

STRATEGIC PARTNERS(SM)
ANNUITY ONE 3
VARIABLE ANNUITY

PROSPECTUS: MAY 1, 2006

THIS PROSPECTUS DESCRIBES AN INDIVIDUAL VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACT OFFERED BY PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY (PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY) AND THE PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY FLEXIBLE PREMIUM ANNUITY ACCOUNT. PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY OFFERS SEVERAL DIFFERENT ANNUITIES WHICH YOUR REPRESENTATIVE MAY BE AUTHORIZED TO OFFER TO YOU. EACH ANNUITY HAS DIFFERENT FEATURES AND BENEFITS THAT MAY BE APPROPRIATE FOR YOU BASED ON YOUR FINANCIAL SITUATION, YOUR AGE AND HOW YOU INTEND TO USE THE ANNUITY. PLEASE NOTE THAT SELLING BROKER-DEALER FIRMS THROUGH WHICH THE CONTRACT IS SOLD MAY DECLINE TO MAKE AVAILABLE TO THEIR CUSTOMERS CERTAIN OF THE OPTIONAL FEATURES OFFERED GENERALLY UNDER THE CONTRACT. ALTERNATIVELY, SUCH FIRMS MAY RESTRICT THE AVAILABILITY OF THE OPTIONAL BENEFITS THAT THEY DO MAKE AVAILABLE TO THEIR CUSTOMERS (E.G., BY IMPOSING A LOWER MAXIMUM ISSUE AGE FOR CERTAIN OPTIONAL BENEFITS THAN WHAT IS PRESCRIBED GENERALLY UNDER THE CONTRACT). PLEASE SPEAK TO YOUR REGISTERED REPRESENTATIVE FOR FURTHER DETAILS. THE DIFFERENT FEATURES AND BENEFITS INCLUDE VARIATIONS IN DEATH BENEFIT PROTECTION AND THE ABILITY TO ACCESS YOUR ANNUITY'S CONTRACT VALUE. THE FEES AND CHARGES UNDER THE ANNUITY CONTRACT AND THE COMPENSATION PAID TO YOUR REPRESENTATIVE MAY ALSO BE DIFFERENT AMONG EACH ANNUITY. IF YOU ARE PURCHASING THE CONTRACT AS A REPLACEMENT FOR EXISTING VARIABLE ANNUITY OR VARIABLE LIFE COVERAGE, YOU SHOULD CONSIDER, AMONG OTHER THINGS, ANY SURRENDER OR PENALTY CHARGES YOU MAY INCUR WHEN REPLACING YOUR EXISTING COVERAGE. PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY IS AN INDIRECT WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA.

THE FUNDS

Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 offers a wide variety of investment choices, including variable investment options that invest in underlying mutual funds. Currently, portfolios of the following underlying mutual funds are being offered: The Prudential Series Fund, American Skandia Trust, Gartmore Variable Insurance Trust, and Janus Aspen Series (see next page for list of portfolios currently offered).

You may choose between two basic versions of Strategic Partners Annuity One 3. One version, the Contract With Credit, provides for a bonus credit that we add to each purchase payment you make. If you choose this version of Strategic Partners Annuity One 3, some charges and expenses may be higher than if you choose the version without the credit. Those higher charges could exceed the amount of the credit under some circumstances, particularly if you withdraw purchase payments within a few years of making those purchase payments.

PLEASE READ THIS PROSPECTUS

Please read this prospectus before purchasing a Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 variable annuity contract, and keep it for future reference. The current prospectuses for the underlying mutual funds contain important information about the mutual funds. When you invest in a variable investment option that is funded by a mutual fund, you should read the mutual fund prospectus and keep it for future reference. The Risk Factors section relating to the market value adjustment option appears in the Summary.

TO LEARN MORE ABOUT STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3

To learn more about the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 variable annuity, you can request a copy of the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) dated May 1, 2006. The SAI has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is legally a part of this prospectus. Pruco Life of New Jersey also files other reports with the SEC. All of these filings can be reviewed and copied at the SEC's offices, and can also be obtained from the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. (See SEC file numbers 333-49230 and 333-103473.) You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at (202) 551-8090. The SEC maintains a Web site (<http://www.sec.gov>) that contains the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 SAI, material incorporated by reference, and other information regarding registrants that file electronically with the SEC. The Table of Contents of the SAI is set forth in Section 11 of this prospectus.

For a free copy of the SAI, call us at (888) PRU-2888, or write to us at Prudential Annuity Service Center, P.O. Box 7960, Philadelphia, PA 19176.

THE SEC HAS NOT DETERMINED THAT THIS CONTRACT IS A GOOD INVESTMENT, NOR HAS THE SEC DETERMINED THAT THIS PROSPECTUS IS COMPLETE OR ACCURATE. IT IS A CRIMINAL

OFFENSE TO STATE OTHERWISE. INVESTMENT IN A VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACT IS SUBJECT TO RISK, INCLUDING THE POSSIBLE LOSS OF YOUR MONEY. AN INVESTMENT IN STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 IS NOT A BANK DEPOSIT AND IS NOT INSURED BY THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY.

STRATEGIC PARTNERS(SM) IS A SERVICE MARK OF THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA. ORD01182NY

THE PRUDENTIAL SERIES FUND

- Jennison Portfolio
- Prudential Equity Portfolio
- Prudential Global Portfolio
- Prudential Money Market Portfolio
- Prudential Stock Index Portfolio
- Prudential Value Portfolio
- SP AIM Core Equity Portfolio
- SP Davis Value Portfolio
- SP LSV International Value Portfolio
- SP Mid Cap Growth Portfolio
- SP PIMCO High Yield Portfolio
- SP PIMCO Total Return Portfolio
- SP Prudential U.S. Emerging Growth Portfolio
- SP Small Cap Growth Portfolio
- SP Small-Cap Value Portfolio
- SP Strategic Partners Focused Growth Portfolio
- SP T. Rowe Price Large-Cap Growth Portfolio
- SP William Blair International Growth Portfolio

AMERICAN SKANDIA TRUST

- AST Advanced Strategies Portfolio
- AST Aggressive Asset Allocation Portfolio
- AST AllianceBernstein Core Value Portfolio
- AST AllianceBernstein Growth & Income Portfolio
- AST AllianceBernstein Managed Index 500 Portfolio
- AST American Century Income & Growth Portfolio
- AST American Century Strategic Balanced Portfolio
- AST Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio
- AST Capital Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio
- AST Cohen & Steers Realty Portfolio
- AST Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio
- AST DeAM Large-Cap Value Portfolio
- AST DeAM Small-Cap Growth Portfolio
- AST DeAM Small-Cap Value Portfolio
- AST Federated Aggressive Growth Portfolio
- AST First Trust Balanced Target Portfolio
- AST First Trust Capital Appreciation Target Portfolio
- AST Global Allocation Portfolio
- AST Goldman Sachs Concentrated Growth Portfolio
- AST Goldman Sachs Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio
- AST High Yield Portfolio
- AST JPMorgan International Equity Portfolio
- AST Large-Cap Value Portfolio
- AST Lord Abbett Bond-Debenture Portfolio
- AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio
- AST MFS Global Equity Portfolio
- AST MFS Growth Portfolio
- AST Mid Cap Value Portfolio
- AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio
- AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Value Portfolio
- AST PIMCO Limited Maturity Bond Portfolio
- AST Preservation Asset Allocation Portfolio
- AST Small-Cap Value Portfolio
- AST T. Rowe Price Asset Allocation Portfolio
- AST T. Rowe Price Global Bond Portfolio
- AST T. Rowe Price Natural Resources Portfolio

GARTMORE VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST

GVIT Developing Markets Fund

JANUS ASPEN SERIES

Large Cap Growth Portfolio -- Service Shares

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PART I SUMMARY

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS

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PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

GLOSSARY

WE HAVE TRIED TO MAKE THIS PROSPECTUS AS EASY TO READ AND UNDERSTAND AS POSSIBLE. BY THE NATURE OF THE CONTRACT, HOWEVER, CERTAIN TECHNICAL WORDS OR TERMS ARE UNAVOIDABLE. WE HAVE IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING AS SOME OF THESE WORDS OR TERMS.

ACCUMULATION PHASE

The period that begins with the contract date (which we define below) and ends when you start receiving income payments, or earlier if the contract is terminated through a full withdrawal or payment of a death benefit.

ADJUSTED CONTRACT VALUE

When you begin receiving income payments, the value of your contract adjusted for any market value adjustment minus any charge we impose for premium taxes and withdrawal charges.

ANNUAL INCOME AMOUNT

Under the terms of the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, an amount that you can withdraw each year as long as the annuitant lives. The annual income amount is set initially as a percentage of the Protected Withdrawal Value, but will be adjusted to reflect subsequent purchase payments, withdrawals, and any step-up. Under the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit, the annual income amount is paid until the later death of two natural persons who are each other's spouses at the time of election and at the first death of one of them.

ANNUAL WITHDRAWAL AMOUNT

Under the terms of the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, an amount that you can withdraw each year as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value remaining. The Annual Withdrawal Amount is set initially to equal 7% of the initial Protected Withdrawal Value, but will be adjusted to reflect subsequent purchase payments,

withdrawals, and any step-up.

ANNUITANT

The person whose life determines the amount of income payments that we will pay. If the annuitant dies before the annuity date, the co-annuitant (if any) becomes the annuitant if the contract's requirements for changing the annuity date are met. If, upon the death of the annuitant, there is no surviving eligible co-annuitant, and the owner is not the annuitant, then the owner becomes the annuitant.

ANNUITY DATE

The date when income payments are scheduled to begin. You must have our permission to change the annuity date. If the co-annuitant becomes the annuitant due to the death of the annuitant, and the co-annuitant is older than the annuitant, then the annuity date will be based on the age of the co-annuitant, provided that the contract's requirements for changing the annuity date are met (e.g., the co-annuitant cannot be older than a specified age). If the co-annuitant is younger than the annuitant, then the annuity date will remain unchanged.

BENEFICIARY

The person(s) or entity you have chosen to receive a death benefit.

BUSINESS DAY

A day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. Our business day generally ends at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time.

CO-ANNUITANT

The person shown on the contract data pages who becomes the annuitant (if eligible) upon the death of the annuitant if the contract's requirements for changing the annuity date are met. No co-annuitant may be designated if the owner is a non-natural person.

CONTRACT DATE

The date we accept your initial purchase payment and all necessary paperwork in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. Contract anniversaries are measured from the contract date. A contract year starts on the contract date or on a contract anniversary.

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CONTRACT OWNER, OWNER, OR YOU

The person entitled to the ownership rights under the contract.

CONTRACT VALUE

This is the total value of your contract, equal to the sum of the values of your investment in each investment option you have chosen. Your contract value will go up or down based on the performance of the investment options you choose.

CONTRACT WITH CREDIT

A version of the annuity contract that provides for a bonus credit with each purchase payment that you make and has higher withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs, and may provide lower interest rates for fixed rate options than the Contract Without Credit.

CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT

A version of the annuity contract that does not provide a credit and has lower withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract With Credit.

CREDIT

If you choose the Contract With Credit, this is the bonus amount that we allocate to your account each time you make a purchase payment. The amount of the credit is a percentage of the purchase payment. Bonus credits generally are not recaptured once the free look period expires. Our reference in the preceding sentence to "generally are not recaptured" refers to the fact that we have the contractual right to deduct, from the death benefit we pay, the amount of any credit corresponding to a purchase payment made within one year of death.

DEATH BENEFIT

If a death benefit is payable, the beneficiary you designate will receive, at a minimum, the total invested purchase payments, reduced proportionally by withdrawals, or a potentially greater amount related to market appreciation. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit is available for an additional charge. See Section 4, "What Is The Death Benefit?"

DESIGNATED LIFE

For purposes of the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit, a Designated Life refers to each of two natural persons who are each other's spouses at the time of election of the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit and at the first death of one of them.

DOLLAR COST AVERAGING FIXED RATE OPTION (DCA FIXED RATE OPTION)

An investment option that offers a fixed rate of interest for a selected period during which periodic transfers are automatically made to selected variable investment options or to the one-year fixed interest rate option.

EXCESS INCOME/EXCESS WITHDRAWAL

Under the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit and Lifetime Five Income Benefit, Excess Income refers to cumulative withdrawals that exceed the Annual Income Amount. Under the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, Excess Withdrawal refers to cumulative withdrawals that exceed the Annual Withdrawal Amount.

FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTIONS

Investment options that offer a fixed rate of interest for either a one-year period (fixed rate option) or a selected period during which periodic transfers are made to selected variable investment options or to the one-year fixed rate option.

GOOD ORDER

An instruction received at the Prudential Annuity Service Center, utilizing such forms, signatures and dating as we require, which is sufficiently clear that we do not need to exercise any discretion to follow such instructions.

GUARANTEE PERIOD

A period of time during which your invested purchase payment in the market value adjustment option earns interest at the declared rate. We may offer one or more guarantee periods.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT (GMDB)

An optional feature available for an additional charge that guarantees that the death benefit that the beneficiary

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

receives will be no less than a certain GMDB protected value.

GMDB PROTECTED VALUE

The amount guaranteed under the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, which equals the GMDB step-up value. The GMDB protected value will be subject to certain age restrictions and time durations, however, it will still increase by subsequent invested purchase payments and reduce proportionally by withdrawals.

GMDB STEP-UP

We use the GMDB step-up value to compute the GMDB protected value of the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit. Generally speaking, the GMDB step-up establishes a "high water mark" of protected value that we would pay upon death, even if the contract value has declined. For example, if the GMDB step-up were set at \$100,000 on a contract anniversary, and the contract value subsequently declined to \$80,000 on the date of death, the GMDB step-up value would nonetheless remain \$100,000 (assuming no additional purchase payments or withdrawals).

GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT (GMIB)

An optional feature available for an additional charge that guarantees that the income payments you receive during the income phase will be no less than a certain GMIB protected value applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates.

GMIB PROTECTED VALUE

We use the GMIB protected value to calculate annuity payments should you annuitize under the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit.

The value is calculated daily and is equal to the GMIB roll-up, until the GMIB roll-up either reaches its cap or if we stop applying the annual interest rate based on the age of the annuitant, number of contract anniversaries or number of years since last GMIB reset. At such point, the GMIB protected value will be increased by any subsequent invested purchase payments, and any withdrawals will proportionally reduce the GMIB protected value. The GMIB protected value is not available as a cash surrender benefit or a death benefit, nor is it used to calculate the cash surrender value or death benefit.

GMIB RESET

You may elect to "step-up" or "reset" your GMIB protected value if your contract value is greater than the current GMIB protected value. Upon exercise of the reset provision, your GMIB protected value will be reset to equal your current contract value. You are limited to two resets over the life of your contract, provided that certain annuitant age requirements are met.

GMIB ROLL-UP

We will use the GMIB roll-up value to compute the GMIB protected value of the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. The GMIB roll-up is equal to the invested purchase payments (after a reset, the contract value at the time of the reset) compounded daily at an effective annual interest rate starting on the date each invested purchase payment is made, subject to a cap, and reduced proportionally by withdrawals.

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT (IAB)

An optional feature that may be available for an additional charge that provides a supplemental living benefit based on earnings under the contract.

IAB AUTOMATIC WITHDRAWAL PAYMENT PROGRAM

A series of payments consisting of a portion of your contract value and Income Appreciator Benefit paid to you in equal installments over a 10 year period, which you may choose, if you elect to receive the Income Appreciator Benefit during the accumulation phase.

IAB CREDIT

An amount we add to your contract value that is credited in equal installments over a 10 year period, which you may choose, if you elect to receive the Income Appreciator Benefit during the accumulation phase.

INCOME OPTIONS

Options under the contract that define the frequency and duration of income payments. In your contract, we also refer to these as payout or annuity options.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

INCOME PHASE

The period during which you receive income payments under the contract.

INVESTED PURCHASE PAYMENTS

Your purchase payments (which we define below) less any deduction we make for any tax charge.

JOINT OWNER

The person named as the joint owner, who shares ownership rights with the owner as defined in the contract. A joint owner must be a natural person.

LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT

An optional feature available for an additional charge that guarantees your ability to withdraw amounts equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (called the "Protected Withdrawal Value"), regardless of the impact of market performance on your contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amount of withdrawals. There are two options -- one is designed to provide an annual withdrawal amount for life and the other is designed to provide a greater annual withdrawal amount (than the first option) as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value. We also offer a variant of the Lifetime Five Income

Benefit to certain spousal owners -- see "Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit."

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT

An adjustment to your contract value or withdrawal proceeds that is based on the relationship between interest you are currently earning within the market value adjustment option and prevailing interest rates. This adjustment may be positive or negative.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT OPTION

Under the Contract Without Credit, this investment option may offer various guarantee periods and pays a fixed rate of interest with respect to each guarantee period. We impose a market value adjustment on withdrawals or transfers that you make from this option prior to the end of its guarantee period.

NET PURCHASE PAYMENTS

Your total purchase payments less any withdrawals you have made.

PROPORTIONAL WITHDRAWALS

A method that involves calculating the percentage of your contract value that each prior withdrawal represented when withdrawn. Proportional withdrawals result in a reduction to the applicable benefit value by reducing such value in the same proportion as the contract value was reduced by the withdrawal as of the date the withdrawal occurred.

PROTECTED WITHDRAWAL VALUE

Under the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, we guarantee an amount that you can withdraw each year until those annual withdrawals, when added together, reach an aggregate limit. We call that aggregate limit the Protected Withdrawal Value. Purchase payments and withdrawals you make will result in an adjustment to the Protected Withdrawal Value. In addition, you may elect to step-up your Protected Withdrawal Value under certain circumstances. Under the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit, Protected Withdrawal Value refers to a value that is used to determine the Annual Income Amount. The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is equal to the greatest of three specified amounts. (See "Initial Protected Withdrawal Value" within the section describing the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit.)

PRUDENTIAL ANNUITY SERVICE CENTER

For general correspondence: P.O. Box 7960, Philadelphia, PA 19176. For express overnight mail: 2101 Welsh Road, Dresher, PA 19025. The telephone number is (888) PRU-2888. Prudential's Web site is www.prudential.com.

PURCHASE PAYMENTS

The amount of money you pay us to purchase the contract. Generally, you can make additional purchase payments at any time during the accumulation phase.

SEPARATE ACCOUNT

Purchase payments allocated to the variable investment options are held by us in a separate account called the Pruco Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity

GLOSSARY CONTINUED

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

Account. The separate account is set apart from all of the general assets of Pruco Life of New Jersey.

SPOUSAL LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT

An optional feature available for an additional charge that guarantees the ability to withdraw amounts equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (called the "Protected Withdrawal Value"), regardless of the impact of market performance on the contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amount of withdrawals. Under the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit, an annual income amount is paid until the later death of two natural persons who are each other's spouses at the time of election and at the first death of one of them.

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

A document containing certain additional information about the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 variable annuity. We have filed the Statement of

Additional Information with the Securities and Exchange Commission and it is legally a part of this prospectus. To learn how to obtain a copy of the Statement of Additional Information, see the front cover of this prospectus.

TAX DEFERRAL

This is a way to increase your assets without currently being taxed. Generally, you do not pay taxes on your contract earnings until you take money out of your contract. You should be aware that tax favored plans (such as IRAs) already provide tax deferral regardless of whether they invest in annuity contracts. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?"

VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTION

When you choose a variable investment option, we purchase shares of the underlying mutual fund that are held as an investment for that option. We hold these shares in the separate account. The division of the separate account of Pruco Life of New Jersey that invests in a particular mutual fund is referred to in your contract as a subaccount.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

SUMMARY FOR SECTIONS 1-11

FOR A MORE COMPLETE DISCUSSION OF THE FOLLOWING TOPICS, SEE THE CORRESPONDING SECTION IN PART II OF THE PROSPECTUS.

SECTION 1

WHAT IS THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 VARIABLE ANNUITY?

The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 variable annuity is a contract between you, the owner, and us, the insurance company, Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey (Pruco Life of New Jersey, we or us). The contract allows you to invest on a tax-deferred basis in variable investment options, fixed interest rate options, and the market value adjustment option. The contract is intended for retirement savings or other long-term investment purposes and provides for a death benefit.

There are two basic versions of the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 variable annuity.

Contract With Credit.

- - provides for a bonus credit that we add to each purchase payment that you make,
- - has higher withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract Without Credit,
- - may provide lower interest rates for fixed interest rate options than the Contract Without Credit, and
- - does not offer the market value adjustment option.

Contract Without Credit.

- - does not provide a credit,
- - has lower withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract With Credit.
- - may provide higher interest rates for fixed interest rate options than the Contract With Credit, and
- - offers the market value adjustment option.

The variable investment options available under the contract offer the opportunity for a favorable return. However, this is NOT guaranteed. It is possible, due to market changes, that your investments may decrease in value, including an investment in the Prudential Money Market Portfolio variable investment option.

The fixed interest rate options offer a guaranteed interest rate. While your money is allocated to one of these options, your principal amount will not decrease and we guarantee that your money will earn at least a minimum interest rate annually.

Under the market value adjustment option, while your money remains in the contract for the full guarantee period, your principal amount is guaranteed and the interest amount that your money will earn is guaranteed by us to be at least

the minimum interest rate dictated by applicable state law.

You may make up to 12 free transfers each contract year among the investment options. Certain restrictions apply to transfers involving the fixed interest rate options.

The contract, like all deferred annuity contracts, has two phases: the accumulation phase and the income phase.

- - During the accumulation phase, any earnings grow on a tax-deferred basis and are generally only taxed as income when you make a withdrawal.
- - The income phase starts when you begin receiving regular payments from your contract.

The amount of money you are able to accumulate in your contract during the accumulation phase will help determine the amount you will receive during the income phase. Other factors will affect the amount of your payments, such as age, gender, and the payout option you select.

The contract offers a choice of income and death benefit options, which may also be available to you.

We may amend the contract as permitted by law. For example, we may add new features to the contract. Subject to applicable law, we determine whether or not to make such contract amendments available to contracts that already have been issued.

If you change your mind about owning Strategic Partners Annuity One 3, you may cancel your contract within 10 days after receiving it (or whatever period is required by applicable law). This time period is referred to as the "Free Look" period.

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SUMMARY FOR SECTIONS 1-11 CONTINUED

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PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

SECTION 2

WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE?

You can invest your money in several variable investment options. The variable investment options are classified according to their investment style, and a brief description of each portfolio's investment objective and key policies is set forth in Section 2, to assist you in determining which portfolios may be of interest to you.

Depending upon market conditions, you may earn or lose money in any of these options. The value of your contract will fluctuate depending upon the performance of the underlying mutual fund portfolios used by the variable investment options that you choose. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.

You may also allocate your money in fixed interest rate options or to a market value adjustment option.

SECTION 3

WHAT KIND OF PAYMENTS WILL I RECEIVE DURING THE INCOME PHASE? (ANNUITIZATION)

If you want to receive regular income from your annuity, you can choose one of several options, including guaranteed payments for the annuitant's lifetime. Generally, once you begin receiving regular payments, you cannot change your payment plan.

For an additional fee, you may also choose, if it is available under your contract, the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (GMIB). The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit provides that once the income period begins, your income payments will be no less than a value that is based on a certain "GMIB protected value" applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates. See Section 3, "What Kind Of Payments Will I Receive During The Income Phase?"

The Lifetime Five Income Benefit, the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit (discussed in Section 5) and the Income Appreciator Benefit (discussed in Section 6) each may provide an additional amount upon which your annuity payments are based.

SECTION 4

WHAT IS THE DEATH BENEFIT?

In general, if the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner dies before the income phase of the contract begins, the person(s) or entity that you have chosen as your beneficiary will receive, at a minimum, the greater of (i)

the contract value, (ii) either the base death benefit or, for a higher insurance and administrative cost, a potentially larger Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit (GMDB).

The base death benefit equals the total invested purchase payments reduced proportionally by withdrawals. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit is equal to the "GMDB protected value" of the highest value of the contract on any contract anniversary, which we call the "GMDB step-up value".

On the date we receive proof of death in good order, in lieu of paying a death benefit, we will allow the surviving spouse to continue the contract by exercising the Spousal Continuance Benefit, if the conditions that we describe, in Section 4, are met.

SECTION 5

WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE(SM) INCOME BENEFIT?

The Lifetime Five Income Benefit is an optional feature that guarantees your ability to withdraw an amount equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (called the "Protected Withdrawal Value"), regardless of the impact of market performance on your contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amounts of withdrawals. There are two options -- one is designed to provide an annual withdrawal amount for life (the "Life Income Benefit"), and the other is designed to provide a greater annual withdrawal amount (than the first option), as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value (adjusted, as described in Section 5) (the "Withdrawal Benefit"). The annuitant must be at least 45 years old when the Lifetime Five Income Benefit is elected.

The charge for the Lifetime Five Income Benefit is a daily fee equal on an annual basis to 0.60% of the contract value allocated to the variable investment options. This charge is in addition to the charge for the applicable death benefit.

In addition to the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, we offer a benefit called the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit. The Spousal Lifetime Five Income benefit is

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

similar to the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, except that it is offered only to those who are each other's spouses at the time the benefit is elected, and the benefit offers only a Life Income Benefit (not the Withdrawal Benefit). The charge for the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit is a daily fee equal on an annual basis to 0.75% of the contract value allocated to the variable investment options. The charge is in addition to the charge for the applicable death benefit.

SECTION 6

WHAT IS THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT?

The Income Appreciator Benefit is an optional benefit, available for an additional charge, that provides an additional income amount during the accumulation period or upon annuitization. The Income Appreciator Benefit is designed to provide you with additional funds that can be used to help defray the impact taxes may have on distributions from your contract. You can activate this benefit in one of three ways, as described in Section 6. Note, however, that the annuitization options within this benefit are limited.

SECTION 7

HOW CAN I PURCHASE A STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT?

You can purchase this contract, unless we agree otherwise and subject to our rules, with a minimum initial purchase payment of \$10,000. You must get our prior approval for any initial and additional purchase payment of \$1,000,000 or more, unless we are prohibited under applicable state law from insisting on such prior approval. Generally, you can make additional purchase payments of \$500 (\$100 if made through electronic funds transfer) or more at any time during the accumulation phase of the contract. Your representative can help you fill out the proper forms. The Contract With Credit provides for the allocation of a credit with each purchase payment.

You may purchase this contract only if the oldest of the owner, joint owner, annuitant, or co-annuitant is age 85 or younger on the contract date. In addition, certain age limits apply to certain features and benefits described herein.

SECTION 8

WHAT ARE THE EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT?

The contract has insurance features and investment features, both of which have

related costs and charges.

- Each year (or upon full surrender) we deduct a contract maintenance charge if your contract value is less than \$75,000. This charge is currently equal to the lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value. We do not impose the contract maintenance charge if your contract value is \$75,000 or more.
- For insurance and administrative costs, we also deduct a daily charge based on the average daily value of all assets allocated to the variable investment options, depending on the death benefit (or other) option that you choose. The daily cost is equivalent to an annual charge as follows:
 - 1.40% if you choose the base death benefit,
 - 1.65% if you choose the step-up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit option (i.e., 0.25% in addition to the base death benefit charge),
 - 0.60% if you choose the Lifetime Five Income Benefit. This charge is in addition to the charge for the applicable death benefit, or
 - 0.75% if you choose the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit. This charge is in addition to the charge for the applicable death benefit.
- We impose an additional insurance and administrative charge of 0.10% annually for the Contract With Credit.
- We will deduct an additional charge if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. We deduct this annual charge from your contract value on the contract anniversary and upon certain other events. The charge for this benefit is equal to 0.50% for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (0.45% for all other contracts), of the average GMIB protected value.
- We will deduct an additional charge if you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit. We deduct this charge from your contract value on the contract anniversary and upon certain other events. The charge for this benefit is based on an annual rate of 0.25% of your contract value.

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SUMMARY FOR SECTIONS 1-11 CONTINUED

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

- There are also expenses associated with the mutual funds. For 2005, the fees of these funds ranged from 0.38% to 1.67% annually. For certain funds, expenses are reduced pursuant to expense waivers and comparable arrangements. In general, these expense waivers and comparable arrangements are not guaranteed, and may be terminated at any time.
- If you withdraw money less than seven contract anniversaries after making a purchase payment, then you may have to pay a withdrawal charge on all or part of the withdrawal. This charge ranges from 1-7% for the Contract Without Credit and 5-8% for the Contract With Credit.

For more information, including details about other possible charges under the contract, see "Summary Of Contract Expenses" and Section 8, "What Are The Expenses Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?"

SECTION 9 HOW CAN I ACCESS MY MONEY?

You may withdraw money at any time during the accumulation phase. You may, however, be subject to income tax and, if you make a withdrawal prior to age 59 1/2, an additional tax penalty as well. For the Contract Without Credit, if you withdraw money less than seven contract anniversaries after making a purchase payment, we may impose a withdrawal charge ranging from 1-7%. For the Contract With Credit, we may impose a withdrawal charge ranging from 5-8%.

Under the market value adjustment option, you will be subject to a market value adjustment if you make a withdrawal or transfer from the option prior to the end of a guarantee period.

We offer an optional benefit, called the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, under which we guarantee that certain amounts will be available to you for withdrawal, regardless of market-related declines in your contract value. You need not participate in this benefit in order to withdraw some or all of your money. We also offer a Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit. You also may access your Income Appreciator Benefit through withdrawals.

SECTION 10 WHAT ARE THE TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT?

Your earnings are generally not taxed until withdrawn. If you withdraw money during the accumulation phase, the tax laws treat the withdrawal as a withdrawal of earnings, which are taxed as ordinary income. If you are younger than age 59 1/2 when you take money out, you may be charged a 10% federal tax penalty on the earnings in addition to ordinary taxation. A portion of the payments you receive during the income phase is considered a partial return of your original investment and therefore will not be taxable as income. Generally, all amounts withdrawn from an Individual Retirement Annuity (IRA) contract (excluding Roth IRAs) are taxable and subject to the 10% penalty if withdrawn prior to age 59 1/2.

SECTION 11
OTHER INFORMATION

This contract is issued by Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey (Pruco Life of New Jersey), an indirect subsidiary of The Prudential Insurance Company of America, and sold by registered representatives of affiliated and unaffiliated broker/dealers.

RISK FACTORS

There are various risks associated with an investment in the Market Value Adjustment Option that we summarize below.

Issuer Risk. The Market Value Adjustment Option, fixed interest rate options, and the contract's other insurance features are available under a contract issued by Pruco Life of New Jersey, and thus backed by the financial strength of that company. If Pruco Life of New Jersey were to experience significant financial adversity, it is possible that Pruco Life of New Jersey's ability to pay interest and principal under the Market Value Adjustment Option and fixed interest rate options and to fulfill its insurance guarantees could be impaired.

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

Risks Related to Changing Interest Rates. You do not participate directly in the investment experience of the bonds and other instruments that Pruco Life of New Jersey holds to support the Market Value Adjustment Option. Nonetheless, the market value adjustment formula reflects the effect that prevailing interest rates have on those bonds and other instruments. If you need to withdraw your money prior to the end of a guarantee period and during a period in which prevailing interest rates have risen above their level when you made your purchase, you will experience a "negative" market value adjustment. When we impose this market value adjustment, it could result in the loss of both the interest you have earned and a portion of your purchase payments. Thus, before you commit to a particular guarantee period, you should consider carefully whether you have the ability to remain invested throughout the guarantee period. In addition, we cannot, of course, assure you that the Market Value Adjustment Option will perform better than another investment that you might have made.

Risks Related to the Withdrawal Charge. We may impose withdrawal charges on amounts withdrawn from the Market Value Adjustment Option. If you anticipate needing to withdraw your money prior to the end of a guarantee period, you should be prepared to pay the withdrawal charge that we will impose.

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

SUMMARY OF CONTRACT EXPENSES

THE PURPOSE OF THIS SUMMARY IS TO HELP YOU TO UNDERSTAND THE COSTS YOU WILL PAY FOR STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3. THE FOLLOWING TABLES DESCRIBE THE FEES AND EXPENSES THAT YOU WILL PAY WHEN BUYING, OWNING, AND SURRENDERING THE CONTRACT. THE FIRST TABLE DESCRIBES THE FEES AND EXPENSES THAT YOU WILL PAY AT THE TIME THAT YOU BUY THE CONTRACT, SURRENDER THE CONTRACT, OR TRANSFER CASH VALUE BETWEEN INVESTMENT OPTIONS.

For more detailed information, including additional information about current and maximum charges, see Section 8, "What Are The Expenses Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?" The individual fund prospectuses contain detailed expense information about the underlying mutual funds.

CONTRACT OWNER TRANSACTION EXPENSES

<Table>
<Caption>
WITHDRAWAL CHARGE(1)

NUMBER OF CONTRACT CONTRACT CONTRACT

ANNIVERSARIES SINCE PURCHASE PAYMENT	WITH CREDIT	WITHOUT CREDIT
<S>	<C>	<C>
0	8%	7%
1	8%	6%
2	8%	5%
3	8%	4%
4	7%	3%
5	6%	2%
6	5%	1%
7	0%	0%

MAXIMUM TRANSFER FEE

EACH TRANSFER AFTER 12(2)	\$30.00
---------------------------	---------

</Table>

1: Each contract year, you may withdraw a specified amount of your contract value without incurring a withdrawal charge. We will waive the withdrawal charge if we pay a death benefit or under certain other circumstances. See "Withdrawal Charge" in Section 8.

2: Currently, we charge \$25 for each transfer after the twelfth in a contract year. As shown in the table, we can increase that charge up to a maximum of \$30, but have no current intention to do so. We will not charge you for transfers made in connection with Dollar Cost Averaging and Auto-Rebalancing or transfers from the market value adjustment option at the end of a guarantee period, and do not count them toward the limit of 12 free transfers per year.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The next table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay periodically during the time that you own the contract, not including underlying mutual fund fees and expenses.

PERIODIC ACCOUNT EXPENSES

<Table>		
MAXIMUM CONTRACT MAINTENANCE CHARGE AND CONTRACT CHARGE UPON FULL WITHDRAWAL(3)		\$30.00
INSURANCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES WITH THE INDICATED BENEFITS		
AS A PERCENTAGE OF ACCOUNT VALUE IN VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTIONS:		
	CONTRACT WITH CREDIT	CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT
<S>	<C>	<C>
Base Death Benefit	1.50%	1.40%
Base Death Benefit with Lifetime Five Income Benefit	2.10%	2.00%
Base Death Benefit with Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit	2.25%	2.15%
Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option--Step-Up	1.75%	1.65%
Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option--Step-Up with Lifetime Five Income Benefit	2.35%	2.25%
ANNUAL GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT CHARGE AND CHARGE UPON CERTAIN WITHDRAWALS(4) (for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004)		
AS A PERCENTAGE OF AVERAGE GMIB PROTECTED VALUE	0.50%	
ANNUAL INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT CHARGE AND CHARGE UPON CERTAIN WITHDRAWALS(5)		
AS A PERCENTAGE OF CONTRACT VALUE	0.25%	
</Table>		

3: Currently, we waive this fee if your contract value is greater than or equal to \$75,000. If your contract value is less than \$75,000, we currently charge the lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value. This is a single fee that we assess (a) annually or (b) upon full withdrawal made on a date other than a contract anniversary.

4: We impose this charge only if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. This charge is equal to 0.50% for contracts sold on or after May 1,

2004 (0.45% for all other contracts), of the average GMIB protected value, which is calculated daily and generally is equal to the GMIB roll-up value. The fee is withdrawn from each variable investment option in the same proportion as the contract value allocated to that variable investment option represents to the total contract value in all variable investment options. Subject to certain age or duration restrictions, the roll-up value is the total of all invested purchase payments (after a reset, the contract value at the time of the reset) compounded daily at an effective annual rate of 5%, subject to a cap of 200% of all invested purchase payments. Withdrawals reduce both the roll-up value and the 200% cap. When the GMIB roll-up is increasing at an effective annual interest rate of 5%, the reduction is equal to the amount of the withdrawal for the first 5% of the roll-up value, calculated as of the latest contract anniversary (or contract date). The amount of the withdrawal in excess of 5% of the roll-up value further reduces the roll-up value and 200% cap proportionally to the additional reduction in contract value after the first 5% withdrawal occurs. We assess this fee each contract anniversary and when you begin the income phase of your contract. We also assess this fee if you make a full withdrawal, but prorate the fee based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted. If you make a partial withdrawal, we will assess the prorated fee if the remaining contract value after the withdrawal would be less than the amount of the prorated fee; otherwise we will not assess the fee at that time.

