subject to certain restrictions described below.

- - The annuitant must be 75 or younger in order for you to elect the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit.
- - If you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, we will impose an annual charge equal to 0.50% for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (0.45% for all other contracts) of the average GMIB protected value described below.
- - Under the contract terms governing the GMIB, we can require GMIB participants to invest only in designated underlying mutual funds or can require GMIB participants to invest according to an asset allocation model.
- - TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT, YOU MUST WAIT A CERTAIN AMOUNT OF TIME BEFORE YOU BEGIN THE INCOME PHASE. THE WAITING PERIOD IS THE PERIOD EXTENDING FROM THE CONTRACT DATE TO THE 7TH CONTRACT ANNIVERSARY BUT, IF THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT HAS BEEN RESET (AS DESCRIBED BELOW), THE WAITING PERIOD IS THE 7 YEAR PERIOD BEGINNING WITH THE DATE OF THE MOST RECENT RESET.

Once the waiting period has elapsed, you will have a 30-day period each year, beginning on the contract anniversary (or in the case of a reset, the anniversary of the most recent reset), during which you may begin the income phase with the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit by submitting the necessary forms in good order to the Prudential Annuity Service Center.

GMIB ROLL-UP

The GMIB roll-up is equal to the invested purchase payments (after a reset, the contract value at the time of the reset), increased daily at an effective annual interest rate of 5% starting on the date each invested purchase payment is made, until the cap is reached (GMIB roll-up cap). We will reduce this amount by the effect of withdrawals. The GMIB roll-up cap is equal to two times each invested purchase payment (for a reset, two times the sum of (1) the contract value at the time of the reset, and (2) any invested purchase payments made subsequent to the reset).

Even if the GMIB roll-up cap has not been reached, we will nevertheless stop increasing the GMIB roll-up value by the effective annual interest rate on the latest of:

- - the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the annuitant's 80th birthday,
- - the 7th contract anniversary, or
- - 7 years from the most recent GMIB reset (as described below).

However, even if we stop increasing the GMIB roll-up value by the effective annual interest rate, we will still increase the GMIB protected value by subsequent invested purchase payments, reduced proportionally by withdrawals.

EFFECT OF WITHDRAWALS

In any contract year when the GMIB protected value is increasing at the rate of 5%, withdrawals will first reduce the GMIB protected value on a dollar-for-dollar basis, by

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the same dollar amount of the withdrawal up to the first 5% of GMIB protected value calculated on the contract anniversary (or, during the first contract year, on the contract date). The GMIB roll-up cap is also reduced by withdrawals in the same manner. Any withdrawals made after the dollar-for-dollar limit has been reached will proportionally reduce the GMIB protected value. We calculate the proportional reduction by dividing the contract value after the withdrawal by the contract value immediately following the withdrawal of any available dollar-for-dollar amount. The resulting percentage is multiplied by the GMIB protected value after subtracting the amount of the withdrawal that does not exceed 5%. In each contract year during which the GMIB protected value has stopped increasing at the 5% rate, withdrawals will reduce the GMIB protected value proportionally. The GMIB roll-up cap is reduced by the sum of all reductions described above.

The following examples of dollar-for-dollar and proportional reductions assume: 1.) the contract date and the effective date of the GMIB are January 1, 2006; 2.) an initial purchase payment of \$250,000; 3.) an initial GMIB protected value of \$250,000; 4.) an initial 200% cap of \$500,000; and 5.) an initial dollar-for-dollar limit of \$12,500 (5% of \$250,000):

EXAMPLE 1. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR REDUCTION

A \$10,000 withdrawal is taken on February 1, 2006 (in the first contract year). No prior withdrawals have been taken. Immediately prior to the withdrawal, the GMIB protected value is \$251,038.10 (the initial value accumulated for 31 days at an annual effective rate of 5%). As the amount withdrawn is less than the dollar-for-dollar limit:

- - The GMIB protected value is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., by \$10,000, from \$251,038.10 to \$241,038.10).
- - The GMIB 200% cap is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., by \$10,000, from

\$500,000 to \$490,000).

- - The remaining dollar-for-dollar limit ("Remaining Limit") for the balance of the first contract year is also reduced by the amount withdrawn (from \$12,500 to \$2,500).

EXAMPLE 2. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR AND PROPORTIONAL REDUCTIONS

A second \$10,000 withdrawal is taken on March 1, 2006 (still within the first contract year). Immediately before the withdrawal, the contract value is \$220,000 and the GMIB protected value is \$241,941.95. As the amount withdrawn exceeds the Remaining Limit of \$2,500 from Example 1:

- - The GMIB protected value is first reduced by the Remaining Limit (from \$241,941.95 to \$239,441.95).
- - The result is then further reduced by the ratio of A to B, where:
 - A is the amount withdrawn less the Remaining Limit (\$10,000 - \$2,500, or \$7,500).
 - B is the contract value less the Remaining Limit (\$220,000 - \$2,500, or \$217,500). The resulting GMIB protected value is: $\$239,441.95 \times (1 - (\$7,500/\$217,500))$, or \$231,185.33.
- The GMIB 200% cap is reduced by the sum of all reductions above (\$490,000-\$2,500-\$8,256.62, or \$479,243.38).
- - The Remaining Limit is set to zero (0) for the balance of the first contract year.

EXAMPLE 3. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR LIMIT IN SECOND CONTRACT YEAR

A \$10,000 withdrawal is made on the first anniversary of the contract date, January 1, 2007 (second contract year). Prior to the withdrawal, the GMIB protected value is \$240,837.69. The dollar-for-dollar limit is equal to 5% of this amount, or \$12,041.88. As the amount withdrawn is less than the dollar-for-dollar limit:

- - The GMIB protected value is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., reduced by \$10,000, from \$240,837.69 to \$230,837.69).
- - The GMIB 200% cap is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., by \$10,000, from \$479,243.38 to \$469,243.38).
- - The Remaining Limit for the balance of the second contract year is also reduced by the amount withdrawn (from \$12,041.88 to \$2,041.88).

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WHAT KIND OF PAYMENTS WILL I RECEIVE DURING THE INCOME PHASE? (ANNUITIZATION)
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GMIB RESET FEATURE

You may elect to "reset" your GMIB protected value to equal your current contract value twice over the life of the contract. You may only exercise this reset option if the annuitant has not yet reached his or her 76th birthday. If you reset, you must wait a new 7-year period from the most recent reset to exercise the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. Further, we will reset the GMIB roll-up cap to equal two times the GMIB protected value as of such date. Additionally, if you reset, we will determine the GMIB payout amount by using the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates (specified in your contract) based on

the number of years since the most recent reset. These purchase rates may be less advantageous than the rates that would have applied absent a reset.

PAYOUT AMOUNT

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit payout amount is based on the age and sex of the annuitant (and, if there is one, the co-annuitant). After we first deduct a charge for any applicable premium taxes that we are required to pay, the payout amount will equal the greater of:

- 1) the GMIB protected value as of the date you exercise the GMIB payout option, applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates (which are generally less favorable than the annuity purchase rates for annuity payments not involving GMIB) and based on the annuity payout option as described below, or
- 2) the adjusted contract value--that is, the value of the contract adjusted for any market value adjustment minus any charge we impose for premium taxes and withdrawal charges--as of the date you exercise the GMIB payout option applied to the current annuity purchase rates then in use.

GMIB ANNUITY PAYOUT OPTIONS

We currently offer two Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit annuity payout options. Each option involves payment for at least a period certain of ten years. In calculating the amount of the payments under the GMIB we apply certain assumed interest rates, equal to 2% annually for a waiting period of 7-9 years, and 2.5% annually for waiting periods of 10 years or longer for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (and 2.5% annually for a waiting period of 7-9 years, 3% annually for a waiting period of 10-14 years, and 3.5% annually for waiting periods of 15 years or longer for all other contracts).

GMIB OPTION 1
SINGLE LIFE PAYOUT OPTION

We will make monthly payments for as long as the annuitant lives, with payments for a period certain. We will stop making payments after the later of the death of the annuitant or the end of the period certain.

GMIB OPTION 2
JOINT LIFE PAYOUT OPTION

In the case of an annuitant and co-annuitant, we will make monthly payments for the joint lifetime of the annuitant and co-annuitant, with payments for a period certain. If the co-annuitant dies first, we will continue to make payments until the later of the death of the annuitant and the end of the period certain. If the annuitant dies first, we will continue to make payments until the later of the death of the co-annuitant and the end of the period certain, but if the period certain ends first, we will reduce the amount of each payment to 50% of the original amount.

You have no right to withdraw amounts early under either GMIB payout option. We may make other payout frequencies available, such as quarterly, semi-annually or annually.

Because we do not impose a new waiting period for each subsequent purchase payment, if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, we reserve the right to limit subsequent purchase payments if we discover that by the timing of your purchase payments, your GMIB protected value is increasing in ways we did not intend. In determining whether to limit purchase payments, we will look at purchase payments which are disproportionately larger than your initial purchase payment and other actions that may artificially increase the GMIB protected value. Certain state laws may prevent us from limiting your subsequent purchase payments. You must exercise one of the GMIB payout

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options described above no later than 30 days after the later of the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the annuitant's attainment of age 90 or the 10th contract anniversary.

You should note that GMIB is designed to provide a type of insurance that serves as a safety net only in the event that your contract value declines significantly due to negative investment performance. If your contract value is not significantly affected by negative investment performance, it is unlikely that the purchase of GMIB will result in your receiving larger annuity payments than if you had not purchased GMIB. This is because the assumptions that we use in computing the GMIB, such as the annuity purchase rates, (which include assumptions as to age-setbacks and assumed interest rates), are more conservative than the assumptions that we use in computing non-GMIB annuity payout options. Therefore, you may generate higher income payments if you were

to annuitize a lower contract value at the current annuity purchase rates, than if you were to annuitize under the GMIB with a higher GMIB protected value than your contract value but at the annuity purchase rates guaranteed under the GMIB.

TERMINATING THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit cannot be terminated by the owner once elected. The GMIB automatically terminates as of the date the contract is fully surrendered, on the date the death benefit is payable to your beneficiary (unless your surviving spouse elects to continue the contract), or on the date that your contract value is transferred to begin making annuity payments. The GMIB may also be terminated if you designate a new annuitant who would not be eligible to elect the GMIB based on his or her age at the time of the change.

Upon termination of the GMIB, we will deduct the charge from your contract value for the portion of the contract year since the prior contract anniversary (or the contract date if in the first contract year).

HOW WE DETERMINE ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Generally speaking, the annuity phase of the contract involves our distributing to you in increments the value that you have accumulated. We make these incremental payments either over a specified time period (e.g., 15 years) (fixed period annuities) or for the duration of the life of the annuitant (and possibly co-annuitant) (life annuities). There are certain assumptions that are common to both fixed period annuities and life annuities. In each type of annuity, we assume that the value you apply at the outset toward your annuity payments earns interest throughout the payout period. For annuity options within the GMIB, this interest rate ranges from 2% to 2.5% for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (and 2.5% to 3.5% for all other contracts). For non-GMIB annuity options, the guaranteed minimum rate is 3%. The GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates in your contract depict the minimum amounts we will pay (per \$1000 of adjusted contract value). If our current annuity purchase rates on the annuity date are more favorable to you than the guaranteed rates, we will make payments based on those more favorable rates.

Other assumptions that we use for life annuities and fixed period annuities differ, as detailed in the following overview:

FIXED PERIOD ANNUITIES

Currently, we offer fixed period annuities only under the Income Appreciator Benefit and non-GMIB annuity options. Generally speaking, in determining the amount of each annuity payment under a fixed period annuity, we start with the adjusted contract value, add interest assumed to be earned over the fixed period, and divide the sum by the number of payments you have requested. The life expectancy of the annuitant and co-annuitant are relevant to this calculation only in that we will not allow you to select a fixed period that exceeds life expectancy.

LIFE ANNUITIES

There are more variables that affect our calculation of life annuity payments. Most importantly, we make

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WHAT KIND OF PAYMENTS WILL I RECEIVE DURING THE INCOME PHASE? (ANNUITIZATION)
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several assumptions about the annuitant's or co-annuitant's life expectancy, including the following:

- - The Annuity 2000 Mortality Table is the starting point for our life expectancy assumptions. This table anticipates longevity of an insured population based on historical experience and reflecting anticipated experience for the year 2000.

GUARANTEED AND GMIB ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Because life expectancy has lengthened over the past few decades, and likely will increase in the future, our life annuity calculations anticipate these developments. We do this largely by making a hypothetical reduction in the age of the annuitant (or co-annuitant), in lieu of using the annuitant's (or co-annuitant's) actual age, in calculating the payment amounts. By using such

a reduced age, we base our calculations on a younger person, who generally would live longer and therefore draw life annuity payments over a longer time period. Given the longer pay-out period, the payments made to the younger person would be less than those made to an older person. We make two such age adjustments:

- 1) First, for all annuities, we start with the age of the annuitant (or co-annuitant) on his/her most recent birthday and reduce that age by either (a) four years, for life annuities under the GMIB sold in contracts on or after May 1, 2004 or (b) two years, with respect to guaranteed payments under life annuities not involving GMIB, as well as GMIB payments under contracts not described in (a) immediately above. For the reasons explained above in this section, the four year age reduction causes a greater reduction in the amount of the annuity payments than does the two-year age reduction.
- 2) Second, for life annuities under both versions of GMIB as well as guaranteed payments under life annuities not involving GMIB, we make a further age reduction according to the table in your contract entitled "Translation of Adjusted Age." As indicated in the table, the further into the future the first annuity payment is, the longer we expect the person receiving those payments to live, and the more we reduce the annuitant's (or co-annuitant's) age.

CURRENT ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Immediately above, we have referenced how we determine annuity payments based on "guaranteed" annuity purchase rates. By "guaranteed" annuity purchase rates, we mean the minimum annuity purchase rates that are set forth in your annuity contract and thus contractually guaranteed by us. "Current" annuity purchase rates, in contrast, refer to the annuity purchase rates that we are applying to contracts that are entering the annuity phase at a given point in time. These current annuity purchase rates vary from period to period, depending on changes in interest rates and other factors. We do not guarantee any particular level of current annuity purchase rates. When calculating current annuity purchase rates, we use the actual age of the annuitant (or co-annuitant), rather than any reduced age.

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WHAT IS THE

DEATH BENEFIT?

THE DEATH BENEFIT FEATURE PROTECTS THE CONTRACT VALUE FOR THE BENEFICIARY.

BENEFICIARY

The beneficiary is the person(s) or entity you name to receive any death benefit. The beneficiary is named at the time the contract is issued, unless you change it at a later date. A change of beneficiary will take effect on the date you sign the change request form, provided we receive the form in good order. Unless an irrevocable beneficiary has been named, during the accumulation period, you can change the beneficiary at any time before the owner dies. However, if the contract is jointly owned, the owner must name the joint owner and the joint owner must name the owner as the beneficiary. For entity-owned contracts, we pay a death benefit upon the death of the annuitant.

CALCULATION OF THE DEATH BENEFIT

If the owner or joint owner dies during the accumulation phase, we will, upon receiving the appropriate proof of death and any other needed documentation in good order (proof of death), pay a death benefit to the beneficiary designated by the deceased owner or joint owner. If there is a sole owner and there is only one beneficiary who is the owner's spouse on the date of death, then the surviving spouse may continue the contract under the Spousal Continuation Benefit. If there are an owner and joint owner of the contract, and the owner's spouse is both the joint owner and the beneficiary on the date of death, then, at the death of the first to die, the death benefit will be paid to the surviving owner or the surviving owner may continue the contract under the Spousal Continuation Benefit.

Upon receiving appropriate proof of death, the beneficiary will receive the greater of the following:

- 1) The current contract value (as of the time we receive proof of death in good order). If you have purchased the Contract With Credit, we will first deduct any credit corresponding to a purchase payment made within one year of death. We impose no market value adjustment on contract value held within the market value adjustment option when a death benefit is paid.
- 2) Either the base death benefit, which equals the total invested purchase payments you have made proportionally reduced by any withdrawals, or, if you have chosen the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit (GMDB), the GMDB protected value.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT

The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit provides for the option to receive an enhanced death benefit upon the death of the sole owner or the first to die of the owner or joint owner during the accumulation phase.