5: We impose this charge only if you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit. The charge for this benefit is based on an annual rate of 0.25% of your contract value. The Income Appreciator Benefit charge is calculated: on each contract anniversary, on the annuity date, upon the death of the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date, upon a full or partial withdrawal, and upon a subsequent purchase payment. The fee is based on the contract value at the time of the calculation, and is prorated based on the portion of the contract year since the date that the charge was last deducted. Although it may be calculated more often, it is deducted only: on each contract anniversary, on the annuity date, upon the death of the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date, upon a full withdrawal, and upon a partial withdrawal if the contract value remaining after such partial withdrawal is not enough to cover the then-applicable charge. With respect to full and partial withdrawals, we prorate the fee based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted. We reserve the right to calculate and deduct the fee more frequently than annually, such as quarterly.

SUMMARY OF CONTRACT EXPENSES CONTINUED

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

TOTAL ANNUAL MUTUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

The next item shows the minimum and maximum total operating expenses (expenses that are deducted from underlying mutual fund assets, including management fees, distribution and/or service (12b-1) fees, and other expenses) charged by the underlying mutual funds that you may pay periodically during the time that you own the contract. More detail concerning each underlying mutual fund's fees and expenses is contained below and in the prospectus for each underlying mutual fund. The minimum and maximum total operating expenses depicted below are based on historical fund expenses for the year ended December 31, 2005. Fund expenses are not fixed or guaranteed by the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 contract, and may vary from year to year.

<Table> <Caption>		
	Minimum	Maximum
	-----	-----
<S>	<C>	<C>
Total Annual Underlying Mutual Fund Operating Expenses*	0.38%	1.67%
</Table>		

* See "Summary of Contract Expenses"--Underlying Mutual Fund Portfolio Annual Expenses for more detail on the expenses of the underlying mutual funds.

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

<Table>
<Caption>
UNDERLYING MUTUAL FUND PORTFOLIO ANNUAL EXPENSES

AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE AVERAGE NET ASSETS OF THE UNDERLYING PORTFOLIOS

ANNUAL				TOTAL
OPERATING		MANAGEMENT	OTHER	PORTFOLIO
<S>		FEES	EXPENSES(1)	12B-1 FEES
THE PRUDENTIAL SERIES FUND(2)		<C>	<C>	<C>

Jennison Portfolio	0.60%	0.03%	None	0.63%
Prudential Equity Portfolio(3)	0.45%	0.02%	None	0.47%
Prudential Global Portfolio(4)	0.75%	0.07%	None	0.82%
Prudential Money Market Portfolio	0.40%	0.05%	None	0.45%
Prudential Stock Index Portfolio	0.35%	0.03%	None	0.38%
Prudential Value Portfolio	0.40%	0.03%	None	0.43%
SP Aggressive Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio(5,6)	0.84%	0.11%	None	0.95%
SP AIM Core Equity Portfolio	0.85%	0.15%	None	1.00%
SP Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio(5,6)	0.76%	0.09%	None	0.85%
SP Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio(5,6)	0.72%	0.08%	None	0.80%
SP Davis Value Portfolio	0.75%	0.07%	None	0.82%
SP Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio(5,6)	0.81%	0.10%	None	0.91%
SP Large Cap Value Portfolio(5)	0.80%	0.03%	None	0.83%
SP LSV International Value Portfolio	0.90%	0.16%	None	1.06%
SP Mid Cap Growth Portfolio	0.80%	0.20%	None	1.00%
SP PIMCO High Yield Portfolio	0.60%	0.07%	None	0.67%
SP PIMCO Total Return Portfolio	0.60%	0.02%	None	0.62%
SP Prudential U.S. Emerging Growth Portfolio	0.60%	0.20%	None	0.80%
SP Small Cap Growth Portfolio	0.95%	0.10%	None	1.05%
SP Small Cap Value Portfolio (formerly SP Goldman Sachs Small Cap Value Portfolio)(7)	0.90%	0.07%	None	0.97%
SP Strategic Partners Focused Growth Portfolio	0.90%	0.17%	None	1.07%
SP T. Rowe Price Large-Cap Growth Portfolio (formerly SP AllianceBernstein Large-Cap Growth Portfolio)(8,9)	0.90%	0.16%	None	1.06%
SP William Blair International Growth Portfolio	0.85%	0.13%	None	0.98%
AMERICAN SKANDIA TRUST(2,10)				

AST Advanced Strategies Portfolio	0.85%	0.18%		1.03%
AST Aggressive Asset Allocation Portfolio(11)	1.04%	0.29%	None	1.33%
AST AllianceBernstein Core Value Portfolio	0.75%	0.19%	None	0.94%
AST AllianceBernstein Growth & Income Portfolio	0.75%	0.13%	None	0.88%
AST AllianceBernstein Managed Index 500 Portfolio	0.60%	0.17%	None	0.77%
AST American Century Income & Growth Portfolio	0.75%	0.18%	None	0.93%
AST American Century Strategic Balanced Portfolio	0.85%	0.23%	None	1.08%
AST Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio(11)	0.95%	0.20%	None	1.15%
AST Capital Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio(11)	1.00%	0.20%	None	1.20%
AST Cohen & Steers Realty Portfolio	1.00%	0.18%	None	1.18%
AST Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio(11)	0.94%	0.24%	None	1.18%
AST DeAM Large-Cap Value Portfolio	0.85%	0.22%	None	1.07%
AST DeAM Small-Cap Growth Portfolio	0.95%	0.20%	None	1.15%
AST DeAM Small-Cap Value Portfolio	0.95%	0.24%	None	1.19%
AST Federated Aggressive Growth Portfolio	0.95%	0.17%	None	1.12%
AST First Trust Balanced Target Portfolio	0.85%	0.19%	None	1.04%
AST First Trust Capital Appreciation Target Portfolio	0.85%	0.19%	None	1.04%
AST Global Allocation Portfolio	0.86%	0.23%	None	1.09%
AST Goldman Sachs Concentrated Growth Portfolio	0.90%	0.16%	None	1.06%
AST Goldman Sachs Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio	1.00%	0.18%	None	1.18%
AST High Yield Portfolio (formerly, AST Goldman Sachs High Yield Portfolio)(12)	0.75%	0.19%	None	0.94%
AST JPMorgan International Equity Portfolio	0.88%	0.19%	None	1.07%
AST Large-Cap Value Portfolio (formerly AST Hotchkis and Wiley Large-Cap Value Portfolio)(13,14,15)	0.75%	0.16%	None	0.91%
AST Lord Abbett Bond-Debenture Portfolio	0.80%	0.17%	None	0.97%
AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio	0.90%	0.13%	None	1.03%
AST MFS Global Equity Portfolio	1.00%	0.26%	None	1.26%
AST MFS Growth Portfolio	0.90%	0.18%	None	1.08%

</Table>

<Table>
<Caption>
UNDERLYING MUTUAL FUND PORTFOLIO ANNUAL EXPENSES

AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE AVERAGE NET ASSETS OF THE UNDERLYING PORTFOLIOS

ANNUAL OPERATING				TOTAL	
		MANAGEMENT	OTHER	PORTFOLIO	
<S>		FEES	EXPENSES(1)	12B-1 FEES	EXPENSES
		<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
	AST Mid Cap Value Portfolio (formerly, AST Gabelli All-Cap Value Portfolio)(16)	0.95%	0.22%	None	1.17%
	AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio	0.90%	0.18%	None	1.08%
	AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Value Portfolio	0.89%	0.14%	None	1.03%
	AST PIMCO Limited Maturity Bond Portfolio	0.65%	0.15%	None	0.80%
	AST Preservation Asset Allocation Portfolio(11)	0.89%	0.38%	None	1.27%
	AST Small-Cap Value Portfolio(13,17)	0.90%	0.17%	None	1.07%
	AST T. Rowe Price Asset Allocation Portfolio	0.85%	0.23%	None	1.08%
	AST T. Rowe Price Global Bond Portfolio	0.80%	0.21%	None	1.01%
	AST T. Rowe Price Natural Resources Portfolio	0.90%	0.18%	None	1.08%
GARTMORE VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST					

	GVIT Developing Markets Fund(18,19)	1.05%	0.37%	0.25%	1.67%
JANUS ASPEN SERIES					

	Large Cap Growth Portfolio -- Service Shares(19)	0.64%	0.02%	0.25%	0.91%

1. As noted above, shares of the Portfolios generally are purchased through variable insurance products. Some of the Portfolios and/or their investment advisers and/or distributors have entered into arrangements with us as the issuer of the contract under which they compensate us for providing ongoing services in lieu of the Series Fund and/or Trust providing such services. Amounts paid by a Portfolio under those arrangements are included under "Other Expenses."

2. The total actual operating expenses for certain of the Portfolios listed above for the year ended December 31, 2005 were less than the amounts shown in the table above, due to fee waivers, reimbursement of expenses, and expense offset arrangements ("Arrangements"). These Arrangements are voluntary and may be terminated at any time. In addition, the Arrangements may be modified periodically. For more information regarding the Arrangements, please see the prospectus and statement of additional information for the Portfolios.

3. Effective December 5, 2005, GE Asset Management was removed as sub-adviser to a portion of the Portfolio. Salomon Brothers Asset Management, Inc. (an existing co-sub-adviser to the Portfolio) assumed responsibility for the assets previously managed by GE Asset Management.

4. Effective December 5, 2005, LSV Asset Management, Marsico Capital Management, LLC, T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc., and William Blair & Company, LLC became the sub-advisers of the Portfolio. Prior to December 5, 2005, Jennison Associates LLC served as sub-adviser to the Portfolio.

5. Effective December 5, 2005, the Portfolio was closed to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in the Portfolio.

6. Each asset allocation portfolio invests in a combination of underlying portfolios of The Prudential Series Fund. The total expenses for each asset allocation portfolio are calculated as a blend of the fees of the underlying portfolios, plus a 0.05% advisory fee payable to the investment adviser, Prudential Investments LLC. The 0.05% advisory fee is included in the amount of each investment advisory fee set forth in the table above.

7. Effective December 5, 2005, Salomon Brothers Asset Management Inc. began managing a portion of the Portfolio's assets, then named "SP Goldman Sachs Small Cap Value Portfolio."

8. Effective December 5, 2005, T. Rowe Price Associates replaced Alliance Capital Management, L.P. as sub-adviser of the Portfolio, then named "SP AllianceBernstein Large-Cap Growth Portfolio."

9. Effective March 20, 2006, Dreman Value Management LLC began managing a portion of the Portfolio's assets.

10. Until November 18, 2004, the Trust had a Distribution Plan under Rule 12b-1 to permit an affiliate of the Trust's investment managers to receive brokerage commissions in connection with purchases and sales of securities held by the Portfolios, and to use these commissions to promote the sale of shares of the

Portfolio. The Distribution Plan was terminated effective November 18, 2004.

11. Effective December 5, 2005, this Portfolio was added as a new asset allocation portfolio.

12. Effective March 20, 2006, Pacific Investment Management Company LLC began managing a portion of the Portfolio's assets, then named "AST Goldman Sachs High Yield Portfolio."

13. Effective December 5, 2005, Salomon Brothers Asset Management Inc. began managing a portion of the Portfolio's assets.

14. Effective December 5, 2005, J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. began managing a portion of the Portfolio's assets, then named "AST Hotchkis and Wiley Large-Cap Value Portfolio."

15. Effective March 20, 2006, Dreman Value Management LLC began managing a portion of the Portfolio's assets.

16. Effective December 5, 2005, EARNEST Partners, LLC and Wedge Capital Management, LLP replaced GAMCO Investors, Inc. as sub-advisers to the Portfolio, then named "AST Gabelli All-Cap Value Portfolio."

17. Effective March 20, 2006, Integrity Asset Management was removed as a sub-adviser to a portion of the Portfolio's assets. Dreman Value Management LLC was added as a sub-adviser and assumed responsibility for the assets previously managed by Integrity Asset Management.

18. Effective January 1, 2006, the management fee was lowered to the base fee described above. Beginning January 1, 2007, the management fee may be adjusted, on a quarterly basis, upward or downward depending on the Fund's performance relative to its benchmark, the MSCI Emerging Market Free Index. As a result, beginning January 1, 2007, if the management fee were calculated taking into account all base fee breakpoints and performance fee adjustments, the management fee could range from 0.85% at its lowest to 1.15% at its highest.

19. Because the 12b-1 fee is charged as an ongoing fee, over time the fee will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

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PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

EXPENSE EXAMPLES

THESE EXAMPLES ARE INTENDED TO HELP YOU COMPARE THE COST OF INVESTING IN THE CONTRACT WITH THE COST OF INVESTING IN OTHER VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACTS. THESE COSTS INCLUDE CONTRACT OWNER TRANSACTION EXPENSES, CONTRACT FEES, SEPARATE ACCOUNT ANNUAL EXPENSES, AND UNDERLYING MUTUAL FUND FEES AND EXPENSES.

THE EXAMPLES ASSUME THAT YOU INVEST \$10,000 IN THE CONTRACT FOR THE TIME PERIODS INDICATED. THE EXAMPLES ALSO ASSUME THAT YOUR INVESTMENT HAS A 5% RETURN EACH YEAR AND ASSUME THE MAXIMUM FEES AND EXPENSES OF ANY OF THE MUTUAL FUNDS, WHICH DO NOT REFLECT ANY EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENTS OR WAIVERS. ALTHOUGH YOUR ACTUAL COSTS MAY BE HIGHER OR LOWER, BASED ON THESE ASSUMPTIONS, YOUR COSTS WOULD BE AS INDICATED IN THE TABLES THAT FOLLOW.

EXAMPLE 1a: Contract With Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example assumes that:

- - You invest \$10,000 in the Contract With Credit,
- - You choose the Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit,
- - You choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004),
- - You choose the Income Appreciator Benefit,
- - You allocate all of your assets to the variable investment option having the maximum total operating expenses,
- - The investment has a 5% return each year,
- - The mutual fund's total operating expenses remain the same each year, and
- - You withdraw all your assets at the end of the indicated period.

EXAMPLE 1b: Contract With Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit,

Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 1a except that it assumes that you do not withdraw any of your assets at the end of the indicated period.

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EXPENSE EXAMPLES CONTINUED

- - - - -

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

EXAMPLE 2a: Contract With Credit: Base Death Benefit, and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example assumes that:

- - You invest \$10,000 in the Contract With Credit,
- - You do not choose any optional insurance benefit,
- - You allocate all of your assets to the variable investment option having the maximum total operating expenses,
- - The investment has a 5% return each year,
- - The mutual fund's total operating expenses remain the same each year, and
- - You withdraw all your assets at the end of the indicated period.

EXAMPLE 2b: Contract With Credit: Base Death Benefit, and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 2a except that it assumes that you do not withdraw any of your assets at the end of the indicated period.

EXAMPLE 3a: Contract Without Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 1a except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

EXAMPLE 3b: Contract Without Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 1b except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

EXAMPLE 4a: Contract Without Credit: Base Death Benefit; and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 2a except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

EXAMPLE 4b: Contract Without Credit: Base Death Benefit; and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 2b except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

NOTES FOR EXPENSE EXAMPLES:

THESE EXAMPLES SHOULD NOT BE CONSIDERED A REPRESENTATION OF PAST OR FUTURE EXPENSES. ACTUAL EXPENSES MAY BE GREATER OR LESS THAN THOSE SHOWN.

Note that withdrawal charges (which are reflected in Examples 1a, 2a, 3a and 4a) are assessed in connection with some annuity options, but not others.

The values shown in the 10 year column are the same for Example 1a and 1b, 2a and 2b, 3a and 3b, and 4a and 4b. This is because if 10 years have elapsed since your last purchase payment, we would no longer deduct withdrawal charges when you make a withdrawal.

The examples use an average contract maintenance charge, which we calculated based on our estimate of the total contract fees we expect to collect in 2006. Your actual fees will vary based on the amount of your contract and your specific allocation among the investment options.

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EXAMPLE 1a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS								EXAMPLE 1b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$1,218	\$2,158	\$3,013	\$4,774	\$466	\$1,406	\$2,355	\$4,774				

EXAMPLE 2a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS								EXAMPLE 2b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$1,116	\$1,860	\$2,533	\$3,897	\$364	\$1,108	\$1,875	\$3,897				

EXAMPLE 3a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS								EXAMPLE 3b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$1,068	\$1,773	\$2,490	\$4,510	\$438	\$1,323	\$2,220	\$4,510				

EXAMPLE 4a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS								EXAMPLE 4b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$ 970	\$1,486	\$2,025	\$3,658	\$340	\$1,036	\$1,755	\$3,658				

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PART II SECTIONS 1-11
STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS

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PART II
STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

1:
WHAT IS THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3
VARIABLE ANNUITY?

THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 VARIABLE ANNUITY IS A CONTRACT BETWEEN YOU, THE OWNER, AND US, PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY (PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY, WE OR US).

Under our contract, in exchange for your payment to us, we promise to pay you a guaranteed income stream that can begin any time on or after the first contract anniversary. Your annuity is in the accumulation phase until you decide to begin receiving annuity payments. The date you begin receiving annuity payments is the annuity date. On the annuity date, your contract switches to the income phase.

This annuity contract benefits from tax deferral when it is sold outside a tax-favored plan (generally called a non-qualified annuity). Tax deferral means that you are not taxed on earnings or appreciation on the assets in your contract until you withdraw money from your contract.

If you purchase the annuity contract in a tax-favored plan such as an IRA, that plan generally provides tax deferral even without investing in an annuity contract. In other words, you need not purchase this contract to gain the preferential tax treatment provided by your retirement plan. Therefore, before purchasing an annuity in a tax-favored plan, you should consider whether its features and benefits beyond tax deferral, including the death benefit and income benefits, meet your needs and goals. You should consider the relative features, benefits and costs of this annuity compared with any other investment that you may use in connection with your retirement plan or arrangement.

There are two basic versions of Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 variable annuity.

Contract With Credit.

- provides for a bonus credit that we add to each purchase payment that you make,
- has higher withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract Without Credit,
- may provide a lower interest rate for the fixed interest rate options than the Contract Without Credit, and
- does not offer the market value adjustment option.

Contract Without Credit.

- does not provide a credit,
- has lower withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract With Credit,
- may provide a higher interest rate for the fixed interest rate options than the Contract With Credit, and
- offers the Market Value Adjustment Option.

Unless we state otherwise, when we use the word contract, it applies to both versions.

In replacing another annuity you may own, please consider all charges associated with that annuity. Credits applicable to bonus products, such as the Contract With Credit, should not be viewed as an offset of any surrender charge that applies to another annuity contract you may currently own.

Because of the higher withdrawal charges, if you choose the Contract With Credit and you withdraw a purchase payment, depending upon the performance of the investment options you choose, you may be worse off than if you had chosen the Contract Without Credit. We do not recommend purchase of either version of Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 if you anticipate having to withdraw a significant amount of your purchase payments within a few years of making those purchase payments.

Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 is a variable annuity contract. During the accumulation phase, you can allocate your assets among the variable investment options, guaranteed fixed interest rate options and a market value adjustment option. The market value adjustment option is only available in the Contract Without Credit. If you select variable investment options,

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

the amount of money you are able to accumulate in your contract during the accumulation phase depends upon the investment performance of the underlying mutual fund(s) associated with that variable investment option.

Because the underlying mutual funds' portfolios fluctuate in value depending upon market conditions, your contract value can either increase or decrease. This is important, since the amount of the annuity payments you receive during the income phase depends upon the value of your contract at the time you begin receiving payments.

As the owner of the contract, you have all of the decision-making rights under the contract. You will also be the annuitant unless you designate someone else. The annuitant is the person whose life is used to determine how much and

how long (if applicable) the annuity payments will continue once the annuity phase begins. On or after the annuity date, the annuitant may not be changed.

The beneficiary is the person(s) or entity you designate to receive any death benefit. You may change the beneficiary any time prior to the annuity date by making a written request to us.

SHORT TERM CANCELLATION RIGHT OR "FREE LOOK"

If you change your mind about owning Strategic Partners Annuity One 3, you may cancel your contract within 10 days after receiving it (or whatever period is required by applicable law). You can request a refund by returning the contract either to the representative who sold it to you, or to the Prudential Annuity Service Center at the address shown on the first page of this prospectus. You will receive a refund equal to your contract value (plus the amount of any fees or other charges) as of the date you surrendered your contract.

If you have purchased the Contract With Credit, we will deduct any credit we had added to your contract value.

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

2:

WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS

CAN I CHOOSE?

THE CONTRACT GIVES YOU THE CHOICE OF ALLOCATING YOUR PURCHASE PAYMENTS TO ANY OF THE VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTIONS, FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTIONS, AND A MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT OPTION.

The variable investment options invest in underlying mutual funds managed by leading investment advisers. These underlying mutual funds may sell their shares to both variable annuity and variable life separate accounts of different insurance companies, which could create the kinds of risk that are described in more detail in the current prospectus for the underlying mutual fund. The current prospectuses for the underlying mutual funds also contain other important information about the mutual funds. When you invest in a variable investment option that is funded by a mutual fund, you should read the mutual fund prospectus and keep it for future reference.

VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTIONS

The following chart classifies each of the portfolios based on our assessment of their investment style (as of the date of this prospectus). The chart also provides a description of each portfolio's investment objective and a short, summary description of their key policies to assist you in determining which portfolios may be of interest to you. There is no guarantee that any portfolio will meet its investment objective. The name of the adviser/sub-adviser for each portfolio appears next to the description.

The Jennison Portfolio, Prudential Equity Portfolio, Prudential Global Portfolio, Prudential Money Market Portfolio, Prudential Stock Index Portfolio, Prudential Value Portfolio, and each "SP" Portfolio of the Prudential Series Fund, are managed by an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial, Inc. called Prudential Investments LLC (PI) under a "manager-of-managers" approach.

Under the manager-of-managers approach, PI has the ability to assign sub-advisers to manage specific portions of a portfolio, and the portion managed by a sub-adviser may vary from 0% to 100% of the portfolio's assets. The sub-advisers that manage some or all of a Prudential Series Fund portfolio are listed on the following chart.

The portfolios of the American Skandia Trust are co-managed by PI and American Skandia Investment Services, Incorporated, also under a manager-of-managers approach. American Skandia Investment Services, Incorporated is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial, Inc.

A fund or portfolio may have a similar name or an investment objective and investment policies resembling those of a mutual fund managed by the same investment adviser that is sold directly to the public. Despite such similarities, there can be no assurance that the investment performance of any such fund or portfolio will resemble that of the publicly available mutual fund.

Pruco Life of New Jersey has entered into agreements with certain underlying portfolios and/or the investment adviser or distributor of such portfolios. Pruco Life of New Jersey may provide administrative and support services to such portfolios pursuant to the terms of these agreements and under which it receives a fee of up to 0.55% annually (as of May 1, 2006) of the average assets allocated to the portfolio under the contract. These agreements, including the

fees paid and services provided, can vary for each underlying mutual fund whose portfolios are offered as sub-accounts.

In addition, the investment adviser, sub-adviser or distributor of the underlying portfolios may also compensate us by providing reimbursement or paying directly for, among other things, marketing and/or administrative services and/or other services they provide in connection with the contract. These services may include, but are not limited to: co-sponsoring various meetings and seminars attended by broker/dealer firms' registered representatives and creating marketing material discussing the contract and the available options.

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

As detailed in the Prudential Series Fund prospectus, although the Prudential Money Market Portfolio is designed to be a stable investment option, it is possible to lose money in that portfolio. For example, when prevailing short-term interest rates are very low, the yield on the Prudential Money Market Portfolio may be so low that, when separate account and contract charges are deducted, you experience a negative return.

Upon the introduction of the American Skandia Trust Asset Allocation Portfolios on December 5, 2005, we ceased offering the Prudential Series Fund Asset Allocation Portfolios to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in those Portfolios. However, a contract owner who had contract value allocated to a Prudential Series Fund Asset Allocation Portfolio prior to December 5, 2005 may continue to allocate purchase payments to that Portfolio after that date. In addition, after December 5, 2005, we ceased offering the Prudential Series Fund SP Large Cap Value Portfolio to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in that Portfolio. However, a contract owner who had contract value allocated to the SP Large Cap Value Portfolio prior to December 5, 2005 may continue to allocate purchase payments to that Portfolio after that date.

2:
WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table> <Caption>		PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	
<S>	<C>	<C>
THE PRUDENTIAL SERIES FUND		
LARGE CAP GROWTH	JENNISON PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio invests primarily in equity securities of major, established corporations that the Sub-adviser believes offer above-average growth prospects. The Portfolio may invest up to 30% of its total assets in foreign securities. Stocks are selected on a company-by-company basis using fundamental analysis. Normally 65% of the Portfolio's total assets are invested in common stocks and preferred stocks of companies with capitalization in excess of \$1 billion.	Jennison Associates LLC
LARGE CAP BLEND	PRUDENTIAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets plus borrowings for investment purposes in common stocks of major established corporations as well as smaller companies that the Sub-advisers believe offer attractive prospects of appreciation.	Jennison Associates LLC; Salomon Brothers Asset Management Inc
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	PRUDENTIAL GLOBAL PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks (and their equivalents) of foreign and U.S. companies. Each Sub-adviser for the Portfolio generally will use either a "growth" approach or a "value" approach in selecting either foreign or U.S. common stocks.	LSV Asset Management; Marsico Capital Management, LLC; T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.;; William Blair & Company, LLC

FIXED INCOME	PRUDENTIAL MONEY MARKET PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum current income consistent with the stability of capital and the maintenance of liquidity. The Portfolio invests in high-quality short-term money market instruments issued by the U.S. Government or its agencies, as well as by corporations and banks, both domestic and foreign. The Portfolio will invest only in instruments that mature in thirteen months or less, and which are denominated in U.S. dollars.	Prudential Investment Management, Inc.
LARGE CAP BLEND	PRUDENTIAL STOCK INDEX PORTFOLIO: seeks investment results that generally correspond to the performance of publicly-traded common stocks. With the price and yield performance of the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Stock Price Index (S&P 500) as the benchmark, the Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in S&P 500 stocks. The S&P 500 represents more than 70% of the total market value of all publicly-traded common stocks and is widely viewed as representative of publicly-traded common stocks as a whole. The Portfolio is not "managed" in the traditional sense of using market and economic analyses to select stocks. Rather, the portfolio manager purchases stocks in proportion to their weighting in the S&P 500.	Quantitative Management Associates LLC

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> LARGE CAP VALUE	<C> PRUDENTIAL VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital through appreciation and income. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks that the Sub-adviser believes are undervalued -- those stocks that are trading below their underlying asset value, cash generating ability and overall earnings and earnings growth. There is a risk that "value" stocks can perform differently from the market as a whole and other types of stocks and can continue to be undervalued by the markets for long periods of time. Normally at least 65% of the Portfolio's total assets is invested in the common stock and convertible securities of companies that the Sub-adviser believes will provide investment returns above those of the S&P 500 or the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) Composite Index. Most of the investments will be securities of large capitalization companies. The Portfolio may invest up to 25% of its total assets in real estate investment trusts (REITs) and up to 30% of its total assets in foreign securities.	<C> Jennison Associates LLC
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	SP AGGRESSIVE GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with the specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio may invest in any other Portfolio of the Fund (other than another SP Asset Allocation Portfolio), the AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio of American Skandia Trust (AST), and the AST LSV International Value Portfolio of AST (the Underlying Portfolios). Under normal circumstances, the Portfolio generally will focus on equity Underlying Portfolios but will also invest in fixed-income Underlying Portfolios. (Effective December 5, 2005, this Portfolio was closed to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in the Portfolio.)	Prudential Investments LLC
LARGE CAP BLEND	SP AIM CORE EQUITY PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in equity securities, including convertible securities of established companies that have long-term above-average growth in earnings and growth companies that the Sub-adviser believes have the potential	AIM Capital Management, Inc.

for above-average growth in earnings. The Portfolio may invest up to 20% of its total assets in foreign securities.

ASSET
ALLOCATION/
BALANCED

SP BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with the specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio may invest in any other Portfolio of the Fund (other than another SP Asset Allocation Portfolio), the AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio of American Skandia Trust (AST), and the AST LSV International Value Portfolio of AST (the Underlying Portfolios). The Portfolio will invest in equity and fixed-income Underlying Portfolios. (Effective December 5, 2005, this Portfolio was closed to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in the Portfolio.)

Prudential
Investments LLC

</Table>

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2:
WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>
<Caption>

STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	<C> SP CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with the specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio may invest in any other Portfolio of the Fund (other than another SP Asset Allocation Portfolio), the AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio of American Skandia Trust (AST), and the AST LSV International Value Portfolio of AST (the Underlying Portfolios). Under normal circumstances, the Portfolio generally will focus on fixed-income Underlying Portfolios but will also invest in equity Underlying Portfolios. (Effective December 5, 2005, this Portfolio was closed to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in the Portfolio.)	<C> Prudential Investments LLC
LARGE CAP VALUE	SP DAVIS VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks growth of capital. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks of U.S. companies with market capitalizations of at least \$5 billion. It may also invest in stocks of foreign companies and U.S. companies with smaller capitalizations. The Sub-adviser attempts to select common stocks of businesses that possess characteristics that the Sub-adviser believe foster the creation of long-term value, such as proven management, a durable franchise and business model, and sustainable competitive advantages. The Sub-adviser aims to invest in such businesses when they are trading at a discount to their intrinsic worth. There is a risk that "value" stocks can perform differently from the market as a whole and other types of stocks and can continue to be undervalued by the markets for long periods of time.	Davis Selected Advisers, L.P.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	SP GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with the specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio may invest in any other Portfolio of the Fund (other than another SP Asset Allocation Portfolio), the AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio of American Skandia Trust (AST), and the AST LSV International Value Portfolio of AST (the Underlying Portfolios). Under normal circumstances, the Portfolio generally will focus on equity Underlying Portfolios but will also invest in fixed-income Underlying Portfolios. (Effective December 5, 2005, this Portfolio was closed to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in the Portfolio.)	Prudential Investments LLC

LARGE CAP VALUE

SP LARGE CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in common stocks and securities convertible into common stock of companies that are believed to be undervalued and have an above-average potential to increase in price, given the company's sales, earnings, book value, cash flow and recent performance. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective through investments primarily in equity securities of large capitalization companies. (Effective December 5, 2005, this Portfolio was closed to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in the Portfolio.)

Hotchkis and Wiley
Capital Management,
LLC; J.P. Morgan
Investment Management
Inc., Dreman Value
Management LLC

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>
<Caption>

STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	<C> SP LSV INTERNATIONAL VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its objective by primarily investing at least 80% of the value of its assets in the equity securities of companies in developed non-U.S. countries that are represented in the MSCI EAFE Index. The target of this Portfolio is to outperform the unhedged US Dollar total return (net of foreign dividend withholding taxes) of the MSCI EAFE Index. The Sub-adviser uses proprietary quantitative models to manage the Portfolio in a bottom-up security selection approach combined with overall portfolio risk management.	<C> LSV Asset Management
MID CAP GROWTH	SP MID CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in common stocks and related securities, such as preferred stocks, convertible securities and depositary receipts for those securities. These securities typically are of medium market capitalizations, which the Sub-adviser believes have above-average growth potential. Medium market capitalization companies are defined by the Portfolio as companies with market capitalizations equaling or exceeding \$250 million but not exceeding the top of the Russell Mid Cap(TM) Growth Index range at the time of the Portfolio's investment. The Portfolio's investments may include securities listed on a securities exchange or traded in the over-the-counter markets. The Sub-adviser uses a bottom-up and top-down analysis in managing the Portfolio. This means that securities are selected based upon fundamental analysis, as well as a top-down approach to diversification by industry and company, and by paying attention to macro-level investment themes. The Portfolio may invest in foreign securities (including emerging markets securities).	Calamos Advisors LLC
FIXED INCOME	SP PIMCO HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management. The Portfolio will invest in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities of varying maturities. The average portfolio duration of the Portfolio generally will vary within a two- to six-year time frame based on the Sub-adviser's forecast for interest rates.	Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)
FIXED INCOME	SP PIMCO TOTAL RETURN PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management. The Portfolio will invest in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities of varying maturities. The average portfolio duration of the Portfolio generally will vary within a three-to six-year time frame based on the Sub-adviser's forecast for interest rates.	Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)
MID CAP GROWTH	SP PRUDENTIAL U.S. EMERGING GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks	Jennison Associates

long-term capital appreciation. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in equity securities of small and medium sized U.S. companies that the Sub-adviser believes have the potential for above-average earnings growth.

LLC

</Table>

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2:
WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>
<Caption>

STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
SMALL CAP GROWTH	SP SMALL CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its objective by primarily investing in the common stocks of small-capitalization companies, which is defined as a company with a market capitalization, at the time of purchase, no larger than the largest capitalized company included in the Russell 2000 Index during the most recent 11-month period (based on month-end data) plus the most recent data during the current month.	Eagle Asset Management; Neuberger Berman Management, Inc.
SMALL CAP VALUE	SP SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO(formerly SP Goldman Sachs Small Cap Value Portfolio): seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% its net assets plus borrowings for investment purposes in the equity securities of small capitalization companies. The Portfolio focuses on equity securities that are believed to be undervalued in the market place.	Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.; Salomon Brothers Asset Management Inc
LARGE CAP GROWTH	SP STRATEGIC PARTNERS FOCUSED GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests at least 65% of total assets in equity-related securities of U.S. companies that the Sub-advisers believe to have strong capital appreciation potential. The Portfolio's strategy is to combine the efforts of two Sub-advisers and to invest in the favorite stock selection ideas of three portfolio managers (two of whom invest as a team). Each Sub-adviser to the Portfolio utilizes a growth style to select approximately 20 securities. The portfolio managers build a portfolio with stocks in which they have the highest confidence and may invest more than 5% of the Portfolio's assets in any one issuer. The Portfolio is nondiversified, meaning it can invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a small number of issuers. Investing in a nondiversified portfolio, particularly a portfolio investing in approximately 40 equity-related securities, involves greater risk than investing in a diversified portfolio because a loss resulting from the decline in the value of one security may represent a greater portion of the total assets of an on diversified portfolio.	AllianceBernstein L.P.; Jennison Associates LLC
LARGE CAP GROWTH	SP T. ROWE PRICE LARGE-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO (formerly SP AllianceBernstein Large-Cap Growth Portfolio): seeks long-term capital growth. Under normal circumstances, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets plus borrowings for investment purposes in the equity securities of large-cap companies. The Sub-adviser generally looks for companies with an above-average rate of earnings and cash flow growth and a lucrative niche in the economy that gives them the ability to sustain earnings momentum even during times of slow economic growth.	T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.

</Table>

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	SP WILLIAM BLAIR INTERNATIONAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital appreciation. The Portfolio invests primarily in stocks of large and medium-sized companies located in countries included in the Morgan Stanley Capital International All Country World Ex-U.S. Index. Under normal market conditions, the portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in equity securities. The Portfolio's assets normally will be allocated among not fewer than six different countries and will not concentrate investments in any particular industry. The Portfolio seeks companies that historically have had superior growth, profitability and quality relative to local markets and relative to companies within the same industry worldwide, and that are expected to continue such performance.	William Blair & Company, LLC
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST ADVANCED STRATEGIES PORTFOLIO: seeks a high level of absolute return. The Portfolio invests primarily in a diversified portfolio of equity and fixed income securities across different investment categories and investment managers. The Portfolio pursues a combination of traditional and non-traditional investment strategies.	Marsico Capital Management, LLC; T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.; LSV Asset Management; William Blair & Company, L.L.C.; Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST AGGRESSIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks the highest potential total return consistent with its specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio will invest its assets in several other American Skandia Trust Portfolios. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio will devote between 92.5% to 100% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in equity securities, and 0% to 7.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in debt securities and money market instruments.	American Skandia Investment Services, Inc.; Prudential Investments LLC
LARGE CAP VALUE	AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN CORE VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth by investing primarily in common stocks. The Sub-adviser expects that the majority of the Portfolio's assets will be invested in the common stocks of large companies that appear to be undervalued. Among other things, the Portfolio seeks to identify compelling buying opportunities created when companies are undervalued on the basis of investor reactions to near-term problems or circumstances even though their long-term prospects remain sound. The Sub-adviser seeks to identify individual companies with earnings growth potential that may not be recognized by the market at large.	AllianceBernstein L.P.

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STYLE/

PORTFOLIO
ADVISER/

TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	SUB-ADVISER
<S> LARGE CAP VALUE	<C> AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN GROWTH & INCOME PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital and income while attempting to avoid excessive fluctuations in market value. The Portfolio normally will invest in common stocks (and securities convertible into common stocks). The Sub-adviser will take a value-oriented approach, in that it will try to keep the Portfolio's assets invested in securities that are selling at reasonable valuations in relation to their fundamental business prospects. The stocks that the Portfolio will normally invest in are those of seasoned companies.	<C> AllianceBernstein L.P.
LARGE CAP BLEND	AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN MANAGED INDEX 500 PORTFOLIO (AST AllianceBernstein Growth + Value Portfolio merged into this Portfolio): seeks to outperform the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Stock Price Index (the "S&P (R) 500") through stock selection resulting in different weightings of common stocks relative to the index. The Portfolio will invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in securities included in the S&P(R) 500.	AllianceBernstein L.P.
LARGE CAP VALUE	AST AMERICAN CENTURY INCOME & GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth with current income as a secondary objective. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks that offer potential for capital growth, and may, consistent with its investment objective, invest in stocks that offer potential for current income. The Sub-adviser utilizes a quantitative management technique with a goal of building an equity portfolio that provides better returns than the S&P 500 Index without taking on significant additional risk and while attempting to create a dividend yield that will be greater than the S&P 500 Index.	American Century Investment Management, Inc.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC BALANCED PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth and current income. The Sub-adviser intends to maintain approximately 60% of the Portfolio's assets in equity securities and the remainder in bonds and other fixed income securities. Both the Portfolio's equity and fixed income investments will fluctuate in value. The equity securities will fluctuate depending on the performance of the companies that issued them, general market and economic conditions, and investor confidence. The fixed income investments will be affected primarily by rising or falling interest rates and the credit quality of the issuers.	American Century Investment Management, Inc.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks the highest potential total return consistent with its specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio will invest its assets in several other American Skandia Trust Portfolios. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio will devote between 57.5% to 72.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in equity securities, and 27.5% to 42.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in debt securities and money market instruments.	American Skandia Investment Services, Inc.; Prudential Investments LLC

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	<C> AST CAPITAL GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks the highest potential total return consistent with its specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio will invest its assets in several other American Skandia Trust Portfolios. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio will devote between 72.5% to 87.5% of its net assets to underlying	<C> American Skandia Investment Services, Inc.; Prudential Investments LLC

portfolios investing primarily in equity securities, and 12.5% to 27.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in debt securities and money market instruments.

SPECIALTY	AST COHEN & STEERS REALTY PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return through investment in real estate securities. The Portfolio pursues its investment objective by investing, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in securities of real estate issuers. Under normal circumstances, the Portfolio will invest substantially all of its assets in the equity securities of real estate companies, i.e., a company that derives at least 50% of its revenues from the ownership, construction, financing, management or sale of real estate or that has at least 50% of its assets in real estate. Real estate companies may include real estate investment trusts or REITs.	Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks the highest potential total return consistent with its specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio will invest its assets in several other American Skandia Trust Portfolios. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio will devote between 47.5% to 62.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in equity securities, and 37.5% to 52.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in debt securities and money market instruments.	American Skandia Investment Services, Inc.; Prudential Investments LLC
LARGE CAP VALUE	AST DEAM LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum growth of capital by investing primarily in the value stocks of larger companies. The Portfolio pursues its objective, under normal market conditions, by primarily investing at least 80% of the value of its assets in the equity securities of large-sized companies included in the Russell 1000(R) Value Index. The Sub-adviser employs an investment strategy designed to maintain a portfolio of equity securities which approximates the market risk of those stocks included in the Russell 1000(R) Value Index, but which attempts to outperform the Russell 1000(R) Value Index through active stock selection.	Deutsche Asset Management, Inc.
SMALL CAP GROWTH	AST DEAM SMALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum growth of investors' capital from a portfolio of growth stocks of smaller companies. The Portfolio pursues its objective, under normal circumstances, by primarily investing at least 80% of its total assets in the equity securities of small-sized companies included in the Russell 2000(R) Growth Index. The Sub-adviser employs an investment strategy designed to maintain a portfolio of equity securities which approximates the market risk of those stocks included in the Russell 2000(R) Growth Index, but which attempts to outperform the Russell 2000(R) Growth Index.	Deutsche Asset Management, Inc.

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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II		
STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11		
<Table> <Caption>		
STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
SMALL CAP VALUE	AST DEAM SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum growth of investors' capital. The Portfolio pursues its objective, under normal market conditions, by primarily investing at least 80% of its total assets in the equity securities of small-sized companies included in the Russell 2000(R) Value Index. The Sub-adviser employs an investment strategy	Deutsche Asset Management, Inc.

designed to maintain a portfolio of equity securities which approximates the market risk of those stocks included in the Russell 2000(R) Value Index, but which attempts to outperform the Russell 2000(R) Value Index.

SMALL CAP GROWTH	AST FEDERATED AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its investment objective by investing primarily in the stocks of small companies that are traded on national security exchanges, NASDAQ stock exchange and the over-the-counter-market. Small companies will be defined as companies with market capitalizations similar to companies in the Russell 2000 Growth Index. Up to 25% of the Portfolio's net assets may be invested in foreign securities, which are typically denominated in foreign currencies.	Federated Equity Management Company of Pennsylvania; Federated Global Investment Management Corp.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST FIRST TRUST BALANCED TARGET PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth balanced by current income. The Portfolio normally invests approximately 65% of its total assets in equity securities and 35% in fixed income securities. Depending on market conditions, the equity portion may range between 60-70% and the fixed income portion between 30-40%. The Portfolio allocates its assets across a number of uniquely specialized investment strategies.	First Trust Advisors L.P.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST FIRST TRUST CAPITAL APPRECIATION TARGET PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests approximately 80% of its total assets in equity securities and 20% in fixed income securities. Depending on market conditions, the equity portion may range between 75-85% and the fixed income portion between 15-25%. The Portfolio allocates its assets across a number of uniquely specialized investment strategies.	First Trust Advisors L.P.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST GLOBAL ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with a specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing in several other AST Portfolios ("Underlying Portfolios"). The Portfolio intends its strategy of investing in combinations of Underlying Portfolios to result in investment diversification that an investor could otherwise achieve only by holding numerous investments. It is expected that the investment objectives of such AST Portfolios will be diversified.	Prudential Investments LLC

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> LARGE CAP GROWTH	<C> AST GOLDMAN SACHS CONCENTRATED GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks growth of capital in a manner consistent with the preservation of capital. Realization of income is not a significant investment consideration and any income realized on the Portfolio's investments, therefore, will be incidental to the Portfolio's objective. The Portfolio will pursue its objective by investing primarily in equity securities of companies that the Sub-adviser believes have the potential to achieve capital appreciation over the long-term. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing, under normal circumstances, in approximately 30-45 companies that are considered by the Sub-adviser to be positioned for long-term growth.	<C> Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.
MID CAP GROWTH	AST GOLDMAN SACHS MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its investment objective, by investing primarily in equity securities selected for their growth potential, and normally invests at	Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.

least 80% of the value of its assets in medium capitalization companies. For purposes of the Portfolio, medium-sized companies are those whose market capitalizations (measured at the time of investment) fall within the range of companies in the Russell Mid Cap Growth Index. The Sub-adviser seeks to identify individual companies with earnings growth potential that may not be recognized by the market at large.

FIXED INCOME

AST HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO (formerly AST Goldman Sachs High Yield Portfolio): seeks a high level of current income and may also consider the potential for capital appreciation. The Portfolio invests, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets plus any borrowings for investment purposes (measured at time of purchase) in high yield, fixed-income securities that, at the time of purchase, are non-investment grade securities. Such securities are commonly referred to as "junk bonds."

Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.; Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)

INTERNATIONAL EQUITY

AST JPMORGAN INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth by investing in a diversified portfolio of international equity securities. The Portfolio seeks to meet its objective by investing, under normal market conditions, at least 80% of its assets in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of companies located or operating in developed non-U.S. countries and emerging markets of the world. The equity securities will ordinarily be traded on a recognized foreign securities exchange or traded in a foreign over-the-counter market in the country where the issuer is principally based, but may also be traded in other countries including the United States.

J.P.Morgan Investment Management Inc.

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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> LARGE CAPVALUE	<C> AST LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO (formerly AST Hotchkis and Wiley Large-Cap Value Portfolio): seeks current income and long-term growth of income, as well as capital appreciation. The Portfolio invests, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in common stocks of large cap U.S. companies. The Portfolio focuses on common stocks that have a high cash dividend or payout yield relative to the market or that possess relative value within sectors.	<C> Dreman Value Management LLC, Hotchkis and Wiley Capital Management, LLC; J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc.
FIXED INCOME	AST LORD ABBETT BOND-DEBENTURE PORTFOLIO: seeks high current income and the opportunity for capital appreciation to produce a high total return. To pursue its objective, the Portfolio will invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of its assets in fixed income securities and normally invests primarily in high yield and investment grade debt securities, securities convertible into common stock and preferred stocks. The Portfolio may find good value in high yield securities, sometimes called "lower-rated bonds" or "junk bonds," and frequently may have more than half of its assets invested in those securities. At least 20% of the Portfolio's assets must be invested in any combination of investment grade debt securities, U.S. Government securities and cash equivalents. The Portfolio may also make significant investments in mortgage-backed securities. Although the Portfolio expects to maintain a weighted average maturity in the range of five to twelve years, there are no restrictions on the overall Portfolio or on individual securities. The Portfolio may invest up to 20% of its net assets in equity securities.	Lord, Abbett & Co. LLC

LARGE CAP GROWTH	AST MARSICO CAPITAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. Income realization is not an investment objective and any income realized on the Portfolio's investments, therefore, will be incidental to the Portfolio's objective. The Portfolio will pursue its objective by investing primarily in common stocks of larger, more established companies. In selecting investments for the Portfolio, the Sub-adviser uses an approach that combines "top down" economic analysis with "bottom up" stock selection. The "top down" approach identifies sectors, industries and companies that may benefit from the trends the Sub-adviser has observed. The Sub-adviser then looks for individual companies with earnings growth potential that may not be recognized by the market at large, utilizing a "bottom up" stock selection process. The Portfolio will normally hold a core position of between 35 and 50 common stocks. The Portfolio may hold a limited number of additional common stocks at times when the Portfolio manager is accumulating new positions, phasing out existing or responding to exceptional market conditions.	Marsico Capital Management, LLC
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INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	AST MFS GLOBAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. Under normal circumstances the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its assets in equity securities of U.S. and foreign issuers (including issuers in developing countries). The Portfolio generally seeks to purchase securities of companies with relatively large market capitalizations relative to the market in which they are traded.	Massachusetts Financial Services Company
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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> LARGE CAP GROWTH	<C> AST MFS GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth and future income. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its total assets in common stocks and related securities, such as preferred stocks, convertible securities and depositary receipts, of companies that the Sub-adviser believes offer better than average prospects for long-term growth. The Sub-adviser seeks to purchase securities of companies that it considers well-run and poised for growth. The Portfolio may invest up to 35% of its net assets in foreign securities.	<C> Massachusetts Financial Services Company
MID CAP VALUE	AST MID CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO (formerly AST Gabelli All-Cap Value Portfolio): seeks to provide capital growth by investing primarily in mid-capitalization stocks that appear to be undervalued. The Portfolio has a non-fundamental policy to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of its net assets in mid-capitalization companies.	EARNEST Partners LLC; WEDGE Capital Management, LLP
MID-CAP GROWTH	AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: (AST Alger All-Cap Growth Portfolio merged into this Portfolio): seeks capital growth. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio primarily invests at least 80% of its net assets in the common stocks of mid-cap companies. The Sub-adviser looks for fast-growing companies that are in new or rapidly evolving industries.	Neuberger Berman Management Inc.
MID-CAP VALUE	AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio primarily invests at least 80% of its net assets in the common stocks of mid-cap companies. For purposes of the Portfolio, companies with equity market capitalizations that fall within the range of the Russell Midcap(R) Index at the time of investment are considered mid-cap companies. Some of	Neuberger Berman Management Inc.

the Portfolio's assets may be invested in the securities of large-cap companies as well as in small-cap companies. Under the Portfolio's value-oriented investment approach, the Sub-adviser looks for well-managed companies whose stock prices are undervalued and that may rise in price before other investors realize their worth.

FIXED INCOME

AST PIMCO LIMITED MATURITY BOND PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management. The Portfolio will invest in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities of varying maturities. The average portfolio duration of the Portfolio generally will vary within a one- to three-year time frame based on the Sub-adviser's forecast for interest rates.

Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)

ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED

AST PRESERVATION ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks the highest potential total return consistent with its specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio will invest its assets in several other American Skandia Trust Portfolios. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio will devote between 27.5% to 42.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in equity securities, and 57.5% to 72.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in debt securities and money market instruments.

American Skandia Investment Services, Inc.; Prudential Investments LLC

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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> SMALL CAP VALUE	<C> AST SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks to provide long-term capital growth by investing primarily in small-capitalization stocks that appear to be undervalued. The Portfolio will have a non-fundamental policy to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of its net assets in small capitalization stocks. The Portfolio will focus on common stocks that appear to be undervalued.	<C> Lee Munder Investments, Ltd; J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc.; Salomon Brothers Asset Management Inc; Dremen Value Management LLC
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST T. ROWE PRICE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks a high level of total return by investing primarily in a diversified portfolio of fixed income and equity securities. The Portfolio normally invests approximately 60% of its total assets in equity securities and 40% in fixed income securities. This mix may vary depending on the Sub-adviser's outlook for the markets. The Sub-adviser concentrates common stock investments in larger, more established companies, but the Portfolio may include small and medium-sized companies with good growth prospects. The fixed income portion of the Portfolio will be allocated among investment grade securities, high yield or "junk" bonds, foreign high quality debt securities and cash reserves.	T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.
FIXED INCOME	AST T. ROWE PRICE GLOBAL BOND PORTFOLIO: seeks to provide high current income and capital growth by investing in high-quality foreign and U.S. dollar-denominated bonds. The Portfolio will invest at least 80% of its total assets in fixed income securities, including high quality bonds issued or guaranteed by U.S. or foreign governments or their agencies and by foreign authorities, provinces and municipalities as well as investment grade corporate bonds and mortgage and asset-backed securities of U.S. and foreign	T. Rowe Price International, Inc.

issuers. The Portfolio generally invests in countries where the combination of fixed-income returns and currency exchange rates appears attractive, or, if the currency trend is unfavorable, where the Sub-adviser believes that the currency risk can be minimized through hedging. The Portfolio may also invest up to 20% of its assets in the aggregate in below investment-grade, high-risk bonds ("junk bonds"). In addition, the Portfolio may invest up to 30% of its assets in mortgage-backed (including derivatives, such as collateralized mortgage obligations and stripped mortgage securities) and asset-backed securities.

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> SPECIALTY	<C> AST T. ROWE PRICE NATURAL RESOURCES PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth primarily through the common stocks of companies that own or develop natural resources (such as energy products, precious metals and forest products) and other basic commodities. The Portfolio normally invests primarily (at least 80% of its total assets) in the common stocks of natural resource companies whose earnings and tangible assets could benefit from accelerating inflation. The Portfolio looks for companies that have the ability to expand production, to maintain superior exploration programs and production facilities, and the potential to accumulate new resources. At least 50% of Portfolio assets will be invested in U.S. securities, up to 50% of total assets also may be invested in foreign securities.	<C> T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.

GARTMORE VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST

INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	GVIT DEVELOPING MARKETS FUND: seeks long-term capital appreciation, under normal conditions by investing at least 80% of its total assets in stocks of companies of any size based in the world's developing economies. Under normal market conditions, investments are maintained in at least six countries at all times and no more than 35% of total assets in any single one of them.	Gartmore Global Asset Management Trust; Gartmore Global Partners
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JANUS ASPEN SERIES

LARGE CAP GROWTH	JANUS ASPEN SERIES: LARGE CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO -- SERVICE SHARES: seeks long-term growth of capital in a manner consistent with the preservation of capital. The Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in common stocks of large-sized companies. Large-sized companies are those whose market capitalizations fall within the range of companies in the Russell 1000 Index at the time of purchase.	Janus Capital Management LLC
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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTIONS

We offer two fixed interest rate options:

- a one-year fixed interest rate option, and
- a dollar cost averaging fixed rate option (DCA Fixed Rate Option).

When you select one of these options, your payment will earn interest at the established rate for the applicable interest rate period. A new interest rate period is established every time you allocate or transfer money into a fixed interest rate option. (You may not transfer amounts from other investment options into the DCA Fixed Rate Option.) You may have money allocated in more than one interest rate period at the same time. This could result in your money earning interest at different rates and each interest rate period maturing at a different time. While these interest rates may change from time to time, they will not be less than the minimum interest rate dictated by applicable state law. We may offer lower interest rates for Contracts With Credit than for Contracts Without Credit.

Payments allocated to the fixed interest rate options become part of Pruco Life of New Jersey's general assets.

ONE-YEAR FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTION

We set a one-year base guaranteed annual interest rate for the one-year fixed interest rate option. Additionally, we may provide a higher interest rate on each purchase payment allocated to this option for the first year after the payment. This higher interest rate will not apply to amounts transferred from other investment options within the contract or amounts remaining in this option for more than one year.

DOLLAR COST AVERAGING FIXED RATE OPTION

You may allocate all or part of any purchase payment to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. Under this option, you automatically transfer amounts over a stated period (currently, six or twelve months) from the DCA Fixed Rate Option to the variable investment options and/or to the one-year fixed interest rate option, as you select. We will invest the assets you allocate to the DCA Fixed Rate Option in our general account until they are transferred. You may not transfer from other investment options to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. Transfers to the one-year fixed interest rate option will remain in the general account.

If you choose to allocate all or part of a purchase payment to the DCA Fixed Rate Option, the minimum amount of the purchase payment you may allocate is \$2,000. The first periodic transfer will occur on the date you allocate your purchase payment to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. Subsequent transfers will occur on the monthly anniversary of the first transfer. Currently, you may choose to have the purchase payment allocated to the DCA Fixed Rate Option transferred to the selected variable investment option, or to the one-year fixed interest rate option in either six or twelve monthly installments, and you may not change that number of monthly installments after you have chosen the DCA Fixed Rate Option. You may allocate to both the six-month and twelve-month options. (In the future, we may make available other numbers of transfers and other transfer schedules--for example, quarterly as well as monthly.)

If you choose a six-payment transfer schedule, each transfer generally will equal 1/6th of the amount you allocated to the DCA Fixed Rate Option, and if you choose a twelve-payment transfer schedule, each transfer generally will equal 1/12th of the amount you allocated to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. In either case, the final transfer amount generally will also include the credited interest. You may change at any time the investment options into which the DCA Fixed Rate Option assets are transferred. You may make a one time transfer of the remaining value out of your DCA Fixed Rate Option, if you so choose. Transfers from the DCA Fixed Rate Option do not count toward the maximum number of free transfers allowed under the contract.

If you make a withdrawal or have a fee assessed from your contract, and all or part of that withdrawal or fee comes out of the DCA Fixed Rate Option, we will recalculate the periodic transfer amount to reflect the change. This recalculation may include some or all of the interest credited to the date of the next scheduled transfer. If a withdrawal or fee assessment reduces the monthly transfer amount below \$100, we will transfer

the remaining balance in the DCA Fixed Rate Option on the next scheduled transfer date.

By investing amounts on a regular basis instead of investing the total amount at one time, the DCA Fixed Rate Option may decrease the effect of market fluctuation on the investment of your purchase payment. Of course, dollar cost averaging cannot ensure a profit or protect against loss in a declining market.

Under the Market Value Adjustment Option, we may offer one or more of several guarantee periods provided that the interest rate we are able to declare will be no less than the minimum interest rate dictated by applicable state law with respect to any guarantee period. This option is only available in the Contract Without Credit. The Market Value Adjustment Option is registered separately from the variable investment options, and the amount of market value adjustment option securities registered is stated in that registration statement.

IF AMOUNTS ARE WITHDRAWN FROM A GUARANTEE PERIOD, OTHER THAN DURING THE 30-DAY PERIOD IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE END OF THE GUARANTEE PERIOD, THEY WILL BE SUBJECT TO A MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT EVEN IF THEY ARE NOT SUBJECT TO A WITHDRAWAL CHARGE.

You will earn interest on your invested purchase payment at the rate that we have declared for the guarantee period you have chosen. You must invest at least \$1,000 if you choose this option.

We refer to interest rates as annual rates, although we credit interest within each guarantee period on a daily basis. The daily interest that we credit is equal to the pro rated portion of the interest that would be earned on an annual basis. We credit interest from the business day on which your purchase payment is received in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center until the earliest to occur of any of the following events: (a) full surrender of the contract, (b) commencement of annuity payments or settlement, (c) end of the guarantee period, (d) transfer of the value in the guarantee period, (e) payment of a death benefit, or (f) the date the amount is withdrawn.

During the 30-day period immediately following the end of a guarantee period, we allow you to do any of the following, without the imposition of the market value adjustment:

- (a) withdraw or transfer the value of the guarantee period,
- (b) allocate the value to another available guarantee period or other investment option (provided that the new guarantee period ends prior to the annuity date). You will receive the interest rate applicable on the date we receive your instruction, or
- (c) apply the value in the guarantee period to the annuity or settlement option of your choice.

If we do not receive instructions from you concerning the disposition of the contract value in your maturing guarantee period, we will reinvest the amount in the Prudential Money Market Portfolio investment option.

During the 30-day period immediately following the end of the guarantee period, or until you elect to do (a), (b) or (c) listed immediately above, you will receive the current interest rate applicable to the guarantee period having the same duration as the guarantee period that just matured, which is offered on the day immediately following the end of the matured guarantee period. However, if at that time we do not offer a guarantee period with the same duration as that which matured, you will then receive the current interest rate applicable to the shortest guarantee period then offered.

Under the market value adjustment option, while your money remains in the contract for the full guarantee period, your principal amount is guaranteed by us and the interest amount that your money will earn is guaranteed by us to be at least the minimum interest rate dictated by applicable state law.

Payments allocated to the market value adjustment option are held as a separate pool of assets. Any gains or losses experienced by these assets will not directly affect the contracts. The strength of our guarantees under these options is based on the overall financial strength of Pruco Life of New Jersey.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT

When you allocate a purchase payment or transfer contract value to a guarantee period, we use that

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money to buy and sell securities and other instruments to support our obligation to pay interest. Generally, we buy bonds for this purpose. The duration of the bonds and other instruments that we buy with respect to a particular guarantee period is influenced significantly by the length of the guarantee period. For example, we typically would acquire longer-duration bonds with respect to the 10

year guarantee period than we do for the 3 year guarantee period. The value of these bonds is affected by changes in interest rates, among other factors. The market value adjustment that we assess against your contract value if you withdraw or transfer outside the 30-day period discussed above involves our attributing to you a portion of our investment experience on these bonds and other instruments.

For example, if you make a full withdrawal when interest rates have risen since the time of your investment, the bonds and other investments in the guarantee period likely would have decreased in value, meaning that we would impose a "negative" market value adjustment on you (i.e., one that results in a reduction of the withdrawal proceeds that you receive). For a partial withdrawal, we would deduct a negative market value adjustment from your remaining contract value. Conversely, if interest rates have decreased, the market value adjustment would be positive.

Other things you should know about the market value adjustment include the following:

- We determine the market value adjustment according to a mathematical formula, which is set forth at the end of this prospectus under the heading "Market-Value Adjustment Formula." In that section of the prospectus, we also provide hypothetical examples of how the formula works.
- A negative market value adjustment could cause you to lose not only the interest you have earned but also a portion of your principal.
- In addition to imposing a market value adjustment on withdrawals, we also will impose a market value adjustment on the contract value you apply to an annuitize or settlement option, unless you annuitize within the 30-day period discussed above.

YOU SHOULD REALIZE, HOWEVER, THAT APART FROM THE MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT, THE VALUE OF THE BENEFIT IN YOUR GUARANTEE PERIOD DOES NOT DEPEND ON THE INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE OF THE BONDS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS THAT WE HOLD WITH RESPECT TO YOUR GUARANTEE PERIOD. APART FROM THE EFFECT OF ANY MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT, WE DO NOT PASS THROUGH TO YOU THE GAINS OR LOSSES ON THE BONDS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS THAT WE HOLD IN CONNECTION WITH A GUARANTEE PERIOD.

TRANSFERS AMONG OPTIONS

Subject to certain restrictions, you can transfer money among the variable investment options and the one-year fixed interest rate option. The minimum transfer amount is the lesser of \$250 or the amount in the investment option from which the transfer is to be made. In addition, you can transfer your contract value out of a market value adjustment guarantee period into another market value adjustment guarantee period, into a variable investment option, or into a one-year fixed interest rate option, although a market value adjustment will apply to any transfer you make outside the 30-day period discussed above. You may transfer contract value into the Market Value Adjustment Option at any time, provided it is at least \$1,000.

In general, you may make your transfer request by telephone, electronically, or otherwise in paper form to the Prudential Annuity Service Center. We have procedures in place to confirm that instructions received by telephone or electronically are genuine. We will not be liable for following unauthorized telephone or electronic instructions that we reasonably believed to be genuine. Your transfer request will take effect at the end of the business day on which it was received in good order by us, or by certain entities that we have specifically designated. Our business day generally closes at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time. Our business day may close earlier, for example if regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange closes early. Transfer requests received after the close of the business day will take effect at the end of the next business day.

With regard to the Market Value Adjustment Option, you can specify the guarantee period from which you wish to transfer. If you request a transfer from the Market

Value Adjustment Option, but you do not specify the guarantee period from which funds are to be taken, then we will transfer funds from the guarantee period that has the least time remaining until its maturity date.

YOU CAN MAKE TRANSFERS OUT OF A FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTION, OTHER THAN THE DCA FIXED RATE OPTION, ONLY DURING THE 30-DAY PERIOD FOLLOWING THE END OF THE ONE YEAR INTEREST RATE PERIOD. TRANSFERS FROM THE DCA FIXED RATE OPTION ARE MADE ON A PERIODIC BASIS FOR THE PERIOD THAT YOU SELECT.

During the contract accumulation phase, you can make up to 12 transfers each contract year, among the investment options, without charge. Currently we charge

\$25 for each transfer after the twelfth in a contract year, and we have the right to increase this charge up to \$30. (Dollar Cost Averaging and Auto-Rebalancing transfers do not count toward the 12 free transfers per year.)

For purposes of the 12 free transfers per year that we allow, we will treat multiple transfers that are submitted on the same business day as a single transfer.

ADDITIONAL TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS

We limit your ability to transfer among your contract's variable investment options as permitted by applicable law. We impose a yearly restriction on transfers. Specifically, once you have made 20 transfers among the subaccounts during a contract year, we will accept any additional transfer request during that year only if the request is submitted to us in writing with an original signature and otherwise is in good order. For purposes of this transfer restriction, we (i) do not view a facsimile transmission as a "writing", (ii) will treat multiple transfer requests submitted on the same business day as a single transfer, and (iii) do not count any transfer that involves one of our systematic programs, such as asset allocation and automated withdrawals.

Frequent transfers among variable investment options in response to short-term fluctuations in markets, sometimes called "market timing," can make it very difficult for a portfolio manager to manage an underlying mutual fund's investments. Frequent transfers may cause the fund to hold more cash than otherwise necessary, disrupt management strategies, increase transaction costs, or affect performance. For those reasons, the contract was not designed for persons who make programmed, large, or frequent transfers.

In light of the risks posed to contract owners and other fund investors by frequent transfers, we reserve the right to limit the number of transfers in any contract year for all existing or new contract owners, and to take the other actions discussed below. We also reserve the right to limit the number of transfers in any contract year or to refuse any transfer request for an owner or certain owners if: (a) we believe that excessive transfer activity (as we define it) or a specific transfer request or group of transfer requests may have a detrimental effect on accumulation unit values or the share prices of the underlying mutual funds; or (b) we are informed by a fund (e.g., by the fund's portfolio manager) that the purchase or redemption of fund shares must be restricted because the fund believes the transfer activity to which such purchase and redemption relates would have a detrimental effect on the share prices of the affected fund. Without limiting the above, the most likely scenario where either of the above could occur would be if the aggregate amount of a trade or trades represented a relatively large proportion of the total assets of a particular underlying mutual fund. In furtherance of our general authority to restrict transfers as described above, and without limiting other actions we may take in the future, we have adopted the following specific restrictions:

- With respect to each variable investment option (other than the Prudential Money Market Portfolio), we track amounts exceeding a certain dollar threshold that were transferred into the option. If you transfer such amount into a particular variable investment option, and within 30 calendar days thereafter transfer (the "Transfer Out") all or a portion of that amount into another variable investment option, then upon the Transfer Out, the former variable investment option becomes restricted (the "Restricted Option"). Specifically, we will not permit subsequent transfers into the Restricted Option for 90 calendar days after the Transfer Out if the Restricted Option invests in a non-international fund,

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or 180 calendar days after the Transfer Out if the Restricted Option invests in an international fund. For purposes of this rule, we do not (i) count transfers made in connection with one of our systematic programs, such as asset allocation and automated withdrawals and (ii) categorize as a transfer the first transfer that you make after the contract date, if you make that transfer within 30 calendar days after the contract date. Even if an amount becomes restricted under the foregoing rules, you are still free to redeem the amount from your contract at any time.

- We reserve the right to effect exchanges on a delayed basis for all contracts. That is, we may price an exchange involving a variable investment option on the business day subsequent to the business day on which the exchange request was received. Before implementing such a practice, we would issue a separate written notice to contract owners that explains the practice in detail. In addition, if we do implement a delayed exchange policy, we will apply the

policy on a uniform basis to all contracts in the relevant class.

- We may impose specific restrictions on financial transactions (including transfer requests) for certain portfolios based on the portfolio's investment and/or transfer restrictions. We may do so to conform to any present or future restriction that is imposed by any portfolio available under this contract.
- If we deny one or more transfer requests under the foregoing rules, we will inform you promptly of the circumstances concerning the denial.
- We will not implement these rules in jurisdictions that have not approved contract language authorizing us to do so, or may implement different rules in certain jurisdictions if required by such jurisdictions. Contract owners in jurisdictions with such limited transfer restrictions, and contract owners who own variable life insurance or variable annuity contracts (regardless of jurisdiction) that do not impose the above-referenced transfer restrictions, might make more numerous and frequent transfers than contract owners who are subject to such limitations. Because contract owners who are not subject to the same transfer restrictions may have the same underlying mutual fund portfolios available to them, unfavorable consequences associated with such frequent trading within the underlying mutual fund (e.g., greater portfolio turnover, higher transaction costs, or performance or tax issues) may affect all contract owners. Apart from jurisdiction-specific and contract differences in transfer restrictions, we will apply these rules uniformly, and will not waive a transfer restriction for any contract owner.

Although our transfer restrictions are designed to prevent excessive transfers, they are not capable of preventing every potential occurrence of excessive transfer activity.

DOLLAR COST AVERAGING

The dollar cost averaging (DCA) feature (which is distinct from the DCA Fixed Rate Option) allows you to systematically transfer either a fixed dollar amount or a percentage out of any variable investment option into any other variable investment option or the one-year fixed interest rate option. You can have these automatic transfers occur monthly, quarterly, semiannually or annually. By investing amounts on a regular basis instead of investing the total amount at one time, dollar cost averaging may decrease the effect of market fluctuation on the investment of your purchase payment. Of course, dollar cost averaging cannot ensure a profit or protect against loss in declining markets.

Transfers will be made automatically on the schedule you choose until the entire amount you chose to have transferred has been transferred or until you tell us to discontinue the transfers. You can allocate subsequent purchase payments to be transferred under this option at any time.

Your transfers will occur on the last calendar day of each transfer period you have selected, provided that the New York Stock Exchange is open on that date. If the New York Stock Exchange is not open on a particular transfer date, the transfer will take effect on the next business day.

Any dollar cost averaging transfers you make do not count toward the 12 free transfers you are allowed each

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contract year. The dollar cost averaging feature is available only during the contract accumulation phase and is offered without charge.

ASSET ALLOCATION PROGRAM

We recognize the value of having asset allocation models when deciding how to allocate your purchase payments among the investment options. If you choose to participate in the Asset Allocation Program, your representative will give you a questionnaire to complete that will help determine a program that is appropriate for you. Your asset allocation will be prepared based on your answers to the questionnaire. You will not be charged for this service, and you are not obligated to participate or to invest according to program recommendations.

Asset allocation is a sophisticated method of diversification which allocates assets among classes in order to manage investment risk and enhance returns over the long term. However, asset allocation does not guarantee a profit or protect against a loss. You are not obligated to participate or to invest according to the program recommendations. We do not intend to provide any personalized investment advice in connection with these programs and you should not rely on these programs as providing individualized investment recommendations to you. The asset allocation programs do not guarantee better investment results. We reserve the right to terminate or change the asset allocation programs at any time. You should consult your representative before electing any asset allocation program.

AUTO-REBALANCING

Once your money has been allocated among the variable investment options, the actual performance of the investment options may cause your allocation to shift. For example, an investment option that initially holds only a small percentage of your assets could perform much better than another investment option. Over time, this option could increase to a larger percentage of your assets than you desire. You can direct us to automatically rebalance your assets to return to your original allocation percentage or to a subsequent allocation percentage you select. We will rebalance only the variable investment options that you have designated. If you also participate in the DCA feature, then the variable investment option from which you make the DCA transfers will not be rebalanced.

You may choose to have your rebalancing occur monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually. The rebalancing will occur on the last calendar day of the period you have chosen, provided that the New York Stock Exchange is open on that date. If the New York Stock Exchange is not open on that date, the rebalancing will take effect on the next business day.

Any transfers you make because of auto-rebalancing are not counted toward the 12 free transfers you are allowed per year. This feature is available only during the contract accumulation phase, and is offered without charge. If you choose auto-rebalancing and dollar cost averaging, auto-rebalancing will take place after the transfers from your DCA account.

SCHEDULED TRANSACTIONS

Scheduled transactions include transfers under dollar cost averaging, the asset allocation program, auto-rebalancing, systematic withdrawals, systematic investments, required minimum distributions, substantially equal periodic payments under Section 72(t) or 72(q) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (Code), and annuity payments. Scheduled transactions are processed and valued as of the date they are scheduled, unless the scheduled day is not a business day. In that case, the transaction will be processed and valued on the next business day, unless (with respect to required minimum distributions, substantially equal periodic payments under Section 72(t) or 72(q) of the Code, and annuity payments only), the next business day falls in the subsequent calendar year, in which case the transaction will be processed and valued on the prior business day.

VOTING RIGHTS

We are the legal owner of the shares of the underlying mutual funds used by the variable investment options. However, we vote the shares of the mutual funds according to voting instructions we receive from

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contract owners. When a vote is required, we will mail you a proxy which is a form that you need to complete and return to us to tell us how you wish us to vote. When we receive those instructions, we will vote all of the shares we own on your behalf in accordance with those instructions. We will vote fund shares for which we do not receive instructions, and any other shares that we own in our own right, in the same proportion as shares for which we receive instructions from contract owners. This voting procedure is sometimes referred to as "mirror voting" because, as indicated in the immediately preceding sentence, we mirror the votes that are actually cast, rather than decide on our own how to vote. In addition, because all the shares of a given mutual fund held within our separate account are legally owned by us, we intend to vote all of such shares when that underlying fund seeks a vote of its shareholders. As such, all such shares will be counted towards whether there is a quorum at the underlying fund's shareholder meeting and towards the ultimate outcome of the vote. Thus, under "mirror voting," it is possible that the votes of a small percentage of contract owners who actually vote will determine the ultimate outcome. We may change the way your voting instructions are calculated if it is required or permitted by federal or state regulation.

SUBSTITUTION

We may substitute one or more of the underlying mutual funds used by the variable investment options. We may also cease to allow investments in existing funds. We would not do this without the approval of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and any necessary state insurance departments. You will be given specific notice in advance of any substitution we intend to make.

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WHAT KIND OF PAYMENTS WILL I RECEIVE DURING THE

INCOME PHASE? (ANNUITIZATION)

PAYMENT PROVISIONS

We can begin making annuity payments any time on or after the first contract anniversary. Annuity payments must begin no later than the later of the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the annuitant's 90th birthday or the tenth contract anniversary.