The GMDB protected value option equals the GMDB step-up. The GMDB protected value is calculated daily.

GMDB STEP-UP

IF THE SOLE OWNER OR THE OLDER OF THE OWNER AND JOINT OWNER IS LESS THAN AGE 80 ON THE CONTRACT DATE, the GMDB step-up before the first contract anniversary is the initial invested purchase payment increased by subsequent invested purchase payments, and proportionally reduced by the effect of withdrawals. The GMDB step-up on each contract anniversary will be the greater of the previous GMDB step-up and the contract value as of such contract anniversary. Between contract anniversaries, the GMDB step-up will increase by invested purchase payments and reduce proportionally by withdrawals.

We stop increasing the GMDB step-up by any appreciation in the contract value on the later of:

- - the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the sole or older owner's 80th birthday, or
- - the 5th contract anniversary.

However, we still increase the GMDB protected value by subsequent invested purchase payments and proportionally reduce it by withdrawals.

Here is an example of a proportional reduction:

The current contract value is \$100,000 and the protected value is \$80,000. The owner makes a withdrawal that reduces the contract value by 25% (including the effect of any withdrawal charges). The new protected value is \$60,000, or 75% of what it was before the withdrawal.

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WHAT IS THE DEATH BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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IF THE SOLE OWNER OR THE OLDER OF THE OWNER AND JOINT OWNER IS BETWEEN AGE 80 AND 85 ON THE CONTRACT DATE, the GMDB step-up before the third contract anniversary is the sum of invested purchase payments, reduced by the effect of withdrawals. On the third contract anniversary, we will adjust the GMDB step-up to the greater of the then current GMDB step-up or the contract value as of that contract anniversary. Thereafter, we will only increase the GMDB protected value by subsequent invested purchase payments and proportionally reduce it by withdrawals.

Special rules apply if the beneficiary is the spouse of the owner and the contract does not have a joint owner. In that case, upon the death of the owner, the spouse will have the choice of the following:

- - If the sole beneficiary under the contract is the owner's spouse, and the other requirements of the Spousal Continuation Benefit are met, then the contract can continue, and the spouse will become the new owner of the contract; or
- - The spouse can receive the death benefit. A surviving spouse who is eligible for the Spousal Continuation Benefit must choose between that benefit and receiving the death benefit during the first 60 days following our receipt of proof of death.

If ownership of the contract changes as a result of the owner assigning it to someone else, we will reset the value of the death benefit to equal the contract value on the date the change of ownership occurs, and for purposes of computing the future death benefit, we will treat that contract value as a purchase payment occurring on that date.

SPECIAL RULES IF JOINT OWNERS

If the contract has an owner and a joint owner and they are spouses at the time that one dies, the Spousal Continuation Benefit may apply. If the contract has an owner and a joint owner and they are not spouses at the time one dies, we will pay the death benefit and the contract will end.

PAYOUT OPTIONS

The beneficiary may, within 60 days of providing proof of death, choose to take the death benefit under one of several death benefit payout options listed below.

The death benefit payout options are:

Choice 1. Lump sum payment of the death benefit. If the beneficiary does not choose a payout option within sixty days, the beneficiary will receive this payout option.

Choice 2. The payment of the entire death benefit within a period of 5 years from the date of death of the first to die of the owner or joint owner.

The entire death benefit will include any increases or losses resulting from the performance of the variable or fixed interest rate options during this period. During this period the beneficiary may: reallocate the contract value among the variable or fixed interest rate options; name a beneficiary to receive any remaining death benefit in the event of the beneficiary's death; and make withdrawals from the contract value, in which case, any such withdrawals will not be subject to any withdrawal charges. However, the beneficiary may not make any purchase payments to the contract.

During this 5 year period, we will continue to deduct from the death benefit proceeds the charges and costs that were associated with the features and benefits of the contract. Some of these features and benefits may not be available to the beneficiary, such as the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (with respect to the version of GMIB sold on or after May 1, 2004, we impose no GMIB charge after death) and Income Appreciator Benefit.

Choice 3. Payment of the death benefit under an annuity or annuity settlement option over the lifetime of the beneficiary or over a period not extending beyond the life expectancy of the beneficiary with distribution beginning within one year of the date of death of the owner.

If the owner and joint owner are not spouses, any portion of the death benefit not applied under Choice 3 within one year of the date of death of the first to die

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

must be distributed within five years of the survivor's date of death.

The tax consequences to the beneficiary vary among the three death benefit payout options. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?"

SPOUSAL CONTINUANCE BENEFIT

This benefit is available if, on the date we receive proof of the owner's death in good order, (1) there is only one owner of the contract and there is only one beneficiary who is the owner's spouse; or (2) there are an owner and joint owner of the contract, and the joint owner is the owner's spouse and the owner's beneficiary under the contract. In no event, however, can the annuitant be older than the maximum age for annuitization on the date of the owner's death, nor can the surviving spouse be older than 95 on the date of the owner's death. Assuming the above conditions are present, the surviving spouse can elect the Spousal Continuation Benefit, but must do so no later than 60 days after furnishing proof of the owner's death in good order.

Upon activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, the contract value is adjusted to equal the amount of the death benefit to which the surviving spouse would have been entitled. This contract value will serve as the basis for

calculating any death benefit payable upon the death of the surviving spouse. We will allocate any increase in the adjusted contract value among the variable, fixed interest rate or market value adjustment options in the same proportions that existed immediately prior to the spousal continuance adjustment. We will waive the \$1,000 minimum requirement for the market value adjustment option.

Under the Spousal Continuance Benefit, we waive any potential withdrawal charges applicable to purchase payments made prior to activation of the Spousal Continuance Benefit. However, we will continue to impose withdrawal charges on purchase payments made after activation of this benefit. In addition, contract value allocated to the market value adjustment option will remain subject to a potential market value adjustment.

IF YOU ELECTED THE BASE DEATH BENEFIT, then upon activation of the Spousal Continuance Benefit, we will adjust the contract value to equal the greater of:

- - the contract value, or
- - the sum of all invested purchase payments (adjusted for withdrawals).

IF YOU HAVE ELECTED THE GMDB STEP-UP, we will adjust the contract value to equal the greater of:

- - the contract value, or
- - the GMDB step-up.

After we have made the adjustment to contract value set out immediately above, we will continue to compute the GMDB step-up under the surviving spousal owner's contract, and will do so in accordance with the preceding discussion in this section.

If the contract is being continued by the surviving spouse, the attained age of the surviving spouse will be the basis used in determining the death benefit payable under the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit provisions of the contract. The contract may not be continued upon the death of a spouse who had assumed ownership of the contract through the exercise of the Spousal Continuance Benefit.

IF YOU ELECTED THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT, it will be continued for the surviving spousal owner. All provisions of the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (i.e., waiting period, GMIB roll-up cap, etc.) will remain the same as on the date of the owner's death. If the GMIB reset feature was never exercised, the surviving spousal owner can exercise the GMIB reset feature twice. If the original owner had previously exercised the GMIB reset feature once, the surviving spousal owner can exercise the GMIB reset once. However the surviving spouse (or new annuitant designated by the surviving spouse) must be under 76 years of age at the time of reset. If the original owner had previously exercised the GMIB reset feature twice, the surviving spousal owner may not exercise the GMIB reset at all. If the attained age of the surviving spouse at activation of the Spousal Continuance Benefit, when added to the remainder of the GMIB waiting period to be satisfied, would preclude the surviving spouse from utilizing the Guaranteed Mini-

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WHAT IS THE DEATH BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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mum Income Benefit, we will revoke the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit under the contract at that time and we will no longer charge for that benefit.

IF YOU ELECTED THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT, on the owner's death, the Lifetime Five Income Benefit will end. However, if the owner's surviving spouse would be eligible to acquire the Lifetime Five Income Benefit as if he/she were a new purchaser, then the surviving spouse may elect the Lifetime Five Income Benefit under the Spousal Continuance Benefit. The surviving spouse (or new annuitant designated by the surviving spouse) must be at least 45 years of age at the time of election.

IF YOU ELECTED THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT, on the owner's death, the Income Appreciator Benefit will end unless the contract is continued by the owner's surviving spouse under the Spousal Continuation Benefit. If the contract is continued by the surviving spouse, we will continue to pay the balance of any Income Appreciator Benefit payments until the earliest to occur of the following: (a) the date on which 10 years' worth of IAB automatic withdrawal payments or IAB credits, as applicable, have been paid, (b) the latest date on which annuity payments would have had to have commenced had the owner not died (i.e., the later of the contract anniversary next following the annuitant's 90th birthday or the 10th contract anniversary), or (c) the later of the 10th contract anniversary or the contract anniversary next following the surviving spouse's 90th birthday (or the annuitant's 90th birthday if other than the surviving spouse).

If the Income Appreciator Benefit has not been in force for 7 contract years, the surviving spouse may not activate the benefit until it has been in force for 7 contract years. If the attained age of the surviving spouse at activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, when added to the remainder of the Income Appreciator Benefit waiting period to be satisfied, would preclude the surviving spouse from utilizing the Income Appreciator Benefit, we will revoke the Income Appreciator Benefit under the contract at that time and we will no longer charge for that benefit. If the Income Appreciator Benefit has been in force for 7 contract years or more, but the benefit has not been activated, the surviving spouse may activate the benefit at any time after the contract has been continued. If the Income Appreciator Benefit is activated after the contract is continued by the surviving spouse, the Income Appreciator Benefit calculation will exclude any amount added to the contract at the time of spousal continuation resulting from any death benefit value exceeding the contract value.

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE

INCOME BENEFIT?

LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT

The Lifetime Five Income Benefit (Lifetime Five) is an optional feature that guarantees your ability to withdraw amounts equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (called the "Protected Withdrawal Value"), regardless of the impact of market performance on your contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amount of withdrawals. There are two options -- one is designed to provide an annual withdrawal amount for life (the "Life Income Benefit") and the other is designed to provide a greater annual withdrawal amount (than the first option) as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value (adjusted as described below) (the "Withdrawal Benefit"). If there is no Protected Withdrawal Value, the Withdrawal Benefit will be zero. You do not choose between these two options; each option will continue to be available as long as the annuity has a contract value and Lifetime Five is in effect. Certain benefits under Lifetime Five may remain in effect even if the contract value is zero. The option may be appropriate if you intend to make periodic withdrawals from your contract and wish to ensure that market performance will not affect your ability to receive annual payments. You are not required to make withdrawals -- the guarantees are not lost if you withdraw less than the maximum allowable amount each year.

Lifetime Five is subject to certain restrictions described below.

- - Currently, Lifetime Five can only be elected once each contract year, and only where the annuitant and the contract owner are the same person or, if the contract owner is an entity, where there is only one annuitant. We reserve the right to limit the election frequency in the future. Before making any such change to the election frequency, we will provide prior notice to contract owners who have an effective Lifetime Five Income Benefit.
- - The annuitant must be at least 45 years old when Lifetime Five is elected.

- - Lifetime Five is not available if you elect the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit or Income Appreciator Benefit.
- - As long as Lifetime Five is in effect, you must allocate your contract value to one or more of the following asset allocation portfolios of the Prudential Series Fund: SP Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio, SP Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio, and SP Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio.

PROTECTED WITHDRAWAL VALUE

The Protected Withdrawal Value is initially used to determine the amount of each initial annual payment under the Life Income Benefit and the Withdrawal Benefit. The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is determined as of the date you make your first withdrawal under the contract following your election of Lifetime Five. The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is equal to the greater of (A) the contract value on the date you elect Lifetime Five, plus any additional purchase payments each growing at 5% per year from the date of your election, or application of the purchase payment to your contract, as applicable, until the date of your first withdrawal or the 10th anniversary of the benefit effective date, if earlier), (B) the contract value (before reducing the contract value by the amount of the withdrawal) as of the date of the first withdrawal from your contract, and (C) the highest contract value on each contract anniversary prior to the first withdrawal or on the first 10 contract anniversaries if earlier than the date of your first withdrawal after the benefit effective date. Each value is increased by the amount of any subsequent purchase payments.

- - If you elect Lifetime Five at the time you purchase your contract, the contract value will be your initial purchase payment.
- - For existing contract owners who are electing the Lifetime Five Benefit, the contract value on the date of the contract owner's election of Lifetime Five will be used to determine the initial Protected Withdrawal Value.
- - If you make additional purchase payments after your first withdrawal, the Protected Withdrawal Value will be increased by the amount of each additional purchase payment.

You may elect to step-up your Protected Withdrawal Value if, due to positive market performance, your

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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contract value is greater than the Protected Withdrawal Value. You are eligible to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value on or after the 5th anniversary of the first withdrawal under Lifetime Five. The Protected Withdrawal Value can be stepped up again on or after the 5th anniversary following the preceding step-up. If you elect to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value, and on the date you elect to step-up, the charges under Lifetime Five have changed for new purchasers, you may be subject to the new charge going forward.

Upon election of the step-up, we increase the Protected Withdrawal Value to be equal to the then current contract value. For example, assume your initial Protected Withdrawal Value was \$100,000 and you have made cumulative withdrawals of \$40,000, reducing the Protected Withdrawal Value to \$60,000. On the date you are eligible to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value, your contract value is equal to \$75,000. You could elect to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value to \$75,000 on the date you are eligible. If your current Annual Income Amount and Annual Withdrawal Amount (as described below) are less than they would be if we did not reflect the step-up in Protected Withdrawal Value, then we will increase these amounts to reflect the step-up as described below.

The Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced each time a withdrawal is made on a "dollar-for-dollar" basis up to 7% per contract year of the Protected Withdrawal Value and on the greater of a "dollar-for-dollar" basis or a pro rata basis for withdrawals in a contract year in excess of that amount until the Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced to zero. At that point, the Annual Withdrawal Amount will be zero until such time (if any) as the contract reflects a Protected Withdrawal Value (for example, due to a step-up or additional purchase payments being made into the contract).

ANNUAL INCOME AMOUNT UNDER THE LIFE INCOME BENEFIT

The initial Annual Income Amount is equal to 5% of the initial Protected Withdrawal Value. Under Lifetime Five, if your cumulative withdrawals in a contract year are less than or equal to the Annual Income Amount, they will not reduce your Annual Income Amount in subsequent contract years. If your cumulative withdrawals are in excess of the Annual Income Amount (Excess Income), your Annual Income Amount in subsequent years will be reduced (except with regard to required minimum distributions) by the result of the ratio of the Excess Income to the contract value immediately prior to such withdrawal (see examples of this calculation below). Reductions include the actual amount of the withdrawal, including any withdrawal charges that may apply. A withdrawal can be considered Excess Income under the Life Income Benefit even though it does not exceed the Annual Withdrawal Amount under the Withdrawal Benefit. When you elect a step-up, your Annual Income Amount increases to equal 5% of your contract value after the step-up if such amount is greater than your Annual Income Amount. Your Annual Income Amount also increases if you make additional purchase payments. The amount of the increase is equal to 5% of any additional purchase payments. Any increase will be added to your Annual Income Amount beginning on the day that the step-up is effective or the purchase payment is made. A determination of whether you have exceeded your Annual Income Amount is made at the time of each withdrawal; therefore, a subsequent increase in the Annual Income Amount will not offset the effect of a withdrawal that exceeded the Annual Income Amount at the time the withdrawal was made.

ANNUAL WITHDRAWAL AMOUNT UNDER THE WITHDRAWAL BENEFIT

The initial Annual Withdrawal Amount is equal to 7% of the initial Protected Withdrawal Value. Under Lifetime Five, if your cumulative withdrawals each contract year are less than or equal to the Annual Withdrawal Amount, your Protected Withdrawal Value will be reduced on a "dollar-for-dollar" basis. If your cumulative withdrawals are in excess of the Annual Withdrawal Amount (Excess Withdrawal), your Annual Withdrawal Amount will be reduced (except with regard to required minimum distributions) by the result of the ratio of the Excess Withdrawal to the contract value immediately prior to such withdrawal (see the examples of this calculation below). Reductions include the actual amount of the withdrawal, including any withdrawal charges that may apply. When you elect a step-up, your

Annual Withdrawal Amount increases to equal 7% of your contract value after the step-up if such amount is greater than your Annual Withdrawal Amount. Your Annual Withdrawal Amount also increases if you make additional purchase payments. The amount of the increase is equal to 7% of any additional purchase

payments. A determination of whether you have exceeded your Annual Withdrawal Amount is made at the time of each withdrawal; therefore, a subsequent increase in the Annual Withdrawal Amount will not offset the effect of a withdrawal that exceeded the Annual Withdrawal Amount at the time the withdrawal was made.

Lifetime Five does not affect your ability to make withdrawals under your contract or limit your ability to request withdrawals that exceed the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount. You are not required to withdraw all or any portion of the Annual Withdrawal Amount or Annual Income Amount in each contract year.

- - If, cumulatively, you withdraw an amount less than the Annual Withdrawal Amount under the Withdrawal Benefit in any contract year, you cannot carry-over the unused portion of the Annual Withdrawal Amount to subsequent contract years.

- - If, cumulatively, you withdraw an amount less than the Annual Income Amount under the Life Income Benefit in any contract year, you cannot carry-over the unused portion of the Annual Income Amount to subsequent contract years.

However, because the Protected Withdrawal Value is only reduced by the actual amount of withdrawals you make under these circumstances, any unused Annual Withdrawal Amount or Annual Income Amount may extend the period of time until the remaining Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced to zero.

The following examples of dollar-for-dollar and proportional reductions and the step-up of the Protected Withdrawal Value, Annual Withdrawal Amount and Annual Income Amount assume: 1.) the contract date and the effective date of Lifetime Five are February 1, 2005; 2.) an initial purchase payment of \$250,000; 3.) the contract value on February 1, 2006 is equal to \$265,000; 4.) the first withdrawal occurs on March 1, 2006 when the contract value is equal to \$263,000; and 5.) the contract value on March 1, 2011 is equal to \$240,000.

The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is calculated as the greatest of (a), (b) and (c):

(a) Purchase payment accumulated at 5% per year from February 1, 2005 until March 1, 2006 (393 days) = $\$250,000 * 1.05(393/365) = \$263,484.33$

(b) Contract value on March 1, 2006 (the date of the first withdrawal) = \$263,000

(c) Contract value on February 1, 2006 (the first contract anniversary) = \$265,000

Therefore, the initial Protected Withdrawal Value is equal to \$265,000. The Annual Withdrawal Amount is equal to \$18,550 under the Withdrawal Benefit (7% of \$265,000). The Annual Income Amount is equal to \$13,250 under the Life Income Benefit (5% of \$265,000).F

EXAMPLE 1. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR REDUCTION

If \$10,000 was withdrawn (less than both the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:

- - Remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount for current contract year = \$18,550 - \$10,000 = \$8,550

- - Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years remains at \$18,550
- - Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = $\$13,250 - \$10,000 = \$3,250$
- - Annual Income Amount for future contract years remains at \$13,250
- - Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced by \$10,000 from \$265,000 to \$255,000

EXAMPLE 2. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR AND PROPORTIONAL REDUCTIONS

a) If \$15,000 was withdrawn (more than the Annual Income Amount but less than the Annual Withdrawal Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:

- - Remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount for current contract year = $\$18,550 - \$15,000 = \$3,550$
- - Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years remains at \$18,550

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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- - Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = \$0
- - Excess of withdrawal over the Annual Income Amount ($\$15,000 - \$13,250 = \$1,750$) reduces Annual Income Amount for future contract years.
- - Reduction to Annual Income Amount = Excess Income/contract value before
 $\text{Excess Income} * \text{Annual Income Amount} = \$1,750 / (\$263,000 - \$13,250) * \$13,250 = \93
- - Annual Income Amount for future contract years = $\$13,250 - \$93 = \$13,157$
- - Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced by \$15,000 from \$265,000 to \$250,000

b) If \$25,000 was withdrawn (more than both the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:

- - Remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount for current contract year = \$0

- - Excess of withdrawal over the Annual Withdrawal Amount ($\$25,000 - \$18,550 = \$6,450$) reduces Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years.
- - Reduction to Annual Withdrawal Amount = Excess Withdrawal/contract value before Excess Withdrawal * Annual Withdrawal Amount = $\$6,450 / (\$263,000 - \$18,550) * \$18,550 = \$489$
- - Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years = $\$18,550 - \$489 = \$18,061$
- - Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = $\$0$
- - Excess of withdrawal over the Annual Income Amount ($\$25,000 - \$13,250 = \$11,750$) reduces Annual Income Amount for future contract years.
- - Reduction to Annual Income Amount = Excess Income/contract value before Excess Income * Annual Income Amount = $\$11,750 / (\$263,000 - \$13,250) * \$13,250 = \$623$
- - Annual Income Amount for future contract years = $\$13,250 - \$623 = \$12,627$
- - Protected Withdrawal Value is first reduced by the Annual Withdrawal Amount ($\$18,550$) from $\$265,000$ to $\$246,450$. It is further reduced by the greater of a dollar-for-dollar reduction or a proportional reduction.
- - Dollar-for-dollar reduction = $\$25,000 - \$18,550 = \$6,450$
- - Proportional reduction = Excess Withdrawal/contract value before Excess Withdrawal * Protected Withdrawal Value = $\$6,450 / (\$263,000 - \$18,550) * \$246,450 = \$6,503$
- - Protected Withdrawal Value = $\$246,450 - \max [\$6,450, \$6,503] = \$239,947$

EXAMPLE 3. STEP-UP OF THE PROTECTED WITHDRAWAL VALUE

If the Annual Income Amount ($\$13,250$) is withdrawn each year starting on March 1, 2006 for a period of 5 years, the Protected Withdrawal Value on March 1, 2011 would be reduced to $\$198,750$ [$\$265,000 - (\$13,250 * 5)$]. If a step-up is elected on March 1, 2011, then the following values would result:

- - Protected Withdrawal Value = contract value on March 1, 2011 = $\$240,000$
- - Annual Income Amount is equal to the greater of the current Annual Income Amount or 5% of the stepped up Protected Withdrawal Value. Current Annual Income Amount is $\$13,250$. 5% of the stepped-up Protected Withdrawal Value is 5% of $\$240,000$, which is $\$12,000$. Therefore, the Annual Income Amount remains $\$13,250$.
- - Annual Withdrawal Amount is equal to the greater of the current Annual Withdrawal Amount or 7% of the stepped up Protected Withdrawal Value. Current Annual Withdrawal Amount is $\$18,550$. 7% of the stepped-up Protected Withdrawal Value is 7% of $\$240,000$, which is $\$16,800$. Therefore, the Annual Withdrawal Amount remains $\$18,550$.

BENEFITS UNDER LIFETIME FIVE

- If your contract value is equal to zero, and the cumulative withdrawals in the current contract year are greater than the Annual Withdrawal Amount, Lifetime Five will terminate. To the extent that your contract value was reduced to zero as a result of cumulative withdrawals that are equal to or less than the Annual Income Amount and amounts are

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still payable under both the Life Income Benefit and the Withdrawal Benefit, you will be given the choice of receiving the payments under the Life Income Benefit or under the Withdrawal Benefit. Once you make this election we will make an additional payment for that contract year equal to either the remaining Annual Income Amount or Annual Withdrawal Amount for the contract year, if any, depending on the option you choose. In subsequent contract years we make payments that equal either the Annual Income Amount or the Annual Withdrawal Amount. You will not be able to change the option after your election and no further purchase payments will be accepted under your contract. If you do not make an election, we will pay you annually under the Life Income Benefit. To the extent that cumulative withdrawals in the current contract year that reduced your contract value to zero are more than the Annual Income Amount but less than or equal to the Annual Withdrawal Amount and amounts are still payable under the Withdrawal Benefit, you will receive the payments under the Withdrawal Benefit. In the year of a withdrawal that reduced your contract value to zero, we will make an additional payment to equal any remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount and make payments equal to the Annual Withdrawal Amount in each subsequent year (until the Protected Withdrawal Value is depleted). Once your contract value equals zero no further purchase payments will be accepted under your contract.

- If annuity payments are to begin under the terms of your contract or if you decide to begin receiving annuity payments and there is any Annual Income Amount due in subsequent contract years or any remaining Protected Withdrawal Value, you can elect one of the following three options:

1. apply your contract value to any annuity option available;
2. request that, as of the date annuity payments are to begin, we make annuity payments each year equal to the Annual Income Amount. We make such annuity payments until the annuitant's death; or
3. request that, as of the date annuity payments are to begin, we pay out any remaining Protected Withdrawal Value as annuity payments. Each year such annuity payments will equal the Annual Withdrawal Amount or the remaining Protected Withdrawal Value if less. We make such annuity payments until the earlier of the annuitant's death or the date the Protected Withdrawal Value is depleted.

We must receive your request in a form acceptable to us at the Prudential Annuity Service Center.

- In the absence of an election when mandatory annuity payments are to begin, we will make annual annuity payments as a single life fixed annuity with five payments certain using the greater of the annuity rates then currently available or the annuity rates guaranteed in your contract. The amount that will be applied to provide such annuity payments will be the greater of:

1. the present value of future Annual Income Amount payments. Such present value will be calculated using the greater of the single life fixed annuity rates then currently available or the single life fixed annuity rates guaranteed in your contract; and
2. the contract value.

If no withdrawal was ever taken, we will determine a Protected Withdrawal Value and calculate an Annual Income Amount and an Annual Withdrawal Amount as if you made your first withdrawal on the date the annuity payments are to begin.

OTHER IMPORTANT CONSIDERATIONS

- Withdrawals under Lifetime Five are subject to all of the terms and conditions of the contract, including any withdrawal charges.
- Withdrawals made while Lifetime Five is in effect will be treated, for tax purposes, in the same way as any other withdrawals under the contract. Lifetime Five does not directly affect the contract value or surrender value, but any withdrawal will decrease the contract value by the amount of the withdrawal

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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(plus any applicable withdrawal charges). If you surrender your contract, you will receive the current contract value, not the Protected Withdrawal Value.

- You can make withdrawals from your contract while your contract value is greater than zero without purchasing Lifetime Five. Lifetime Five provides a guarantee that if your contract value declines due to market performance, you will be able to receive your Protected Withdrawal Value or Annual Income Amount in the form of periodic benefit payments.
- You must allocate your contract value to one or more of the following asset allocation portfolios of the Prudential Series Fund: SP Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio, SP Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio, and SP Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio.

ELECTION OF LIFETIME FIVE

Lifetime Five can be elected at the time you purchase your contract, or after the contract date. Elections of Lifetime Five are subject to our eligibility rules and restrictions. The contract owner's contract value as of the date of election will be used as the basis to calculate the initial Protected Withdrawal Value, the initial Annual Withdrawal Amount, and the initial Annual Income Amount.

TERMINATION OF LIFETIME FIVE

Lifetime Five terminates automatically when your Protected Withdrawal Value and Annual Income Amount reach zero. You may terminate Lifetime Five at any time by notifying us. If you terminate Lifetime Five, any guarantee provided by the benefit will terminate as of the date the termination is effective.

Lifetime Five terminates:

- - upon your surrender of the contract,
- - upon the death of the annuitant (but your surviving spouse may elect a new Lifetime Five benefit if your spouse elects the spousal continuance option and your spouse would then be eligible to elect the benefit as if he/she were a new purchaser),
- - upon a change in ownership of the contract that changes the tax identification number of the contract owner, or
- - upon your election to begin receiving annuity payments.

We cease imposing the charge for Lifetime Five upon the earliest to occur of (i) your election to terminate the benefit, (ii) our receipt of appropriate proof of the death of the owner (or annuitant, for entity owned contracts), (iii) the annuity date, (iv) automatic termination of the benefit due to an impermissible change of owner or annuitant, or (v) a withdrawal that causes the benefit to terminate.

ADDITIONAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS FOR QUALIFIED CONTRACTS

If you purchase an annuity contract as an investment vehicle for "qualified" investments, including an IRA, the minimum distribution rules under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (Code) require that you begin receiving periodic amounts from your annuity contract beginning after age 70 1/2. The amount required under the Code may exceed the Annual Withdrawal Amount and the Annual Income Amount, which will cause us to increase the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount in any contract year that required minimum distributions due from your contract that are greater than such amounts. Any such payments will reduce your Protected Withdrawal Value. In addition, the amount and duration of payments under the contract payment and death benefit provisions may be adjusted so that the payments do not trigger any penalty or excise taxes due to tax considerations such as minimum distribution requirements.

The Income Appreciator Benefit (IAB) is an optional, supplemental income benefit that provides an additional income amount during the accumulation period or upon annuitization. The Income Appreciator Benefit is designed to provide you with additional funds that can be used to help defray the impact taxes may have on distributions from your contract. IAB may be suitable for you in other circumstances as well, which you can discuss with your registered representative. Because individual circumstances vary, you should consult with a qualified tax advisor to determine whether it would be appropriate for you to elect the Income Appreciator Benefit.

If you want the Income Appreciator Benefit, you generally must elect it when you make your initial purchase payment. Once you elect the Income Appreciator Benefit, you may not later revoke it.

- - The annuitant must be 75 or younger in order for you to elect the Income Appreciator Benefit.
- - If you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit, we will impose an annual charge equal to 0.25% of your contract value. See Section 8, "What Are The Expenses Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?"

ACTIVATION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

YOU CAN ACTIVATE THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AT ANY TIME AFTER IT HAS BEEN IN FORCE FOR SEVEN YEARS. To activate the Income Appreciator Benefit, you must send us a written request in good order.

Once activated, you can receive the Income Appreciator Benefit:

- - (IAB OPTION 1) at annuitization when determining an annuity payment;
- - (IAB OPTION 2) during the accumulation phase through the IAB automatic withdrawal payment program; or
- - (IAB OPTION 3) during the accumulation phase as an Income Appreciator Benefit credit to your contract over a 10-year period.

Income Appreciator Benefit payments are treated as earnings and may be subject to tax upon withdrawal. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?"

IF YOU DO NOT ACTIVATE THE BENEFIT PRIOR TO THE MAXIMUM ANNUITIZATION AGE YOU MAY LOSE ALL OR PART OF THE IAB.

CALCULATION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

We will calculate the Income Appreciator Benefit amount as of the date we receive your written request in good order (or, for IAB Option 1, on the annuity date). We do this by multiplying the current earnings in the contract by the applicable Income Appreciator Benefit percentage based on the number of years the Income Appreciator Benefit has been in force. For purposes of calculating the Income Appreciator Benefit:

- - earnings are calculated as the difference between the contract value and the sum of all purchase payments;

- earnings do not include (1) any amount added to the contract value as a result of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, or (2) if we were to permit you to elect the Income Appreciator Benefit after the contract date, any earnings accrued under the contract prior to that election;
- withdrawals reduce earnings first, then purchase payments, on a dollar-for-dollar basis;
- the table below shows the Income Appreciator Benefit percentages corresponding to the number of years the Income Appreciator Benefit has been in force.

<Table> <Caption>	
NUMBER OF YEARS INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT HAS BEEN IN FORCE	INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT PERCENTAGE
-----	-----
<S>	<C>
0-6	0%
7-9	15%
10-14	20%
15+	25%
</Table>	

IAB OPTION 1 -- INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AT ANNUITIZATION

Under this option, if you choose to activate the Income Appreciator Benefit at annuitization, we will calculate

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the Income Appreciator Benefit amount on the annuity date and add it to the adjusted contract value for purposes of determining the amount available for annuitization. You may apply this amount to any annuity or settlement option over the lifetime of the annuitant, joint annuitants, or a period certain of at least 15 years (but not to exceed life expectancy).

UPON ANNUITIZATION, YOU MAY LOSE ALL OR A PORTION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT IF YOU CHOOSE AN ANNUITY SETTLEMENT OPTION OTHER THAN ANY LIFETIME PAYOUT OPTION OR PERIOD CERTAIN OPTION FOR AT LEAST 15 YEARS. IN SUCH INSTANCES, WE WOULD NOT REIMBURSE YOU FOR THE EXPENSES YOU HAD PAID US FOR THIS BENEFIT.