Upon annuitization, any value in a guarantee period of the market value adjustment option may be subject to a market value adjustment.

The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 variable annuity contract offers an optional Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, which we describe below. Your annuity options vary depending upon whether you choose this benefit.

PAYMENT PROVISIONS WITHOUT THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

We make the income plans described below available at any time before the annuity date. These plans are called "annuity options" or "settlement options." During the income phase, all of the annuity options under this contract are fixed annuity options. This means that your participation in the variable investment options ends on the annuity date. If an annuity option is not selected by the annuity date, the Life Income Annuity Option (Option 2, described below) will automatically be selected unless prohibited by applicable law. GENERALLY, ONCE THE ANNUITY PAYMENTS BEGIN, THE ANNUITY OPTION CANNOT BE CHANGED AND YOU CANNOT MAKE WITHDRAWALS. IN ADDITION TO THE ANNUITY PAYMENT OPTIONS DISCUSSED IN THIS SECTION, PLEASE NOTE THAT IF YOU CHOOSE THE OPTIONAL LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT, THERE ARE ADDITIONAL ANNUITY PAYMENT OPTIONS THAT ARE ASSOCIATED WITH THAT BENEFIT. SEE SECTION 5 OF THIS PROSPECTUS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.

OPTION 1 ANNUITY PAYMENTS FOR A FIXED PERIOD

Under this option, we will make equal payments for the period chosen, up to 25 years (but not to exceed life expectancy). The annuity payments may be made monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually, as you choose, for the fixed period. If the annuitant dies during the income phase, payments will continue to the beneficiary for the remainder of the fixed period or, if the beneficiary so chooses, we will make a single lump-sum payment. The amount of the lump sum payment is determined by calculating the present value of the unpaid future payments. This is done by using the interest rate used to compute the actual payments. The interest rate will be at least 3% a year.

OPTION 2 LIFE INCOME ANNUITY OPTION

Under this option, we will make annuity payments monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually as long as the annuitant is alive. If the annuitant dies before we have made 10 years worth of payments, we will pay the beneficiary in one lump sum the present value of the annuity payments scheduled to have been made over the remaining portion of that 10 year period, unless we were specifically instructed that such remaining annuity payments continue to be paid to the beneficiary. The present value of the remaining annuity payments is calculated by using the interest rate used to compute the amount of the original 120 payments. The interest rate will be at least 3% a year.

If an annuity option is not selected by the annuity date, this is the option we will automatically select for you.

OTHER ANNUITY OPTIONS

We currently offer a variety of other annuity options not described above. At the time annuity payments are chosen, we may make available to you any of the fixed annuity options that are offered at your annuity date.

TAX CONSIDERATIONS

If your contract is held under a tax-favored plan, you should consider the minimum distribution requirements when selecting your annuity option.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (GMIB), is an optional feature that guarantees that once the income period begins, your income payments will be no

less than the GMIB protected value applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates. If you want the

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WHAT KIND OF PAYMENTS WILL I RECEIVE DURING THE INCOME PHASE? (ANNUITIZATION)
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Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, you must elect it when you make your initial purchase payment. Once elected, the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit cannot be revoked. You may not elect both GMIB and the Lifetime Five Income Benefit.

The GMIB protected value is calculated daily and is equal to the GMIB roll-up until the GMIB roll-up either reaches its cap or if we stop applying the annual interest rate based on the age of the annuitant, number of contract anniversaries, or number of years since the last GMIB reset, as described below. At this point, the GMIB protected value will be increased by any subsequent invested purchase payments and reduced proportionally by withdrawals.

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit is subject to certain restrictions described below.

- - The annuitant must be 75 or younger in order for you to elect the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit.
- - If you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, we will impose an annual charge equal to 0.50% for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (0.45% for all other contracts) of the average GMIB protected value described below.
- - Under the contract terms governing the GMIB, we can require GMIB participants to invest only in designated underlying mutual funds or can require GMIB participants to invest according to an asset allocation model.
- - TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT, YOU MUST WAIT A CERTAIN AMOUNT OF TIME BEFORE YOU BEGIN THE INCOME PHASE. THE WAITING PERIOD IS THE PERIOD EXTENDING FROM THE CONTRACT DATE TO THE 7TH CONTRACT ANNIVERSARY BUT, IF THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT HAS BEEN RESET (AS DESCRIBED BELOW), THE WAITING PERIOD IS THE 7 YEAR PERIOD BEGINNING WITH THE DATE OF THE MOST RECENT RESET. IN LIGHT OF THIS WAITING PERIOD UPON RESETS, IT IS NOT RECOMMENDED THAT YOU RESET YOUR GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT IF THE REQUIRED BEGINNING DATE UNDER IRS MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS WOULD COMMENCE DURING THE 7 YEAR WAITING PERIOD. SEE "MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS AND PAYMENT OPTION" IN SECTION 10 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON IRS REQUIREMENTS.

Once the waiting period has elapsed, you will have a 30-day period each year, beginning on the contract anniversary (or in the case of a reset, the anniversary of the most recent reset), during which you may begin the income phase with the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit by submitting the necessary forms in good order to the Prudential Annuity Service Center.

GMIB ROLL-UP

The GMIB roll-up is equal to the invested purchase payments (after a reset, the contract value at the time of the reset), increased daily at an effective annual interest rate of 5% starting on the date each invested purchase payment is made, until the cap is reached (GMIB roll-up cap). We will reduce this amount by the effect of withdrawals. The GMIB roll-up cap is equal to two times each invested purchase payment (for a reset, two times the sum of (1) the contract value at the time of the reset, and (2) any invested purchase payments made subsequent to the reset).

Even if the GMIB roll-up cap has not been reached, we will nevertheless stop increasing the GMIB roll-up value by the effective annual interest rate on the latest of:

- - the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the annuitant's 80th birthday,
- - the 7th contract anniversary, or
- - 7 years from the most recent GMIB reset (as described below).

However, even if we stop increasing the GMIB roll-up value by the effective annual interest rate, we will still increase the GMIB protected value by subsequent invested purchase payments, reduced proportionally by withdrawals.

EFFECT OF WITHDRAWALS

In any contract year when the GMIB protected value is increasing at the rate of 5%, withdrawals will first reduce the GMIB protected value on a dollar-for-dollar basis, by the same dollar amount of the withdrawal up to the first 5% of GMIB protected value calculated on the contract anniversary (or, during the first contract year, on the

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contract date). Any withdrawals made after the dollar-for-dollar limit has been reached will proportionally reduce the GMIB protected value. We calculate the proportional reduction by dividing the contract value after the withdrawal by the contract value immediately following the withdrawal of any available dollar-for-dollar amount. The resulting percentage is multiplied by the GMIB protected value after subtracting the amount of the withdrawal that does not exceed 5%. In each contract year during which the GMIB protected value has stopped increasing at the 5% rate, withdrawals will reduce the GMIB protected value proportionally. The GMIB roll-up cap is reduced by the sum of all reductions described above.

The following examples of dollar-for-dollar and proportional reductions assume: 1.) the contract date and the effective date of the GMIB are January 1, 2006; 2.) an initial purchase payment of \$250,000; 3.) an initial GMIB protected value of \$250,000; 4.) an initial 200% cap of \$500,000; and 5.) an initial dollar-for-dollar limit of \$12,500 (5% of \$250,000):

EXAMPLE 1. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR REDUCTION

A \$10,000 withdrawal is taken on February 1, 2006 (in the first contract year). No prior withdrawals have been taken. Immediately prior to the withdrawal, the GMIB protected value is \$251,038.10 (the initial value accumulated for 31 days at an annual effective rate of 5%). As the amount withdrawn is less than the dollar-for-dollar limit:

- - The GMIB protected value is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., by \$10,000, from \$251,038.10 to \$241,038.10).
- - The GMIB 200% cap is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., by \$10,000, from \$500,000 to \$490,000).
- - The remaining dollar-for-dollar limit ("Remaining Limit") for the balance of the first contract year is also reduced by the amount withdrawn (from \$12,500 to \$2,500).

EXAMPLE 2. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR AND PROPORTIONAL REDUCTIONS

A second \$10,000 withdrawal is taken on March 1, 2006 (still within the first contract year). Immediately before the withdrawal, the contract value is \$220,000 and the GMIB protected value is \$241,941.95. As the amount withdrawn exceeds the Remaining Limit of \$2,500 from Example 1:

- - The GMIB protected value is first reduced by the Remaining Limit (from \$241,941.95 to \$239,441.95).
- - The result is then further reduced by the ratio of A to B, where:
 - A is the amount withdrawn less the Remaining Limit (\$10,000 - \$2,500, or \$7,500).
 - B is the contract value less the Remaining Limit (\$220,000 - \$2,500, or \$217,500). The resulting GMIB protected value is: $\$239,441.95 \times (1 - (\$7,500 / \$217,500))$, or \$231,185.33.
 - The GMIB 200% cap is reduced by the sum of all reductions above (\$490,000 - \$2,500 - \$8,256.62, or \$479,243.38).
- - The Remaining Limit is set to zero (0) for the balance of the first contract year.

EXAMPLE 3. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR LIMIT IN SECOND CONTRACT YEAR

A \$10,000 withdrawal is made on the first anniversary of the contract date, January 1, 2007 (second contract year). Prior to the withdrawal, the GMIB protected value is \$240,837.69. The dollar-for-dollar limit is equal to 5% of this amount, or \$12,041.88. As the amount withdrawn is less than the dollar-for-dollar limit:

- - The GMIB protected value is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., reduced by \$10,000, from \$240,837.69 to \$230,837.69).
- - The GMIB 200% cap is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., by \$10,000, from \$479,243.38 to \$469,243.38).

- - The Remaining Limit for the balance of the second contract year is also reduced by the amount withdrawn (from \$12,041.88 to \$2,041.88).

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GMIB RESET FEATURE

You may elect to "reset" your GMIB protected value to equal your current contract value twice over the life of the contract. You may only exercise this reset option if the annuitant has not yet reached his or her 76th birthday. If you reset, you must wait a new 7-year period from the most recent reset to exercise the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. Further, we will reset the GMIB roll-up cap to equal two times the GMIB protected value as of such date. Additionally, if you reset, we will determine the GMIB payout amount by using the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates (specified in your contract) based on the number of years since the most recent reset. These purchase rates may be less advantageous than the rates that would have applied absent a reset.

PAYOUT AMOUNT

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit payout amount is based on the age and sex of the annuitant (and, if there is one, the co-annuitant). After we first deduct a charge for any applicable premium taxes that we are required to pay, the payout amount will equal the greater of:

- 1) the GMIB protected value as of the date you exercise the GMIB payout option, applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates (which are generally less favorable than the annuity purchase rates for annuity payments not involving GMIB) and based on the annuity payout option as described below, or
- 2) the adjusted contract value--that is, the value of the contract adjusted for any market value adjustment minus any charge we impose for premium taxes and withdrawal charges--as of the date you exercise the GMIB payout option applied to the current annuity purchase rates then in use.

GMIB ANNUITY PAYOUT OPTIONS

We currently offer two Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit annuity payout options. Each option involves payment for at least a period certain of ten years. In calculating the amount of the payments under the GMIB we apply certain assumed interest rates, equal to 2% annually for a waiting period of 7-9 years, and 2.5% annually for waiting periods of 10 years or longer for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (and 2.5% annually for a waiting period of 7-9 years, 3% annually for a waiting period of 10-14 years, and 3.5% annually for waiting periods of 15 years or longer for all other contracts).

GMIB OPTION 1 SINGLE LIFE PAYOUT OPTION

We will make monthly payments for as long as the annuitant lives, with payments for a period certain. We will stop making payments after the later of the death of the annuitant or the end of the period certain.

GMIB OPTION 2 JOINT LIFE PAYOUT OPTION

In the case of an annuitant and co-annuitant, we will make monthly payments for the joint lifetime of the annuitant and co-annuitant, with payments for a period certain. If the co-annuitant dies first, we will continue to make payments until the later of the death of the annuitant and the end of the period certain. If the annuitant dies first, we will continue to make payments until the later of the death of the co-annuitant and the end of the period certain, but if the period certain ends first, we will reduce the amount of each payment to 50% of the original amount.

You have no right to withdraw amounts early under either GMIB payout option. We may make other payout frequencies available, such as quarterly, semi-annually or annually.

Because we do not impose a new waiting period for each subsequent purchase payment, if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, we reserve the right to limit subsequent purchase payments if we discover that by the timing of your purchase payments, your GMIB protected value is increasing in ways we did not intend. In determining whether to limit purchase payments, we will look at purchase payments which are disproportionately larger than your initial purchase

payment and other actions that may artificially increase the GMIB protected value. Certain state laws may prevent us from limiting your subsequent purchase payments. You must exercise one of the GMIB payout

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

options described above no later than 30 days after the later of the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the annuitant's attainment of age 90 or the 10th contract anniversary.

You should note that GMIB is designed to provide a type of insurance that serves as a safety net only in the event that your contract value declines significantly due to negative investment performance. If your contract value is not significantly affected by negative investment performance, it is unlikely that the purchase of GMIB will result in your receiving larger annuity payments than if you had not purchased GMIB. This is because the assumptions that we use in computing the GMIB, such as the annuity purchase rates, (which include assumptions as to age-setbacks and assumed interest rates), are more conservative than the assumptions that we use in computing non-GMIB annuity payout options. Therefore, you may generate higher income payments if you were to annuitize a lower contract value at the current annuity purchase rates, than if you were to annuitize under the GMIB with a higher GMIB protected value than your contract value but at the annuity purchase rates guaranteed under the GMIB.

TERMINATING THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit cannot be terminated by the owner once elected. The GMIB automatically terminates as of the date the contract is fully surrendered, on the date the death benefit is payable to your beneficiary (unless your surviving spouse elects to continue the contract), or on the date that your contract value is transferred to begin making annuity payments. The GMIB may also be terminated if you designate a new annuitant who would not be eligible to elect the GMIB based on his or her age at the time of the change.

Upon termination of the GMIB, we will deduct the charge from your contract value for the portion of the contract year since the prior contract anniversary (or the contract date if in the first contract year).

HOW WE DETERMINE ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Generally speaking, the annuity phase of the contract involves our distributing to you in increments the value that you have accumulated. We make these incremental payments either over a specified time period (e.g., 15 years) (fixed period annuities) or for the duration of the life of the annuitant (and possibly co-annuitant) (life annuities). There are certain assumptions that are common to both fixed period annuities and life annuities. In each type of annuity, we assume that the value you apply at the outset toward your annuity payments earns interest throughout the payout period. For annuity options within the GMIB, this interest rate ranges from 2% to 2.5% for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (and 2.5% to 3.5% for all other contracts). For non-GMIB annuity options, the guaranteed minimum rate is 3%. The GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates in your contract depict the minimum amounts we will pay (per \$1000 of adjusted contract value). If our current annuity purchase rates on the annuity date are more favorable to you than the guaranteed rates, we will make payments based on those more favorable rates.

Other assumptions that we use for life annuities and fixed period annuities differ, as detailed in the following overview:

FIXED PERIOD ANNUITIES

Currently, we offer fixed period annuities only under the Income Appreciator Benefit and non-GMIB annuity options. Generally speaking, in determining the amount of each annuity payment under a fixed period annuity, we start with the adjusted contract value, add interest assumed to be earned over the fixed period, and divide the sum by the number of payments you have requested. The life expectancy of the annuitant and co-annuitant are relevant to this calculation only in that we will not allow you to select a fixed period that exceeds life expectancy.

LIFE ANNUITIES

There are more variables that affect our calculation of life annuity payments. Most importantly, we make

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WHAT KIND OF PAYMENTS WILL I RECEIVE DURING THE INCOME PHASE? (ANNUITIZATION)
CONTINUED

several assumptions about the annuitant's or co-annuitant's life expectancy, including the following:

- The Annuity 2000 Mortality Table is the starting point for our life expectancy assumptions. This table anticipates longevity of an insured population based on historical experience and reflecting anticipated experience for the year 2000.

GUARANTEED AND GMIB ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Because life expectancy has lengthened over the past few decades, and likely will increase in the future, our life annuity calculations anticipate these developments. We do this largely by making a hypothetical reduction in the age of the annuitant (or co-annuitant), in lieu of using the annuitant's (or co-annuitant's) actual age, in calculating the payment amounts. By using such a reduced age, we base our calculations on a younger person, who generally would live longer and therefore draw life annuity payments over a longer time period. Given the longer pay-out period, the payments made to the younger person would be less than those made to an older person. We make two such age adjustments:

- 1) First, for all annuities, we start with the age of the annuitant (or co-annuitant) on his/her most recent birthday and reduce that age by either (a) four years, for life annuities under the GMIB sold in contracts on or after May 1, 2004 or (b) two years, with respect to guaranteed payments under life annuities not involving GMIB, as well as GMIB payments under contracts not described in (a) immediately above. For the reasons explained above in this section, the four year age reduction causes a greater reduction in the amount of the annuity payments than does the two-year age reduction.
- 2) Second, for life annuities under both versions of GMIB as well as guaranteed payments under life annuities not involving GMIB, we make a further age reduction according to the table in your contract entitled "Translation of Adjusted Age." As indicated in the table, the further into the future the first annuity payment is, the longer we expect the person receiving those payments to live, and the more we reduce the annuitant's (or co-annuitant's) age.

CURRENT ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Immediately above, we have referenced how we determine annuity payments based on "guaranteed" annuity purchase rates. By "guaranteed" annuity purchase rates, we mean the minimum annuity purchase rates that are set forth in your annuity contract and thus contractually guaranteed by us. "Current" annuity purchase rates, in contrast, refer to the annuity purchase rates that we are applying to contracts that are entering the annuity phase at a given point in time. These current annuity purchase rates vary from period to period, depending on changes in interest rates and other factors. We do not guarantee any particular level of current annuity purchase rates. When calculating current annuity purchase rates, we use the actual age of the annuitant (or co-annuitant), rather than any reduced age.

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WHAT IS THE

DEATH BENEFIT?

THE DEATH BENEFIT FEATURE PROTECTS THE CONTRACT VALUE FOR THE BENEFICIARY.

BENEFICIARY

The beneficiary is the person(s) or entity you name to receive any death benefit. The beneficiary is named at the time the contract is issued, unless you change it at a later date. A change of beneficiary will take effect on the date you sign the change request form, provided we receive the form in good order. Unless an irrevocable beneficiary has been named, during the accumulation period, you can change the beneficiary at any time before the owner dies. However, if the contract is jointly owned, the owner must name the joint owner and the joint owner must name the owner as the beneficiary. For entity-owned contracts, we pay a death benefit upon the death of the annuitant.

CALCULATION OF THE DEATH BENEFIT

If the owner or joint owner dies during the accumulation phase, we will, upon

receiving the appropriate proof of death and any other needed documentation in good order (proof of death), pay a death benefit to the beneficiary designated by the deceased owner or joint owner. If there is a sole owner and there is only one beneficiary who is the owner's spouse on the date of death, then the surviving spouse may continue the contract under the Spousal Continuation Benefit. If there are an owner and joint owner of the contract, and the owner's spouse is both the joint owner and the beneficiary on the date of death, then, at the death of the first to die, the death benefit will be paid to the surviving owner or the surviving owner may continue the contract under the Spousal Continuation Benefit.

Upon receiving appropriate proof of death, the beneficiary will receive the greater of the following:

- 1) The current contract value (as of the time we receive proof of death in good order). If you have purchased the Contract With Credit, we will first deduct any credit corresponding to a purchase payment made within one year of death. We impose no market value adjustment on contract value held within the market value adjustment option when a death benefit is paid.
- 2) Either the base death benefit, which equals the total invested purchase payments you have made proportionally reduced by any withdrawals, or, if you have chosen the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit (GMDB), the GMDB protected value.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT

The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit provides for the option to receive an enhanced death benefit upon the death of the sole owner or the first to die of the owner or joint owner during the accumulation phase.

The GMDB protected value option equals the GMDB step-up. The GMDB protected value is calculated daily.

GMDB STEP-UP

IF THE SOLE OWNER OR THE OLDER OF THE OWNER AND JOINT OWNER IS LESS THAN AGE 80 ON THE CONTRACT DATE, the GMDB step-up before the first contract anniversary is the initial invested purchase payment increased by subsequent invested purchase payments, and proportionally reduced by the effect of withdrawals. The GMDB step-up on each contract anniversary will be the greater of the previous GMDB step-up and the contract value as of such contract anniversary. Between contract anniversaries, the GMDB step-up will increase by invested purchase payments and reduce proportionally by withdrawals.

We stop increasing the GMDB step-up by any appreciation in the contract value on the later of:

- - the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the sole or older owner's 80th birthday, or
- - the 5th contract anniversary.

However, we still increase the GMDB protected value by subsequent invested purchase payments and proportionally reduce it by withdrawals.

Here is an example of a proportional reduction:

The current contract value is \$100,000 and the protected value is \$80,000. The owner makes a withdrawal that reduces the contract value by 25% (including the effect of any withdrawal charges). The

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WHAT IS THE DEATH BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

new protected value is \$60,000, or 75% of what it was before the withdrawal.

IF THE SOLE OWNER OR THE OLDER OF THE OWNER AND JOINT OWNER IS BETWEEN AGE 80 AND 85 ON THE CONTRACT DATE, the GMDB step-up before the third contract anniversary is the sum of invested purchase payments, reduced by the effect of withdrawals. On the third contract anniversary, we will adjust the GMDB step-up to the greater of the then current GMDB step-up or the contract value as of that contract anniversary. Thereafter, we will only increase the GMDB protected value by subsequent invested purchase payments and proportionally reduce it by withdrawals.

Special rules apply if the beneficiary is the spouse of the owner and the

contract does not have a joint owner. In that case, upon the death of the owner, the spouse will have the choice of the following:

- - If the sole beneficiary under the contract is the owner's spouse, and the other requirements of the Spousal Continuation Benefit are met, then the contract can continue, and the spouse will become the new owner of the contract; or
- - The spouse can receive the death benefit. A surviving spouse who is eligible for the Spousal Continuation Benefit must choose between that benefit and receiving the death benefit during the first 60 days following our receipt of proof of death.

If ownership of the contract changes as a result of the owner assigning it to someone else, we will reset the value of the death benefit to equal the contract value on the date the change of ownership occurs, and for purposes of computing the future death benefit, we will treat that contract value as a purchase payment occurring on that date.

SPECIAL RULES IF JOINT OWNERS

If the contract has an owner and a joint owner and they are spouses at the time that one dies, the Spousal Continuation Benefit may apply. If the contract has an owner and a joint owner and they are not spouses at the time one dies, we will pay the death benefit and the contract will end.

PAYOUT OPTIONS

The beneficiary may, within 60 days of providing proof of death, choose to take the death benefit under one of several death benefit payout options listed below.

The death benefit payout options are:

Choice 1. Lump sum payment of the death benefit. If the beneficiary does not choose a payout option within sixty days, the beneficiary will receive this payout option.

Choice 2. The payment of the entire death benefit within a period of 5 years from the date of death of the first-to-die of the owner or joint owner.

The entire death benefit will include any increases or losses resulting from the performance of the variable or fixed interest rate options during this period. During this period the beneficiary may: reallocate the contract value among the variable or fixed interest rate options; name a beneficiary to receive any remaining death benefit in the event of the beneficiary's death; and make withdrawals from the contract value, in which case, any such withdrawals will not be subject to any withdrawal charges. However, the beneficiary may not make any purchase payments to the contract.

During this 5 year period, we will continue to deduct from the death benefit proceeds the charges and costs that were associated with the features and benefits of the contract. Some of these features and benefits may not be available to the beneficiary, such as the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (with respect to the version of GMIB sold on or after May 1, 2004, we impose no GMIB charge after death) and Income Appreciator Benefit.

Choice 3. Payment of the death benefit under an annuity or annuity settlement option over the lifetime of the beneficiary or over a period not extending beyond the life expectancy of the beneficiary with distribution beginning within one year of the date of death of the owner.

If the owner and joint owner are not spouses, any portion of the death benefit not applied under Choice 3 within one year of the date of death of the first to die

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

must be distributed within five years of the survivor's date of death.

The tax consequences to the beneficiary vary among the three death benefit payout options. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?"

SPOUSAL CONTINUANCE BENEFIT

This benefit is available if, on the date we receive proof of the owner's death in good order, (1) there is only one owner of the contract and there is only one beneficiary who is the owner's spouse; or (2) there are an owner and joint owner of the contract, and the joint owner is the owner's spouse and the owner's beneficiary under the contract. In no event, however, can the annuitant be older

than the maximum age for annuitization on the date of the owner's death, nor can the surviving spouse be older than 95 on the date of the owner's death. Assuming the above conditions are present, the surviving spouse can elect the Spousal Continuation Benefit, but must do so no later than 60 days after furnishing proof of the owner's death in good order.

Upon activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, the contract value is adjusted to equal the amount of the death benefit to which the surviving spouse would have been entitled. This contract value will serve as the basis for calculating any death benefit payable upon the death of the surviving spouse. We will allocate any increase in the adjusted contract value among the variable, fixed interest rate or market value adjustment options in the same proportions that existed immediately prior to the spousal continuation adjustment. We will waive the \$1,000 minimum requirement for the market value adjustment option.

Under the Spousal Continuation Benefit, we waive any potential withdrawal charges applicable to purchase payments made prior to activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit. However, we will continue to impose withdrawal charges on purchase payments made after activation of this benefit. In addition, contract value allocated to the market value adjustment option will remain subject to a potential market value adjustment.

IF YOU ELECTED THE BASE DEATH BENEFIT, then upon activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, we will adjust the contract value to equal the greater of:

- - the contract value, or
- - the sum of all invested purchase payments (adjusted for withdrawals).

IF YOU HAVE ELECTED THE GMDB STEP-UP, we will adjust the contract value to equal the greater of:

- - the contract value, or
- - the GMDB step-up.

After we have made the adjustment to contract value set out immediately above, we will continue to compute the GMDB step-up under the surviving spousal owner's contract, and will do so in accordance with the preceding discussion in this section.

If the contract is being continued by the surviving spouse, the attained age of the surviving spouse will be the basis used in determining the death benefit payable under the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit provisions of the contract. The contract may not be continued upon the death of a spouse who had assumed ownership of the contract through the exercise of the Spousal Continuation Benefit.

IF YOU ELECTED THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT, it will be continued for the surviving spousal owner. All provisions of the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (i.e., waiting period, GMIB roll-up cap, etc.) will remain the same as on the date of the owner's death. If the GMIB reset feature was never exercised, the surviving spousal owner can exercise the GMIB reset feature twice. If the original owner had previously exercised the GMIB reset feature once, the surviving spousal owner can exercise the GMIB reset once. However, the surviving spouse (or new annuitant designated by the surviving spouse) must be under 76 years of age at the time of reset. If the original owner had previously exercised the GMIB reset feature twice, the surviving spousal owner may not exercise the GMIB reset at all. If the attained age of the surviving spouse at activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, when added to the remainder of the GMIB waiting period to be satisfied, would preclude the surviving spouse from utilizing the Guaranteed Mini-

mum Income Benefit, we will revoke the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit under the contract at that time and we will no longer charge for that benefit.

IF YOU ELECTED THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT, on the owner's death, the Lifetime Five Income Benefit will end. However, if the owner's surviving spouse would be eligible to acquire the Lifetime Five Income Benefit as if he/she were a new purchaser, then the surviving spouse may elect the Lifetime Five Income Benefit under the Spousal Continuation Benefit. The surviving spouse (or new annuitant designated by the surviving spouse) must be at least 45 years of age at the time of election.

IF YOU ELECTED THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT, on the owner's death (or first-to-die, in the case of joint owners), the Income Appreciator Benefit will end unless the contract is continued by the deceased owner's surviving spouse under the Spousal Continuation Benefit. If the contract is continued by the surviving spouse, we will continue to pay the balance of any Income Appreciator Benefit payments until the earliest to occur of the following: (a) the date on which 10 years' worth of IAB automatic withdrawal payments or IAB credits, as applicable, have been paid, (b) the latest date on which annuity payments would have had to have commenced had the owner not died (i.e., the later of the contract anniversary next following the annuitant's 90th birthday or the 10th contract anniversary), or (c) the later of the 10th contract anniversary or the contract anniversary next following the surviving spouse's 90th birthday (or the annuitant's 90th birthday if other than the surviving spouse).

If the Income Appreciator Benefit has not been in force for 7 contract years, the surviving spouse may not activate the benefit until it has been in force for 7 contract years. If the attained age of the surviving spouse at activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, when added to the remainder of the Income Appreciator Benefit waiting period to be satisfied, would preclude the surviving spouse from utilizing the Income Appreciator Benefit, we will revoke the Income Appreciator Benefit under the contract at that time and we will no longer charge for that benefit. If the Income Appreciator Benefit has been in force for 7 contract years or more, but the benefit has not been activated, the surviving spouse may activate the benefit at any time after the contract has been continued. If the Income Appreciator Benefit is activated after the contract is continued by the surviving spouse, the Income Appreciator Benefit calculation will exclude any amount added to the contract at the time of spousal continuation resulting from any death benefit value exceeding the contract value.

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE

INCOME BENEFIT?

LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT

The Lifetime Five Income Benefit (Lifetime Five) is an optional feature that guarantees your ability to withdraw amounts equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (called the "Protected Withdrawal Value"), regardless of the impact of market performance on your contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amount of withdrawals. There are two options -- one is designed to provide an annual withdrawal amount for life (the "Life Income Benefit") and the other is designed to provide a greater annual withdrawal amount (than the first option) as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value (adjusted as described below) (the "Withdrawal Benefit"). If there is no Protected Withdrawal Value, the Withdrawal Benefit will be zero. You do not choose between these two options; each option will continue to be available as long as the annuity has a contract value and Lifetime Five is in effect. Certain benefits under Lifetime Five may remain in effect even if the contract value is zero. The option may be appropriate if you intend to make periodic withdrawals from your contract and wish to ensure that market performance will not affect your ability to receive annual payments. You are not required to make withdrawals -- the guarantees are not lost if you withdraw less than the maximum allowable amount each year.

Lifetime Five is subject to certain restrictions described below.

- - Currently, Lifetime Five can only be elected once each contract year, and only where the annuitant and the contract owner are the same person or, if the contract owner is an entity, where there is only one annuitant. We reserve the right to limit the election frequency in the future. Before making any such change to the election frequency, we will provide prior notice to contract owners who have an effective Lifetime Five Income Benefit.
- - The annuitant must be at least 45 years old when Lifetime Five is elected.
- - Lifetime Five is not available if you elect the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit or Income Appreciator Benefit.
- - Owners electing this benefit prior to December 5, 2005, were required to allocate contract value to one or more of the following asset allocation portfolios of the Prudential Series Fund: SP Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio, SP Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio, and SP Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio. Owners electing this benefit after December 5, 2005 must allocate contract value to one or more of the following asset allocation portfolios of American Skandia Trust: AST Capital Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio, AST Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio, AST Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio, AST Preservation Asset Allocation Portfolio and to the

PROTECTED WITHDRAWAL VALUE

The Protected Withdrawal Value is initially used to determine the amount of each initial annual payment under the Life Income Benefit and the Withdrawal Benefit. The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is determined as of the date you make your first withdrawal under the contract following your election of Lifetime Five. The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is equal to the greater of (A) the contract value on the date you elect Lifetime Five growing at 5% per year from the date of your election, plus any subsequent purchase payments growing at 5% per year from the application of the purchase payment to your contract, until the earlier of the date of your first withdrawal or the 10th anniversary of the benefit effective date, (B) the contract value as of the date of the first withdrawal from your contract, prior to the withdrawal, and (C) the highest contract value on each contract anniversary prior to the first withdrawal or on the first 10 contract anniversaries after the benefit effective date if earlier than the date of your first withdrawal. With respect to (A) and (C) above, each value is increased by the amount of any subsequent purchase payments. In determining Protected Withdrawal Value, we include, as part of purchase payments, the amount of any credits

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

granted with respect to such purchase payments for the Contract with Credit.

- - If you elect Lifetime Five at the time you purchase your contract, the contract value will be your initial purchase payment.
- - For existing contract owners who are electing the Lifetime Five Benefit, the contract value on the date of the contract owner's election of Lifetime Five will be used to determine the initial Protected Withdrawal Value.
- - If you make additional purchase payments after your first withdrawal, the Protected Withdrawal Value will be increased by the amount of each additional purchase payment.

You may elect to step-up your Protected Withdrawal Value if, due to positive market performance, your contract value is greater than the Protected Withdrawal Value. If you elected Lifetime Five prior to March 20, 2006 and that original election remains in effect, then you are eligible to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value on or after the 5th anniversary of the first withdrawal under Lifetime Five. Under contracts with Lifetime Five elected prior to March 20, 2006, the Protected Withdrawal Value can be stepped up again on or after the 5th anniversary following the preceding step-up. If you elected Lifetime Five on or after March 20, 2006, then you are eligible to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value on or after the 3rd anniversary of the first withdrawal under Lifetime Five. Under contracts with Lifetime Five elected on or after March 20, 2006, the Protected Withdrawal Value can be stepped up again on or after the 3rd anniversary following the preceding step-up. In either scenario (i.e., elections before or after March 20, 2006) if you elect to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value, and on the date you elect to step-up, the charges under Lifetime Five have changed for new purchasers, you may be subject to the new charge going forward.

An optional automatic step-up ("Auto Step-Up") feature is available for this benefit. This feature may be elected at the time the benefit is elected or at any time while the benefit is in force. If you elect this feature, the first Auto Step-Up opportunity will occur on the 3rd contract anniversary (5th contract anniversary if the benefit was elected prior to March 20, 2006) following the later of the first withdrawal under the benefit or the prior step-up. At this time, your Protected Withdrawal Value will be stepped-up only if 5% of the contract value exceeds the Annual Income Amount by 5% or more. If 5% of the contract value does not exceed the Annual Income Amount by 5% or more, then an Auto Step-Up opportunity will occur on each successive contract anniversary until a step-up occurs. Once a step-up occurs, the next Auto Step-Up opportunity will occur on the 3rd (5th if the benefit was elected prior to March 20, 2006) contract anniversary following the most recent step-up. If, on the date that we implement an Auto Step-Up to your Protected Withdrawal Value, the charge for Lifetime Five has changed for new purchasers, you may be subject to the new charge at the time of such step-up.

Upon election of the step-up, we increase the Protected Withdrawal Value to be equal to the then current contract value. For example, assume your initial Protected Withdrawal Value was \$100,000 and you have made cumulative withdrawals

of \$40,000, reducing the Protected Withdrawal Value to \$60,000. On the date you are eligible to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value, your contract value is equal to \$75,000. You could elect to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value to \$75,000 on the date you are eligible. If your current Annual Income Amount and Annual Withdrawal Amount (as described below) are less than they would be if we did not reflect the step-up in Protected Withdrawal Value, then we will increase these amounts to reflect the step-up as described below.

The Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced each time a withdrawal is made on a "dollar-for-dollar" basis up to 7% per contract year of the Protected Withdrawal Value and on the greater of a "dollar-for-dollar" basis or a pro rata basis for withdrawals in a contract year in excess of that amount until the Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced to zero. At that point, the Annual Withdrawal Amount will be zero until such time (if any) as the contract reflects a Protected Withdrawal Value

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(for example, due to a step-up or additional purchase payments being made into the contract).

ANNUAL INCOME AMOUNT UNDER THE LIFE INCOME BENEFIT

The initial Annual Income Amount is equal to 5% of the initial Protected Withdrawal Value. Under Lifetime Five, if your cumulative withdrawals in a contract year are less than or equal to the Annual Income Amount, they will not reduce your Annual Income Amount in subsequent contract years. If your cumulative withdrawals are in excess of the Annual Income Amount (Excess Income), your Annual Income Amount in subsequent years will be reduced (except with regard to required minimum distributions) by the result of the ratio of the Excess Income to the contract value immediately prior to such withdrawal (see examples of this calculation below). Reductions include the actual amount of the withdrawal, including any withdrawal charges that may apply. A withdrawal can be considered Excess Income under the Life Income Benefit even though it does not exceed the Annual Withdrawal Amount under the Withdrawal Benefit. When you elect a step-up, your Annual Income Amount increases to equal 5% of your contract value after the step-up if such amount is greater than your Annual Income Amount. Your Annual Income Amount also increases if you make additional purchase payments. The amount of the increase is equal to 5% of any additional purchase payments. Any increase will be added to your Annual Income Amount beginning on the day that the step-up is effective or the purchase payment is made. A determination of whether you have exceeded your Annual Income Amount is made at the time of each withdrawal; therefore, a subsequent increase in the Annual Income Amount will not offset the effect of a withdrawal that exceeded the Annual Income Amount at the time the withdrawal was made.