EFFECT OF INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT ON GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

If you exercise the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit feature and an Income Appreciator Benefit amount remains payable under your contract, the value we use to calculate the annuity payout amount will be the greater of:

1. the adjusted contract value plus the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount, calculated at current IAB annuitization rates; or

2.the GMIB protected value plus the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount, calculated using the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates shown in the contract.

If you exercise the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit feature and activate the Income Appreciator Benefit at the same time, you must choose among the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit annuity payout options available at the time.

TERMINATING THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

The Income Appreciator Benefit will terminate on the earliest of:

- - the date you make a total withdrawal from the contract;
- - the date a death benefit is payable if the contract is not continued by the surviving spouse under the Spousal Continuation Benefit;
- - the date the Income Appreciator Benefit amount is reduced to zero (generally ten years after activation) under IAB Options 2 and 3;
- - the date of annuitization; or
- - the date the contract terminates.

Upon termination of the Income Appreciator Benefit, we cease imposing the associated charge.

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT OPTIONS DURING THE ACCUMULATION PHASE

You may choose IAB Option 1 at annuitization, but you may instead choose IAB Options 2 or 3 during the accumulation phase of your contract. Income Appreciator Benefit payments under IAB Options 2 and 3 will begin on the same day of the month as the contract date, beginning with the next month following our receipt of your request in good order. Under IAB Options 2 and 3, you can choose to have the Income Appreciator Benefit amounts paid or credited monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually.

IAB OPTIONS 2 AND 3 INVOLVE A TEN-YEAR PAYMENT PERIOD. IF THE 10-YEAR PAYMENT PERIOD WOULD END AFTER THE ANNUITY DATE AND YOU CHOOSE AN ANNUITY SETTLEMENT OPTION OTHER THAN ANY LIFETIME PAYOUT OPTION OR PERIOD CERTAIN OPTION OF AT LEAST 15 YEARS OR YOU MAKE A FULL WITHDRAWAL, YOU MAY LOSE ALL OR ANY REMAINING PORTION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT. IN SUCH INSTANCES, WE WOULD NOT REIMBURSE YOU FOR THE EXPENSES YOU HAD PAID US FOR THIS BENEFIT.

IAB OPTION 2 -- INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AUTOMATIC WITHDRAWAL PAYMENT PROGRAM

Under this option, you elect to receive the Income Appreciator Benefit during the accumulation phase. When you activate the benefit, a 10-year Income Appreciator Benefit automatic withdrawal payment program begins. We will pay you the Income Appreciator Benefit amount in equal installments over a 10 year payment period. You may combine this Income Appreciator Benefit amount with an automated withdrawal amount from your contract value, in which case each combined payment must be at least \$100.

The maximum automated withdrawal payment amount that you may receive from your contract value

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under this Income Appreciator Benefit program in any contract year during the 10-year period may not exceed 10% of the contract value as of the date you activate the Income Appreciator Benefit.

Once we calculate the Income Appreciator Benefit, the amount will not be affected by changes in contract value due to the investment performance of any allocation option. Withdrawal charges may apply to automatic withdrawal payment amounts, but not to amounts attributable to the Income Appreciator Benefit.

After the ten-year payment period has ended, if the remaining contract value is \$2,000 or more, the contract will continue. If the remaining contract value is less than \$2,000 after the end of the 10-year payment period, we will pay you the remaining contract value and the contract will terminate. If the contract value falls below the minimum amount required to keep the contract in force due solely to investment results before the end of the 10-year payment period, we will continue to pay the Income Appreciator Benefit amount for the remainder of the 10-year payment period.

DISCONTINUING THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AUTOMATIC WITHDRAWAL PAYMENT PROGRAM UNDER IAB OPTION 2

You may discontinue the Income Appreciator Benefit payment program under IAB Option 2 and activate IAB Option 3 at any time after payments have begun and before the last payment is made. We will add the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount to the contract value at the same frequency as your initial election until the end of the 10-year payment period. We will treat any Income Appreciator Benefit amount added to the contract value as additional earnings. Unless you direct us otherwise, we will allocate these additions to the variable investment options, fixed interest rate options, or the market value adjustment option in the same proportions as your most recent purchase payment allocation percentages.

You may discontinue the Income Appreciator Benefit payment program under IAB Option 2 before the last payment is made and elect an annuity or settlement option. We will add the balance of the Income Appreciator Benefit amount for the 10-year payment period to the contract value in a lump sum before determining the adjusted contract value. The adjusted contract value may be applied to any annuity or settlement option that is paid over the lifetime of the annuitant, joint annuitants, or a period certain of at least 15 years (but not to exceed life expectancy).

IAB OPTION 3 -- INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT CREDIT TO CONTRACT VALUE

Under this option, you can activate the Income Appreciator Benefit and receive the benefit as credits to your contract value over a 10-year payment period. We will allocate these Income Appreciator Benefit credits to the variable investment options, the fixed interest rate options, or the market value adjustment option in the same manner as your current allocation, unless you direct us otherwise. We will waive the \$1,000 minimum requirement for the market value adjustment option. We will calculate the Income Appreciator Benefit amount on the date we receive your written request in good order. Once we have calculated the Income Appreciator Benefit, the Income Appreciator Benefit credit will not be affected by changes in contract value due to the investment performance of any allocation option.

Before we add the last Income Appreciator Benefit credit to your contract value, you may switch to IAB Option 2 and receive the remainder of the Income Appreciator Benefit as payments to you (instead of credits to the contract value) under the Income Appreciator Benefit program for the remainder of the 10-year payment period.

You can also request that any remaining payments in the 10-year payment period be applied to an annuity or settlement option that is paid over the lifetime of the annuitants, joint annuitants, or a period certain of at least 15 years (but not to exceed life expectancy).

EXCESS WITHDRAWALS

During the 10 year period under IAB options 2 or 3, an "excess withdrawal" occurs when any amount is withdrawn from your contract value in a contract year that exceeds the sum of (1) 10% of the contract value as of the date the Income Appreciator Benefit was activated

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WHAT IS THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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plus (2) earnings since the Income Appreciator Benefit was activated that have not been previously withdrawn.

We will deduct the excess withdrawal on a proportional basis from the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount. We will then calculate and apply a new reduced Income Appreciator Benefit amount.

Withdrawals you make in a contract year that do not exceed the sum of (1) 10% of the contract value as of the date the Income Appreciator Benefit was activated plus (2) earnings since the Income Appreciator Benefit was activated that have not been previously withdrawn do not reduce the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount. Additionally, if the amount withdrawn in any year is less than the excess withdrawal threshold, the difference between the amount withdrawn and the threshold can be carried over to subsequent years on a cumulative basis and withdrawn without causing a reduction to the Income Appreciator Benefit amount.

EFFECT OF TOTAL WITHDRAWAL ON INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

We will not make Income Appreciator Benefit payments after the date you make a total withdrawal of the contract surrender value.

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HOW CAN I PURCHASE A STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT?

PURCHASE PAYMENTS

The initial purchase payment is the amount of money you give us to purchase the contract. The minimum initial purchase payment is \$10,000. You must get our prior approval for any initial and additional purchase payment of \$1,000,000 or more, unless we are prohibited under applicable state law from insisting on such prior approval. With some restrictions, you can make additional purchase payments by means other than electronic fund transfer of no less than \$500 at any time during the accumulation phase. However, we impose a minimum of \$100 with respect to additional purchase payments made through electronic fund transfers.

You may purchase this contract only if the oldest of the owner, joint owner, annuitant, or co-annuitant is age 85 or younger on the contract date. Certain age limits apply to certain features and benefits described herein. No subsequent purchase payments may be made on or after the earliest of the 86th birthday of:

- - the owner,
- - the joint owner,
- - the annuitant, or
- - the co-annuitant.

Currently, the maximum aggregate purchase payments you may make is \$7 million. We limit the maximum total purchase payments in any contract year other than the first to \$2 million absent our prior approval.

ALLOCATION OF PURCHASE PAYMENTS

When you purchase a contract, we will allocate your invested purchase payment among the variable or fixed interest rate investment options, or the market value adjustment option based on the percentages you choose. The percentage of your allocation to a particular investment option can range in whole percentages from 0% to 100%.

When you make an additional purchase payment, it will be allocated in the same way as your most recent purchase payment, unless you tell us otherwise. Allocations to the DCA Fixed Rate Option must be no less than \$2,000 and, allocations to the market value adjustment option must be no less than \$1,000.

You may change your allocation of future invested purchase payments at any time. Contact the Prudential Annuity Service Center for details.

We generally will credit the initial purchase payment to your contract within two business days from the day on which we receive your payment in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. If, however, your first payment is made without enough information for us to set up your contract, we may need to contact you to obtain the required information. If we are not able to obtain this information within five business days, we will within that five business day period either return your purchase payment or obtain your consent to continue holding it until we receive the necessary information. We will generally credit each subsequent purchase payment as of the business day we receive it in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. Our business day generally closes at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time. Our business day may close earlier, for example if regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange closes early. Subsequent purchase payments received in good order after the close of the business day will be credited on the following business day.

At our discretion, we may give initial and subsequent purchase payments (as well as withdrawals and transfers) received in good order by certain broker/dealers prior to the close of a business day the same treatment as they would have received had they been received at the same time at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. For more detail, talk to your registered representative.

CREDITS

If you purchase the Contract With Credit, we will add a credit amount to your contract value with each purchase payment you make. The credit amount is allocated to the variable or fixed interest rate investment options or the market value adjustment option in the same percentages as the purchase payment.

The bonus credit that we pay with respect to any purchase payment depends on (i) the age of the older of the owner or joint owner on the date on which the purchase payment is made and (ii) the amount of the purchase payment. Specifically,

- if the elder owner is 80 or younger on the date that the purchase payment is made, then we will add a bonus credit to the purchase payment equal to 4% if the purchase payment is less than \$250,000; 5% if the purchase payment is equal to or greater than

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HOW CAN I PURCHASE A STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

\$250,000 but less than \$1 million; or 6% if the purchase payment is \$1 million or greater; and

- if the older owner is aged 81-85 on the date that the purchase payment is made, then we will add a bonus credit equal to 3% of the amount of the purchase payment.

Under the Contract With Credit, if the owner returns the contract during the free look period, we will recapture the bonus credits. If we pay a death benefit under the contract, we have a contractual right to take back any credit we applied within one year of the date of death.

CALCULATING CONTRACT VALUE

The value of the variable portion of your contract will go up or down depending on the investment performance of the variable investment options you choose. To determine the value of your contract allocated to the variable investment options, we use a unit of measure called an accumulation unit. An accumulation unit works like a share of a mutual fund.

Every day we determine the value of an accumulation unit for each of the variable investment options. We do this by:

- 1) adding up the total amount of money allocated to a specific investment option,
- 2) subtracting from that amount insurance charges and any other applicable charges such as for taxes, and
- 3) dividing this amount by the number of outstanding accumulation units.

When you make a purchase payment to a variable investment option, we credit your contract with accumulation units of the subaccount or subaccounts for the investment options you choose. We determine the number of accumulation units credited to your contract by dividing the amount of the purchase payment, plus (if you have purchased the Contract With Credit) any applicable credit, allocated to a variable investment option by the unit price of the accumulation unit for that variable investment option. We calculate the unit price for each investment option after the New York Stock Exchange closes each day and then credit your contract. The value of the accumulation units can increase, decrease, or remain the same from day to day.

We cannot guarantee that your contract value will increase or that it will not fall below the amount of your total purchase payments.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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WHAT ARE THE EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT?

THERE ARE CHARGES AND OTHER EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE CONTRACT THAT REDUCE THE RETURN ON YOUR INVESTMENT. THESE CHARGES AND EXPENSES ARE DESCRIBED BELOW.

The charges under the contracts are designed to cover, in the aggregate, our

direct and indirect costs of selling, administering and providing benefits under the contracts. They are also designed, in the aggregate, to compensate us for the risks of loss we assume pursuant to the contracts. If, as we expect, the charges that we collect from the contracts exceed our total costs in connection with the contracts, we will earn a profit. Otherwise, we will incur a loss. The rates of certain of our charges have been set with reference to estimates of the amount of specific types of expenses or risks that we will incur. In most cases, this prospectus identifies such expenses or risks in the name of the charge; however, the fact that any charge bears the name of, or is designed primarily to defray a particular expense or risk does not mean that the amount we collect from that charge will never be more than the amount of such expense or risk. Nor does it mean that we may not also be compensated for such expense or risk out of any other charges we are permitted to deduct by the terms of the contract.

INSURANCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE CHARGES

Each day, we make a deduction for the insurance and administrative charges. These charges cover our expenses for mortality and expense risk, administration, marketing and distribution. If you choose a Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit option, or Lifetime Five Income Benefit option, the insurance and administrative cost also includes a charge to cover our assumption of the associated risk. The mortality risk portion of the charge is for assuming the risk that the annuitant(s) will live longer than expected based on our life expectancy tables. When this happens, we pay a greater number of annuity payments. We also incur the risk that the death benefit amount exceeds the contract value. The expense risk portion of the charge is for assuming the risk that the current charges will be insufficient in the future to cover the cost of administering the contract. The administrative expense portion of the charge compensates us for the expenses associated with the administration of the contract. This includes preparing and issuing the contract; establishing and maintaining contract records; preparation of confirmations and annual reports; personnel costs; legal and accounting fees; filing fees; and systems costs.

We calculate the insurance and administrative charge based on the average daily value of all assets allocated to the variable investment options. These charges are not assessed against amounts allocated to the fixed interest rate options. The amount of the charge depends on the death benefit (or other) option that you choose.

The death benefit charge is equal to:

- 1.40% on an annual basis if you choose the base death benefit, or
- 1.65% on an annual basis if you choose the step-up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit option (i.e., 0.25% in addition to the base death benefit charge).

We impose an additional insurance and administrative charge of 0.10% annually (of account value attributable to the variable investment options) for the Contract With Credit.

We impose an additional charge of 0.60% annually if you choose the Lifetime Five Benefit option. The 0.60% charge is in addition to the charge we impose for the applicable death benefit. Upon any reset of the amounts guaranteed under this benefit, we reserve the right to adjust the charge to that being imposed at that time for new elections of the benefit.

If the charges under the contract are not sufficient to cover our expenses, then we will bear the loss. We do, however, expect to profit from these charges. Any profits made from these charges may be used by us to pay for the costs of distributing the contracts. If you choose the Contract With Credit, we will also use any profits from this charge to recoup our costs of providing the credit.

WHAT ARE THE EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

WITHDRAWAL CHARGE

A withdrawal charge may apply if you make a full or partial withdrawal during the withdrawal charge period for a purchase payment. The amount and duration of the withdrawal charge depends on whether you choose the Contract With Credit or the Contract Without Credit. The withdrawal charge varies with the number of contract anniversaries that have elapsed since each purchase payment being withdrawn was made. Specifically, we maintain an "age" for each purchase payment you have made by keeping track of how many contract anniversaries have passed since the purchase payment was made.

The withdrawal charge is the percentage, shown below, of the amount withdrawn.

<Table>

<Caption>

NUMBER OF CONTRACT ANNIVERSARIES SINCE THE DATE OF EACH PURCHASE PAYMENT	CONTRACT WITH CREDIT WITHDRAWAL CHARGE	CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT WITHDRAWAL CHARGE
<S>	<C>	<C>
0	8%	7%
1	8%	6%
2	8%	5%
3	8%	4%
4	7%	3%
5	6%	2%
6	5%	1%
7	0%	0%

</Table>

If a withdrawal is effective on the day before a contract anniversary, the withdrawal charge percentage as of the next following contract anniversary will apply.

If you request a withdrawal, we will deduct an amount from the contract value that is sufficient to pay the withdrawal charge, and provide you with the amount requested.

If you request a full withdrawal, we will provide you with the full amount of the contract value after making deductions for charges.

Each contract year, you may withdraw a specified amount of your contract value without incurring a withdrawal charge. We determine the "charge-free" amount available to you in a given contract year on the contract anniversary that begins that year. In calculating the charge-free amount, we divide purchase payments into two categories -- payments that are subject to a withdrawal charge and those that are not. We determine the charge-free amount based only on purchase payments that are subject to a withdrawal charge. The charge-free amount in a given contract year is equal to 10% of the sum of all the purchase payments subject to the withdrawal charge that you have made as of the applicable contract anniversary. During the first contract year, the charge-free amount is equal to 10% of the initial purchase payment.

When you make a withdrawal (including a withdrawal under the optional Lifetime Five Income Benefit), we will deduct the amount of the withdrawal first from the available charge-free amount. Any excess amount will then be deducted from purchase payments in excess of the charge-free amount and subject to applicable withdrawal charges. Once you have withdrawn all purchase payments, additional withdrawals will come from any earnings. We do not impose withdrawal charges on earnings.

If a withdrawal or transfer is taken from a market value adjustment guarantee period, prior to the expiration of the rate guarantee period, we will make a market value adjustment to the withdrawal amount. We will then apply a withdrawal charge to the adjusted amount.

If you choose the Contract With Credit and make a withdrawal that is subject to a withdrawal charge, we may use part of that withdrawal charge to recoup our costs of providing the credit.

Withdrawal charges will never be greater than permitted by applicable law.

MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS

If a withdrawal is taken from a tax qualified contract under the minimum distribution option in order to satisfy an Internal Revenue Service mandatory distribution requirement only with respect to that contract's account balance, we will waive withdrawal charges. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?"

CONTRACT MAINTENANCE CHARGE

On each contract anniversary during the accumulation phase, if your contract value is less than \$75,000, we will deduct the lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value, for administrative expenses. We may raise the

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

level of the contract value at which we waive this fee. The charge will be deducted proportionately from each of the contract's investment options. This same charge will also be deducted when you surrender your contract if your contract value is less than \$75,000.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT CHARGE

We will impose an additional charge if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. FOR CONTRACTS SOLD ON OR AFTER MAY 1, 2004, we will deduct a charge equal to 0.50% per year of the average GMIB protected value for the period the charge applies. FOR ALL OTHER CONTRACTS, this is an annual charge equal to 0.45% of the average GMIB protected value for the period the charge applies. We deduct the charge from your contract value on each of the following events:

- - each contract anniversary,
- - when you begin the income phase of the contract,
- - upon a full withdrawal, and
- - upon a partial withdrawal if the remaining contract value would not be enough to cover the then applicable Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit charge.

If we impose this fee other than on a contract anniversary, then we will pro-rate it based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted.

Because the charge is calculated based on the average GMIB protected value, it does not increase or decrease based on changes to the annuity's contract value due to market performance. If the GMIB protected value increases, the dollar amount of the annual charge will increase, while a decrease in the GMIB protected value will decrease the dollar amount of the charge.

The charge is deducted annually in arrears each contract year on the contract anniversary. We deduct the amount of the charge pro-rata from the contract value allocated to the variable investment options. If you surrender your contract, begin receiving annuity payments under the GMIB or any other annuity payout option we make available during a contract year, or the GMIB terminates, we will deduct the charge for the portion of the contract year since the prior contract anniversary (or the contract date if in the first contract year). Upon a full withdrawal or if the contract value remaining after a partial withdrawal is not enough to cover the applicable Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit charge, we will deduct the charge from the amount we pay you.

THE FACT THAT WE MAY IMPOSE THE CHARGE UPON A FULL OR PARTIAL WITHDRAWAL DOES NOT IMPAIR YOUR RIGHT TO MAKE A WITHDRAWAL AT THE TIME OF YOUR CHOOSING.

We will not impose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit charge after the income phase begins.

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT CHARGE

We will impose an additional charge if you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit. This is an annual charge equal to 0.25% of your contract value. The Income Appreciator Benefit charge is calculated:

- on each contract anniversary,

- on the annuity date,
- upon the death of the sole owner or the first to die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date,
- upon a full or partial withdrawal, and
- upon a subsequent purchase payment.

The fee is based on the contract value at the time of the calculation, and is prorated based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted.

Although the Income Appreciator Benefit charge may be calculated more often, it is deducted only:

- on each contract anniversary,
- on the annuity date,
- upon the death of the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date,
- upon a full withdrawal, and
- upon a partial withdrawal if the contract value remaining after such partial withdrawal is not enough to cover the then-applicable Income Appreciator Benefit charge.

We reserve the right to calculate and deduct the fee more frequently than annually, such as quarterly.

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WHAT ARE THE EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

The Income Appreciator Benefit charge is deducted from each investment option in the same proportion that the amount allocated to the investment option bears to the total contract value. No market value adjustment will apply to the portion of the charge deducted from the market value adjustment option. Upon a full withdrawal, or if the contract value remaining after a partial withdrawal is not enough to cover the then-applicable Income Appreciator Benefit charge, the charge is deducted from the amount paid. The payment of the Income Appreciator Benefit charge will be deemed to be made from earnings for purposes of calculating other charges. THE FACT THAT WE MAY IMPOSE THE CHARGE UPON A FULL OR PARTIAL WITHDRAWAL DOES NOT IMPAIR YOUR RIGHT TO MAKE A WITHDRAWAL AT THE TIME OF YOUR CHOOSING.

We do not assess this charge upon election of IAB Option 1, the completion of IAB Option 2 or 3, and upon annuitization. However, we do assess the IAB charge during the 10-year payment period contemplated by IAB Options 2 and 3. Moreover, you should realize that amounts credited to your contract value under IAB Option 3 increase the contract value, and because the IAB fee is a percentage of your contract value, the IAB fee may increase as a consequence of those additions.

TAXES ATTRIBUTABLE TO PREMIUM

There may be federal, state and premium based taxes applicable to your purchase payment. We are responsible for the payment of these taxes and may make a deduction from the value of the contract to pay some or all of these taxes. New York does not currently charge premium taxes on annuities. It is our current practice not to deduct a charge for the federal tax associated with deferred acquisition costs paid by us that are based on premium received. However, we reserve the right to charge the contract owner in the future for any such tax associated with deferred acquisition costs and any federal, state or local income, excise, business or any other type of tax measured by the amount of premium received by us.

TRANSFER FEE

You can make 12 free transfers every contract year. We measure a contract year from the date we issue your contract (contract date). If you make more than 12 transfers in a contract year (excluding Dollar Cost Averaging and

Auto-Rebalancing), we will deduct a transfer fee of \$25 for each additional transfer. We have the right to increase this fee up to a maximum of \$30 per transfer, but we have no current plans to do so. We will deduct the transfer fee pro-rata from the investment options from which the transfer is made.

COMPANY TAXES

We pay company income taxes on the taxable corporate earnings created by this separate account product. While we may consider company income taxes when pricing our products, we do not currently include such income taxes in the tax charges you pay under the contract. We will periodically review the issue of charging for these taxes and may impose a charge in the future.

In calculating our corporate income tax liability, we derive certain corporate income tax benefits associated with the investment of company assets, including separate account assets, which are treated as company assets under applicable income tax law. These benefits reduce our overall corporate income tax liability. Under current law, such benefits may include foreign tax credits and corporate dividend received deductions. We do not pass these tax benefits through to holders of the separate account annuity contracts because (i) the contract owners are not the owners of the assets generating these benefits under applicable income tax law and (ii) we do not currently include company income taxes in the tax charges you pay under the contract. We reserve the right to change these tax practices.

UNDERLYING MUTUAL FUND FEES

When you allocate a purchase payment or a transfer to the variable investment options, we in turn invest in shares of a corresponding underlying mutual fund. Those funds charge fees that are in addition to the contract-related fees described in this section. For 2004, the fees of these funds ranged on an annual basis from 0.38% to 1.30% of fund assets (these fees reflect the effect of expense reimbursements or waivers, which may terminate at any time). For additional information about these fund fees, please consult the prospectuses for the funds.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

PART II

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HOW CAN I

ACCESS MY MONEY?
- - - - -

YOU CAN ACCESS YOUR MONEY BY:

- - MAKING A WITHDRAWAL (EITHER PARTIAL OR FULL); OR
- - CHOOSING TO RECEIVE ANNUITY PAYMENTS DURING THE INCOME PHASE.

WITHDRAWALS DURING THE ACCUMULATION PHASE

When you make a full withdrawal, you will receive the value of your contract minus any applicable charges and fees. We will calculate the value of your contract and charges, if any, as of the date we receive your request in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center.

Unless you tell us otherwise, any partial withdrawal and related withdrawal charges will be taken proportionately from all of the investment options you have selected. The minimum contract value that must remain in order to keep your contract in force after a withdrawal is \$2,000. If you request a withdrawal amount that would reduce the contract value below this minimum, we will withdraw the maximum amount available that, with the withdrawal charge, would not reduce the contract value below such minimum.

With respect to the variable investment options, we will generally pay the withdrawal amount, less any required tax withholding, within seven days after we receive a withdrawal request in good order. We will deduct applicable charges, if any, from the assets in your contract.

With respect to the market value adjustment option, you may specify the guarantee period from which you would like to make a withdrawal. If you indicate

that the withdrawal is to originate from the market value adjustment option, but you do not specify which guarantee period is to be involved, then we will take the withdrawal from the guarantee period that has the least time remaining until its maturity date. If you indicate that you wish to make a withdrawal, but do not specify the investment options to be involved, then we will take the withdrawal from your contract value on a pro rata basis from each investment option that you have. In that situation, we will aggregate the contract value in each of the guarantee periods that you have within the market value adjustment option for purposes of making that pro rata calculation. The portion of the withdrawal associated with the market value adjustment option then will be taken from the guarantee periods with the least amount of time remaining until the maturity date, irrespective of the original length of the guarantee period. You should be aware that a withdrawal may avoid a withdrawal charge based on the charge-free amount that we allow, yet still be subject to a market value adjustment.

INCOME TAXES, TAX PENALTIES, AND CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS ALSO MAY APPLY TO ANY WITHDRAWAL YOU MAKE. FOR A MORE COMPLETE EXPLANATION, SEE SECTION 10.

AUTOMATED WITHDRAWALS

We offer an automated withdrawal feature. This feature enables you to receive periodic withdrawals in monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual intervals. We will process your withdrawals at the end of the business day at the intervals you specify. We will continue at these intervals until you tell us otherwise. You can make withdrawals from any designated investment option or proportionally from all investment options (other than a guarantee period within the market value adjustment option). The minimum automated withdrawal amount you can make is generally \$100. An assignment of the contract terminates any automated withdrawal program that you had in effect.

INCOME TAXES, TAX PENALTIES, WITHDRAWAL CHARGES, AND CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS MAY APPLY TO AUTOMATED WITHDRAWALS. FOR A MORE COMPLETE EXPLANATION, SEE SECTION 10.

SUSPENSION OF PAYMENTS OR TRANSFERS

The SEC may require us to suspend or postpone payments made in connection with withdrawals or transfers for any period when:

- - The New York Stock Exchange is closed (other than customary weekend and holiday closings);
- - Trading on the New York Stock Exchange is restricted;

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HOW CAN I ACCESS MY MONEY? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

- - An emergency exists, as determined by the SEC, during which sales and redemptions of shares of the underlying mutual funds are not feasible or we cannot reasonably value the accumulation units; or
- - The SEC, by order, permits suspension or postponement of payments for the protection of owners.

We expect to pay the amount of any withdrawal or process any transfer made from the fixed interest rate options promptly upon request.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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WHAT ARE THE TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

The tax considerations associated with the Strategic Partners Plus 3 contract vary depending on whether the contract is (i) owned by an individual and not associated with a tax-favored retirement plan (including contracts held by a non-natural person, such as a trust, acting as an agent for a natural person), or (ii) held under a tax-favored retirement plan. We discuss the tax considerations for these categories of contracts below. The discussion is general in nature and describes only federal income tax law (not state or other tax laws). It is based on current law and interpretations, which may change. The discussion includes a description of certain spousal rights under the contract and under tax-qualified plans. Our administration of such spousal rights and related tax reporting accords with our understanding of the Defense of Marriage Act (which defines a "marriage" as a legal union between a man and a woman and a "spouse" as a person of the opposite sex). The information provided is not intended as tax advice. You should consult with a qualified tax advisor for complete information and advice. References to purchase payments below relate to your cost basis in your contract. Generally, your cost basis in a contract not associated with a tax-favored retirement plan is the amount you pay into your contract, or into annuities exchanged for your contract, on an after-tax basis less any withdrawals of such payments.

This contract may also be purchased as a non-qualified annuity (i.e., a contract not held under a tax-favored retirement plan) by a trust or custodial IRA or 403(b) account, which can hold other permissible assets other than the annuity. The terms and administration of the trust or custodial account in accordance with the laws and regulations for IRAs or 403(b)s, as applicable, are the responsibility of the applicable trustee or custodian.

CONTRACTS OWNED BY INDIVIDUALS (NOT ASSOCIATED WITH TAX-FAVORED RETIREMENT PLANS)

TAXES PAYABLE BY YOU

We believe the contract is an annuity contract for tax purposes. Accordingly, as a general rule, you should not pay any tax until you receive money under the contract.

Generally, annuity contracts issued by the same company (and affiliates) to you during the same calendar year must be treated as one annuity contract for purposes of determining the amount subject to tax under the rules described below.

It is possible that the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) would assert that some or all of the charges for the optional benefits under the contract such as the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, should be treated for federal income tax purposes as a partial withdrawal from the contract. If this were the case, the charge for this benefit could be deemed a withdrawal and treated as taxable to the extent there are earnings in the contract. Additionally, for owners under age 59 1/2, the taxable income attributable to the charge for the benefit could be subject to a tax penalty.

If the IRS determines that the charges for one or more benefits under the contract are taxable withdrawals, then the sole or surviving owner will be provided with a notice from us describing available alternatives regarding these benefits.

TAXES ON WITHDRAWALS AND SURRENDER

If you make a withdrawal from your contract or surrender it before annuity payments begin, the amount you receive will be taxed as ordinary income, rather than as return of purchase payments, until all gain has been withdrawn. You will generally be taxed on any withdrawals from the contract while you are alive even if the withdrawal is paid to someone else.

If you assign or pledge all or part of your contract as collateral for a loan, the part assigned generally will be treated as a withdrawal. Also, if you elect any interest payment option that we may offer, that election will be treated, for tax purposes, as surrendering your contract.

If you transfer your contract for less than full consideration, such as by gift, you will trigger tax on any gain in the contract. This rule does not apply if you transfer the contract to your spouse or under most circumstances if you transfer the contract incident to divorce.

TAXES ON ANNUITY PAYMENTS

A portion of each annuity payment you receive will be treated as a partial return of your purchase payments

TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

and will not be taxed. The remaining portion will be taxed as ordinary income. Generally, the nontaxable portion is determined by multiplying the annuity payment you receive by a fraction, the numerator of which is your purchase payments (less any amounts previously received tax-free) and the denominator of which is the total expected payments under the contract.

After the full amount of your purchase payments have been recovered tax-free, the full amount of the annuity payments will be taxable. If annuity payments stop due to the death of the annuitant before the full amount of your purchase payments have been recovered, a tax deduction may be allowed for the unrecovered amount.

TAX PENALTY ON WITHDRAWALS AND ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Any taxable amount you receive under your contract may be subject to a 10% tax penalty. Amounts are not subject to this tax penalty if:

- - the amount is paid on or after you reach age 59 1/2 or die;
- - the amount received is attributable to your becoming disabled;
- - the amount paid or received is in the form of substantially equal payments not less frequently than annually (please note that substantially equal payments must continue until the later of reaching age 59 1/2 or 5 years. Modification of payments during that time period will generally result in retroactive application of the 10% tax penalty.); or
- - the amount received is paid under an immediate annuity contract (in which annuity payments begin within one year of purchase).

SPECIAL RULES IN RELATION TO TAX-FREE EXCHANGES UNDER SECTION 1035

Section 1035 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (Code) permits certain tax-free exchanges of a life insurance, annuity or endowment contract for an annuity. If the annuity is purchased through a tax-free exchange of a life insurance, annuity or endowment contract that was purchased prior to August 14, 1982, then any purchase payments made to the original contract prior to August 14, 1982 will be treated as made to the new contract prior to that date. (See "Federal Tax Status" in the Statement of Additional Information.)