ANNUAL WITHDRAWAL AMOUNT UNDER THE WITHDRAWAL BENEFIT

The initial Annual Withdrawal Amount is equal to 7% of the initial Protected Withdrawal Value. Under Lifetime Five, if your cumulative withdrawals each contract year are less than or equal to the Annual Withdrawal Amount, your Protected Withdrawal Value will be reduced on a "dollar-for-dollar" basis. If your cumulative withdrawals are in excess of the Annual Withdrawal Amount (Excess Withdrawal), your Annual Withdrawal Amount will be reduced (except with regard to required minimum distributions) by the result of the ratio of the Excess Withdrawal to the contract value immediately prior to such withdrawal (see the examples of this calculation below). Reductions include the actual amount of the withdrawal, including any withdrawal charges that may apply. When you elect a step-up, your Annual Withdrawal Amount increases to equal 7% of your contract value after the step-up if such amount is greater than your Annual Withdrawal Amount. Your Annual Withdrawal Amount also increases if you make additional purchase payments. The amount of the increase is equal to 7% of any additional purchase payments. A determination of whether you have exceeded your Annual Withdrawal Amount is made at the time of each withdrawal; therefore, a subsequent increase in the Annual Withdrawal Amount will not offset the effect of a withdrawal that exceeded the Annual Withdrawal Amount at the time the withdrawal was made.

Lifetime Five does not affect your ability to make withdrawals under your contract or limit your ability to request withdrawals that exceed the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount. You are not required to withdraw all or any portion of the Annual Withdrawal Amount or Annual Income Amount in each contract year.

- - If, cumulatively, you withdraw an amount less than the Annual Withdrawal Amount under the Withdrawal Benefit in any contract year, you cannot carry-over the unused portion of the Annual Withdrawal Amount to subsequent contract years.
- - If, cumulatively, you withdraw an amount less than the Annual Income Amount

under the Life Income Benefit in any contract year, you cannot carry-over the unused portion of the Annual Income Amount to subsequent contract years.

However, because the Protected Withdrawal Value is only reduced by the actual amount of withdrawals you make under these circumstances, any unused Annual Withdrawal Amount or Annual Income Amount may

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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extend the period of time until the remaining Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced to zero.

The following examples of dollar-for-dollar and proportional reductions and the step-up of the Protected Withdrawal Value, Annual Withdrawal Amount and Annual Income Amount assume: 1.) the contract date and the effective date of Lifetime Five are February 1, 2005; 2.) an initial purchase payment of \$250,000; 3.) the contract value on February 1, 2006 is equal to \$265,000; 4.) the first withdrawal occurs on March 1, 2006 when the contract value is equal to \$263,000; and 5.) the contract value on February 1, 2010 is equal to \$280,000. The values set forth here are purely hypothetical and do not reflect the charge for Lifetime Five.

The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is calculated as the greatest of (a), (b) and (c):

- (a) Purchase payment accumulated at 5% per year from February 1, 2005 until March 1, 2006 (393 days) = $\$250,000 \times 1.05(393/365) = \$263,484$
- (b) Contract value on March 1, 2006 (the date of the first withdrawal) = \$263,000
- (c) Contract value on February 1, 2006 (the first contract anniversary) = \$265,000

Therefore, the initial Protected Withdrawal Value is equal to \$265,000. The Annual Withdrawal Amount is equal to \$18,550 under the Withdrawal Benefit (7% of \$265,000). The Annual Income Amount is equal to \$13,250 under the Life Income Benefit (5% of \$265,000).

EXAMPLE 1. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR REDUCTION

If \$10,000 was withdrawn (less than both the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:

- Remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount for current contract year = \$18,550 - \$10,000 = \$8,550
- Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years remains at \$18,550
- Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = \$13,250 - \$10,000 = \$3,250
- Annual Income Amount for future contract years remains at \$13,250
- Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced by \$10,000 from \$265,000 to \$255,000

EXAMPLE 2. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR AND PROPORTIONAL REDUCTIONS

a) If \$15,000 was withdrawn (more than the Annual Income Amount but less than the Annual Withdrawal Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:

- Remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount for current contract year = \$18,550 - \$15,000 = \$3,550
- Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years remains at \$18,550
- Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = \$0
- Excess of withdrawal over the Annual Income Amount (\$15,000 - \$13,250 = \$1,750) reduces Annual Income Amount for future contract years.
- Reduction to Annual Income Amount = $\text{Excess Income} / \text{contract value before Excess Income} \times \text{Annual Income Amount} = \$1,750 / (\$263,000 - \$13,250) \times \$13,250 = \93

- Annual Income Amount for future contract years = $\$13,250 - \$93 = \$13,157$
- Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced by $\$15,000$ from $\$265,000$ to $\$250,000$

b) If $\$25,000$ was withdrawn (more than both the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:

- Remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount for current contract year = $\$0$
- Excess of withdrawal over the Annual Withdrawal Amount ($\$25,000 - \$18,550 = \$6,450$) reduces Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years.
- Reduction to Annual Withdrawal Amount = Excess Withdrawal/contract value before Excess Withdrawal X Annual Withdrawal Amount = $\$6,450/(\$263,000 - \$18,550) \times \$18,550 = \$489$
- Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years = $\$18,550 - \$489 = \$18,061$
- Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = $\$0$
- Excess of withdrawal over the Annual Income Amount ($\$25,000 - \$13,250 = \$11,750$) reduces Annual Income Amount for future contract years.

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- Reduction to Annual Income Amount = Excess Income/contract value before Excess Income X Annual Income Amount = $\$11,750/(\$263,000 - \$13,250) \times \$13,250 = \$623$
- Annual Income Amount for future contract years = $\$13,250 - \$623 = \$12,627$
- Protected Withdrawal Value is first reduced by the Annual Withdrawal Amount ($\$18,550$) from $\$265,000$ to $\$246,450$. It is further reduced by the greater of a dollar-for-dollar reduction or a proportional reduction.
- Dollar-for-dollar reduction = $\$25,000 - \$18,550 = \$6,450$
- Proportional reduction = Excess Withdrawal/contract value before Excess Withdrawal X Protected Withdrawal Value = $\$6,450/(\$263,000 - \$18,550) \times \$246,450 = \$6,503$
- Protected Withdrawal Value = $\$246,450 - \max[\$6,450, \$6,503] = \$239,947$

EXAMPLE 3. STEP-UP OF THE PROTECTED WITHDRAWAL VALUE

If the Annual Income Amount ($\$13,250$) is withdrawn each year starting on March 1, 2006 for a period of 3 years, the Protected Withdrawal Value on February 1, 2010 would be reduced to $\$225,250$ [$\$265,000 - (\$13,250 \times 3)$]. If a step-up is elected on February 1, 2010, then the following values would result:

- Protected Withdrawal Value = contract value on February 1, 2010 = $\$280,000$
- Annual Income Amount is equal to the greater of the current Annual Income Amount or 5% of the stepped up Protected Withdrawal Value. Current Annual Income Amount is $\$13,250$. 5% of the stepped-up Protected Withdrawal Value is 5% of $\$280,000$, which is $\$14,000$. Therefore, the Annual Income Amount is increased to $\$14,000$. If the step-up request on February 1, 2010 was due to the election of the auto step-up feature, we would first check to see if an auto step-up should occur by checking to see if 5% of the Contract Value exceeds the Annual Income Amount by 5% or more. 5% of the Contract Value is equal to 5% of $\$280,000$, which is $\$14,000$. 5% of the Annual Income Amount ($\$13,250$) is $\$662.50$, which added to the Annual Income Amount is $\$13,912.50$. Since 5% of the Contract Value is greater than $\$13,912.50$, the step-up would still occur in this scenario, and all of the values would be increased as indicated above.
- Annual Withdrawal Amount is equal to the greater of the current Annual Withdrawal Amount or 7% of the stepped up Protected Withdrawal Value. Current Annual Withdrawal Amount is $\$18,550$. 7% of the stepped-up Protected Withdrawal Value is 7% of $\$280,000$, which is $\$19,600$. Therefore, the Annual Withdrawal Amount is increased to $\$19,600$.

BENEFITS UNDER LIFETIME FIVE

- If your contract value is equal to zero, and the cumulative withdrawals in the current contract year are greater than the Annual Withdrawal Amount, Lifetime Five will terminate. To the extent that your contract value was reduced to zero as a result of cumulative withdrawals that are equal to or less than the Annual Income Amount and amounts are still payable under both

the Life Income Benefit and the Withdrawal Benefit, you will be given the choice of receiving the payments under the Life Income Benefit or under the Withdrawal Benefit. Once you make this election we will make an additional payment for that contract year equal to either the remaining Annual Income Amount or Annual Withdrawal Amount for the contract year, if any, depending on the option you choose. In subsequent contract years we make payments that equal either the Annual Income Amount or the Annual Withdrawal Amount. You will not be able to change the option after your election and no further purchase payments will be accepted under your contract. If you do not make an election, we will pay you annually under the Life Income Benefit. To the extent that cumulative withdrawals in the current contract year that reduced your contract value to zero are more than the Annual Income Amount but less than or equal to the Annual Withdrawal Amount and amounts are still payable under the Withdrawal Benefit, you will receive the payments under the Withdrawal Benefit. In the year of a

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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withdrawal that reduced your contract value to zero, we will make an additional payment to equal any remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount and make payments equal to the Annual Withdrawal Amount in each subsequent year (until the Protected Withdrawal Value is depleted). Once your contract value equals zero no further purchase payments will be accepted under your contract.

- - If annuity payments are to begin under the terms of your contract or if you decide to begin receiving annuity payments and there is any Annual Income Amount due in subsequent contract years or any remaining Protected Withdrawal Value, you can elect one of the following three options:

1. apply your contract value to any annuity option available;
2. request that, as of the date annuity payments are to begin, we make annuity payments each year equal to the Annual Income Amount. We make such annuity payments until the annuitant's death; or
3. request that, as of the date annuity payments are to begin, we pay out any remaining Protected Withdrawal Value as annuity payments. Each year such annuity payments will equal the Annual Withdrawal Amount or the remaining Protected Withdrawal Value if less. We make such annuity payments until the earlier of the annuitant's death or the date the Protected Withdrawal Value is depleted.

We must receive your request in a form acceptable to us at the Prudential Annuity Service Center.

- - In the absence of an election when mandatory annuity payments are to begin, we will make annual annuity payments as a single life fixed annuity with five payments certain using the greater of the annuity rates then currently available or the annuity rates guaranteed in your contract. The amount that will be applied to provide such annuity payments will be the greater of:

1. the present value of future Annual Income Amount payments. Such present value will be calculated using the greater of the single life fixed annuity rates then currently available or the single life fixed annuity rates guaranteed in your contract; and
2. the contract value.

If no withdrawal was ever taken, we will determine a Protected Withdrawal Value and calculate an Annual Income Amount and an Annual Withdrawal Amount as if you made your first withdrawal on the date the annuity payments are to begin.

OTHER IMPORTANT CONSIDERATIONS

- - Withdrawals under Lifetime Five are subject to all of the terms and conditions of the contract, including any withdrawal charges.
- - Withdrawals made while Lifetime Five is in effect will be treated, for tax purposes, in the same way as any other withdrawals under the contract. Lifetime Five does not directly affect the contract value or surrender value, but any withdrawal will decrease the contract value by the amount of the withdrawal (plus any applicable withdrawal charges). If you surrender your contract, you will receive the current contract value, not the Protected Withdrawal Value.
- - You can make withdrawals from your contract while your contract value is

greater than zero without purchasing Lifetime Five. Lifetime Five provides a guarantee that if your contract value declines due to market performance, you will be able to receive your Protected Withdrawal Value or Annual Income Amount in the form of periodic benefit payments.

ELECTION OF LIFETIME FIVE

Lifetime Five can be elected at the time you purchase your contract, or after the contract date. Elections of Lifetime Five are subject to our eligibility rules and restrictions. The contract owner's contract value as of the date of election will be used as the basis to calculate the initial Protected Withdrawal Value, the initial Annual Withdrawal Amount, and the initial Annual Income Amount.

TERMINATION OF LIFETIME FIVE

Lifetime Five terminates automatically when your Protected Withdrawal Value and Annual Income Amount reach zero. You may terminate Lifetime Five at any time

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by notifying us. If you terminate Lifetime Five, any guarantee provided by the benefit will terminate as of the date the termination is effective.

Lifetime Five terminates:

- - upon your surrender of the contract,
- - upon the death of the annuitant (but your surviving spouse may elect a new Lifetime Five benefit if your spouse elects the spousal continuance option and your spouse would then be eligible to elect the benefit as if he/she were a new purchaser),
- - upon a change in ownership of the contract that changes the tax identification number of the contract owner, or
- - upon your election to begin receiving annuity payments.

We cease imposing the charge for Lifetime Five upon the earliest to occur of (i) your election to terminate the benefit, (ii) our receipt of appropriate proof of the death of the owner (or annuitant, for entity owned contracts), (iii) the annuity date, (iv) automatic termination of the benefit due to an impermissible change of owner or annuitant, or (v) a withdrawal that causes the benefit to terminate.

While you may terminate Lifetime Five at any time, we may not terminate the benefit other than in the circumstances listed above. However, we may stop offering Lifetime Five for new elections or re-elections at any time in the future.

Currently, if you terminate Lifetime Five, you will only be permitted to re-elect the benefit or elect the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit on any anniversary of the contract date that is at least 90 calendar days from the date the benefit was last terminated.

If you elected Lifetime Five at the time you purchased your contract and prior to March 20, 2006, and you terminate Lifetime Five, there will be no waiting period before you can re-elect the benefit or elect Spousal Lifetime Five. However, once you choose to re-elect/elect, the waiting period described above will apply to subsequent re-elections. If you elected Lifetime Five after the time you purchased your contract, but prior to March 20, 2006, and you terminate Lifetime Five, you must wait until the contract anniversary following your cancellation before you can re-elect the benefit or elect Spousal Lifetime Five. Once you choose to re-elect/elect, the waiting period described above will apply to subsequent re-elections. We reserve the right to limit the re-election/election frequency in the future. Before making any such change to the re-election/election frequency, we will provide prior notice to contract owners who have an effective Lifetime Five Income Benefit.

ADDITIONAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS FOR QUALIFIED CONTRACTS/ARRANGEMENTS

If you purchase an annuity contract as an investment vehicle for "qualified" investments, including an IRA, the minimum distribution rules under the Code require that you begin receiving periodic amounts from your annuity contract beginning after age 70 1/2. Roth IRAs are not subject to these rules during the owner's lifetime. The amount required under the Code may exceed the Annual Withdrawal Amount and the Annual Income Amount, which will cause us to increase the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount in any contract year that required minimum distributions due from your contract are greater than such amounts. Any such payments will reduce your Protected Withdrawal Value. In

addition, the amount and duration of payments under the contract payment and death benefit provisions may be adjusted so that the payments do not trigger any penalty or excise taxes due to tax considerations such as minimum distribution requirements.

SPOUSAL LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT

Currently, if you elect Spousal Lifetime Five and subsequently terminate the benefit, there will be a restriction on your ability to re-elect Spousal Lifetime Five and Lifetime Five. We reserve the right to further limit the election frequency in the future. Before making any such change to the election frequency, we will provide prior notice to contract owners who have an effective Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit. Spousal Lifetime Five must be elected based on two Designated Lives, as described below. Each Designated Life must

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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be at least 55 years old when the benefit is elected. Spousal Lifetime Five is not available if you elect any other optional living or death benefit. As long as your Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit is in effect, you must allocate your contract value in accordance with the then permitted and available option(s).

We offer a benefit that guarantees until the later death of two natural persons that are each other's spouses at the time of election of Spousal Lifetime Five and at the first death of one of them (the "Designated Lives", each a "Designated Life") the ability to withdraw an annual amount (Spousal Life Income Benefit) equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (the "Protected Withdrawal Value") regardless of the impact of market performance on the contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amount of withdrawals. The Spousal Life Income Benefit may remain in effect even if the contract value is zero. Spousal Lifetime Five may be appropriate if you intend to make periodic withdrawals from your annuity, wish to ensure that market performance will not affect your ability to receive annual payments and you wish either spouse to be able to continue the Spousal Life Income Benefit after the death of the first. You are not required to make withdrawals as part of the benefit -- the guarantees are not lost if you withdraw less than the maximum allowable amount each year under the rules of the benefit.

INITIAL PROTECTED WITHDRAWAL VALUE

The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is used to determine the amount of the initial annual payment under the Spousal Life Income Benefit. The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is determined as of the date you make your first withdrawal under the contract following your election of Spousal Lifetime Five. The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is equal to the greater of (A) the contract value on the date you elect Spousal Lifetime Five growing at 5% per year from the date of your election, plus any subsequent purchase payments growing at 5% per year from the application of the purchase payment to your contract, until the earlier of the date of your first withdrawal or the 10th anniversary of the benefit effective date, (B) the contract value as of the date of the first withdrawal from your contract, prior to the withdrawal, and (C) the highest contract value on each contract anniversary prior to the first withdrawal or on the first 10 contract anniversaries after the benefit effective date if earlier than the date of your first withdrawal. With respect to (A) and (C) above, each value is increased by the amount of any subsequent purchase payments.

- - If you elect Spousal Lifetime Five at the time you purchase your contract, the contract value will be your initial purchase payment.
- - For existing contract owners who are electing the Spousal Lifetime Five Benefit, the contract value on the date of your election of Spousal Lifetime Five will be used to determine the initial Protected Withdrawal Value.

ANNUAL INCOME AMOUNT UNDER THE SPOUSAL LIFE INCOME BENEFIT

The initial Annual Income Amount is equal to 5% of the initial Protected Withdrawal Value. Under Spousal Lifetime Five, if your cumulative withdrawals in a contract year are less than or equal to the Annual Income Amount, they will not reduce your Annual Income Amount in subsequent contract years, but any such withdrawals will reduce the Annual Income Amount on a dollar-for-dollar basis in that contract year. If your cumulative withdrawals are in excess of the Annual Income Amount ("Excess Income"), your Annual Income Amount in subsequent years will be reduced (except with regard to required minimum distributions) by the result of the ratio of the Excess Income to the contract value immediately prior

to such withdrawal (see examples of this calculation below). Reductions include the actual amount of the withdrawal, including any withdrawal charges that may apply.

You may elect to step-up your Annual Income Amount if, due to positive market performance, 5% of your contract value is greater than the Annual Income Amount. You are eligible to step-up the Annual Income Amount on or after the 3rd anniversary of the first withdrawal under Spousal Lifetime Five. The Annual Income Amount can be stepped up again on or after

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the 3rd anniversary of the preceding step-up. If you elect to step-up the Annual Income Amount, and on the date you elect to step-up, the charges under Spousal Lifetime Five have changed for new purchasers, you may be subject to the new charge at the time of such step-up. When you elect a step-up, your Annual Income Amount increases to equal 5% of your contract value after the step-up. Your Annual Income Amount also increases if you make additional purchase payments. The amount of the increase is equal to 5% of any additional purchase payments. Any increase will be added to your Annual Income Amount beginning on the day that the step-up is effective or the purchase payment is made. A determination of whether you have exceeded your Annual Income Amount is made at the time of each withdrawal; therefore a subsequent increase in the Annual Income Amount will not offset the effect of a withdrawal that exceeded the Annual Income Amount at the time the withdrawal was made.

An optional automatic step-up ("Auto Step-Up") feature is available for this benefit. This feature may be elected at the time the benefit is elected or at any time while the benefit is in force. If you elect this feature, the first Auto Step-Up opportunity will occur on the 3rd Annuity Anniversary following the later of the first withdrawal under the benefit or the prior step-up. At this time, your Annual Income Amount will only be stepped-up if 5% of the Contract Value exceeds the Annual Income Amount by 5% or more. If 5% of the Account Value does not exceed the Annual Income Amount by 5% or more, then an Auto Step-Up opportunity will occur on each successive Contract Anniversary until a step-up occurs. Once a step-up occurs, the next Auto Step-Up opportunity will occur on the 3rd Contract Anniversary following the most recent step-up. If, on the date that we implement an Auto Step-Up to your Annual Income Amount, the charge for Spousal Lifetime Five has changed for new purchasers, you may be subject to the new charge at the time of such step-up.

Spousal Lifetime Five does not affect your ability to make withdrawals under your contract or limit your ability to request withdrawals that exceed the Annual Income Amount. Under Spousal Lifetime Five, if your cumulative withdrawals in a contract year are less than or equal to the Annual Income Amount, they will not reduce your Annual Income Amount in subsequent contract years, but any such withdrawals will reduce the Annual Income Amount on a dollar-for-dollar basis in that contract year.

If, cumulatively, you withdraw an amount less than the Annual Income Amount under Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit in any contract year, you cannot carry-over the unused portion of the Annual Income Amount to subsequent contract years.

The following examples of dollar-for-dollar and proportional reductions and the step-up of the Annual Income Amount assume: 1.) the contract date and the effective date of Spousal Lifetime Five are February 1, 2005; 2.) an initial purchase payment of \$250,000; 3.) the contract value on February 1, 2006 is equal to \$265,000; 4.) the first withdrawal occurs on March 1, 2006 when the contract value is equal to \$263,000; and 5.) the contract value on February 1, 2010 is equal to \$280,000. The values set forth here are purely hypothetical, and do not reflect the charge for the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit.

The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is calculated as the greatest of (a), (b) and (c):

- (a) Purchase payment accumulated at 5% per year from February 1, 2005 until March 1, 2006 (393 days) = $\$250,000 \times 1.05(393/365) = \$263,484$
- (b) Contract value on March 1, 2006 (the date of the first withdrawal) = \$263,000
- (c) Contract value on February 1, 2006 (the first Annuity Anniversary) = \$265,000

Therefore, the initial Protected Withdrawal Value is equal to \$265,000. The Annual Income Amount is equal to \$13,250 under the Spousal Life Income Benefit (5% of \$265,000).

EXAMPLE 1. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR REDUCTION

If \$10,000 was withdrawn (less than the Annual Income Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:

- - Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = \$13,250 - \$10,000 = \$3,250

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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Annual Income Amount for future contract years remains at \$13,250

EXAMPLE 2. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR AND PROPORTIONAL REDUCTIONS

If \$15,000 was withdrawn (more than the Annual Income Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:

- - Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = \$0
- - Excess of withdrawal over the Annual Income Amount (\$15,000 - \$13,250 = \$1,750) reduces Annual Income Amount for future contract years.
- - Reduction to Annual Income Amount = Excess Income/Contract Value before Excess Income X Annual Income Amount = \$1,750 / (\$263,000 - \$13,250) X \$13,250 = \$93
- - Annual Income Amount for future contract years = \$13,250 - \$93 = \$13,157

EXAMPLE 3. STEP-UP OF THE ANNUAL INCOME AMOUNT

If a step-up of the Annual Income Amount is requested on February 1, 2010, the request will be accepted because 5% of the contract value, which is \$14,000 (5% of \$280,000), is greater than the Annual Income Amount of \$13,250. The new Annual Income Amount will be equal to \$14,000. If the step-up request on February 1, 2010 was due to the election of the auto step-up feature, we would first check to see if an auto step-up should occur by checking to see if 5% of the Contract Value exceeds the Annual Income Amount by 5% or more. 5% of the Contract Value is equal to 5% of \$280,000, which is \$14,000. 5% of the Annual Income Amount (\$13,250) is \$662.50, which added to the Annual Income Amount is \$13,912.50. Since 5% of the Contract Value is greater than \$13,912.50, the step-up would still occur in this scenario, and all of the values would be increased as indicated above.

BENEFITS UNDER SPOUSAL LIFETIME FIVE

- - To the extent that your contract value was reduced to zero as a result of cumulative withdrawals that are equal to or less than the Annual Income Amount and amounts are still payable under the Spousal Life Income Benefit, we will make an additional payment for that contract year equal to the remaining Annual Income Amount for the contract year, if any. Thus, in that scenario, the remaining Annual Income Amount would be payable even though your contract value was reduced to zero. In subsequent contract years we make payments that equal the Annual Income Amount as described above. No further purchase payments will be accepted under your contract. We will make payments until the first of the Designated Lives to die, and will continue to make payments until the death of the second Designated Life as long as the Designated Lives were spouses at the time of the first death. To the extent that cumulative withdrawals in the current contract year that reduced your contract value to zero are more than the Annual Income Amount, the Spousal Life Income Benefit terminates and no additional payments will be made.
- - If annuity payments are to begin under the terms of your contract or if you decide to begin receiving annuity payments and there is any Annual Income Amount due in subsequent contract years, you can elect one of the following two options:
 1. apply your contract value to any annuity option available; or
 2. request that, as of the date annuity payments are to begin, we make annuity payments each year equal to the Annual Income Amount. We will make payments until the first of the Designated Lives to die, and will continue to make payments until the death of the second Designated Life as long as the Designated Lives were spouses at the time of the first death.

We must receive your request in a form acceptable to us at our office.

- - In the absence of an election when mandatory annuity payments are to begin,

we will make annual annuity payments as a joint and survivor or single (as applicable) life fixed annuity with five payments certain using the same basis that is used to calculate the greater of the annuity rates then currently available or the annuity rates guaranteed

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in your contract. The amount that will be applied to provide such annuity payments will be the greater of:

1. the present value of future Annual Income Amount payments. Such present value will be calculated using the same basis that is used to calculate the single life fixed annuity rates guaranteed in your contract; and

2. the contract value.

- If no withdrawal was ever taken, we will determine an initial Protected Withdrawal Value and calculate an Annual Income Amount as if you made your first withdrawal on the date the annuity payments are to begin.

OTHER IMPORTANT CONSIDERATIONS

- Withdrawals under Spousal Lifetime Five are subject to all of the terms and conditions of the contract, including any withdrawal charges.
- Withdrawals made while Spousal Lifetime Five is in effect will be treated, for tax purposes, in the same way as any other withdrawals under the contract. Spousal Lifetime Five does not directly affect the contract value or surrender value, but any withdrawal will decrease the contract value by the amount of the withdrawal (plus any applicable withdrawal charges). If you surrender your contract, you will receive the current surrender value.
- You can make withdrawals from your contract while your contract value is greater than zero without purchasing Spousal Lifetime Five. Spousal Lifetime Five provides a guarantee that if your contract value declines due to market performance, you will be able to receive your Annual Income Amount in the form of periodic benefit payments.
- You must allocate your contract value in accordance with the then available option(s) that we may permit in order to elect and maintain Spousal Lifetime Five.
- There may be circumstances where you will continue to be charged the full amount for Spousal Lifetime Five even when the benefit is only providing a guarantee of income based on one life with no survivorship.
- In order for the surviving Designated Life to continue Spousal Lifetime Five upon the death of an owner, the Designated Life must elect to assume ownership of the contract under the spousal continuation benefit.

ELECTION OF AND DESIGNATIONS OF SPOUSAL LIFETIME FIVE

Spousal Lifetime Five can only be elected based on two Designated Lives. Designated Lives must be natural persons who are each other's spouses at the time of election of the benefit and at the death of the first of the Designated Lives to die. Currently, the benefit may only be elected where the contract owner, annuitant and beneficiary designations are as follows:

- One contract owner, where the annuitant and the contract owner are the same person and the beneficiary is the contract owner's spouse. The contract owner/annuitant and the beneficiary each must be at least 55 years old at the time of election; or
- Co-contract owners, where the contract owners are each other's spouses. The beneficiary designation must be the surviving spouse. The first named contract owner must be the annuitant. Both contract owners must each be 55 years old at the time of election.

No ownership changes or annuitant changes will be permitted once this benefit is elected. However, if the contract is co-owned, the contract owner that is not the annuitant may be removed without affecting the benefit.

Spousal Lifetime Five can be elected at the time that you purchase your contract. We also offer existing contract owners the option to elect Spousal Lifetime Five after the contract date of their contract, subject to our eligibility rules and restrictions. Your contract value as of the date of election will be used as a basis to calculate the initial Protected Withdrawal Value and the Annual Income Amount.

Currently, if you terminate Spousal Lifetime Five, you will only be permitted

to re-elect the benefit or elect the Lifetime Five Income Benefit on any anniversary of the contract date that is at least 90 calendar days from the date the benefit was last terminated.

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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We reserve the right to further limit the election frequency in the future. Before making any such change to the election frequency, we will provide prior notice to contract owners who have an effective Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit.

TERMINATION OF SPOUSAL LIFETIME FIVE

Spousal Lifetime Five terminates automatically when your Annual Income Amount equals zero. You may terminate Spousal Lifetime Five at any time by notifying us. If you terminate Spousal Lifetime Five, any guarantee provided by the benefit will terminate as of the date the termination is effective and certain restrictions on re-election of the benefit will apply as described above. We reserve the right to further limit the frequency election in the future. Spousal Lifetime Five terminates upon your surrender of the contract, upon the first Designated Life to die if the contract is not continued, upon the second Designated Life to die or upon your election to begin receiving annuity payments.

The charge for Spousal Lifetime Five will no longer be deducted from your contract value upon termination of the benefit.

ADDITIONAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS FOR QUALIFIED CONTRACTS/ARRANGEMENTS

If you purchase an annuity contract as an investment vehicle for "qualified" investments, including an IRA, the minimum distribution rules under the Code require that you begin receiving periodic amounts from your contract beginning after age 70 1/2. Roth IRAs are not subject to these rules during the contract owner's lifetime. The amount required under the Code may exceed the Annual Income Amount, which will cause us to increase the Annual Income Amount in any contract year that required minimum distributions due from your contract are greater than such amounts. In addition, the amount and duration of payments under the annuity payment and death benefit provisions may be adjusted so that the payments do not trigger any penalty or excise taxes due to tax considerations such as minimum distribution requirements.

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WHAT IS THE

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT?

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

The Income Appreciator Benefit (IAB) is an optional, supplemental income benefit that provides an additional income amount during the accumulation period or upon annuitization. The Income Appreciator Benefit is designed to provide you with additional funds that can be used to help defray the impact taxes may have on distributions from your contract. IAB may be suitable for you in other circumstances as well, which you can discuss with your registered representative. Because individual circumstances vary, you should consult with a qualified tax advisor to determine whether it would be appropriate for you to elect the Income Appreciator Benefit.

If you want the Income Appreciator Benefit, you generally must elect it when you make your initial purchase payment. Once you elect the Income Appreciator Benefit, you may not later revoke it.

- - The annuitant must be 75 or younger in order for you to elect the Income Appreciator Benefit.
- - If you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit, we will impose an annual charge equal to 0.25% of your contract value. See Section 8, "What Are The Expenses Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?"

ACTIVATION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

YOU CAN ACTIVATE THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AT ANY TIME AFTER IT HAS BEEN IN FORCE FOR SEVEN YEARS. To activate the Income Appreciator Benefit, you must send us a written request in good order.

Once activated, you can receive the Income Appreciator Benefit:

- (IAB OPTION 1) at annuitization when determining an annuity payment;
- (IAB OPTION 2) during the accumulation phase through the IAB automatic withdrawal payment program; or
- (IAB OPTION 3) during the accumulation phase as an Income Appreciator Benefit credit to your contract over a 10-year period.

Income Appreciator Benefit payments are treated as earnings and may be subject to tax upon withdrawal. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?"

IF YOU DO NOT ACTIVATE THE BENEFIT PRIOR TO THE MAXIMUM ANNUITIZATION AGE YOU MAY LOSE ALL OR PART OF THE IAB.

CALCULATION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

We will calculate the Income Appreciator Benefit amount as of the date we receive your written request in good order (or, for IAB Option 1, on the annuity date). We do this by multiplying the current earnings in the contract by the applicable Income Appreciator Benefit percentage based on the number of years the Income Appreciator Benefit has been in force. For purposes of calculating the Income Appreciator Benefit:

- earnings are calculated as the difference between the contract value and the sum of all purchase payments;
- earnings do not include (1) any amount added to the contract value as a result of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, or (2) if we were to permit you to elect the Income Appreciator Benefit after the contract date, any earnings accrued under the contract prior to that election;
- withdrawals reduce earnings first, then purchase payments, on a dollar-for-dollar basis;
- the table below shows the Income Appreciator Benefit percentages corresponding to the number of years the Income Appreciator Benefit has been in force.

<Table>
<Caption>
NUMBER OF YEARS INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT HAS BEEN IN FORCE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT PERCENTAGE

<S> 0-6 0%
7-9 15%
10-14 20%
15+ 25%
</Table>

IAB OPTION 1 -- INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AT ANNUITIZATION

Under this option, if you choose to activate the Income Appreciator Benefit at annuitization, we will calculate

WHAT IS THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT? CONTINUED

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

the Income Appreciator Benefit amount on the annuity date and add it to the adjusted contract value for purposes of determining the amount available for annuitization. You may apply this amount to any annuity or settlement option over the lifetime of the annuitant, joint annuitants, or a period certain of at least 15 years (but not to exceed life expectancy).

UPON ANNUITIZATION, YOU MAY LOSE ALL OR A PORTION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR

BENEFIT IF YOU CHOOSE AN ANNUITY SETTLEMENT OPTION OTHER THAN ANY LIFETIME PAYOUT OPTION OR PERIOD CERTAIN OPTION FOR AT LEAST 15 YEARS. IN SUCH INSTANCES, WE WOULD NOT REIMBURSE YOU FOR THE EXPENSES YOU HAD PAID US FOR THIS BENEFIT.

EFFECT OF INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT ON GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

If you exercise the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit feature and an Income Appreciator Benefit amount remains payable under your contract, the value we use to calculate the annuity payout amount will be the greater of:

- 1. the adjusted contract value plus the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount, calculated at current IAB annuitization rates; or
- 2. the GMIB protected value plus the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount, calculated using the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates shown in the contract.

If you exercise the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit feature and activate the Income Appreciator Benefit at the same time, you must choose among the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit annuity payout options available at the time.

TERMINATING THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

The Income Appreciator Benefit will terminate on the earliest of:

- - the date you make a total withdrawal from the contract;
- - the date a death benefit is payable if the contract is not continued by the surviving spouse under the Spousal Continuation Benefit;
- - the date the Income Appreciator Benefit amount is reduced to zero (generally ten years after activation) under IAB Options 2 and 3;
- - the date of annuitization; or
- - the date the contract terminates.

Upon termination of the Income Appreciator Benefit, we cease imposing the associated charge.

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT OPTIONS DURING THE ACCUMULATION PHASE

You may choose IAB Option 1 at annuitization, but you may instead choose IAB Options 2 or 3 during the accumulation phase of your contract. Income Appreciator Benefit payments under IAB Options 2 and 3 will begin on the same day of the month as the contract date, beginning with the next month following our receipt of your request in good order. Under IAB Options 2 and 3, you can choose to have the Income Appreciator Benefit amounts paid or credited monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually.

IAB OPTIONS 2 AND 3 INVOLVE A TEN-YEAR PAYMENT PERIOD. IF THE 10-YEAR PAYMENT PERIOD WOULD END AFTER THE ANNUITY DATE AND YOU CHOOSE AN ANNUITY SETTLEMENT OPTION OTHER THAN ANY LIFETIME PAYOUT OPTION OR PERIOD CERTAIN OPTION OF AT LEAST 15 YEARS OR YOU MAKE A FULL WITHDRAWAL, YOU MAY LOSE ALL OR ANY REMAINING PORTION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT. IN SUCH INSTANCES, WE WOULD NOT REIMBURSE YOU FOR THE EXPENSES YOU HAD PAID US FOR THIS BENEFIT.

IAB OPTION 2 -- INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AUTOMATIC WITHDRAWAL PAYMENT PROGRAM

Under this option, you elect to receive the Income Appreciator Benefit during the accumulation phase. When you activate the benefit, a 10-year Income Appreciator Benefit automatic withdrawal payment program begins. We will pay you the Income Appreciator Benefit amount in equal installments over a 10-year payment period. You may combine this Income Appreciator Benefit amount with an automated withdrawal amount from your contract value, in which case each combined payment must be at least \$100.