Partial surrenders may be treated in the same way as tax-free 1035 exchanges of entire contracts, therefore avoiding current taxation of gains in the contract as well as the 10% tax penalty of pre-age 59 1/2 withdrawals. The IRS has reserved the right to treat transactions it considers abusive as ineligible for this favorable partial 1035 exchange treatment. We do not know what transactions may be considered abusive. For example we do not know how the IRS may view early withdrawals or annuitizations after a partial exchange. In addition, it is unclear how the IRS will treat a partial exchange from a life insurance, endowment, or annuity contract into an immediate annuity. As of the date of this prospectus, we will accept a partial 1035 exchange from a non-qualified annuity into an immediate annuity as a "tax-free" exchange for future tax reporting purposes, except to the extent that we, as a reporting and withholding agent, believe that we would be expected to deem the transaction to be abusive. However, some insurance companies may not recognize these partial surrenders as tax-free exchanges and may report them as taxable distributions to the extent of any gain distributed as well as subjecting the taxable portion of the distribution to the 10% tax penalty. We strongly urge you to discuss any transaction of this type with your tax advisor before proceeding with the transaction.

TAXES PAYABLE BY BENEFICIARIES

The death benefit options are subject to income tax to the extent the distribution exceeds the cost basis in the contract. The value of the death benefit, as determined under federal law, is also included in the owner's estate.

Generally, the same tax rules described above would also apply to amounts received by your beneficiary. Choosing any option other than a lump sum death benefit may defer taxes. Certain minimum distribution requirements apply upon

your death, as discussed further below.

Tax consequences to the beneficiary vary among the death benefit payment options.

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

- - Choice 1: The beneficiary is taxed on earnings in the contract.
- - Choice 2: The beneficiary is taxed as amounts are withdrawn (in this case earnings are treated as being distributed first).
- - Choice 3: The beneficiary is taxed on each payment (part will be treated as earnings and part as return of premiums).

REPORTING AND WITHHOLDING ON DISTRIBUTIONS

Taxable amounts distributed from your annuity contracts are subject to federal and state income tax reporting and withholding. In general, we will withhold federal income tax from the taxable portion of such distribution based on the type of distribution. In the case of an annuity or similar periodic payment, we will withhold as if you are a married individual with three exemptions unless you designate a different withholding status. In the case of all other distributions, we will withhold at a 10% rate. You may generally elect not to have tax withheld from your payments. An election out of withholding must be made on forms that we provide.

State income tax withholding rules vary and we will withhold based on the rules of your State of residence. Special tax rules apply to withholding for nonresident aliens, and we generally withhold income tax for nonresident aliens at a 30% rate. A different withholding rate may be applicable to a nonresident alien based on the terms of an existing income tax treaty between the United States and the nonresident alien's country. Please refer to the CONTRACTS HELD BY TAX FAVORED PLANS section below for a discussion regarding withholding rules for tax favored plans (for example, an IRA).

Regardless of the amount withheld by us, you are liable for payment of federal and state income tax on the taxable portion of annuity distributions. You should consult with your tax advisor regarding the payment of the correct amount of these income taxes and potential liability if you fail to pay such taxes.

ANNUITY QUALIFICATION

Diversification And Investor Control. In order to qualify for the tax rules applicable to annuity contracts described above, the assets underlying the variable investment options of the annuity contract must be diversified, according to certain rules. We believe these diversification rules will be met.

An additional requirement for qualification for the tax treatment described above is that we, and not you as the contract owner, must have sufficient control over the underlying assets to be treated as the owner of the underlying assets for tax purposes. While we also believe these investor control rules will be met, the Treasury Department may promulgate guidelines under which a variable annuity will not be treated as an annuity for tax purposes if persons with ownership rights have excessive control over the investments underlying such variable annuity. It is unclear whether such guidelines, if in fact promulgated, would have retroactive effect. It is also unclear what effect, if any, such guidelines may have on transfers between the investment options offered pursuant to this prospectus. We will take any action, including modifications to your contract or the investment options, required to comply with such guidelines if promulgated.

Please refer to the Statement of Additional Information for further information on these diversification and investor control issues.

Required Distributions Upon Your Death. Upon your death, certain distributions must be made under the contract. The required distributions depend on whether you die before you start taking annuity payments under the contract or after you start taking annuity payments under the contract.

If you die on or after the annuity date, the remaining portion of the interest in the contract must be distributed at least as rapidly as under the method of distribution being used as of the date of death.

If you die before the annuity date, the entire interest in the contract must be distributed within 5 years after the date of death. However, if a periodic payment option is selected by your designated beneficiary and if such payments begin within 1 year of your death, the value of the contract may be distributed over the beneficiary's life or a period not exceeding the beneficiary's life

expectancy. Your designated beneficiary is the person to whom benefit rights under

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TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

the contract pass by reason of death, and must be a natural person in order to elect a periodic payment option based on life expectancy or a period exceeding five years.

If the contract is payable to (or for the benefit of) your surviving spouse, that portion of the contract may be continued with your spouse as the owner.

Changes In The Contract. We reserve the right to make any changes we deem necessary to assure that the contract qualifies as an annuity contract for tax purposes. Any such changes will apply to all contract owners and you will be given notice to the extent feasible under the circumstances.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

You should refer to the Statement of Additional Information if:

- - The contract is held by a corporation or other entity instead of by an individual or as agent for an individual.
- - Your contract was issued in exchange for a contract containing purchase payments made before August 14, 1982.
- - You transfer your contract to, or designate, a beneficiary who is either 37 1/2 years younger than you or a grandchild.

CONTRACTS HELD BY TAX-FAVORED PLANS

The following discussion covers annuity contracts held under tax-favored retirement plans.

Currently, the contract may be purchased for use in connection with individual retirement accounts and annuities (IRAs) which are subject to Sections 408(a), 408(b) and 408A of the Code. This description assumes that you have satisfied the requirements for eligibility for these products.

YOU SHOULD BE AWARE THAT TAX FAVORED PLANS SUCH AS IRAS GENERALLY PROVIDE TAX DEFERRAL REGARDLESS WHETHER THEY INVEST IN ANNUITY CONTRACTS. THIS MEANS THAT WHEN A TAX FAVORED PLAN INVESTS IN AN ANNUITY CONTRACT, IT GENERALLY DOES NOT RESULT IN ANY ADDITIONAL TAX DEFERRAL BENEFITS.

TYPES OF TAX FAVORED PLANS

IRAs. If you buy a contract for use as an IRA, we will provide you a copy of the prospectus and contract. The "IRA Disclosure Statement," attached to this prospectus, contains information about eligibility, contribution limits, tax particulars, and other IRA information. In addition to this information (some of which is summarized below), the IRS requires that you have a "free look" after making an initial contribution to the contract. During this time, you can cancel the contract by notifying us in writing, and we will refund all of the purchase payments under the contract (or, if provided by applicable state law, the amount your contract is worth, if greater), less any applicable federal and state income tax withholding.

CONTRIBUTIONS LIMITS/ROLLOVERS. Because of the way the contract is designed, you may only purchase a contract for an IRA in connection with a "rollover" of amounts from a qualified retirement plan or transfer from another IRA. You must make a minimum initial payment of \$10,000 to purchase a contract. This minimum is greater than the maximum amount of any annual contribution allowed by law you may make to an IRA. For 2005, the limit is \$4,000, increasing to \$5,000 in 2008. After 2008, the contribution amount will be indexed for inflation. The tax law also provides for a catch-up provision for individuals who are age 50 and above.

These taxpayers will be permitted to contribute an additional \$500, increasing to \$1,000 in 2006 and years thereafter. The "rollover" rules under the Code are fairly technical; however, an individual (or his or her surviving spouse) may generally "roll over" certain distributions from tax favored retirement plans (either directly or within 60 days from the date of these distributions) if he or she meets the requirements for distribution. Once you buy the contract, you can make regular IRA contributions under the contract (to the extent permitted by law). However, if you make such regular IRA contributions, you should note that you will not be able to treat the contract as a "conduit IRA," which means that you will not retain possible favorable tax treatment if you subsequently "roll over" the contract funds originally derived from a qualified retirement plan into another Section 401(a) plan.

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

Required Provisions. Contracts that are IRAs (or endorsements that are part of the contract) must contain certain provisions:

- - You, as owner of the contract, must be the "annuitant" under the contract (except in certain cases involving the division of property under a decree of divorce);
- - Your rights as owner are non-forfeitable;
- - You cannot sell, assign or pledge the contract, other than to Pruco Life of New Jersey;
- - The annual contribution you pay cannot be greater than the maximum amount allowed by law, including catch-up contributions if applicable (which does not include any rollover amounts);
- - The date on which annuity payments must begin cannot be later than April 1st of the calendar year after the calendar year you turn age 70 1/2; and
- - Death and annuity payments must meet "minimum distribution requirements".

Usually, the full amount of any distribution from an IRA (including a distribution from this contract) which is not a rollover is taxable. As taxable income, these distributions are subject to the general tax withholding rules described earlier. In addition to this normal tax liability, you may also be liable for the following, depending on your actions:

- - A 10% "early distribution penalty";
- - Liability for "prohibited transactions" if you, for example, borrow against the value of an IRA; or
- - Failure to take a minimum distribution.

Roth IRAs. Like standard IRAs, income within a Roth IRA accumulates tax-free, and contributions are subject to specific limits. Roth IRAs have, however, the following differences:

- - Contributions to a Roth IRA cannot be deducted from your gross income;
- - "Qualified distributions" from a Roth IRA are excludable from gross income. A "qualified distribution" is a distribution that satisfies two requirements: (1) the distribution must be made (a) after the owner of the IRA attains age 59 1/2; (b) after the owner's death; (c) due to the owner's disability; or (d) for a qualified first time homebuyer distribution within the meaning of Section 72(t)(2)(F) of the Code; and (2) the distribution must be made in the year that is at least five tax years after the first year for which a contribution was made to any Roth IRA established for the owner or five years after a rollover, transfer, or conversion was made from a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA. Distributions from a Roth IRA that are not qualified distributions will be treated as made first from contributions and then from earnings, and taxed generally in the same manner as distributions from a traditional IRA; and
- - If eligible (including meeting income limitations and earnings requirements), you may make contributions to a Roth IRA after attaining age 70 1/2, and

distributions are not required to begin upon attaining such age or at any time thereafter.

Because the contract's minimum initial payment of \$10,000 is greater than the maximum annual contribution permitted to be made to a Roth IRA, you may only purchase a contract for a Roth IRA in connection with a "rollover" or "conversion" of amounts of another traditional IRA, conduit IRA, or Roth IRA. This minimum is greater than the maximum amount of any annual contribution allowed by law you may make to a Roth IRA. The Code permits persons who meet certain income limitations (generally, adjusted gross income under \$100,000), and who receive certain qualifying distributions from such non-Roth IRAs, to directly rollover or make, within 60 days, a "rollover" of all or any part of the amount of such distribution to a Roth IRA which they establish. This conversion triggers current taxation (but is not subject to a 10% early distribution penalty). Once the contract has been purchased, regular Roth IRA contributions will be accepted to the extent permitted by law.

MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS AND PAYMENT OPTION

If you hold the contract under an IRA (or other tax-favored plan), IRS minimum distribution requirements must be satisfied. This means that generally payments must start by April 1 of the year after the year you reach age 70 1/2 and must be made for each year thereafter.

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TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT CONTINUED

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

The amount of the payment must at least equal the minimum required under the IRS rules. Several choices are available for calculating the minimum amount. More information on the mechanics of this calculation is available on request. Please contact us a reasonable time before the IRS deadline so that a timely distribution is made. Please note that there is a 50% tax penalty on the amount of any minimum distribution not made in a timely manner.

Effective in 2006, in accordance with recent changes in laws and regulations, required minimum distributions will be calculated based on the sum of the contract value and the actuarial value of any additional death benefits and benefits from optional riders that you have purchased under the contract. As a result, the required minimum distributions may be larger than if the calculation were based on the contract value only, which may in turn result in an earlier (but not before the required beginning date) distribution under the contract and an increased amount of taxable income distributed to the contract owner, and a reduction of death benefits and the benefits of any optional riders.

You can use the minimum distribution option to satisfy the IRS minimum distribution requirements for this contract without either beginning annuity payments or surrendering the contract. We will distribute to you this minimum distribution amount, less any other partial withdrawals that you made during the year.

Although the IRS rules determine the required amount to be distributed from your IRA each year, certain payment alternatives are still available to you. If you own more than one IRA, you can choose to satisfy your minimum distribution requirement for each of your IRAs by withdrawing that amount from any of your IRAs.

PENALTY FOR EARLY WITHDRAWALS

You may owe a 10% tax penalty on the taxable part of distributions received from an IRA or Roth IRA before you attain age 59 1/2.

Amounts are not subject to this tax penalty if:

- the amount is paid on or after you reach age 59 1/2 or die;
- the amount received is attributable to your becoming disabled; or
- the amount paid or received is in the form of substantially equal payments

not less frequently than annually (please note that substantially equal payments must continue until the later of reaching age 59 1/2 or 5 years. Modification of payments during that time period will generally result in retroactive application of the 10% tax penalty.).

Other exceptions to this tax may apply. You should consult your tax advisor for further details.

WITHHOLDING

Unless you elect otherwise, we will withhold federal income tax from the taxable portion of such distribution at an appropriate percentage. The rate of withholding on annuity payments where no mandatory withholding is required is determined on the basis of the withholding certificate that you file with us. If you do not file a certificate, we will automatically withhold federal taxes on the following basis:

- - For any annuity payments not subject to mandatory withholding, you will have taxes withheld by us as if you are a married individual, with three exemptions; and
- - For all other distributions, we will withhold at a 10% rate.

We will provide you with forms and instructions concerning the right to elect that no amount be withheld from payments in the ordinary course. However, you should know that, in any event, you are liable for payment of federal income taxes on the taxable portion of the distributions, and you should consult with your tax advisor to find out more information on your potential liability if you fail to pay such taxes.

ERISA DISCLOSURE/REQUIREMENTS

ERISA (the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974") and the Code prevent a fiduciary and other "parties in interest" with respect to a plan (and, for these purposes, an IRA would also constitute a "plan") from receiving any benefit from any party dealing with the plan, as a result of the sale of the contract. Administrative exemptions under ERISA generally

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

permit the sale of insurance/annuity products to plans, provided that certain information is disclosed to the person purchasing the contract. This information has to do primarily with the fees, charges, discounts and other costs related to the contract, as well as any commissions paid to any agent selling the contract.

Information about any applicable fees, charges, discounts, penalties or adjustments may be found under Section 8, "What Are The Expenses Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?"

Information about sales representatives and commissions may be found under "Other Information" and "Sale And Distribution Of The Contract" in Section 11.

In addition, other relevant information required by the exemptions is contained in the contract and accompanying documentation. Please consult your tax advisor if you have any additional questions.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For additional information about federal tax law requirements applicable to tax favored plans, see the "IRA Disclosure Statement," attached to this prospectus.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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OTHER

INFORMATION

PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY

Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey (Pruco Life of New Jersey) is a stock life insurance company organized in 1982 under the laws of the State of New Jersey. It is licensed to sell life insurance and annuities in New Jersey and New York, and accordingly is subject to the laws of each of those states.

Pruco Life of New Jersey is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of The Prudential Insurance Company of America (Prudential), a New Jersey stock life insurance company doing business since 1875. Prudential is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial, Inc. (Prudential Financial), a New Jersey insurance holding company. As Pruco Life of New Jersey's ultimate parent, Prudential Financial exercises significant influence over the operations and capital structure of Pruco Life of New Jersey and Prudential. However, neither Prudential Financial, Prudential, nor any other related company has any legal responsibility to pay amounts that Pruco Life of New Jersey may owe under the contract.

Pruco Life of New Jersey publishes annual and quarterly reports that are filed with the SEC. These reports contain financial information about Pruco Life of New Jersey that is annually audited by independent accountants. Pruco Life of New Jersey's annual report for the year ended December 31, 2004, together with subsequent periodic reports that Pruco Life of New Jersey files with the SEC, are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. You can obtain copies, at no cost, of any and all of this information, including the Pruco Life of New Jersey annual report that is not ordinarily mailed to contract owners, the more current reports and any subsequently filed documents at no cost by contacting us at the address or telephone number listed on the cover. The SEC file number for Pruco Life of New Jersey is 33-18053. You may read and copy any filings made by Pruco Life of New Jersey with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 450 Fifth Street, Washington, D.C. 20549-0102. You can obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling (202) 942-8090. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC at <http://www.sec.gov>.

THE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

We have established a separate account, the Pruco Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity Account (separate account), to hold the assets that are associated with the variable annuity contracts. The separate account was established under New Jersey law on May 20, 1996, and is registered with the SEC under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as a unit investment trust, which is a type of investment company. The assets of the separate account are held in the name of Pruco Life of New Jersey and legally belong to us. These assets are kept separate from all of our other assets and may not be charged with liabilities arising out of any other business we may conduct. More detailed information about Pruco Life of New Jersey, including its audited financial statements, is provided in the SAI.

SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE CONTRACT

Prudential Investment Management Services LLC (PIMS), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial, Inc., is the distributor and principal underwriter of the securities offered through this prospectus. PIMS acts as the distributor of a number of annuity contracts and life insurance products we offer.

PIMS's principal business address is 100 Mulberry Street, Newark, New Jersey 07102-4077. PIMS is registered as a broker/dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act) and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD).

The contract is offered on a continuous basis. PIMS enters into distribution agreements with broker/dealers who are registered under the Exchange Act and with entities that may offer the contract but are exempt from registration (firms). Applications for the contract are solicited by registered representatives of those firms. Such representatives will also be our appointed insurance agents under state insurance law. In addition, PIMS may offer the contract directly to potential purchasers.

Commissions are paid to firms on sales of the contract according to one or more schedules. The individual representative will receive a portion of the compensation, depending on the practice of his or her firm. Commissions are generally based on a percentage of purchase payments made, up to a maximum of 8%. Alternative compensation schedules are available that provide a lower initial commission plus ongoing annual compensation based on all or a portion of contract value. We may also provide compensation to the distributing firm for providing ongoing service to you in relation to the contract. Commissions and other compensation paid in relation to the contract do not result in any additional charge to you or to the separate account.

In addition, in an effort to promote the sale of our products (which may include the placement of Pruco Life of New Jersey and/or the contract on a preferred or recommended company or product list and/or access to the firm's registered representatives), we or PIMS may enter into compensation arrangements with certain broker/dealer firms with respect to certain or all registered representatives of such firms under which such firms may receive separate compensation or reimbursement for, among other things, training of sales personnel and/or marketing and/or administrative services and/or other services they provide to us or our affiliates. These services may include, but are not limited to: educating customers of the firm on the contract's features; conducting due diligence and analysis; providing office access, operations and systems support; holding seminars intended to educate registered representatives and make them more knowledgeable about the contract; providing a dedicated marketing coordinator; providing priority sales desk support; and providing expedited marketing compliance approval and preferred programs to PIMS. A list of firms that PIMS paid pursuant to such arrangements is provided in the Statement of Additional Information which is available upon request.

To the extent permitted by NASD rules and other applicable laws and regulations, PIMS may pay or allow other promotional incentives or payments in the form of cash or non-cash compensation. These arrangements may not be offered to all firms and the terms of such arrangements may differ between firms.

You should note that firms and individual registered representatives and branch managers within some firms participating in one of these compensation arrangements might receive greater compensation for selling the contract than for selling a different contract that is not eligible for these compensation arrangements. While compensation is generally taken into account as an expense in considering the charges applicable to a contract product, any such compensation will be paid by us or PIMS and will not result in any additional charge to you. Overall compensation paid to the distributing firm does not exceed, based on actuarial assumptions, 8.5% of the total purchase payments made. Your registered representative can provide you with more information about the compensation arrangements that apply upon the sale of the contract.

LITIGATION

Pruco Life of New Jersey is subject to legal and regulatory actions in the ordinary course of its businesses, which may include class action lawsuits. Pending legal and regulatory actions include proceedings relating to aspects of the businesses and operations that are specific to Pruco Life of New Jersey and that are typical of the businesses in which Pruco Life of New Jersey operates. Class action and individual lawsuits may involve a variety of issues and/or allegations, which include sales practices, underwriting practices, claims payment and procedures, premium charges, policy servicing and breach of fiduciary duties to customers. We may also be subject to litigation arising out of our general business activities, such as our investments and third party contracts. In certain of these matters, the plaintiffs may seek large and/or indeterminate amounts, including punitive or exemplary damages.

Pruco Life of New Jersey has received formal requests for information relating to its variable annuity business from regulators, including, among others, the Securities and Exchange Commission and the State of

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

New York Attorney General's Office. As part of a broad initiative by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, Pruco Life of New Jersey has received a request for information from the New Jersey Department of Banking and Insurance related to producer compensation and fee arrangements. It is possible that other regulators will issue similar requests.

Pruco Life of New Jersey's litigation is subject to many uncertainties, and given the complexity and scope, the outcomes cannot be predicted. It is possible that the results of operations or the cash flow of Pruco Life of New Jersey in a particular quarterly or annual period could be materially affected by an ultimate unfavorable resolution of litigation and regulatory matters. Management believes, however, that the ultimate outcome of all pending litigation and regulatory matters should not have a material adverse effect on Pruco Life of New Jersey's financial position.

ASSIGNMENT

In general, you can assign the contract at any time during your lifetime. If you do so, we will reset the death benefit to equal the contract value on the date the assignment occurs. For details, see Section 4, "What Is The Death Benefit?" We will not be bound by the assignment until we receive written notice. We will not be liable for any payment or other action we take in accordance with the contract if that action occurs before we receive notice of the assignment. An assignment, like any other change in ownership, may trigger a taxable event. If you assign the contract, that assignment will result in the termination of any automated withdrawal program that had been in effect. If the new owner wants to re-institute an automated withdrawal program, then he/she needs to submit the forms that we require, in good order.

If the contract is issued under a qualified plan, there may be limitations on your ability to assign the contract. For further information please speak to your representative.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the separate account and Pruco Life of New Jersey, the co-issuer of the Strategic Partners Plus 3 contract, are included in the Statement of Additional Information.

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Contents:

- - Company
- - Experts
- - Principal Underwriter
- - Payments Made to Promote Sale of Our Products
- - Allocation of Initial Purchase Payment
- - Determination of Accumulation Unit Values
- - Federal Tax Status
- - Financial Statements

HOUSEHOLDING

To reduce costs, we now send only a single copy of prospectuses and shareholder reports to each consenting household, in lieu of sending a copy to each contract owner that resides in the household. If you are a member of such a household, you should be aware that you can revoke your consent to householding at any time, and begin to receive your own copy of prospectuses and shareholder reports, by calling (877) 778-5008.

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

MARKET-VALUE
ADJUSTMENT FORMULA

MARKET-VALUE ADJUSTMENT FORMULA

The general formula under which Pruco Life of New Jersey calculates the market value adjustment applicable to a full or partial surrender, annuitization, or settlement under Strategic Partners Plus 3 is set forth below. The market value adjustment is expressed as a multiplier factor. That is, the Contract Value after the market value adjustment ("MVA"), but before any withdrawal charge, is as follows: Contract Value (after MVA) = Contract Value (before MVA) X (1 + MVA). The MVA itself is calculated as follows:

$$MVA = \left[\frac{1 + I}{1 + J + .0025} \right]^{\text{to the power of } (N/12)} - 1$$

<Table>			
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
where: I	=	the guaranteed credited interest rate (annual effective) for the given contract at the time of withdrawal or annuitization or settlement.	
J	=	the interpolated current credited interest rate offered on new money at the time of withdrawal, annuitization, or settlement. (See below for the interpolation formula)	
N	=	equals the remaining number of months in the contract's current guarantee period (rounded up) at the time of withdrawal or annuitization or settlement.	

The MVA formula with respect to contracts issued in New York is what is depicted above. The formula uses an interpolated rate "J" as the current credited interest rate. Specifically, "J" is the interpolated current credited interest rate offered on new money at the time of withdrawal, annuitization, or settlement. The interpolated value is calculated using the following formula:

$$m/365 \times (n + 1) \text{ year rate} + (365 - m)/365 \times n \text{ year rate,}$$

where "n" equals the number of whole years remaining in the Contract's current guarantee period, and "m" equals the number of days remaining in year "n" of the current guarantee period.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT EXAMPLE

The following will illustrate the application of the Market Value Adjustment. For simplicity, surrender charges are ignored in this example.

Positive market value adjustment

- Suppose a contract owner made an invested purchase payment of \$10,000 on July 1, 2005 and received a guaranteed interest rate of 6% for 5 years. A request to surrender the contract is made on May 1, 2007. At the time, the Contract Value will have accumulated to \$11,127.11. The number of whole years remaining in the guarantee period is 3.
- On May 1, 2007 the interest rate declared by Pruco Life of New Jersey for a guarantee period of 3 years (the number of whole years remaining) is 4%, and for a guarantee period of 4 years (the number of whole years remaining plus 1) is 5%.

The following computations would be made:

1) Determine the Market Value Adjustment factor.

<Table>		
<S>	<C>	<C>
	N =	38
	I =	6% (0.06)
	J =	$[(61/365) \times 0.05] + [((365-61)/365) \times 0.04] =$
		0.0417
</Table>		

The MVA factor calculation would be: $[(1.06)/(1.0417 + 0.0025)]$ to the power of $(38/12) - 1 = 0.04871$

2) Multiply the Contract Value by the factor calculated in Step 1.

$$\$11,127.11 \times 0.04871 = \$542.00$$

3) Add together the Market Value Adjustment and the Contract Value to get the total Contract Surrender Value.

$$\$11,127.11 + \$542.00 = \$11,669.11$$

The MVA may not always be positive. Here is an example where it is negative.

- Suppose a contract owner made an invested purchase payment of \$10,000 on July 1, 2005 and received a guaranteed interest rate of 6% for 5 years. A request to surrender the contract is made on May 1, 2007. At the time, the Contract Value will have accumulated to \$11,127.11. The number of whole years remaining in the guarantee period is 3.
- On May 1, 2007 the interest rate declared by Pruco Life of New Jersey for a guarantee period of 3 years (the number of whole years remaining) is 7%, and for a guarantee period of 4 years (the number of whole years remaining plus 1) is 8%.

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MARKET-VALUE ADJUSTMENT FORMULA CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

The following computations would be made:

1) Determine the Market Value Adjustment factor.

<Table>		
<S>	<C>	<C>
	N =	38
	I =	6% (0.06)
	J =	$[(61/365) \times 0.08] + [((365 - 61)/365) \times 0.07] =$
		0.0717
</Table>		

The MVA factor calculation would be: $[(1.06)/(1.0717 + 0.0025)]$ to the power of $(38/12) - 1 = -0.04126$

2) Multiply the Contract Value by the factor calculated in Step 1.

$$\$11,127.11 \times (-0.04126) = -\$459.10$$

3) Add together the Market Value Adjustment and the Contract Value to get the total Contract Surrender Value.

$$\$11,127.11 + (-\$459.10) = \$10,668.10$$

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

APPENDIX A

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES

As we have indicated throughout this prospectus, the Strategic Partners Plus 3 Variable Annuity is a contract that allows you to select or decline any of several features that carries with it a specific asset-based charge. We maintain a unique unit value corresponding to each combination of such contract features. Here we depict the historical unit values corresponding to the contract features bearing the highest and lowest combinations of asset-based charges. The remaining unit values appear in the Statement of Additional Information, which you may obtain free of charge, by calling (888) PRU-2888 or by writing to us at the Prudential Annuity Service Center, P.O. Box 7960, Philadelphia, PA 19176.

The portfolio names shown for the corresponding unit values are as of December 31, 2004. For a complete list of the current portfolio names, see Section 2, "What Investment Options Can I Choose?"

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ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES

<Table>

<Caption>

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES: (BASE DEATH BENEFIT 1.40)

ACCUMULATION UNITS OF PERIOD <S>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD <C>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT END OF PERIOD <C>	NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING AT END <C>
JENNISON PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.18439	\$ 1.24006	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.24006	\$ 1.34066	0
PRUDENTIAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.17721	\$ 1.25778	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.25778	\$ 1.36350	0
PRUDENTIAL GLOBAL PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.20571	\$ 1.28481	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.28481	\$ 1.38861	0
PRUDENTIAL MONEY MARKET PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 0.99549	\$ 0.99449	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 0.99449	\$ 0.99063	0
PRUDENTIAL STOCK INDEX PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.15290	\$ 1.22414	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.22414	\$ 1.33335	0
PRUDENTIAL VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.12896	\$ 1.22392	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.22392	\$ 1.40386	0
SP AGGRESSIVE GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.21452	\$ 1.27916	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.27916	\$ 1.44765	0
SP AIM AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.18805	\$ 1.22149	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.22149	\$ 1.34749	0
SP AIM CORE EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.12456	\$ 1.19626	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.19626	\$ 1.28343	0
SP ALLIANCE LARGE CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.13994	\$ 1.17938	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.17938	\$ 1.23406	0
SP BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.14798	\$ 1.19393	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.19393	\$ 1.30793	0
SP CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.10288	\$ 1.13654	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.13654	\$ 1.22048	0
SP DAVIS VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.17037	\$ 1.24835	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.24835	\$ 1.38531	0

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 * DATE THAT THE ANNUITY WAS FIRST OFFERED.
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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED): (BASE DEATH BENEFIT 1.40)			
ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	NUMBER OF
OF PERIOD	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	AT END OF PERIOD	OUTSTANDING AT END
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SP GOLDMAN SACHS SMALL CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.22255	\$ 1.29026	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.29026	\$ 1.53570	0
SP GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.18371	\$ 1.23975	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.23975	\$ 1.38211	0
SP LARGE CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.13457	\$ 1.21457	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.21457	\$ 1.41041	0
SP LSV INTERNATIONAL VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.13314	\$ 1.23393	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.23393	\$ 1.40924	0
SP MFS CAPITAL OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.14453	\$ 1.20717	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.20717	\$ 1.33789	0
SP MID CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.31609	\$ 1.33928	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.33928	\$ 1.57888	0
SP PIMCO HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.16169	\$ 1.19841	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.19841	\$ 1.29196	0
SP PIMCO TOTAL RETURN PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.02971	\$ 1.04684	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.04684	\$ 1.08689	0
SP PRUDENTIAL U.S. EMERGING GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.35478	\$ 1.36653	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.36653	\$ 1.63587	0
SP STATE STREET RESEARCH SMALL CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.29042	\$ 1.30191	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.30191	\$ 1.27212	0
SP STRATEGIC PARTNERS FOCUSED GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.14518	\$ 1.19388	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.19388	\$ 1.30209	0
SP TECHNOLOGY PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.32609	\$ 1.34037	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.34037	\$ 1.32188	0
SP WILLIAM BLAIR INTERNATIONAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.26410	\$ 1.35112	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.35112	\$ 1.55290	0

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* DATE THAT THE ANNUITY WAS FIRST OFFERED.

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED):

(BASE DEATH BENEFIT 1.40)

ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	NUMBER OF
OF PERIOD	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	AT END OF PERIOD	OUTSTANDING AT END
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
EVERGREEN VA FOUNDATION FUND			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.08315	\$ 1.12625	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.12625	\$ 1.18087	0
EVERGREEN VA FUND			
12/5/2003** to 12/31/2003	\$ 9.92203	\$10.34285	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$10.34285	\$11.05580	0
EVERGREEN VA GROWTH AND INCOME FUND			
12/5/2003** to 12/31/2003	\$ 9.91859	\$10.39784	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$10.39784	\$11.19868	0

EVERGREEN VA GROWTH FUND

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.32545	\$ 1.35076	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.35076	\$ 1.51675	0
EVERGREEN VA INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND			
12/5/2003** to 12/31/2003	\$ 9.98995	\$10.44289	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$10.44289	\$12.27702	0
EVERGREEN VA OMEGA FUND			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.30024	\$ 1.33662	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.33662	\$ 1.41333	0
EVERGREEN VA SPECIAL VALUES FUND			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.17920	\$ 1.25261	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.25261	\$ 1.48703	0
JANUS ASPEN SERIES--GROWTH PORTFOLIO -- SERVICE SHARES			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.19749	\$ 1.24622	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.24622	\$ 1.28061	0

* DATE THAT THE ANNUITY WAS FIRST OFFERED.
 ** DATE THAT THE FUND FIRST BECAME AVAILABLE WITHIN THIS ANNUITY.