The maximum automated withdrawal payment amount that you may receive from your contract value

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under this Income Appreciator Benefit program in any contract year during the 10-year period may not exceed 10% of the contract value as of the date you activate the Income Appreciator Benefit.

Once we calculate the Income Appreciator Benefit, the amount will not be affected by changes in contract value due to the investment performance of any allocation option. Withdrawal charges may apply to automatic withdrawal payment amounts, but not to amounts attributable to the Income Appreciator Benefit.

After the ten-year payment period has ended, if the remaining contract value is \$2,000 or more, the contract will continue. If the remaining contract value is less than \$2,000 after the end of the 10-year payment period, we will pay you the remaining contract value and the contract will terminate. If the contract value falls below the minimum amount required to keep the contract in force due solely to investment results before the end of the 10-year payment period, we will continue to pay the Income Appreciator Benefit amount for the remainder of the 10-year payment period.

DISCONTINUING THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AUTOMATIC WITHDRAWAL PAYMENT PROGRAM UNDER IAB OPTION 2

You may discontinue the Income Appreciator Benefit payment program under IAB Option 2 and activate IAB Option 3 at any time after payments have begun and before the last payment is made. We will add the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount to the contract value at the same frequency as your initial election until the end of the 10-year payment period. We will treat any Income Appreciator Benefit amount added to the contract value as additional earnings. Unless you direct us otherwise, we will allocate these additions to the variable investment options, fixed interest rate options, or the market value adjustment option in the same proportions as your most recent purchase payment allocation percentages.

You may discontinue the Income Appreciator Benefit payment program under IAB Option 2 before the last payment is made and elect an annuity or settlement option. We will add the balance of the Income Appreciator Benefit amount for the 10-year payment period to the contract value in a lump sum before determining the adjusted contract value. The adjusted contract value may be applied to any annuity or settlement option that is paid over the lifetime of the annuitant, joint annuitants, or a period certain of at least 15 years (but not to exceed life expectancy).

IAB OPTION 3 -- INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT CREDIT TO CONTRACT VALUE

Under this option, you can activate the Income Appreciator Benefit and receive the benefit as credits to your contract value over a 10-year payment period. We will allocate these Income Appreciator Benefit credits to the variable investment options, the fixed interest rate options, or the market value adjustment option in the same manner as your current allocation, unless you direct us otherwise. We will waive the \$1,000 minimum requirement for the market value adjustment option. We will calculate the Income Appreciator Benefit amount on the date we receive your written request in good order. Once we have calculated the Income Appreciator Benefit, the Income Appreciator Benefit credit will not be affected by changes in contract value due to the investment performance of any allocation option.

Before we add the last Income Appreciator Benefit credit to your contract value, you may switch to IAB Option 2 and receive the remainder of the Income Appreciator Benefit as payments to you (instead of credits to the contract value) under the Income Appreciator Benefit program for the remainder of the 10-year payment period.

You can also request that any remaining payments in the 10-year payment period be applied to an annuity or settlement option that is paid over the lifetime of the annuitants, joint annuitants, or a period certain of at least 15 years (but not to exceed life expectancy).

EXCESS WITHDRAWALS

During the 10 year period under IAB options 2 or 3, an "excess withdrawal" occurs when any amount is withdrawn from your contract value in a contract year that exceeds the sum of (1) 10% of the contract value as of the date the Income Appreciator Benefit was activated

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WHAT IS THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT? CONTINUED

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

plus (2) earnings since the Income Appreciator Benefit was activated that have not been previously withdrawn.

We will deduct the excess withdrawal on a proportional basis from the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount. We will then calculate and apply a new reduced Income Appreciator Benefit amount.

Withdrawals you make in a contract year that do not exceed the sum of (1) 10% of the contract value as of the date the Income Appreciator Benefit was

activated plus (2) earnings since the Income Appreciator Benefit was activated that have not been previously withdrawn do not reduce the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount. Additionally, if the amount withdrawn in any year is less than the excess withdrawal threshold, the difference between the amount withdrawn and the threshold can be carried over to subsequent years on a cumulative basis and withdrawn without causing a reduction to the Income Appreciator Benefit amount.

EFFECT OF TOTAL WITHDRAWAL ON INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

We will not make Income Appreciator Benefit payments after the date you make a total withdrawal of the contract surrender value.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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HOW CAN I PURCHASE A STRATEGIC PARTNERS

ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT?

PURCHASE PAYMENTS

The initial purchase payment is the amount of money you give us to purchase the contract. Unless we agree otherwise, and subject to our rules, the minimum initial purchase payment is \$10,000. You must get our prior approval for any initial and additional purchase payment of \$1,000,000 or more, unless we are prohibited under applicable state law from insisting on such prior approval. With some restrictions, you can make additional purchase payments by means other than electronic fund transfer of no less than \$500 at any time during the accumulation phase. However, we impose a minimum of \$100 with respect to additional purchase payments made through electronic fund transfers.

You may purchase this contract only if the oldest of the owner, joint owner, annuitant, or co-annuitant is age 85 or younger on the contract date. Certain age limits apply to certain features and benefits described herein. No subsequent purchase payments may be made on or after the earliest of the 86th birthday of:

- - the owner,
- - the joint owner,
- - the annuitant, or
- - the co-annuitant.

Currently, the maximum aggregate purchase payments you may make is \$7 million. We limit the maximum total purchase payments in any contract year other than the first to \$2 million absent our prior approval.

ALLOCATION OF PURCHASE PAYMENTS

When you purchase a contract, we will allocate your invested purchase payment among the variable or fixed interest rate investment options, or the market value adjustment option based on the percentages you choose. The percentage of your allocation to a particular investment option can range in whole percentages from 0% to 100%.

When you make an additional purchase payment, it will be allocated in the same way as your most recent purchase payment, unless you tell us otherwise. Allocations to the DCA Fixed Rate Option must be no less than \$2,000 and, allocations to the market value adjustment option must be no less than \$1,000.

You may change your allocation of future invested purchase payments at any time. Contact the Prudential Annuity Service Center for details.

We generally will credit the initial purchase payment to your contract within two business days from the day on which we receive your payment in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. If, however, your first payment is made without enough information for us to set up your contract, we may need to contact you to obtain the required information. If we are not able to obtain this information within five business days, we will within that five business day period either return your purchase payment or obtain your consent to continue holding it until we receive the necessary information. We will generally credit each subsequent purchase payment as of the business day we receive it in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. Our business day generally closes at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time. Our business day may close earlier, for example if regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange closes early. Subsequent purchase payments received in good order after the close of

the business day will be credited on the following business day.

At our discretion, we may give initial and subsequent purchase payments (as well as withdrawals and transfers) received in good order by certain broker/dealers prior to the close of a business day the same treatment as they would have received had they been received at the same time at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. For more detail, talk to your registered representative.

CREDITS

If you purchase the Contract With Credit, we will add a credit amount to your contract value with each purchase payment you make. The credit amount is allocated to the variable or fixed interest rate investment options or the market value adjustment option in the same percentages as the purchase payment.

The bonus credit that we pay with respect to any purchase payment depends on (i) the age of the older of the owner or joint owner on the date on which the

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HOW CAN I PURCHASE A STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT? CONTINUED

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

purchase payment is made and (ii) the amount of the purchase payment. Specifically,

- - if the elder owner is 80 or younger on the date that the purchase payment is made, then we will add a bonus credit to the purchase payment equal to 4% if the purchase payment is less than \$250,000; 5% if the purchase payment is equal to or greater than \$250,000 but less than \$1 million; or 6% if the purchase payment is \$1 million or greater; and
- - if the older owner is aged 81-85 on the date that the purchase payment is made, then we will add a bonus credit equal to 3% of the amount of the purchase payment.

Under the Contract With Credit, if the owner returns the contract during the free look period, we will recapture the bonus credits. If we pay a death benefit under the contract, we have a contractual right to take back any credit we applied within one year of the date of death.

CALCULATING CONTRACT VALUE

The value of the variable portion of your contract will go up or down depending on the investment performance of the variable investment options you choose. To determine the value of your contract allocated to the variable investment options, we use a unit of measure called an accumulation unit. An accumulation unit works like a share of a mutual fund.

Every day we determine the value of an accumulation unit for each of the variable investment options. We do this by:

- 1) adding up the total amount of money allocated to a specific investment option,
- 2) subtracting from that amount insurance charges and any other applicable charges such as for taxes, and
- 3) dividing this amount by the number of outstanding accumulation units.

When you make a purchase payment to a variable investment option, we credit your contract with accumulation units of the subaccount or subaccounts for the investment options you choose. We determine the number of accumulation units credited to your contract by dividing the amount of the purchase payment, plus (if you have purchased the Contract With Credit) any applicable credit, allocated to a variable investment option by the unit price of the accumulation unit for that variable investment option. We calculate the unit price for each investment option after the New York Stock Exchange closes each day and then credit your contract. The value of the accumulation units can increase, decrease, or remain the same from day to day.

We cannot guarantee that your contract value will increase or that it will not fall below the amount of your total purchase payments.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

WHAT ARE THE EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT?

THERE ARE CHARGES AND OTHER EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE CONTRACT THAT REDUCE THE RETURN ON YOUR INVESTMENT. THESE CHARGES AND EXPENSES ARE DESCRIBED BELOW.

The charges under the contracts are designed to cover, in the aggregate, our direct and indirect costs of selling, administering and providing benefits under the contracts. They are also designed, in the aggregate, to compensate us for the risks of loss we assume pursuant to the contracts. If, as we expect, the charges that we collect from the contracts exceed our total costs in connection with the contracts, we will earn a profit. Otherwise, we will incur a loss. The rates of certain of our charges have been set with reference to estimates of the amount of specific types of expenses or risks that we will incur. In most cases, this prospectus identifies such expenses or risks in the name of the charge; however, the fact that any charge bears the name of, or is designed primarily to defray a particular expense or risk does not mean that the amount we collect from that charge will never be more than the amount of such expense or risk. Nor does it mean that we may not also be compensated for such expense or risk out of any other charges we are permitted to deduct by the terms of the contract.

INSURANCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE CHARGES

Each day, we make a deduction for the insurance and administrative charges. These charges cover our expenses for mortality and expense risk, administration, marketing and distribution. If you choose a Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit option, or Lifetime Five Income Benefit option, the insurance and administrative cost also includes a charge to cover our assumption of the associated risk. The mortality risk portion of the charge is for assuming the risk that the annuitant(s) will live longer than expected based on our life expectancy tables. When this happens, we pay a greater number of annuity payments. We also incur the risk that the death benefit amount exceeds the contract value. The expense risk portion of the charge is for assuming the risk that the current charges will be insufficient in the future to cover the cost of administering the contract. The administrative expense portion of the charge compensates us for the expenses associated with the administration of the contract. This includes preparing and issuing the contract; establishing and maintaining contract records; preparation of confirmations and annual reports; personnel costs; legal and accounting fees; filing fees; and systems costs.

We calculate the insurance and administrative charge based on the average daily value of all assets allocated to the variable investment options. These charges are not assessed against amounts allocated to the fixed interest rate options. The amount of the charge depends on the death benefit (or other) option that you choose.

The death benefit charge is equal to:

- 1.40% on an annual basis if you choose the base death benefit, or
- 1.65% on an annual basis if you choose the step-up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit option (i.e., 0.25% in addition to the base death benefit charge).

We impose an additional insurance and administrative charge of 0.10% annually (of account value attributable to the variable investment options) for the Contract With Credit.

We impose an additional charge of 0.60% annually if you choose the Lifetime Five Income Benefit. We impose an additional charge of 0.75% annually if you choose the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit. The 0.60% and 0.75% charges are in addition to the charge we impose for the applicable death benefit, and are deducted daily based on the contract value in the variable investment options. Upon any reset of the amounts guaranteed under these benefits, we reserve the right to adjust the charge to that being imposed at that time for new elections of the benefits.

If the charges under the contract are not sufficient to cover our expenses, then we will bear the loss. We do, however, expect to profit from these charges. Any profits made from these charges may be used by us to pay for the costs of distributing the contracts. If you

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

choose the Contract With Credit, we will also use any profits from this charge to recoup our costs of providing the credit.

WITHDRAWAL CHARGE

A withdrawal charge may apply if you make a full or partial withdrawal during the withdrawal charge period for a purchase payment. The amount and duration of the withdrawal charge depends on whether you choose the Contract With Credit or the Contract Without Credit. The withdrawal charge varies with the number of contract anniversaries that have elapsed since each purchase payment being withdrawn was made. Specifically, we maintain an "age" for each purchase payment you have made by keeping track of how many contract anniversaries have passed since the purchase payment was made.

The withdrawal charge is the percentage, shown below, of the amount withdrawn.

<Table> <Caption> NUMBER OF CONTRACT ANNIVERSARIES SINCE THE DATE OF EACH PURCHASE PAYMENT		CONTRACT WITH CREDIT WITHDRAWAL CHARGE	CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT WITHDRAWAL CHARGE
-----		-----	-----
<S>		<C>	<C>
	0	8%	7%
	1	8%	6%
	2	8%	5%
	3	8%	4%
	4	7%	3%
	5	6%	2%
	6	5%	1%
	7	0%	0%
</Table>			

If a withdrawal is effective on the day before a contract anniversary, the withdrawal charge percentage as of the next following contract anniversary will apply.

If you request a withdrawal, we will deduct an amount from the contract value that is sufficient to pay the withdrawal charge, and provide you with the amount requested.

If you request a full withdrawal, we will provide you with the full amount of the contract value after making deductions for charges.

Each contract year, you may withdraw a specified amount of your contract value without incurring a withdrawal charge. We determine the "charge-free" amount available to you in a given contract year on the contract anniversary that begins that year. In calculating the charge-free amount, we divide purchase payments into two categories -- payments that are subject to a withdrawal charge and those that are not. We determine the charge-free amount based only on purchase payments that are subject to a withdrawal charge. The charge-free amount in a given contract year is equal to 10% of the sum of all the purchase payments subject to the withdrawal charge that you have made as of the applicable contract anniversary. During the first contract year, the charge-free amount is equal to 10% of the initial purchase payment.

When you make a withdrawal (including a withdrawal under the optional Lifetime Five Income Benefit), we will deduct the amount of the withdrawal first from the available charge-free amount. Any excess amount will then be deducted from purchase payments in excess of the charge-free amount and subject to applicable withdrawal charges. Once you have withdrawn all purchase payments, additional withdrawals will come from any earnings. We do not impose withdrawal charges on earnings.

If a withdrawal or transfer is taken from a market value adjustment guarantee period, prior to the expiration of the rate guarantee period, we will make a market value adjustment to the withdrawal amount. We will then apply a withdrawal charge to the adjusted amount.

If you choose the Contract With Credit and make a withdrawal that is subject to a withdrawal charge, we may use part of that withdrawal charge to recoup our costs of providing the credit.

Withdrawal charges will never be greater than permitted by applicable law.

MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS

If a withdrawal is taken from a tax qualified contract under the minimum distribution option in order to satisfy an Internal Revenue Service mandatory distribution requirement only with respect to that contract's account balance, we will waive withdrawal charges. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?"

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

CONTRACT MAINTENANCE CHARGE

On each contract anniversary during the accumulation phase, if your contract value is less than \$75,000, we will deduct the lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value, for administrative expenses. We may raise the level of the contract value at which we waive this fee. The charge will be deducted proportionately from each of the contract's investment options. This same charge will also be deducted when you surrender your contract if your contract value is less than \$75,000.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT CHARGE

We will impose an additional charge if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. FOR CONTRACTS SOLD ON OR AFTER MAY 1, 2004, we will deduct a charge equal to 0.50% per year of the average GMIB protected value for the period the charge applies. FOR ALL OTHER CONTRACTS, this is an annual charge equal to 0.45% of the average GMIB protected value for the period the charge applies. We deduct the charge from your contract value on each of the following events:

- - each contract anniversary,
- - when you begin the income phase of the contract,
- - upon a full withdrawal, and
- - upon a partial withdrawal if the remaining contract value would not be enough to cover the then applicable Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit charge.

If we impose this fee other than on a contract anniversary, then we will pro-rate it based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted.

Because the charge is calculated based on the average GMIB protected value, it does not increase or decrease based on changes to the annuity's contract value due to market performance. If the GMIB protected value increases, the dollar amount of the annual charge will increase, while a decrease in the GMIB protected value will decrease the dollar amount of the charge.

The charge is deducted annually in arrears each contract year on the contract anniversary. We deduct the amount of the charge pro-rata from the contract value allocated to the variable investment options. If you surrender your contract, begin receiving annuity payments under the GMIB or any other annuity payout option we make available during a contract year, or the GMIB terminates, we will deduct the charge for the portion of the contract year since the prior contract anniversary (or the contract date if in the first contract year). Upon a full withdrawal or if the contract value remaining after a partial withdrawal is not enough to cover the applicable Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit charge, we will deduct the charge from the amount we pay you.

THE FACT THAT WE MAY IMPOSE THE CHARGE UPON A FULL OR PARTIAL WITHDRAWAL DOES NOT IMPAIR YOUR RIGHT TO MAKE A WITHDRAWAL AT THE TIME OF YOUR CHOOSING.

We will not impose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit charge after the income phase begins.

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT CHARGE

We will impose an additional charge if you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit. This is an annual charge equal to 0.25% of your contract value. The Income Appreciator Benefit charge is calculated:

- on each contract anniversary,
- on the annuity date,
- upon the death of the sole owner or the first-to-die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date,
- upon a full or partial withdrawal, and
- upon a subsequent purchase payment.

The fee is based on the contract value at the time of the calculation, and is

prorated based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted.

Although the Income Appreciator Benefit charge may be calculated more often, it is deducted only:

- on each contract anniversary,
- on the annuity date,
- upon the death of the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date,
- upon a full withdrawal, and
- upon a partial withdrawal if the contract value remaining after such partial withdrawal is not enough to cover the then-applicable Income Appreciator Benefit charge.

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WHAT ARE THE EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC
PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT? CONTINUED

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We reserve the right to calculate and deduct the fee more frequently than annually, such as quarterly.

The Income Appreciator Benefit charge is deducted from each investment option in the same proportion that the amount allocated to the investment option bears to the total contract value. No market value adjustment will apply to the portion of the charge deducted from the Market Value Adjustment Option. Upon a full withdrawal, or if the contract value remaining after a partial withdrawal is not enough to cover the then-applicable Income Appreciator Benefit charge, the charge is deducted from the amount paid. The payment of the Income Appreciator Benefit charge will be deemed to be made from earnings for purposes of calculating other charges. THE FACT THAT WE MAY IMPOSE THE CHARGE UPON A FULL OR PARTIAL WITHDRAWAL DOES NOT IMPAIR YOUR RIGHT TO MAKE A WITHDRAWAL AT THE TIME OF YOUR CHOOSING.

We do not assess this charge upon election of IAB Option 1, the completion of IAB Option 2 or 3, and upon annuitization. However, we do assess the IAB charge during the 10-year payment period contemplated by IAB Options 2 and 3. Moreover, you should realize that amounts credited to your contract value under IAB Option 3 increase the contract value, and because the IAB fee is a percentage of your contract value, the IAB fee may increase as a consequence of those additions.

TAXES ATTRIBUTABLE TO PREMIUM

There may be federal, state and premium based taxes applicable to your purchase payment. We are responsible for the payment of these taxes and may make a deduction from the value of the contract to pay some or all of these taxes. New York does not currently charge premium taxes on annuities. It is our current practice not to deduct a charge for the federal tax associated with deferred acquisition costs paid by us that are based on premium received. However, we reserve the right to charge the contract owner in the future for any such tax associated with deferred acquisition costs and any federal, state or local income, excise, business or any other type of tax measured by the amount of premium received by us.

TRANSFER FEE

You can make 12 free transfers every contract year. We measure a contract year from the date we issue your contract (contract date). If you make more than 12 transfers in a contract year (excluding Dollar Cost Averaging and Auto-Rebalancing), we will deduct a transfer fee of \$25 for each additional transfer. We have the right to increase this fee up to a maximum of \$30 per transfer, but we have no current plans to do so. We will deduct the transfer fee pro-rata from the investment options from which the transfer is made. The transfer fee is deducted before the market value adjustment, if any, is calculated.

COMPANY TAXES

We pay company income taxes on the taxable corporate earnings created by this separate account product. While we may consider company income taxes when pricing our products, we do not currently include such income taxes in the tax

charges you pay under the contract. We will periodically review the issue of charging for these taxes and may impose a charge in the future.

In calculating our corporate income tax liability, we derive certain corporate income tax benefits associated with the investment of company assets, including separate account assets, which are treated as company assets under applicable income tax law. These benefits reduce our overall corporate income tax liability. Under current law, such benefits may include foreign tax credits and corporate dividend received deductions. We do not pass these tax benefits through to holders of the separate account annuity contracts because (i) the contract owners are not the owners of the assets generating these benefits under applicable income tax law and (ii) we do not currently include company income taxes in the tax charges you pay under the contract. We reserve the right to change these tax practices.

UNDERLYING MUTUAL FUND FEES

When you allocate a purchase payment or a transfer to the variable investment options, we in turn invest in shares of a corresponding underlying mutual fund. Those funds charge fees that are in addition to the contract-related fees described in this section. For 2005, the fees of these funds ranged from 0.38% to 1.67% annually. For certain funds, expenses are reduced pursuant to expense waivers and comparable arrangements. In general, these expense waivers and comparable arrangements are not guaranteed, and may be terminated at any time. For additional information about these fund fees, please consult the prospectuses for the funds.

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HOW CAN I

ACCESS MY MONEY?

YOU CAN ACCESS YOUR MONEY BY:

- - MAKING A WITHDRAWAL (EITHER PARTIAL OR FULL); OR
- - CHOOSING TO RECEIVE ANNUITY PAYMENTS DURING THE INCOME PHASE.

WITHDRAWALS DURING THE ACCUMULATION PHASE

When you make a full withdrawal, you will receive the value of your contract minus any applicable charges and fees. We will calculate the value of your contract and charges, if any, as of the date we receive your request in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center.

Unless you tell us otherwise, any partial withdrawal and related withdrawal charges will be taken proportionately from all of the investment options you have selected. The minimum contract value that must remain in order to keep your contract in force after a withdrawal is \$2,000. If you request a withdrawal amount that would reduce the contract value below this minimum, we will withdraw the maximum amount available that, with the withdrawal charge, would not reduce the contract value below such minimum.

With respect to the variable investment options, we will generally pay the withdrawal amount, less any required tax withholding, within seven days after we receive a withdrawal request in good order. We will deduct applicable charges, if any, from the assets in your contract.

With respect to the market value adjustment option, you may specify the guarantee period from which you would like to make a withdrawal. If you indicate that the withdrawal is to originate from the market value adjustment option, but you do not specify which guarantee period is to be involved, then we will take the withdrawal from the guarantee period that has the least time remaining until its maturity date. If you indicate that you wish to make a withdrawal, but do not specify the investment options to be involved, then we will take the withdrawal from your contract value on a pro rata basis from each investment option that you have. In that situation, we will aggregate the contract value in each of the guarantee periods that you have within the market value adjustment option for purposes of making that pro rata calculation. The portion of the withdrawal associated with the market value adjustment option then will be taken from the guarantee periods with the least amount of time remaining until the maturity date, irrespective of the original length of the guarantee period. You should be aware that a withdrawal may avoid a withdrawal charge based on the charge-free amount that we allow, yet still be subject to a market value adjustment.

INCOME TAXES, TAX PENALTIES, AND CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS ALSO MAY APPLY TO ANY

WITHDRAWAL YOU MAKE. FOR A MORE COMPLETE EXPLANATION, SEE SECTION 10.

AUTOMATED WITHDRAWALS

We offer an automated withdrawal feature. This feature enables you to receive periodic withdrawals in monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual intervals. We will process your withdrawals at the end of the business day at the intervals you specify. We will continue at these intervals until you tell us otherwise. You can make withdrawals from any designated investment option or proportionally from all investment options (other than a guarantee period within the market value adjustment option). The minimum automated withdrawal amount you can make is generally \$100. An assignment of the contract terminates any automated withdrawal program that you had in effect.

INCOME TAXES, TAX PENALTIES, WITHDRAWAL CHARGES, AND CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS MAY APPLY TO AUTOMATED WITHDRAWALS. FOR A MORE COMPLETE EXPLANATION, SEE SECTION 10.

SUSPENSION OF PAYMENTS OR TRANSFERS

The SEC may require us to suspend or postpone payments made in connection with withdrawals or transfers for any period when:

- - The New York Stock Exchange is closed (other than customary weekend and holiday closings);
- - Trading on the New York Stock Exchange is restricted;

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HOW CAN I ACCESS MY MONEY? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

- - An emergency exists, as determined by the SEC, during which sales and redemptions of shares of the underlying mutual funds are not feasible or we cannot reasonably value the accumulation units; or
- - The SEC, by order, permits suspension or postponement of payments for the protection of owners.

We expect to pay the amount of any withdrawal or process any transfer made from the fixed interest rate options promptly upon request.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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WHAT ARE THE TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC
PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT?

The tax considerations associated with the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 contract vary depending on whether the contract is (i) owned by an individual and not associated with a tax-favored retirement plan (including contracts held by a non-natural person, such as a trust, acting as an agent for a natural person), or (ii) held under a tax-favored retirement plan. We discuss the tax considerations for these categories of contracts below. The discussion is general in nature and describes only federal income tax law (not state or other tax laws). It is based on current law and interpretations, which may change. The discussion includes a description of certain spousal rights under the contract and under tax-qualified plans. Our administration of such spousal rights and related tax reporting accords with our understanding of the Defense of Marriage Act (which defines a "marriage" as a legal union between a man and a woman and a "spouse" as a person of the opposite sex). The information provided is not intended as tax advice. You should consult with a qualified tax advisor for complete information and advice. References to purchase payments below relate to your cost basis in your contract. Generally, your cost basis in a contract not associated with a tax-favored retirement plan is the amount you pay into your contract, or into annuities exchanged for your contract, on an after-tax basis less any withdrawals of such payments.

This contract may also be purchased as a non-qualified annuity by a 401(a) trust or custodial IRA or Roth IRA account, which can hold other permissible assets other than the annuity. The terms and administration of the trust or

custodial account in accordance with the laws and regulations for 401(a) plans, IRAs or Roth IRAs, as applicable, are the responsibility of the applicable trustee or custodian.

CONTRACTS OWNED BY INDIVIDUALS (NOT ASSOCIATED WITH TAX-FAVORED RETIREMENT PLANS)

TAXES PAYABLE BY YOU

We believe the contract is an annuity contract for tax purposes. Accordingly, as a general rule, you should not pay any tax until you receive money under the contract.

Generally, annuity contracts issued by the same company (and affiliates) to you during the same calendar year must be treated as one annuity contract for purposes of determining the amount subject to tax under the rules described below.

It is possible that the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) would assert that some or all of the charges for the optional benefits under the contract such as the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, should be treated for federal income tax purposes as a partial withdrawal from the contract. If this were the case, the charge for this benefit could be deemed a withdrawal and treated as taxable to the extent there are earnings in the contract. Additionally, for owners under age 59 1/2, the taxable income attributable to the charge for the benefit could be subject to a tax penalty.

If the IRS determines that the charges for one or more benefits under the contract are taxable withdrawals, then the sole or surviving owner will be provided with a notice from us describing available alternatives regarding these benefits.

TAXES ON WITHDRAWALS AND SURRENDER

If you make a withdrawal from your contract or surrender it before annuity payments begin, the amount you receive will be taxed as ordinary income, rather than as return of purchase payments, until all gain has been withdrawn. You will generally be taxed on any withdrawals from the contract while you are alive even if the withdrawal is paid to someone else.

If you assign or pledge all or part of your contract as collateral for a loan, the part assigned generally will be treated as a withdrawal. Also, if you elect any interest payment option that we may offer, that election will be treated, for tax purposes, as surrendering your contract.

If you transfer your contract for less than full consideration, such as by gift, you will trigger tax on any gain in the contract. This rule does not apply if you transfer the contract to your spouse or under most circumstances if you transfer the contract incident to divorce.

TAXES ON ANNUITY PAYMENTS

A portion of each annuity payment you receive will be treated as a partial return of your purchase payments and will not be taxed. The remaining portion will be taxed as ordinary income. Generally, the nontaxable

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TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT CONTINUED

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

portion is determined by multiplying the annuity payment you receive by a fraction, the numerator of which is your purchase payments (less any amounts previously received tax-free) and the denominator of which is the total expected payments under the contract.

After the full amount of your purchase payments have been recovered tax-free, the full amount of the annuity payments will be taxable. If annuity payments stop due to the death of the annuitant before the full amount of your purchase payments have been recovered, a tax deduction may be allowed for the unrecovered amount.

TAX PENALTY ON WITHDRAWALS AND ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Any taxable amount you receive under your contract may be subject to a 10% tax penalty. Amounts are not subject to this tax penalty if:

- - the amount is paid on or after you reach age 59 1/2 or die;
- - the amount received is attributable to your becoming disabled;
- - the amount paid or received is in the form of substantially equal payments not less frequently than annually (please note that substantially equal payments must continue until the later of reaching age 59 1/2 or 5 years. Modification of payments during that time period will generally result in retroactive application of the 10% tax penalty.); or
- - the amount received is paid under an immediate annuity contract (in which annuity payments begin within one year of purchase).

SPECIAL RULES IN RELATION TO TAX-FREE EXCHANGES UNDER SECTION 1035

Section 1035 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (Code) permits certain tax-free exchanges of a life insurance, annuity or endowment contract for an annuity. If the annuity is purchased through a tax-free exchange of a life insurance, annuity or endowment contract that was purchased prior to August 14, 1982, then any purchase payments made to the original contract prior to August 14, 1982 will be treated as made to the new contract prior to that date. (See "Federal Tax Status" in the Statement of Additional Information.)

Partial surrenders may be treated in the same way as tax-free 1035 exchanges of entire contracts, therefore avoiding current taxation of gains in the contract as well as the 10% tax penalty of pre-age 59 1/2 withdrawals. The IRS has reserved the right to treat transactions it considers abusive as ineligible for this favorable partial 1035 exchange treatment. We do not know what transactions may be considered abusive. For example we do not know how the IRS may view early withdrawals or annuitizations after a partial exchange. In addition, it is unclear how the IRS will treat a partial exchange from a life insurance, endowment, or annuity contract into an immediate annuity. As of the date of this prospectus, we will accept a partial 1035 exchange from a non-qualified annuity into an immediate annuity as a "tax-free" exchange for future tax reporting purposes, except to the extent that we, as a reporting and withholding agent, believe that we would be expected to deem the transaction to be abusive. However, some insurance companies may not recognize these partial surrenders as tax-free exchanges and may report them as taxable distributions to the extent of any gain distributed as well as subjecting the taxable portion of the distribution to the 10% tax penalty. We strongly urge you to discuss any transaction of this type with your tax advisor before proceeding with the transaction.

TAXES PAYABLE BY BENEFICIARIES

The death benefit options are subject to income tax to the extent the distribution exceeds the cost basis in the contract. The value of the death benefit, as determined under federal law, is also included in the owner's estate.

Generally, the same tax rules described above would also apply to amounts received by your beneficiary. Choosing any option other than a lump sum death benefit may defer taxes. Certain minimum distribution requirements apply upon your death, as discussed further below.

Tax consequences to the beneficiary vary among the death benefit payment options.

- - Choice 1: The beneficiary is taxed on earnings in the contract.

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- - Choice 2: The beneficiary is taxed as amounts are withdrawn (in this case earnings are treated as being distributed first).
- - Choice 3: The beneficiary is taxed on each payment (part will be treated as earnings and part as return of premiums).

REPORTING AND WITHHOLDING ON DISTRIBUTIONS

Taxable amounts distributed from your annuity contracts are subject to federal and state income tax reporting and withholding. In general, we will withhold federal income tax from the taxable portion of such distribution based on the type of distribution. In the case of an annuity or similar periodic payment, we will withhold as if you are a married individual with three exemptions unless you designate a different withholding status. In the case of all other distributions, we will withhold at a 10% rate. You may generally elect not to have tax withheld from your payments. An election out of withholding must be made on forms that we provide.

State income tax withholding rules vary and we will withhold based on the rules of your State of residence. Special tax rules apply to withholding for nonresident aliens, and we generally withhold income tax for nonresident aliens at a 30% rate. A different withholding rate may be applicable to a nonresident alien based on the terms of an existing income tax treaty between the United States and the nonresident alien's country. Please refer to the CONTRACTS HELD BY TAX FAVORED PLANS section below for a discussion regarding withholding rules for tax favored plans (for example, an IRA).

Regardless of the amount withheld by us, you are liable for payment of federal and state income tax on the taxable portion of annuity distributions. You should consult with your tax advisor regarding the payment of the correct amount of these income taxes and potential liability if you fail to pay such taxes.

ANNUITY QUALIFICATION

Diversification And Investor Control. In order to qualify for the tax rules applicable to annuity contracts described above, the assets underlying the variable investment options of the annuity contract must be diversified, according to certain rules. We believe these diversification rules will be met.

An additional requirement for qualification for the tax treatment described above is that we, and not you as the contract owner, must have sufficient control over the underlying assets to be treated as the owner of the underlying assets for tax purposes. While we also believe these investor control rules will be met, the Treasury Department may promulgate guidelines under which a variable annuity will not be treated as an annuity for tax purposes if persons with ownership rights have excessive control over the investments underlying such variable annuity. It is unclear whether such guidelines, if in fact promulgated, would have retroactive effect. It is also unclear what effect, if any, such guidelines may have on transfers between the investment options offered pursuant to this prospectus. We will take any action, including modifications to your contract or the investment options, required to comply with such guidelines if promulgated.

Please refer to the Statement of Additional Information for further information on these diversification and investor control issues.

Required Distributions Upon Your Death. Upon your death, certain distributions must be made under the contract. The required distributions depend on whether you die before you start taking annuity payments under the contract or after you start taking annuity payments under the contract.

If you die on or after the annuity date, the remaining portion of the interest in the contract must be distributed at least as rapidly as under the method of distribution being used as of the date of death.

If you die before the annuity date, the entire interest in the contract must be distributed within 5 years after the date of death. However, if a periodic payment option is selected by your designated beneficiary and if such payments begin within 1 year of your death, the value of the contract may be distributed over the beneficiary's life or a period not exceeding the beneficiary's life expectancy. Your designated beneficiary is the person to whom benefit rights under the contract pass by reason of death, and must be a

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TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 CONTRACT CONTINUED

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natural person in order to elect a periodic payment option based on life expectancy or a period exceeding five years.

If the contract is payable to (or for the benefit of) your surviving spouse, that portion of the contract may be continued with your spouse as the owner.

Changes In The Contract. We reserve the right to make any changes we deem necessary to assure that the contract qualifies as an annuity contract for tax purposes. Any such changes will apply to all contract owners and you will be given notice to the extent feasible under the circumstances.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

You should refer to the Statement of Additional Information if:

- - The contract is held by a corporation or other entity instead of by an individual or as agent for an individual.
- - Your contract was issued in exchange for a contract containing purchase payments made before August 14, 1982.
- - You transfer your contract to, or designate, a beneficiary who is either 37 1/2 years younger than you or a grandchild.

CONTRACTS HELD BY TAX-FAVORED PLANS

The following discussion covers annuity contracts held under tax-favored retirement plans.

Currently, the contract may be purchased for use in connection with individual retirement accounts and annuities (IRAs) which are subject to Sections 408(a) and 408(b) of the Code and Roth Individual Retirement Accounts (Roth IRAs) under Section 408A of the Code. This description assumes that you have satisfied the requirements for eligibility for these products.

YOU SHOULD BE AWARE THAT TAX FAVORED PLANS SUCH AS IRAS GENERALLY PROVIDE TAX DEFERRAL REGARDLESS WHETHER THEY INVEST IN ANNUITY CONTRACTS. THIS MEANS THAT WHEN A TAX FAVORED PLAN INVESTS IN AN ANNUITY CONTRACT, IT GENERALLY DOES NOT RESULT IN ANY ADDITIONAL TAX DEFERRAL BENEFITS.

TYPES OF TAX FAVORED PLANS

IRAs. If you buy a contract for use as an IRA, we will provide you a copy of the prospectus and contract. The "IRA Disclosure Statement," attached to this prospectus, contains information about eligibility, contribution limits, tax particulars, and other IRA information. In addition to this information (some of which is summarized below), the IRS requires that you have a "free look" after making an initial contribution to the contract. During this time, you can cancel the contract by notifying us in writing, and we will refund all of the purchase payments under the contract (or, if provided by applicable state law, the amount your contract is worth, if greater), less any applicable federal and state income tax withholding.