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table> <Caption> ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES: (GMDB STEP-UP AND CONTRACT WITH CREDIT 1.75)			
ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	NUMBER OF
OF PERIOD	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	AT END OF PERIOD	OUTSTANDING AT END
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
JENNISON PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.18098	\$ 1.23592	2,372
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.23592	\$ 1.33162	18,096
PRUDENTIAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.17369	\$ 1.25343	65,583
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.25343	\$ 1.35414	123,305
PRUDENTIAL GLOBAL PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.20227	\$ 1.28057	45,053
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.28057	\$ 1.37924	48,313
PRUDENTIAL MONEY MARKET PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 0.99244	\$ 0.99097	18,163
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 0.99097	\$ 0.98370	42,033
PRUDENTIAL STOCK INDEX PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.14951	\$ 1.21997	90,916
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.21997	\$ 1.32426	280,654
PRUDENTIAL VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.12571	\$ 1.21982	15,642
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.21982	\$ 1.39431	54,741
SP AGGRESSIVE GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.21097	\$ 1.27479	445,390

1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.27479	\$ 1.43779	521,063
SP AIM AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.18466	\$ 1.21743	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.21743	\$ 1.33841	0
SP AIM CORE EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.12120	\$ 1.19212	59,555
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.19212	\$ 1.27462	67,213
SP ALLIANCE LARGE CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.13666	\$ 1.17543	72,305
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.17543	\$ 1.22575	117,672
SP BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.14451	\$ 1.18975	226,064
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.18975	\$ 1.29901	745,528
SP CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.09974	\$ 1.13276	61,988
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.13276	\$ 1.21249	145,346
SP DAVIS VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.16707	\$ 1.24425	628,588
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.24425	\$ 1.37603	839,188

* DATE THAT THE ANNUITY WAS FIRST OFFERED.

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED):			
(GMDB STEP-UP AND CONTRACT WITH CREDIT 1.75)			
ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	NUMBER OF
OF PERIOD	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	AT END OF PERIOD	OUTSTANDING AT END
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SP GOLDMAN SACHS SMALL CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.21891	\$ 1.28582	78,384
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.28582	\$ 1.52507	112,512
SP GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.18041	\$ 1.23575	105,091
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.23575	\$ 1.37292	226,053
SP LARGE CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.13121	\$ 1.21039	1,815
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.21039	\$ 1.40077	18,804
SP LSV INTERNATIONAL VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.12984	\$ 1.22973	76,240
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.22973	\$ 1.39961	113,463
SP MFS CAPITAL OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.14120	\$ 1.20305	11,550
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.20305	\$ 1.32884	11,556
SP MID CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			

	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.31221	\$ 1.33469	58,962
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.33469	\$ 1.56814	93,857
SP PIMCO HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO				
	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.15822	\$ 1.19418	187,203
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.19418	\$ 1.28300	382,732
SP PIMCO TOTAL RETURN PORTFOLIO				
	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.02657	\$ 1.04315	540,503
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.04315	\$ 1.07941	1,038,234
SP PRUDENTIAL U.S. EMERGING GROWTH PORTFOLIO				
	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.35080	\$ 1.36187	19,634
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.36187	\$ 1.62472	28,400
SP STATE STREET RESEARCH SMALL CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO				
	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.28652	\$ 1.29734	49,696
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.29734	\$ 1.26327	53,407
SP STRATEGIC PARTNERS FOCUSED GROWTH PORTFOLIO				
	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.14165	\$ 1.18963	33,927
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.18963	\$ 1.29291	33,927
SP TECHNOLOGY PORTFOLIO				
	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.32227	\$ 1.33585	5,923
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.33585	\$ 1.31286	26,148
SP WILLIAM BLAIR INTERNATIONAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO				
	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.26038	\$ 1.34648	7,716
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.34648	\$ 1.54220	24,869

* DATE THAT THE ANNUITY WAS FIRST OFFERED.

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED): (GMDB STEP-UP AND CONTRACT WITH CREDIT 1.75)			
ACCUMULATION UNITS OF PERIOD <S>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD <C>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT END OF PERIOD <C>	NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING AT END <C>
EVERGREEN VA FOUNDATION FUND			
	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.08005	0
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.12247	0
EVERGREEN VA FUND			
	12/5/2003** to 12/31/2003	\$ 9.92194	3,484
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$10.34023	3,483
EVERGREEN VA GROWTH AND INCOME FUND			
	12/5/2003** to 12/31/2003	\$ 9.91850	10,586
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$10.39518	27,216
EVERGREEN VA GROWTH FUND			
	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.32164	0
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.34619	1,923

EVERGREEN VA INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND

12/5/2003** to 12/31/2003	\$ 9.98985	\$10.44021	1,416
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$10.44021	\$12.23173	15,494
EVERGREEN VA OMEGA FUND			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.29646	\$ 1.33214	95,238
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.33214	\$ 1.40369	305,414
EVERGREEN VA SPECIAL VALUES FUND			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.17585	\$ 1.24845	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.24845	\$ 1.47705	53,368
JANUS ASPEN SERIES -- GROWTH PORTFOLIO -- SERVICE SHARES			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.19390	\$ 1.24188	18,485
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.24188	\$ 1.27175	18,485

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** DATE THAT THE FUND FIRST BECAME AVAILABLE WITHIN THIS ANNUITY.		
<S>	<C>	
* DATE THAT THE ANNUITY WAS FIRST OFFERED.		
** DATE THAT THE FUND FIRST BECAME AVAILABL		
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PLEASE SEND ME A STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION THAT CONTAINS FURTHER
DETAILS ABOUT THE PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY ANNUITY DESCRIBED IN PROSPECTUS
P2401NY (05/2005).

(print your name)

(address)

(city/state/zip code)

MAILING ADDRESS:

PRUDENTIAL ANNUITY SERVICE CENTER

P.O. Box 7960

Philadelphia, PA 19176

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ITEM 14. OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION

Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey has registered \$75 million of interests in the market value adjusted annuity contracts described in this registration statement. Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey has paid \$6,067.50 to the SEC for the registration fees required under the Securities Act of 1933.

Federal Taxes

Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey estimates the federal tax effect associated with the deferred acquisition costs attributable to receipt of \$3 million of purchase payments over a two year period to be approximately \$11,100.

State Taxes

Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey estimates that approximately \$0 in premium taxes will be owed upon receipt of purchase payments under the contracts.

Printing Costs

Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey estimates that the cost of printing prospectuses for the amount of securities registered herein will be approximately \$97,472.

Legal Costs

This registration statement was prepared by Prudential attorneys whose time is allocated to Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey.

Accounting Costs

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, the independent public accountant that audits Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey's financial statements, charges approximately \$10,000 in connection with each filing of this registration statement with the Commission.

Premium Paid to Indemnify Officers

Officers and Directors of Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey are indemnified under a policy that also covers officers and directors of other entities controlled by Prudential Financial, Inc. A portion of the cost of that policy is attributed to Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey.

ITEM 15. INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

The Registrant, in connection with certain affiliates, maintains various insurance coverages under which the underwriter and certain affiliated persons may be insured against liability which may be incurred in such capacity, subject to the terms, conditions and exclusions of the insurance policies.

New Jersey, being the state of organization of Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey ("PLNJ") permits entities organized under its jurisdiction to indemnify directors and officers with certain limitations. The relevant provisions of New Jersey law permitting indemnification can be found in Section 14A:3-5 of the New Jersey Statutes Annotated. The text of PLNJ's By-Law Article V, which relates to indemnification of officers and directors, is incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(ii) to its Form 10-Q filed August 15, 1997.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Act") may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is,

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therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

ITEM 16. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits

- (1) (a) Form of Distribution Agreement between Prudential Investment Management Services LLC (Underwriter) and Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey (Depositor). (Note 5)
- (3) (i) Articles of Incorporation of Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey as amended through February 12, 1998 (Note 8)
- (ii) By-Laws of Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey as amended June 7, 1999. (Note 9)
- (4) (a) Strategic Partners Annuity One Variable Annuity Contract VBON 2000-NY Ed. 10/2000. (Note 6)
- (4) (b) Strategic Partners Annuity One Variable Annuity Contract VDCA 2000-NY Ed. 10/2000. (Note 6)
- (4) (c) Strategic Partners Annuity One Endorsement (MVA) ORD 112805-NY. (Note 7)
- (4) (d) Strategic Partners Application ORD 99730 NY-1. (Note 7)
- (4) (e) Strategic Partners Annuity One Variable Annuity Contract VDCA-NY Ed 5-2003. (Note 10)
- (4) (f) Strategic Partners Annuity One Endorsement (GMIB) ORD 112737-NY. (Note 10)
- (4) (g) Strategic Partners Annuity One Endorsement (Transfers) ORD 112878. (Note 10)
- (4) (h) Strategic Partners Annuity One Endorsement (IAB) ORD 112718-NY. (Note 10)
- (4) (i) Strategic Partners Annuity One Application. (Note 11)
- (4) (k) Endorsement Supplement (GMIB) ORD 112963-NY. (Note 11)
- (4) (l) Form of Strategic Partners FlexElite Annuity Contract VFLX-2002-NY (Note 13)
- (4) (m) Fixed Rate Account Endorsement for Strategic Partners FlexElite (Note 13)
- (4) (n) DCA Fixed Rate Investment Option Endorsement for Strategic Partners FlexElite (Note 13)
- (4) (o) Credit Election Endorsement for Strategic Partners FlexElite (Note 13)
- (4) (p) General Endorsement for Strategic Partners FlexElite (Note 14)
- (4) (q) Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit and Spousal Continuation Benefit Endorsement for Strategic Partners FlexElite (Note 14)
- (4) (r) Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit - Step Up and Spousal Continuation Benefit Endorsement for Strategic Partners FlexElite (Note 14)
- (4) (s) Maximum Age Endorsement (Note 15)
- (4) (t) Transfer Endorsement ORD 112878 for Strategic Partners FlexElite (Note 10)
- (5) Opinion of Counsel. (Note 1)
- (23) Written Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm. (Note 1)
- (24) Powers of Attorney.
 - (a) James J. Avery, Jr. (Note 3)
 - (b) David R. Odenath, Jr. (Note 2)
 - (c) Ronald P. Joelson (Note 4)
 - (d) Helen M. Galt (Note 5)
 - (e) Andrew J. Mako (Note 7)
 - (f) C. Edward Chaplin, John Chieffo and Bernard J. Jacob (Note 12)

 (Note 1) Filed herewith.

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- (Note 2) Incorporated by reference to Form S-6, Registration No. 333-49334, filed February 8, 2001 on behalf of the Pruco Life of New Jersey Variable Appreciable Account.
- (Note 3) Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 10 to Form S-1, Registration No. 33-20018, filed April 9, 1998 on behalf of the Pruco Life of New Jersey Variable Contract Real Property Account.
- (Note 4) Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 14 to Form S-1, Registration Statement No. 33-20018, filed April 10, 2001 on behalf of the Pruco Life of New Jersey Variable Contract Real Property Account.
- (Note 5) Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to Form S-6, Registration No. 333-85117 filed June 28, 2001 on behalf of the Pruco Life of New Jersey Variable Appreciable Account.
- (Note 6) Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 4 to Form N-4, Registration No. 333-49230 filed December 10, 2002 on behalf of the Pruco Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity Account.
- (Note 7) Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Form N-4, Registration No. 333-99275, filed June 27, 2003, on behalf of the Pruco Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity

Account.

- (Note 8) Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 12 to Form S-1, Registration No. 33-20018 filed April 16, 1999, on behalf of the Pruco Life of New Jersey Variable Contract Real Property Account.
- (Note 9) Incorporated by reference to Form S-6, Registration No. 333-85117 filed August 13, 1999 on behalf of the Pruco Life of New Jersey Variable Appreciable Account.
- (Note 10) Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 9 to Form N-4, Registration No. 333-49230, filed September 26, 2003, on behalf of the Pruco Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity Account.
- (Note 11) Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 12 to Form N-4, Registration No. 333-49230, filed April 20, 2004 on behalf of the Pruco Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity Account.
- (Note 12) Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 13 to Form N-4, Registration No. 333-49230, filed January 20, 2005 on behalf of Pruco Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity Account.
- (Note 13) Incorporated by reference to Initial Registration on Form N-4, Registration No. 333-99275, filed September 6, 2002 on behalf of Pruco Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity Account.
- (Note 14) Incorporated by reference to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 on Form N-4, Registration No. 333-99275 filed April 25, 2003 on behalf of the Prudo Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity Account.
- (Note 15) Incorporated by reference to Post-Effective Amendment No. 6 on Form N-4, Registration No. 333-49230, filed April 23, 2003 on behalf of Pruco Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity Account.

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ITEM 17. UNDERTAKINGS

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

- (1) To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
 - (i) To include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;
 - (ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually, or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information in the registration statement.
 - (iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement;
- (2) That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at the time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (3) To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.
- (4) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each filing of the registrant's annual report pursuant to section 13(a) or section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that is incorporated by reference in the registration statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
- (5) Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable.

In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant certifies that it has reasonable grounds to believe that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form S-3 and has duly caused this amendment to this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Newark, State of New Jersey, on the 13th day of April, 2005.

PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY

(Registrant)

By: /s/ BERNARD J. JACOB

BERNARD J. JACOB
PRESIDENT

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the date indicated.

SIGNATURE AND TITLE

*

JAMES J. AVERY JR.
VICE CHAIRMAN AND DIRECTOR

*

BERNARD J. JACOB
PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR

*

JOHN CHIEFFO
VICE PRESIDENT, CHIEF ACCOUNTING
OFFICER AND PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER

Date: April 13, 2005

*

RONALD P. JOELSON
DIRECTOR

*By: CLIFFORD E. KIRSCH

CLIFFORD E. KIRSCH
(ATTORNEY-IN-FACT)

*

C. EDWARD CHAPLIN
SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR

*

HELEN M. GALT
DIRECTOR

*

DAVID R. ODENATH, JR.
DIRECTOR

*

ANDREW J. MAKO.
DIRECTOR

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EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBITS

(5) Opinion of Counsel.

(23) Written Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Independent Registered
Public Accounting Firm

April 13, 2005

Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey
213 Washington Street
Newark, New Jersey 07102-2992

Gentlemen:

In my capacity as Chief Legal Officer of Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey ("Pruco Life of New Jersey"), I have reviewed the establishment of the Pruco Life of New Jersey Modified Guaranteed Annuity Account (the "Account") on May 20, 1996, by the Board of Directors of Pruco Life of New Jersey as a non-unitized separate account for assets applicable to certain individual market value adjusted annuity contracts, pursuant to the provisions of Section 17B:28-7 of the New Jersey Insurance Code. I was responsible for oversight of the preparation and review of the Registration Statement on Form S-3, as amended, filed by Pruco Life of New Jersey with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (Registration No. 333-103473) under the Securities Act of 1933 for the registration of certain modified guaranteed annuity contracts issued with respect to the Account.

I am of the following opinion:

- (1) Pruco Life of New Jersey was duly organized under the laws of New Jersey and is a validly existing corporation.
- (2) The Account has been duly created and is validly existing as a non-unitized separate account pursuant to the aforesaid provisions of New Jersey law.
- (3) The modified guaranteed annuity contracts are legal and binding obligations of Pruco Life of New Jersey in accordance with their terms.

In arriving at the foregoing opinion, I have made such examination of law and examined such records and other documents as I judged to be necessary or appropriate.

I hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement.

Very truly yours,

/s/Clifford E. Kirsch

Clifford E. Kirsch

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in this Registration Statement on Form S-3 of our report dated March 25, 2005 relating to the financial statements, which appears in Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

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New York, New York
April 13, 2005