CONTRIBUTIONS LIMITS/ROLLOVERS. Because of the way the contract is designed, you may only purchase a contract for an IRA in connection with a "rollover" of amounts from a qualified retirement plan or transfer from another IRA, or if you are age 50 or older by making a single contribution consisting of your IRA contributions and catch-up contributions attributable to the prior year and the current year during the period from January 1 to April 15 of the current year. You must make a minimum initial payment of \$10,000 to purchase a contract. This minimum is greater than the maximum amount of any annual contribution allowed by law you may make to an IRA. For 2006, the limit is \$4,000, increasing to \$5,000 in 2008. After 2008, the contribution amount will be indexed for inflation. The tax law also provides for a catch-up provision for individuals who are age 50 and above, allowing these individuals an additional \$1,000 contribution each year. The "rollover" rules under the Code are fairly technical; however, an individual (or his or her surviving spouse) may generally "roll over" certain distributions from tax favored retirement plans (either directly or within 60 days from the date of these distributions) if he or she meets the requirements for distribution. Once you buy the contract, you can make regular IRA contributions under the contract (to the extent permitted by law). However, if you make such regular IRA contributions, you should note that you will not be able to treat the contract as a "conduit IRA," which means that you will

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not retain possible favorable tax treatment if you subsequently "roll over" the contract funds originally derived from a qualified retirement plan into another Section 401(a) plan.

Required Provisions. Contracts that are IRAs (or endorsements that are part of the contract) must contain certain provisions:

- - You, as owner of the contract, must be the "annuitant" under the contract (except in certain cases involving the division of property under a decree of divorce);
- - Your rights as owner are non-forfeitable;
- - You cannot sell, assign or pledge the contract, other than to Pruco Life of New Jersey;
- - The annual contribution you pay cannot be greater than the maximum amount allowed by law, including catch-up contributions if applicable (which does

not include any rollover amounts);

- - The date on which required minimum distributions must begin cannot be later than April 1st of the calendar year after the calendar year you turn age 70 1/2; and
- - Death and annuity payments must meet "minimum distribution requirements".

Usually, the full amount of any distribution from an IRA (including a distribution from this contract) which is not a rollover is taxable. As taxable income, these distributions are subject to the general tax withholding rules described earlier. In addition to this normal tax liability, you may also be liable for the following, depending on your actions:

- - A 10% "early distribution penalty";
- - Liability for "prohibited transactions" if you, for example, borrow against the value of an IRA; or
- - Failure to take a minimum distribution.

Roth IRAs. Like standard IRAs, income within a Roth IRA accumulates tax-free, and contributions are subject to specific limits. Roth IRAs have, however, the following differences:

- - Contributions to a Roth IRA cannot be deducted from your gross income;
- - "Qualified distributions" from a Roth IRA are excludable from gross income. A "qualified distribution" is a distribution that satisfies two requirements: (1) the distribution must be made (a) after the owner of the IRA attains age 59 1/2; (b) after the owner's death; (c) due to the owner's disability; or (d) for a qualified first time homebuyer distribution within the meaning of Section 72(t)(2)(F) of the Code; and (2) the distribution must be made in the year that is at least five tax years after the first year for which a contribution was made to any Roth IRA established for the owner or five years after a rollover, transfer, or conversion was made from a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA. Distributions from a Roth IRA that are not qualified distributions will be treated as made first from contributions and then from earnings, and earnings will be taxed generally in the same manner as distributions from a traditional IRA; and
- - If eligible (including meeting income limitations and earnings requirements), you may make contributions to a Roth IRA after attaining age 70 1/2, and distributions are not required to begin upon attaining such age or at any time thereafter.

The "IRA Disclosure Statement" attached to this prospectus contains some additional information on Roth IRAs.

Because the contract's minimum initial payment of \$10,000 is greater than the maximum annual contribution permitted to be made to a Roth IRA, you may only purchase the contract for a Roth IRA in connection with a "rollover" or "conversion" of amounts of a traditional IRA, conduit IRA, or another Roth IRA, or if you are age 50 or older by making a single contribution consisting of your Roth IRA contributions and catch-up contributions attributable to the prior year and the current year during the period from January 1 to April 15 of the current year. The Code permits persons who meet certain income limitations (generally, adjusted gross income under \$100,000 who are not married filing a separate return), and who receive certain qualifying distributions from such non-Roth IRAs, to directly rollover or make, within 60 days, a "rollover" of all or any part of the amount of such distribution to a Roth IRA which they establish.

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TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

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This conversion triggers current taxation (but is not subject to a 10% early distribution penalty). Once the contract has been purchased, regular Roth IRA contributions will be accepted to the extent permitted by law. In addition, as of January 1, 2006, an individual receiving an eligible rollover distribution from a designated Roth account under an employer plan may roll over the distribution to a Roth IRA. If you are considering rolling over funds from your Roth account under an employer plan, please contact your Financial Professional prior to purchase to confirm whether such rollovers are being accepted.

MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS AND PAYMENT OPTION

If you hold the contract under an IRA (or other tax-favored plan), IRS minimum distribution requirements must be satisfied. This means that generally payments must start by April 1 of the year after the year you reach age 70 1/2 and must be made for each year thereafter. Roth IRAs are not subject to these rules during the owner's lifetime. The amount of the payment must at least equal the minimum required under the IRS rules. Several choices are available for calculating the minimum amount. More information on the mechanics of this calculation is available on request. Please contact us a reasonable time before the IRS deadline so that a timely distribution is made. Please note that there is a 50% tax penalty on the amount of any minimum distribution not made in a timely manner.

Effective in 2006, in accordance with recent changes in laws and regulations, required minimum distributions will be calculated based on the sum of the contract value and the actuarial value of any additional death benefits and benefits from optional riders that you have purchased under the contract. As a result, the required minimum distributions may be larger than if the calculation were based on the contract value only, which may in turn result in an earlier (but not before the required beginning date) distribution of amounts under the contract and an increased amount of taxable income distributed to the contract owner, and a reduction of death benefits and the benefits of any optional riders.

You can use the minimum distribution option to satisfy the IRS minimum distribution requirements for this contract without either beginning annuity payments or surrendering the contract. We will distribute to you this minimum distribution amount, less any other partial withdrawals that you made during the year.

Although the IRS rules determine the required amount to be distributed from your IRA each year, certain payment alternatives are still available to you. If you own more than one IRA, you can choose to satisfy your minimum distribution requirement for each of your IRAs by withdrawing that amount from any of your IRAs. Similar rules apply if you inherit more than one Roth IRA from the same owner.

PENALTY FOR EARLY WITHDRAWALS

You may owe a 10% tax penalty on the taxable part of distributions received from an IRA or Roth IRA before you attain age 59 1/2.

Amounts are not subject to this tax penalty if:

- - the amount is paid on or after you reach age 59 1/2 or die;
- - the amount received is attributable to your becoming disabled; or
- - the amount paid or received is in the form of substantially equal payments not less frequently than annually (please note that substantially equal payments must continue until the later of reaching age 59 1/2 or 5 years. Modification of payments during that time period will generally result in retroactive application of the 10% tax penalty.)

Other exceptions to this tax may apply. You should consult your tax advisor for further details.

WITHHOLDING

Unless you elect otherwise, we will withhold federal income tax from the taxable portion of such distribution at an appropriate percentage. The rate of withholding on annuity payments where no mandatory withholding is required is determined on the basis of the withholding certificate that you file with us. If you do not file a certificate, we will automatically withhold federal taxes on the following basis:

- - For any annuity payments not subject to mandatory withholding, you will have taxes withheld by us as if

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you are a married individual, with three exemptions; and

- - For all other distributions, we will withhold at a 10% rate.

We will provide you with forms and instructions concerning the right to elect that no amount be withheld from payments in the ordinary course. However, you should know that, in any event, you are liable for payment of federal income taxes on the taxable portion of the distributions, and you should consult with

your tax advisor to find out more information on your potential liability if you fail to pay such taxes.

ERISA DISCLOSURE/REQUIREMENTS

ERISA (the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974") and the Code prevent a fiduciary and other "parties in interest" with respect to a plan (and, for these purposes, an IRA would also constitute a "plan") from receiving any benefit from any party dealing with the plan, as a result of the sale of the contract. Administrative exemptions under ERISA generally permit the sale of insurance/annuity products to plans, provided that certain information is disclosed to the person purchasing the contract. This information has to do primarily with the fees, charges, discounts and other costs related to the contract, as well as any commissions paid to any agent selling the contract.

Information about any applicable fees, charges, discounts, penalties or adjustments may be found under Section 8, "What Are The Expenses Associated With The Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Contract?"

Information about sales representatives and commissions may be found under "Other Information" and "Sale And Distribution Of The Contract" in Section 11.

In addition, other relevant information required by the exemptions is contained in the contract and accompanying documentation. Please consult your tax advisor if you have any additional questions.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For additional information about federal tax law requirements applicable to tax favored plans, see the "IRA Disclosure Statement," attached to this prospectus.

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OTHER

INFORMATION

PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY

Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey (Pruco Life of New Jersey) is a stock life insurance company which was organized on September 17, 1982 under the laws of the State of New Jersey. It is licensed to sell life insurance and annuities in New Jersey and New York, and accordingly is subject to the laws of each of those states.

Pruco Life of New Jersey is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of The Prudential Insurance Company of America (Prudential), a New Jersey stock life insurance company doing business since October 13, 1875. Prudential is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial, Inc. (Prudential Financial), a New Jersey insurance holding company. As Pruco Life of New Jersey's ultimate parent, Prudential Financial exercises significant influence over the operations and capital structure of Pruco Life of New Jersey and Prudential. However, neither Prudential Financial, Prudential, nor any other related company has any legal responsibility to pay amounts that Pruco Life of New Jersey may owe under the contract.

Pruco Life of New Jersey publishes annual and quarterly reports that are filed with the SEC. These reports contain financial information about Pruco Life of New Jersey that is annually audited by independent accountants. Pruco Life of New Jersey's annual report for the year ended December 31, 2005, together with subsequent periodic reports that Pruco Life of New Jersey files with the SEC, are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. You can obtain copies, at no cost, of any and all of this information, including the Pruco Life of New Jersey annual report that is not ordinarily mailed to contract owners, the more current reports and any subsequently filed documents at no cost by contacting us at the address or telephone number listed on the cover. The SEC file number for Pruco Life of New Jersey is 811-07975. You may read and copy any filings made by Pruco Life of New Jersey with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You can obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling (202) 551-8090. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC at <http://www.sec.gov>.

THE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

We have established a separate account, the Pruco Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity Account (separate account), to hold the assets that are

associated with the variable annuity contracts. The separate account was established under New Jersey law on May 20, 1996, and is registered with the SEC under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as a unit investment trust, which is a type of investment company. The assets of the separate account are held in the name of Pruco Life of New Jersey and legally belong to us. These assets are kept separate from all of our other assets and may not be charged with liabilities arising out of any other business we may conduct. More detailed information about Pruco Life of New Jersey, including its audited financial statements, is provided in the SAI.

SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE CONTRACT

Prudential Investment Management Services LLC (PIMS), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial, Inc., is the distributor and principal underwriter of the securities offered through this prospectus. PIMS acts as the distributor of a number of annuity contracts and life insurance products we offer.

PIMS's principal business address is 100 Mulberry Street, Newark, New Jersey 07102-4077. PIMS is registered as a broker/dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act) and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD).

The contract is offered on a continuous basis. PIMS enters into distribution agreements with broker/dealers who are registered under the Exchange Act and with entities that may offer the contract but are exempt from registration (firms). Applications for the contract are solicited by registered representatives of those firms. Such representatives will also be our appointed insurance agents under state insurance law. In addition,

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

PIMS may offer the contract directly to potential purchasers.

Commissions are paid to firms on sales of the contract according to one or more schedules. The individual representative will receive a portion of the compensation, depending on the practice of his or her firm. Commissions are generally based on a percentage of purchase payments made, up to a maximum of 8%. Alternative compensation schedules are available that provide a lower initial commission plus ongoing annual compensation based on all or a portion of contract value. We may also provide compensation to the distributing firm for providing ongoing service to you in relation to the contract. Commissions and other compensation paid in relation to the contract do not result in any additional charge to you or to the separate account.

In addition, in an effort to promote the sale of our products (which may include the placement of Pruco Life of New Jersey and/or the contract on a preferred or recommended company or product list and/or access to the firm's registered representatives), we or PIMS may enter into compensation arrangements with certain broker/dealer firms with respect to certain or all registered representatives of such firms under which such firms may receive separate compensation or reimbursement for, among other things, training of sales personnel and/or marketing and/or administrative services and/or other services they provide to us or our affiliates. These services may include, but are not limited to: educating customers of the firm on the contract's features; conducting due diligence and analysis; providing office access, operations and systems support; holding seminars intended to educate registered representatives and make them more knowledgeable about the contract; providing a dedicated marketing coordinator; providing priority sales desk support; and providing expedited marketing compliance approval to PIMS. A list of firms that PIMS paid pursuant to such arrangements is provided in the Statement of Additional Information which is available upon request.

To the extent permitted by NASD rules and other applicable laws and regulations, PIMS may pay or allow other promotional incentives or payments in the form of cash or non-cash compensation. These arrangements may not be offered to all firms and the terms of such arrangements may differ between firms.

You should note that firms and individual registered representatives and branch managers within some firms participating in one of these compensation arrangements might receive greater compensation for selling the contract than for selling a different contract that is not eligible for these compensation arrangements. While compensation is generally taken into account as an expense in considering the charges applicable to a contract product, any such compensation will be paid by us or PIMS and will not result in any additional charge to you. Overall compensation paid to the distributing firm does not exceed, based on actuarial assumptions, 8.5% of the total purchase payments made. Your registered representative can provide you with more information about the compensation arrangements that apply upon the sale of the contract.

On July 1, 2003, Prudential Financial combined its retail securities

brokerage and clearing operations with those of Wachovia Corporation ("Wachovia") and formed Wachovia Securities Financial Holdings, LLC ("Wachovia Securities"), a joint venture headquartered in Richmond, Virginia. PFI has a 38% ownership interest in the joint venture, while Wachovia owns the remaining 62%. Wachovia and Wachovia Securities are key distribution partners for certain products of Prudential Financial affiliates, including mutual funds and individual annuities that are distributed through their financial advisors, bank channel and independent channel. In addition, Prudential Financial is a service provider to the managed account platform and certain wrap-fee programs offered by Wachovia Securities.

LITIGATION

Pruco Life of New Jersey is subject to legal and regulatory actions in the ordinary course of our

11:
OTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

businesses, including class action lawsuits. Our pending legal and regulatory actions include proceedings specific to us and proceedings generally applicable to business practices in the industries in which we operate. In our insurance operations, we are subject to class action lawsuits and individual lawsuits involving a variety of issues, including sales practices, underwriting practices, claims payment and procedures, additional premium charges for premiums paid on a periodic basis, denial or delay of benefits, return of premiums or excessive premium charges and breaching fiduciary duties to customers. In our annuities operations, we are subject to litigation involving class action lawsuits and other litigation alleging, among other things, that we made improper or inadequate disclosures in connection with the sale of annuity products or charged excessive or impermissible fees on these products, recommended unsuitable products to customers, mishandled customer accounts or breached fiduciary duties to customers. In some of our pending legal and regulatory actions, parties are seeking large and/or indeterminate amounts, including punitive or exemplary damages.

Pruco Life of New Jersey's litigation and regulatory matters are subject to many uncertainties, and given the complexity and scope, the outcomes cannot be predicted. It is possible that the results of operations or the cash flow of the Pruco Life of New Jersey in a particular quarterly or annual period could be materially affected by an ultimate unfavorable resolution of litigation and regulatory matters. Management believes, however, that the ultimate outcome of all pending litigation and regulatory matters should not have a material adverse effect on the Pruco Life of New Jersey's financial position.

ASSIGNMENT

In general, you can assign the contract at any time during your lifetime. If you do so, we will reset the death benefit to equal the contract value on the date the assignment occurs. For details, see Section 4, "What Is The Death Benefit?" We will not be bound by the assignment until we receive written notice. We will not be liable for any payment or other action we take in accordance with the contract if that action occurs before we receive notice of the assignment. An assignment, like any other change in ownership, may trigger a taxable event. If you assign the contract, that assignment will result in the termination of any automated withdrawal program that had been in effect. If the new owner wants to re-institute an automated withdrawal program, then he/she needs to submit the forms that we require, in good order.

If the contract is issued under a qualified plan, there may be limitations on your ability to assign the contract. For further information please speak to your representative.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the separate account and Pruco Life of New Jersey, the co-issuer of the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 contract, are included in the Statement of Additional Information.

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Contents:

- - Company
- - Experts

- - Principal Underwriter
- - Payments Made to Promote Sale of Our Products
- - Allocation of Initial Purchase Payment
- - Determination of Accumulation Unit Values
- - Federal Tax Status
- - Financial Statements

HOUSEHOLDING

To reduce costs, we now send only a single copy of prospectuses and shareholder reports to each consenting household, in lieu of sending a copy to each contract owner that resides in the household. If you are a member of such a household, you should be aware that you can revoke your consent to householding at any time, and begin to receive your own copy of prospectuses and shareholder reports, by calling (877) 778-5008.

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

MARKET-VALUE ADJUSTMENT FORMULA

MARKET-VALUE ADJUSTMENT FORMULA

The general formula under which Pruco Life of New Jersey calculates the market value adjustment applicable to a full or partial surrender, annuitization, or settlement under Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 is set forth below. The market value adjustment is expressed as a multiplier factor. That is, the Contract Value after the market value adjustment ("MVA"), but before any withdrawal charge, is as follows: Contract Value (after MVA) = Contract Value (before MVA) X (1 + MVA). The MVA itself is calculated as follows:

$$MVA = \left[\frac{1 + I}{1 + J + .0025} \right]^{\text{to the power of } (N/12)} - 1$$

<Table>			
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
where:	I	=	the guaranteed credited interest rate (annual effective) for the given contract at the time of withdrawal or annuitization or settlement.
	J	=	the interpolated current credited interest rate offered on new money at the time of withdrawal, annuitization, or settlement. (See below for the interpolation formula)
	N	=	equals the remaining number of months in the contract's current guarantee period (rounded up) at the time of withdrawal or annuitization or settlement.
</Table>			

The MVA formula with respect to contracts issued in New York is what is depicted above. The formula uses an interpolated rate "J" as the current credited interest rate. Specifically, "J" is the interpolated current credited interest rate offered on new money at the time of withdrawal, annuitization, or settlement. The interpolated value is calculated using the following formula:

$$m/365 \times (n + 1) \text{ year rate} + (365 - m)/365 \times n \text{ year rate},$$

where "n" equals the number of whole years remaining in the Contract's current guarantee period, and "m" equals the number of days remaining in year "n" of the current guarantee period.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT EXAMPLE

The following will illustrate the application of the Market Value Adjustment. For simplicity, surrender charges are ignored in this example.

Positive market value adjustment

- - Suppose a contract owner made an invested purchase payment of \$10,000 on July 1, 2005 and received a guaranteed interest rate of 6% for 5 years. A request to surrender the contract is made on May 1, 2007. At the time, the Contract

Value will have accumulated to \$11,127.11. The number of whole years remaining in the guarantee period is 3.

- On May 1, 2007 the interest rate declared by Pruco Life of New Jersey for a guarantee period of 3 years (the number of whole years remaining) is 4%, and for a guarantee period of 4 years (the number of whole years remaining plus 1) is 5%.

The following computations would be made:

- 1) Determine the Market Value Adjustment factor.

```
<Table>
<S> <C> <C>
    N = 38
    I = 6% (0.06)
    J = [(61/365) X 0.05] + [((365-61)/365) X 0.04] =
        0.0417
</Table>
```

The MVA factor calculation would be: $[(1.06)/(1.0417 + 0.0025)]$ to the power of $(38/12) - 1 = 0.04871$

- 2) Multiply the Contract Value by the factor calculated in Step 1.

$$\$11,127.11 \times 0.04871 = \$542.00$$

- 3) Add together the Market Value Adjustment and the Contract Value to get the total Contract Surrender Value.

$$\$11,127.11 + \$542.00 = \$11,669.11$$

The MVA may not always be positive. Here is an example where it is negative.

- Suppose a contract owner made an invested purchase payment of \$10,000 on July 1, 2005 and received a guaranteed interest rate of 6% for 5 years. A request to surrender the contract is made on May 1, 2007. At the time, the Contract Value will have accumulated to \$11,127.11. The number of whole years remaining in the guarantee period is 3.
- On May 1, 2007 the interest rate declared by Pruco Life of New Jersey for a guarantee period of 3 years (the number of whole years remaining) is 7%, and for a guarantee period of 4 years (the number of whole years remaining plus 1) is 8%.

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MARKET-VALUE ADJUSTMENT FORMULA CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

The following computations would be made:

- 1) Determine the Market Value Adjustment factor.

```
<Table>
<S> <C> <C>
    N = 38
    I = 6% (0.06)
    J = [(61/365) X 0.08] + [((365 - 61)/365) X 0.07] =
        0.0717
</Table>
```

The MVA factor calculation would be: $[(1.06)/(1.0717 + 0.0025)]$ to the power of $(38/12) - 1 = -0.04126$

- 2) Multiply the Contract Value by the factor calculated in Step 1.

$$\$11,127.11 \times (-0.04126) = -\$459.10$$

- 3) Add together the Market Value Adjustment and the Contract Value to get the total Contract Surrender Value.

$$\$11,127.11 + (-\$459.10) = \$10,668.10$$

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES

As we have indicated throughout this prospectus, the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Variable Annuity is a contract that allows you to select or decline any of several features that carries with it a specific asset-based charge. We maintain a unique unit value corresponding to each combination of such contract features. Here we depict the historical unit values corresponding to the contract features bearing the highest and lowest combinations of asset-based charges. The remaining unit values appear in the Statement of Additional Information, which you may obtain free of charge, by calling (888) PRU-2888 or by writing to us at the Prudential Annuity Service Center, P.O. Box 7960, Philadelphia, PA 19176. As discussed in the prospectus, if you select certain optional benefits (e.g., Lifetime Five), we limit the investment options to which you may allocate your contract value. In certain of these accumulation unit value tables, we set forth accumulation unit values that assume election of one or more of such optional benefits and allocation of contract value to portfolios that currently are not permitted as part of such optional benefits. Such unit values are set forth for general reference purposes only, and are not intended to indicate that such portfolios may be acquired along with those optional benefits.

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES

<Table>
<Caption>
ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES: (BASE DEATH BENEFIT 1.40)

ACCUMULATION UNITS OF PERIOD <S>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD <C>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT END OF PERIOD <C>	NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING AT END <C>
JENNISON PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.18439	\$ 1.24006	39,791
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.24006	\$ 1.34066	100,732
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.34066	\$ 1.51459	137,053
PRUDENTIAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.17721	\$ 1.25778	28,099
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.25778	\$ 1.3635	79,192
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.36350	\$ 1.49905	156,136
PRUDENTIAL GLOBAL PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.20571	\$ 1.28481	16,224
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.28481	\$ 1.38861	32,873
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.38861	\$ 1.58951	40,108
PRUDENTIAL MONEY MARKET PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 0.99549	\$ 0.99449	164,642
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 0.99449	\$ 0.99063	57,936
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 0.99063	\$ 1.00520	313,038
PRUDENTIAL STOCK INDEX PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.15290	\$ 1.22414	37,552
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.22414	\$ 1.33335	123,526
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.33335	\$ 1.37464	254,271
PRUDENTIAL VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.12896	\$ 1.22392	17,996
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.22392	\$ 1.40386	38,464
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.40386	\$ 1.61508	96,578
SP AGGRESSIVE GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.21452	\$ 1.27916	11,282
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.27916	\$ 1.44765	60,849
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.44765	\$ 1.57741	107,580
SP AIM AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.18805	\$ 1.22149	6,124
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.22149	\$ 1.34749	25,091
1/1/2005 to 4/29/2005	\$ 1.34749	\$ 1.24414	0
SP AIM CORE EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.12456	\$ 1.19626	8,644
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.19626	\$ 1.28343	14,276
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.28343	\$ 1.32432	33,356
SP BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.14798	\$ 1.19393	504,794
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.19393	\$ 1.30793	907,722
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.30793	\$ 1.38790	1,119,502

</Table>

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<Caption>

* DATE THAT THE ANNUITY WAS FIRST OFFERED.

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>

<Caption>

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED):
(BASE DEATH BENEFIT 1.40)

ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT END OF PERIOD	NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING AT END
OF PERIOD			
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SP CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.10288	\$ 1.13654	47,622
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.13654	\$ 1.22048	328,878
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.22048	\$ 1.27471	360,497
SP DAVIS VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.17037	\$ 1.24835	12,492
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.24835	\$ 1.38531	43,327
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.38531	\$ 1.49631	180,679
SP GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.18371	\$ 1.23975	13,048
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.23975	\$ 1.38211	415,431
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.38211	\$ 1.48911	710,872
SP LARGE CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.13457	\$ 1.21457	9,324
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.21457	\$ 1.41041	59,056
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.41041	\$ 1.48345	90,232
SP LSV INTERNATIONAL VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.13314	\$ 1.23393	2,117
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.23393	\$ 1.40924	36,000
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.40924	\$ 1.58122	69,476
SP MFS CAPITAL OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.14453	\$ 1.20717	12,883
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.20717	\$ 1.33789	12,829
1/1/2005 to 4/29/2005	\$ 1.33789	\$ 1.25025	0
SP MID CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			

	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.31609	\$ 1.33928	2,550
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.33928	\$ 1.57888	20,649
	1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.57888	\$ 1.63898	98,736
SP PIMCO HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO				

	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.16169	\$ 1.19841	229,155
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.19841	\$ 1.29196	181,718
	1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.29196	\$ 1.32558	348,363
SP PIMCO TOTAL RETURN PORTFOLIO				

	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.02971	\$ 1.04684	406,783
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.04684	\$ 1.08689	614,905
	1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.08689	\$ 1.09767	924,568
SP PRUDENTIAL U.S. EMERGING GROWTH PORTFOLIO				

	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.35478	\$ 1.36653	25,796
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.36653	\$ 1.63587	60,126
	1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.63587	\$ 1.90014	105,814

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* DATE THAT THE ANNUITY WAS FIRST OFFERED.

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>

<Caption>

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED):

(BASE DEATH BENEFIT 1.40)

ACCUMULATION UNITS		ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	NUMBER OF
OF PERIOD		AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	AT END OF PERIOD	OUTSTANDING AT END
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SP SMALL CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO				

	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.29042	\$ 1.30191	15,448
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.30191	\$ 1.27212	30,036
	1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.27212	\$ 1.28565	50,363
SP SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO				
FORMERLY, SP GOLDMAN SACHS SMALL CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO				

	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.22255	\$ 1.29026	19,314
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.29026	\$ 1.53570	101,983
	1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.53570	\$ 1.58443	185,307
SP STRATEGIC PARTNERS FOCUSED GROWTH PORTFOLIO				

	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.14518	\$ 1.19388	0
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.19388	\$ 1.30209	5,809
	1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.30209	\$ 1.47863	16,112
SP T. ROWE PRICE LARGE-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO				
FORMERLY SP ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN LARGE-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO				

	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.13994	\$ 1.17938	23,284
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.17938	\$ 1.23406	28,153
	1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.23406	\$ 1.41770	36,487
SP TECHNOLOGY PORTFOLIO				

	11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.32609	\$ 1.34037	531
	1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.34037	\$ 1.32188	4,721
	1/1/2005 to 4/29/2005	\$ 1.32188	\$ 1.18074	0
SP WILLIAM BLAIR INTERNATIONAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO				

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.26410	\$ 1.35112	18,770
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.35112	\$ 1.55290	152,738
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.55290	\$ 1.78245	59,726
AST AGGRESSIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			

12/5/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$ 9.99933	393
AST ALGER ALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			

3/14/2005** to 12/02/2005	\$10.09338	\$11.73323	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN CORE VALUE PORTFOLIO			

3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.07970	\$10.33229	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN GROWTH & INCOME PORTFOLIO			

3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.05481	\$10.28681	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN GROWTH + VALUE PORTFOLIO			

3/14/2005** to 12/02/2005	\$10.05009	\$11.34495	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN MANAGED INDEX 500 PORTFOLIO			

3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.04988	\$10.42169	447

* DATE THAT THE ANNUITY WAS FIRST OFFERED.			
** DATE THAT FUND WAS FIRST OFFERED UNDER THIS ANNUITY.			

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>			
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ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED):			
(BASE DEATH BENEFIT 1.40)			

ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	NUMBER OF
OF PERIOD	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	AT END OF PERIOD	OUTSTANDING AT END
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
AST AMERICAN CENTURY INCOME & GROWTH PORTFOLIO			

3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.06658	\$10.35426	0
AST AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC BALANCED PORTFOLIO			

3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.04202	\$10.33700	988
AST BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			

12/5/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$10.01933	0
AST CAPITAL GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			

12/5/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$10.00933	0
AST COHEN & STEERS REALTY PORTFOLIO			

3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.14710	\$12.04155	0
AST CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			

12/5/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$10.02932	0
AST DEAM LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			

3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.08492	\$10.73678	0
AST DEAM SMALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			

3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.01133	\$10.33264	721
AST DEAM SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.04570	\$10.03757	3,019
AST FEDERATED AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$10.98052	293
AST GLOBAL ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.01541	\$10.64464	0
AST GOLDMAN SACHS CONCENTRATED GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.03302	\$10.78065	314
AST GOLDMAN SACHS MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$10.60000	1,259
AST HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO FORMERLY, AST GOLDMAN SACHS HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.97681	\$ 9.87825	239
AST JP MORGAN INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.91389	\$10.67460	642
AST LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO FORMERLY, AST HOTCHKIS AND WILEY LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.07726	\$10.57804	813
AST LORD ABBETT BOND-DEBENTURE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$ 9.96977	0
AST MARSICO CAPITAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.12625	\$10.92526	243
AST MFS GLOBAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.96626	\$10.49866	1,030
AST MFS GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.03693	\$10.78089	0

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table> <Caption> ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED): (BASE DEATH BENEFIT 1.40)			
ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	NUMBER OF
OF PERIOD	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	AT END OF PERIOD	OUTSTANDING AT END
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
AST MID CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO FORMERLY, AST GABELLI ALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.06503	\$10.37369	21
AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.05576	\$11.35869	362
AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.02196	\$10.90682	517

AST PIMCO LIMITED MATURITY BOND PORTFOLIO

3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$10.07733	2,326
AST PRESERVATION ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
12/5/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$10.03931	0
AST SMALL CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.04866	\$10.66828	952
AST T. ROWE PRICE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.02867	\$10.37610	0
AST T. ROWE PRICE GLOBAL BOND PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.94939	\$ 9.46839	1,408
AST T. ROWE PRICE NATURAL RESOURCES PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.00286	\$11.76236	585
GARTMORE GVIT DEVELOPING MARKETS FUND			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.88103	\$12.08600	117
JANUS ASPEN SERIES--GROWTH PORTFOLIO -- SERVICE SHARES			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.19749	\$ 1.24622	13,951
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.24622	\$ 1.28061	15,228
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.28061	\$ 1.31370	15,365

* DATE THAT THE ANNUITY WAS FIRST OFFERED.
 ** DATE THAT FUND WAS FIRST OFFERED UNDER THIS ANNUITY.

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>
 <Caption>
 ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES:
 (CONTRACT WITH CREDIT, GMDB STEP-UP, LIFETIME FIVE 2.35)

ACCUMULATION UNITS OF PERIOD <S> JENNISON PORTFOLIO	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD <C>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT END OF PERIOD <C>	NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING AT END <C>
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.06149	\$11.75530	0
PRUDENTIAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.04786	\$11.04459	0
PRUDENTIAL GLOBAL PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.98604	\$11.28141	0
PRUDENTIAL MONEY MARKET PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99996	\$10.05988	0
PRUDENTIAL STOCK INDEX PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.05601	\$10.32927	0
PRUDENTIAL VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.03736	\$11.20262	0
SP AGGRESSIVE GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			

3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005 SP AIM AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO	\$10.03176	\$10.92881	0
3/14/2005* to 4/29/2005 SP AIM CORE EQUITY PORTFOLIO	\$10.06871	\$ 9.48129	0
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005 SP BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	\$10.02504	\$10.18592	0
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005 SP CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	\$10.01701	\$10.62086	217,259
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005 SP DAVIS VALUE PORTFOLIO	\$10.00706	\$10.45020	108,808
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005 SP GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO	\$10.02497	\$10.57546	0
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005 SP LARGE CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO	\$10.02889	\$10.78726	260,567
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005 SP LSV INTERNATIONAL VALUE PORTFOLIO	\$10.07568	\$10.43081	0
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005 SP MFS CAPITAL OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO	\$ 9.91207	\$10.61389	0
3/14/2005* to 4/29/2005 SP MID CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO	\$10.05589	\$ 9.60153	0
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005 SP PIMCO HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO	\$10.02817	\$10.64137	0
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005 SP PIMCO TOTAL RETURN PORTFOLIO	\$ 9.98883	\$10.08741	0
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005 SP PRUDENTIAL U.S. EMERGING GROWTH PORTFOLIO	\$ 9.99809	\$10.11842	0
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.03568	\$11.68962	0

</Table>

<Table>

<Caption>

* DATE THAT THE FUND AND/OR LIFETIME FIVE WAS FIRST OFFERED UNDER THIS ANNUITY.

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>

<Caption>

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED):

(CONTRACT WITH CREDIT, GMDB STEP-UP, LIFETIME FIVE 2.35)

ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	NUMBER OF
OF PERIOD	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	AT END OF PERIOD	OUTSTANDING AT END
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SP SMALL CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			

3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.03030	\$10.46275	0
SP SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO FORMERLY, SP GOLDMAN SACHS SMALL CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.05718	\$10.45619	0
SP STRATEGIC PARTNERS FOCUSED GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.07351	\$11.93182	0
SP T. ROWE PRICE LARGE-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO FORMERLY, SP ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN LARGE-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.03004	\$12.07261	0
SP TECHNOLOGY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 4/29/2005	\$10.04303	\$ 9.58801	0
SP WILLIAM BLAIR INTERNATIONAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.92625	\$11.24237	0
AST AGGRESSIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
12/5/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$ 9.99215	0
AST ALGER ALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/02/2005	\$10.09261	\$11.65393	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN CORE VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.07893	\$10.25500	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN GROWTH & INCOME PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.05404	\$10.20982	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN GROWTH + VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/02/2005	\$10.04932	\$11.26832	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN MANAGED INDEX 500 PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.04911	\$10.34380	0
AST AMERICAN CENTURY INCOME & GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.06581	\$10.27670	0
AST AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC BALANCED PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.04126	\$10.25966	0
AST BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
12/5/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$10.01214	90,836
AST CAPITAL GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
12/5/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$10.00213	16,400
AST COHEN & STEERS REALTY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.14633	\$11.95154	0
AST CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
12/5/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$10.02210	74,062
AST DEAM LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.08415	\$10.65644	0

</Table>

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<Caption>

* DATE THAT THE FUND AND/OR LIFETIME FIVE WAS FIRST OFFERED UNDER THIS ANNUITY.

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>
 <Caption>
 ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED):
 (CONTRACT WITH CREDIT, GMDB STEP-UP, LIFETIME FIVE 2.35)

ACCUMULATION UNITS OF PERIOD <S>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD <C>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT END OF PERIOD <C>	NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING AT END <C>
AST DEAM SMALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.01056	\$10.25531	0
AST DEAM SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.04493	\$ 9.96249	0
AST FEDERATED AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$10.89847	0
AST GLOBAL ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.01465	\$10.56503	0
AST GOLDMAN SACHS CONCENTRATED GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.03225	\$10.70014	0
AST GOLDMAN SACHS MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$10.52063	0
AST HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO FORMERLY, AST GOLDMAN SACHS HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.97604	\$ 9.80433	0
AST JP MORGAN INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.91312	\$10.59475	0
AST LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO FORMERLY, AST HOTCHKIS AND WILEY LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.07650	\$10.49882	0
AST LORD ABBETT BOND-DEBENTURE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$ 9.89514	0
AST MARSICO CAPITAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.12548	\$10.84339	0
AST MFS GLOBAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.96549	\$10.42012	0
AST MFS GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.03616	\$10.70037	0
AST MID CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO FORMERLY, AST GABELLI ALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.06426	\$10.29604	0
AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.05499	\$11.27378	0
AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			

3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.02120	\$10.82531	0
AST PIMCO LIMITED MATURITY BOND PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$10.00170	0
AST PRESERVATION ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
12/5/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$10.03209	1,097
* DATE THAT THE FUND AND/OR LIFETIME FIVE WAS FIRST OFFERED UNDER THIS ANNUITY.			

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED): (CONTRACT WITH CREDIT, GMDB STEP-UP, LIFETIME FIVE 2.35)			
ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	NUMBER OF
OF PERIOD	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	AT END OF PERIOD	OUTSTANDING AT END
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
AST SMALL CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.04790	\$10.58843	0
AST T. ROWE PRICE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.02791	\$10.29859	0
AST T. ROWE PRICE GLOBAL BOND PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.94863	\$ 9.39752	0
AST T. ROWE PRICE NATURAL RESOURCES PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.00209	\$11.67449	0
GARTMORE GVIT DEVELOPING MARKETS FUND			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.88026	\$11.99550	0
JANUS ASPEN LARGE CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO -- SERVICE SHARES			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.04403	\$10.33887	0

* DATE THAT THE FUND AND/OR LIFETIME FIVE WAS FIRST OFFERED UNDER THIS ANNUITY.

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PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11 APPENDIX B

SELECTING THE VARIABLE ANNUITY THAT'S RIGHT FOR YOU

Within the Strategic Partners(SM) family of annuities, we offer several different deferred variable annuity products. These annuities are issued by Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey. Not all of these annuities may be available to you due to state approval or broker-dealer offerings. You can verify which of these annuities is available to you by asking your registered representative, or by calling us at (888) PRU-2888. For comprehensive information about each of these annuities, please consult the prospectus for the annuity.

Each annuity has different features and benefits that may be appropriate for you, based on your individual financial situation and how you intend to use the annuity.

The different features and benefits may include variations on your ability to access funds in your annuity without the imposition of a withdrawal charge as well as different ongoing fees and charges you pay while your contract remains

in force. Additionally, differences may exist in various optional benefits such as guaranteed living benefits or death benefit protection.

Among the factors you should consider when choosing which annuity product may be most appropriate for your individual needs are the following:

- - Your age;
- - The amount of your investment and any planned future deposits into the annuity;
- - How long you intend to hold the annuity (also referred to as investment time horizon);
- - Your desire to make withdrawals from the annuity;
- - Your investment return objectives;
- - The effect of optional benefits that may be elected; and
- - Your desire to minimize costs and/or maximize return associated with the annuity.

The following chart sets forth the prominent features of each Strategic Partners variable annuity. The availability of optional features, such as those noted in the chart, may increase the cost of the contract. Therefore, you should carefully consider which features you plan to use when selecting your annuity.

In addition to the chart, we set out below certain hypothetical illustrations that reflect the contract value and surrender value of each variable annuity over a variety of holding periods. These charts are meant to reflect how your annuities can grow or decrease depending on market conditions and the comparable value of each of the annuities (which reflects the charges associated with the annuities) under the assumptions noted. In comparing the values within the illustrations, a number of distinctions are evident. To fully appreciate these distinctions, we encourage you to speak to your registered representative and to read the prospectuses. However, we do point out the following noteworthy items:

- - Strategic Partners Advisor, because it has no sales charge, offers the highest surrender value during the first few years. However, unlike the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3/Plus 3 contracts, Strategic Partners Advisor offers few optional benefits.
- - Strategic Partners Select, as part of its standard insurance and administrative expense, offers a guaranteed minimum death benefit equal to the greater of the contract value or a step-up value. In contrast, you incur an additional charge if you opt for an enhanced death benefit under the other annuities.
- - Strategic Partners Annuity One 3/Plus 3 comes in both a bonus version and a non-bonus version, each of which offers several optional insurance features. A bonus is added to your purchase payments under the bonus version, although the withdrawal charges under the bonus version are higher than those under the non-bonus version. Although the non-bonus version offers no bonus, it is accompanied by fixed interest rate options and a market

PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

value adjustment option that may provide higher interest rates than such options accompanying the bonus version.

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY PRODUCT COMPARISON. Below is a summary of Strategic Partners variable annuity products. You should consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of an investment in any contract carefully before investing. Each product prospectus as well as the underlying portfolio prospectuses contains this and other information about the variable annuities and underlying investment options. Your registered representative can provide you with prospectuses for one or more of these variable annuities and the underlying portfolios and can help you decide upon the product that would be most advantageous for you given your individual needs. Please read the prospectuses carefully before investing.

PLUS 3	STRATEGIC PARTNERS	STRATEGIC PARTNERS	ANNUITY ONE 3/ PLUS 3	ANNUITY ONE 3/
	ADVISOR	SELECT	NON BONUS	BONUS
<S> Minimum Investment	<C> \$10,000	<C> \$10,000	<C> \$10,000	<C> \$10,000
Maximum Issue Age	85 Qualified & Non-Qualified	80 Qualified & 85 Non-Qualified	85 Qualified & Non-Qualified	85 Qualified & Non-Qualified
Withdrawal Charge 8%, Schedule based	None	7 Years (7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%) Contract date based	7 Years (7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%) Payment date based	7 Years (8%, 8%, 8%, 7%, 6%, 5%) Payment date
Annual Charge-Free purchase Withdrawal(1) of	Full liquidity	10% of gross purchase payments per contract year, cumulative up to 7 years or 70% of gross purchase payments	10% of gross purchase payments made as of last contract anniversary per contract year	10% of gross payments made as last contract anniversary per contract year
Insurance and Administration Charge	1.40%	1.52%	1.40%	1.50%
Contract Maintenance or 2% Fee (assessed annually) value. contract or	The lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value. Waived if contract value is \$50,000 or more	\$30. Waived if contract value is \$50,000 or more	The lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value. Waived if contract value is \$75,000 or more	The lesser of \$30 of your contract value. Waived if value is \$75,000 more
Contract Credit ages	No	No	No	Yes 3%-all amounts 81-85 4%-under \$250,000 5%-\$250,000-\$999,999 6%-\$1,000,000+
</Table>				

1 Withdrawals of taxable amounts will be subject to income tax, and prior to age 59 1/2, may be subject to a 10% federal income tax penalty.

PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>
<Caption>

PARTNERS PLUS 3	STRATEGIC PARTNERS	STRATEGIC PARTNERS	STRATEGIC PARTNERS	STRATEGIC
	ADVISOR	SELECT	ANNUITY ONE 3/ PLUS 3 NON BONUS	ANNUITY ONE 3/ BONUS
<S> Fixed Rate Account	<C> No	<C> Yes 1-Year	<C> Yes 1-Year	<C> Yes(2) 1-Year
Market Value Adjustment	No	Yes	Yes	No

Account (MVA)		7-Year	1-10 Years	
Enhanced Dollar Cost Averaging (DCA)	No	No	Yes	Yes
Variable Investment Options Available	56	56	56/62	56/62
Evergreen Funds	N/A	N/A	6-available in Strategic Partners Plus	6-available in Strategic
Partners Plus			3 only	3 only
Base Death Benefit: payment(s) proportionate	The greater of: purchase payment(s) minus proportionate withdrawal(s) or contract value	Step-Up Withdrawals will proportionately affect the Death Benefit	The greater of: purchase payment(s) minus proportionate withdrawal(s) or contract value	The greater of: purchase minus withdrawal(s) or contract value
Optional Death Benefit (for an additional cost),(3)	Step-Up	N/A	Step-Up	Step-Up
Living Benefits (for an additional cost),(4) Five Minimum (GMIB) Appreciator	Lifetime Five	N/A	Lifetime Five Spousal Lifetime Five Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (GMIB) Income Appreciator Benefit (IAB)	Lifetime Five Spousal Lifetime Guaranteed Income Benefit Income Benefit (IAB)

2 May offer lower interest rates for the fixed rate options than the interest rates offered in the contracts without credit.

3 For more information on these benefits, refer to section 4, "What Is The Death Benefit?" in the Prospectus.

4 For more information on these benefits, refer to section 3, "What Kind of Payments Will I Receive During The Income Phase?"; section 5, "What Is The LifeTime Five(SM) Income Benefit?"; (discussing Lifetime Five and Spousal Lifetime Five) and section 6, "What Is The Income Appreciator Benefit?" in the Prospectus.

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PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

HYPOTHETICAL ILLUSTRATION

The following examples outline the value of each annuity as well as the amount that would be available to an investor as a result of full surrender at the end of each of the contract years specified. The values shown below are based on the following assumptions:

- - An initial investment of \$100,000 is made into each contract earning a gross rate of return of 0% and 6% respectively.
- - No subsequent deposits or withdrawals are made to/from the contract.
- - The hypothetical gross rates of return are reduced by the arithmetic average of the fees and expenses of the underlying portfolios and the charges that are deducted from the contract at the Separate Account level as follows:
 - 0.99% average of all fund expenses are computed by adding Portfolio management fees, 12b-1 fees and other expenses of all of the underlying portfolios and then dividing by the number of portfolios. For purposes

of the illustrations, we do not reflect any expense reimbursements or expense waivers that might apply and are described in the prospectus fee table.

-- The Separate Account level charges include the Insurance Charge and Administration Charge (as applicable).

The Contract Value assumes no surrender while the Surrender Value assumes a 100% surrender two days prior to the contract anniversary, therefore reflecting the withdrawal charge applicable to that contract year. Note that a withdrawal on the contract anniversary, or the day before the contract anniversary, would be subject to the withdrawal charge applicable to the next contract year, which usually is lower. The values that you actually experience under a contract will be different from what is depicted here if any of the assumptions we make here differ from your circumstances, however the relative values for each product reflected below will remain the same. We will provide you with a personalized illustration upon request.

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PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

0% GROSS RETURN

<Table>
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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ADVISOR		STRATEGIC PARTNERS SELECT		STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3/PLUS 3 NON BONUS		STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3/PLUS 3 BONUS		
CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	
1	\$97,659	\$97,659	\$97,544	\$91,415	\$97,659	\$91,522	\$101,465	\$94,148
2	\$95,366	\$95,366	\$95,141	\$90,032	\$95,366	\$90,244	\$ 98,986	\$91,866
3	\$93,128	\$93,128	\$92,798	\$88,658	\$93,128	\$88,971	\$ 96,567	\$89,641
4	\$90,941	\$90,941	\$90,512	\$87,292	\$90,941	\$87,703	\$ 94,207	\$87,470
5	\$88,807	\$88,807	\$88,283	\$85,934	\$88,807	\$86,442	\$ 91,905	\$86,171
6	\$86,722	\$86,722	\$86,109	\$84,586	\$86,722	\$85,187	\$ 89,659	\$84,879
7	\$84,686	\$84,686	\$83,988	\$83,248	\$84,686	\$83,939	\$ 87,468	\$83,594
8	\$82,698	\$82,698	\$81,919	\$81,919	\$82,698	\$82,698	\$ 85,331	\$85,331
9	\$80,757	\$80,757	\$79,902	\$79,902	\$80,757	\$80,757	\$ 83,245	\$83,245
10	\$78,861	\$78,861	\$77,934	\$77,934	\$78,861	\$78,861	\$ 81,211	\$81,211
11	\$77,010	\$77,010	\$76,014	\$76,014	\$77,010	\$77,010	\$ 79,226	\$79,226
12	\$75,202	\$75,202	\$74,142	\$74,142	\$75,202	\$75,202	\$ 77,290	\$77,290
13	\$73,436	\$73,436	\$72,282	\$72,282	\$73,436	\$73,436	\$ 75,402	\$75,402
14	\$71,712	\$71,712	\$70,468	\$70,468	\$71,678	\$71,678	\$ 73,559	\$73,559
15	\$70,029	\$70,029	\$68,698	\$68,698	\$69,961	\$69,961	\$ 71,727	\$71,727
16	\$68,385	\$68,385	\$66,972	\$66,972	\$68,285	\$68,285	\$ 69,940	\$69,940
17	\$66,780	\$66,780	\$65,288	\$65,288	\$66,648	\$66,648	\$ 68,197	\$68,197
18	\$65,212	\$65,212	\$63,646	\$63,646	\$65,049	\$65,049	\$ 66,496	\$66,496
19	\$63,681	\$63,681	\$62,044	\$62,044	\$63,488	\$63,488	\$ 64,837	\$64,837
20	\$62,186	\$62,186	\$60,482	\$60,482	\$61,963	\$61,963	\$ 63,219	\$63,219
21	\$60,726	\$60,726	\$58,958	\$58,958	\$60,474	\$60,474	\$ 61,640	\$61,640
22	\$59,301	\$59,301	\$57,472	\$57,472	\$59,021	\$59,021	\$ 60,099	\$60,099
23	\$57,909	\$57,909	\$56,022	\$56,022	\$57,601	\$57,601	\$ 58,596	\$58,596
24	\$56,549	\$56,549	\$54,608	\$54,608	\$56,215	\$56,215	\$ 57,130	\$57,130
25	\$55,222	\$55,222	\$53,229	\$53,229	\$54,861	\$54,861	\$ 55,700	\$55,700

</Table>

Assumptions:

1. \$100,000 initial investment.
2. As of December 31, 2005, the average fund expenses = 0.99%.
3. No optional death benefit(s) and/or optional living benefit(s) were elected.
4. These reductions result in hypothetical net rates of return as follows:
Strategic Partners Advisor -2.35%; Strategic Partners Select -2.46%;
Strategic Partners Annuity One 3/Plus 3 Non-Bonus -2.35%; Strategic Partners
Annuity One 3/Plus 3 Bonus -2.44%.
5. The illustration above illustrates 100% invested into the variable
sub-accounts. Investments into the fixed rate accounts, as noted above, may
receive a higher rate of interest in one product over another causing

Contract Values to differ in relation to one another.

6. Surrender Value assumes surrender 2 days prior to policy anniversary.

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PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

6% GROSS RETURN

<Table>

<Caption>

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ADVISOR		STRATEGIC PARTNERS SELECT		STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3/PLUS 3 NON BONUS		STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3/PLUS 3 BONUS		
CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	
1	\$103,502	\$103,502	\$103,380	\$ 96,844	\$103,502	\$ 96,957	\$107,536	\$ 99,734
2	\$107,136	\$107,136	\$106,884	\$101,071	\$107,136	\$101,309	\$111,203	\$103,107
3	\$110,899	\$110,899	\$110,506	\$105,481	\$110,899	\$105,854	\$114,994	\$106,596
4	\$114,793	\$114,793	\$114,252	\$110,082	\$114,793	\$110,602	\$118,915	\$110,203
5	\$118,824	\$118,824	\$118,124	\$114,881	\$118,824	\$115,560	\$122,970	\$115,063
6	\$122,997	\$122,997	\$122,127	\$119,885	\$122,997	\$120,737	\$127,163	\$120,134
7	\$127,316	\$127,316	\$126,267	\$125,104	\$127,316	\$126,143	\$131,499	\$125,424
8	\$131,787	\$131,787	\$130,546	\$130,546	\$131,787	\$131,787	\$135,982	\$135,982
9	\$136,415	\$136,415	\$134,971	\$134,971	\$136,415	\$136,415	\$140,619	\$140,619
10	\$141,205	\$141,205	\$139,545	\$139,545	\$141,205	\$141,205	\$145,413	\$145,413
11	\$146,164	\$146,164	\$144,275	\$144,275	\$146,164	\$146,164	\$150,371	\$150,371
12	\$151,297	\$151,297	\$149,165	\$149,165	\$151,297	\$151,297	\$155,499	\$155,499
13	\$156,610	\$156,610	\$154,220	\$154,220	\$156,610	\$156,610	\$160,800	\$160,800
14	\$162,109	\$162,109	\$159,447	\$159,447	\$162,109	\$162,109	\$166,283	\$166,283
15	\$167,802	\$167,802	\$164,851	\$164,851	\$167,802	\$167,802	\$171,953	\$171,953
16	\$173,694	\$173,694	\$170,439	\$170,439	\$173,694	\$173,694	\$177,816	\$177,816
17	\$179,794	\$179,794	\$176,215	\$176,215	\$179,794	\$179,794	\$183,879	\$183,879
18	\$186,108	\$186,108	\$182,188	\$182,188	\$186,108	\$186,108	\$190,148	\$190,148
19	\$192,643	\$192,643	\$188,363	\$188,363	\$192,643	\$192,643	\$196,632	\$196,632
20	\$199,408	\$199,408	\$194,747	\$194,747	\$199,408	\$199,408	\$203,336	\$203,336
21	\$206,411	\$206,411	\$201,347	\$201,347	\$206,411	\$206,411	\$210,269	\$210,269
22	\$213,659	\$213,659	\$208,172	\$208,172	\$213,659	\$213,659	\$217,439	\$217,439
23	\$221,162	\$221,162	\$215,227	\$215,227	\$221,162	\$221,162	\$224,853	\$224,853
24	\$228,928	\$228,928	\$222,522	\$222,522	\$228,928	\$228,928	\$232,519	\$232,519
25	\$236,967	\$236,967	\$230,064	\$230,064	\$236,967	\$236,967	\$240,447	\$240,447

</Table>

Assumptions:

1. \$100,000 initial investment.
2. As of December 31, 2005, the average fund expenses = 0.99%.
3. No optional death benefit(s) and/or optional living benefit(s) were elected.
4. These reductions result in hypothetical net rates of return as follows:
Strategic Partners Advisor 3.51%; Strategic Partners Select 3.39%; Strategic Partners Annuity One 3/Plus 3 Non-Bonus 3.51%; Strategic Partners Annuity One 3/Plus 3 Bonus 3.41%.
5. The illustration above illustrates 100% invested into the variable sub-accounts. Investments into the fixed rate accounts, as noted above, may receive a higher rate of interest in one product over another causing Contract Values to differ in relation to one another.
6. Surrender Value assumes surrender 2 days prior to policy anniversary.

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PLEASE SEND ME A STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION THAT CONTAINS FURTHER
DETAILS ABOUT THE PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY ANNUITY DESCRIBED IN PROSPECTUS
ORD01182NY (05/2006).

(print your name)

(address)

(city/state/zip code)

MAILING ADDRESS:

PRUDENTIAL ANNUITY SERVICE CENTER
P.O. Box 7960
Philadelphia, PA 19176

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ORD01182NY

STRATEGIC PARTNERS(SM)
PLUS 3
VARIABLE ANNUITY

PROSPECTUS: MAY 1, 2006

THIS PROSPECTUS DESCRIBES AN INDIVIDUAL VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACT OFFERED BY PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY (PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY) AND THE PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY FLEXIBLE PREMIUM ANNUITY ACCOUNT. PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY OFFERS SEVERAL DIFFERENT ANNUITIES WHICH YOUR REPRESENTATIVE MAY BE AUTHORIZED TO OFFER TO YOU. EACH ANNUITY HAS DIFFERENT FEATURES AND BENEFITS THAT MAY BE APPROPRIATE FOR YOU BASED ON YOUR FINANCIAL SITUATION, YOUR AGE AND HOW YOU INTEND TO USE THE ANNUITY. PLEASE NOTE THAT SELLING BROKER-DEALER FIRMS THROUGH WHICH THE CONTRACT IS SOLD MAY DECLINE TO MAKE AVAILABLE TO THEIR CUSTOMERS CERTAIN OF THE OPTIONAL FEATURES OFFERED GENERALLY UNDER THE CONTRACT. ALTERNATIVELY, SUCH FIRMS MAY RESTRICT THE AVAILABILITY OF THE OPTIONAL BENEFITS THAT THEY DO MAKE AVAILABLE TO THEIR CUSTOMERS (E.G., BY IMPOSING A LOWER MAXIMUM ISSUE AGE FOR CERTAIN OPTIONAL BENEFITS THAN WHAT IS PRESCRIBED GENERALLY UNDER THE CONTRACT). PLEASE SPEAK TO YOUR REGISTERED REPRESENTATIVE FOR FURTHER DETAILS. THE DIFFERENT FEATURES AND BENEFITS INCLUDE VARIATIONS IN DEATH BENEFIT PROTECTION AND THE ABILITY TO ACCESS YOUR ANNUITY'S CONTRACT VALUE. THE FEES AND CHARGES UNDER THE ANNUITY CONTRACT AND THE COMPENSATION PAID TO YOUR REPRESENTATIVE MAY ALSO BE DIFFERENT AMONG EACH ANNUITY. IF YOU ARE PURCHASING THE CONTRACT AS A REPLACEMENT FOR EXISTING VARIABLE ANNUITY OR VARIABLE LIFE COVERAGE, YOU SHOULD CONSIDER, AMONG OTHER THINGS, ANY SURRENDER OR PENALTY CHARGES YOU MAY INCUR WHEN REPLACING YOUR EXISTING COVERAGE. PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY IS AN INDIRECT WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA.

THE FUNDS

Strategic Partners Plus 3 offers a wide variety of investment choices, including variable investment options that invest in underlying mutual funds. Currently, portfolios of the following underlying mutual funds are being offered: The Prudential Series Fund, American Skandia Trust, Evergreen Variable Annuity Trust, Gartmore Variable Insurance Trust, and Janus Aspen Series (see next page for list of portfolios currently offered).

You may choose between two basic versions of Strategic Partners Plus 3. One version, the Contract With Credit, provides for a bonus credit that we add to each purchase payment you make. If you choose this version of Strategic Partners Plus 3, some charges and expenses may be higher than if you choose the version without the credit. Those higher charges could exceed the amount of the credit under some circumstances, particularly if you withdraw purchase payments within a few years of making those purchase payments.

PLEASE READ THIS PROSPECTUS

Please read this prospectus before purchasing a Strategic Partners Plus 3 variable annuity contract, and keep it for future reference. The current prospectuses for the underlying mutual funds contain important information about the mutual funds. When you invest in a variable investment option that is funded by a mutual fund, you should read the mutual fund prospectus and keep it for future reference. The Risk Factors section relating to the market value adjustment option appears in the Summary.

TO LEARN MORE ABOUT STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3

To learn more about the Strategic Partners Plus 3 variable annuity, you can request a copy of the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) dated May 1, 2006. The SAI has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is legally a part of this prospectus. Pruco Life of New Jersey also files other reports with the SEC. All of these filings can be reviewed and copied at the SEC's offices, and can also be obtained from the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. (See SEC file numbers 333-49230 and 333-103473.) You may obtain information on the operation of the

Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at (202) 551-8090. The SEC maintains a Web site (<http://www.sec.gov>) that contains the Strategic Partners Plus 3 SAI, material incorporated by reference, and other information regarding registrants that file electronically with the SEC. The Table of Contents of the SAI is set forth in Section 11 of this prospectus.

For a free copy of the SAI, call us at (888) PRU-2888, or write to us at Prudential Annuity Service Center, P.O. Box 7960, Philadelphia, PA 19176.

THE SEC HAS NOT DETERMINED THAT THIS CONTRACT IS A GOOD INVESTMENT, NOR HAS THE SEC DETERMINED THAT THIS PROSPECTUS IS COMPLETE OR ACCURATE. IT IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE TO STATE OTHERWISE. INVESTMENT IN A VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACT IS SUBJECT TO RISK, INCLUDING THE POSSIBLE LOSS OF YOUR MONEY. AN INVESTMENT IN STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 IS NOT A BANK DEPOSIT AND IS NOT INSURED BY THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION OR ANY OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY.

STRATEGIC PARTNERS(SM) IS A SERVICE MARK OF THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA. P2401NY

THE PRUDENTIAL SERIES FUND

Jennison Portfolio
Prudential Equity Portfolio
Prudential Global Portfolio
Prudential Money Market Portfolio
Prudential Stock Index Portfolio
Prudential Value Portfolio
SP AIM Core Equity Portfolio
SP Davis Value Portfolio
SP LSV International Value Portfolio
SP Mid Cap Growth Portfolio
SP PIMCO High Yield Portfolio
SP PIMCO Total Return Portfolio
SP Prudential U.S. Emerging Growth Portfolio
SP Small Cap Growth Portfolio
SP Small-Cap Value Portfolio
SP Strategic Partners Focused Growth Portfolio
SP T. Rowe Price Large-Cap Growth Portfolio
SP William Blair International Growth Portfolio

AMERICAN SKANDIA TRUST

AST Advanced Strategies Portfolio
AST Aggressive Asset Allocation Portfolio
AST AllianceBernstein Core Value Portfolio
AST AllianceBernstein Growth & Income Portfolio
AST AllianceBernstein Managed Index 500 Portfolio
AST American Century Income & Growth Portfolio
AST American Century Strategic Balanced Portfolio
AST Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio
AST Capital Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio
AST Cohen & Steers Realty Portfolio
AST Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio
AST DeAM Large-Cap Value Portfolio
AST DeAM Small-Cap Growth Portfolio
AST DeAM Small-Cap Value Portfolio
AST Federated Aggressive Growth Portfolio
AST First Trust Balanced Target Portfolio
AST First Trust Capital Appreciation Target Portfolio
AST Global Allocation Portfolio
AST Goldman Sachs Concentrated Growth Portfolio
AST Goldman Sachs Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio
AST High Yield Portfolio
AST JPMorgan International Equity Portfolio
AST Large-Cap Value Portfolio
AST Lord Abbett Bond-Debenture Portfolio
AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio
AST MFS Global Equity Portfolio
AST MFS Growth Portfolio
AST Mid Cap Value Portfolio
AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio
AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Value Portfolio
AST PIMCO Limited Maturity Bond Portfolio
AST Preservation Asset Allocation Portfolio
AST Small-Cap Value Portfolio
AST T. Rowe Price Asset Allocation Portfolio
AST T. Rowe Price Global Bond Portfolio
AST T. Rowe Price Natural Resources Portfolio

EVERGREEN VARIABLE ANNUITY TRUST

Evergreen VA Balanced Fund
Evergreen VA Fundamental Large Cap Fund
Evergreen VA Growth Fund
Evergreen VA International Equity Fund

GARTMORE VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST

GVIT Developing Markets Fund

JANUS ASPEN SERIES

Large Cap Growth Portfolio -- Service Shares

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PART I SUMMARY

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

GLOSSARY

WE HAVE TRIED TO MAKE THIS PROSPECTUS AS EASY TO READ AND UNDERSTAND AS POSSIBLE. BY THE NATURE OF THE CONTRACT, HOWEVER, CERTAIN TECHNICAL WORDS OR TERMS ARE UNAVOIDABLE. WE HAVE IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING AS SOME OF THESE WORDS OR TERMS.

ACCUMULATION PHASE

The period that begins with the contract date (which we define below) and ends when you start receiving income payments, or earlier if the contract is terminated through a full withdrawal or payment of a death benefit.

ADJUSTED CONTRACT VALUE

When you begin receiving income payments, the value of your contract adjusted for any market value adjustment minus any charge we impose for premium taxes and withdrawal charges.

ANNUAL INCOME AMOUNT

Under the terms of the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, an amount that you can withdraw each year as long as the annuitant lives. The annual income amount is set initially as a percentage of the Protected Withdrawal Value, but will be adjusted to reflect subsequent purchase payments, withdrawals, and any step-up. Under the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit, the annual income amount is paid until the later death of two natural persons who are each other's spouses at the time of election and at the first death of one of them.

ANNUAL WITHDRAWAL AMOUNT

Under the terms of the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, an amount that you can withdraw each year as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value remaining. The Annual Withdrawal Amount is set initially to equal 7% of the initial Protected Withdrawal Value, but will be adjusted to reflect subsequent purchase payments, withdrawals, and any step-up.

ANNUITANT

The person whose life determines the amount of income payments that we will pay. If the annuitant dies before the annuity date, the co-annuitant (if any) becomes the annuitant if the contract's requirements for changing the annuity date are met. If, upon the death of the annuitant, there is no surviving eligible co-annuitant, and the owner is not the annuitant, then the owner becomes the annuitant.

ANNUITY DATE

The date when income payments are scheduled to begin. You must have our permission to change the annuity date. If the co-annuitant becomes the annuitant due to the death of the annuitant, and the co-annuitant is older than the annuitant, then the annuity date will be based on the age of the co-annuitant, provided that the contract's requirements for changing the annuity date are met (e.g., the co-annuitant cannot be older than a specified age). If the co-annuitant is younger than the annuitant, then the annuity date will remain unchanged.

BENEFICIARY

The person(s) or entity you have chosen to receive a death benefit.

BUSINESS DAY

A day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for business. Our business day generally ends at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time.

CO-ANNUITANT

The person shown on the contract data pages who becomes the annuitant (if eligible) upon the death of the annuitant if the contract's requirements for changing the annuity date are met. No co-annuitant may be designated if the owner is a non-natural person.

CONTRACT DATE

The date we accept your initial purchase payment and all necessary paperwork in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. Contract anniversaries are measured from the contract date. A contract year starts on the contract date or on a contract anniversary.

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

CONTRACT OWNER, OWNER, OR YOU

The person entitled to the ownership rights under the contract.

CONTRACT VALUE

This is the total value of your contract, equal to the sum of the values of your investment in each investment option you have chosen. Your contract value will go up or down based on the performance of the investment options you choose.

CONTRACT WITH CREDIT

A version of the annuity contract that provides for a bonus credit with each purchase payment that you make and has higher withdrawal charges and insurance

and administrative costs, and may provide lower interest rates for fixed rate options than the Contract Without Credit.

CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT

A version of the annuity contract that does not provide a credit and has lower withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract With Credit.

CREDIT

If you choose the Contract With Credit, this is the bonus amount that we allocate to your account each time you make a purchase payment. The amount of the credit is a percentage of the purchase payment. Bonus credits generally are not recaptured once the free look period expires. Our reference in the preceding sentence to "generally are not recaptured" refers to the fact that we have the contractual right to deduct, from the death benefit we pay, the amount of any credit corresponding to a purchase payment made within one year of death.

DEATH BENEFIT

If a death benefit is payable, the beneficiary you designate will receive, at a minimum, the total invested purchase payments, reduced proportionally by withdrawals, or a potentially greater amount related to market appreciation. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit is available for an additional charge. See Section 4, "What Is The Death Benefit?"

DESIGNATED LIFE

For purposes of the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit, a Designated Life refers to each of two natural persons who are each other's spouses at the time of election of the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit and at the first death of one of them.

DOLLAR COST AVERAGING FIXED RATE OPTION (DCA FIXED RATE OPTION)

An investment option that offers a fixed rate of interest for a selected period during which periodic transfers are automatically made to selected variable investment options or to the one-year fixed interest rate option.

EXCESS INCOME/EXCESS WITHDRAWAL

Under the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit and Lifetime Five Income Benefit, Excess Income refers to cumulative withdrawals that exceed the Annual Income Amount. Under the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, Excess Withdrawal refers to cumulative withdrawals that exceed the Annual Withdrawal Amount.

FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTIONS

Investment options that offer a fixed rate of interest for either a one-year period (fixed rate option) or a selected period during which periodic transfers are made to selected variable investment options or to the one-year fixed rate option.

GOOD ORDER

An instruction received at the Prudential Annuity Service Center, utilizing such forms, signatures and dating as we require, which is sufficiently clear that we do not need to exercise any discretion to follow such instructions.

GUARANTEE PERIOD

A period of time during which your invested purchase payment in the market value adjustment option earns interest at the declared rate. We may offer one or more guarantee periods.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT (GMDB)

An optional feature available for an additional charge that guarantees that the death benefit that the beneficiary

GLOSSARY CONTINUED

- - - - -

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

receives will be no less than a certain GMDB protected value.

GMDB PROTECTED VALUE

The amount guaranteed under the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, which equals the GMDB step-up value. The GMDB protected value will be subject to certain age

restrictions and time durations, however, it will still increase by subsequent invested purchase payments and reduce proportionally by withdrawals.

GMDB STEP-UP

We use the GMDB step-up value to compute the GMDB protected value of the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit. Generally speaking, the GMDB step-up establishes a "high water mark" of protected value that we would pay upon death, even if the contract value has declined. For example, if the GMDB step-up were set at \$100,000 on a contract anniversary, and the contract value subsequently declined to \$80,000 on the date of death, the GMDB step-up value would nonetheless remain \$100,000 (assuming no additional purchase payments or withdrawals).

GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT (GMIB)

An optional feature available for an additional charge that guarantees that the income payments you receive during the income phase will be no less than a certain GMIB protected value applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates.

GMIB PROTECTED VALUE

We use the GMIB protected value to calculate annuity payments should you annuitize under the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit.

The value is calculated daily and is equal to the GMIB roll-up, until the GMIB roll-up either reaches its cap or if we stop applying the annual interest rate based on the age of the annuitant, number of contract anniversaries or number of years since last GMIB reset. At such point, the GMIB protected value will be increased by any subsequent invested purchase payments, and any withdrawals will proportionally reduce the GMIB protected value. The GMIB protected value is not available as a cash surrender benefit or a death benefit, nor is it used to calculate the cash surrender value or death benefit.

GMIB RESET

You may elect to "step-up" or "reset" your GMIB protected value if your contract value is greater than the current GMIB protected value. Upon exercise of the reset provision, your GMIB protected value will be reset to equal your current contract value. You are limited to two resets over the life of your contract, provided that certain annuitant age requirements are met.

GMIB ROLL-UP

We will use the GMIB roll-up value to compute the GMIB protected value of the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. The GMIB roll-up is equal to the invested purchase payments (after a reset, the contract value at the time of the reset) compounded daily at an effective annual interest rate starting on the date each invested purchase payment is made, subject to a cap, and reduced proportionally by withdrawals.

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT (IAB)

An optional feature that may be available for an additional charge that provides a supplemental living benefit based on earnings under the contract.

IAB AUTOMATIC WITHDRAWAL PAYMENT PROGRAM

A series of payments consisting of a portion of your contract value and Income Appreciator Benefit paid to you in equal installments over a 10 year period, which you may choose, if you elect to receive the Income Appreciator Benefit during the accumulation phase.

IAB CREDIT

An amount we add to your contract value that is credited in equal installments over a 10 year period, which you may choose, if you elect to receive the Income Appreciator Benefit during the accumulation phase.

INCOME OPTIONS

Options under the contract that define the frequency and duration of income payments. In your contract, we also refer to these as payout or annuity options.

INCOME PHASE

The period during which you receive income payments under the contract.

INVESTED PURCHASE PAYMENTS

Your purchase payments (which we define below) less any deduction we make for any tax charge.

JOINT OWNER

The person named as the joint owner, who shares ownership rights with the owner as defined in the contract. A joint owner must be a natural person.

LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT

An optional feature available for an additional charge that guarantees your ability to withdraw amounts equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (called the "Protected Withdrawal Value"), regardless of the impact of market performance on your contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amount of withdrawals. There are two options -- one is designed to provide an annual withdrawal amount for life and the other is designed to provide a greater annual withdrawal amount (than the first option) as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value. We also offer a variant of the Lifetime Five Income Benefit to certain spousal owners -- see "Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit."

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT

An adjustment to your contract value or withdrawal proceeds that is based on the relationship between interest you are currently earning within the market value adjustment option and prevailing interest rates. This adjustment may be positive or negative.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT OPTION

Under the Contract Without Credit, this investment option may offer various guarantee periods and pays a fixed rate of interest with respect to each guarantee period. We impose a market value adjustment on withdrawals or transfers that you make from this option prior to the end of its guarantee period.

NET PURCHASE PAYMENTS

Your total purchase payments less any withdrawals you have made.

PROPORTIONAL WITHDRAWALS

A method that involves calculating the percentage of your contract value that each prior withdrawal represented when withdrawn. Proportional withdrawals result in a reduction to the applicable benefit value by reducing such value in the same proportion as the contract value was reduced by the withdrawal as of the date the withdrawal occurred.

PROTECTED WITHDRAWAL VALUE

Under the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, we guarantee an amount that you can withdraw each year until those annual withdrawals, when added together, reach an aggregate limit. We call that aggregate limit the Protected Withdrawal Value. Purchase payments and withdrawals you make will result in an adjustment to the Protected Withdrawal Value. In addition, you may elect to step-up your Protected Withdrawal Value under certain circumstances. Under the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit, Protected Withdrawal Value refers to a value that is used to determine the Annual Income Amount. The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is equal to the greatest of three specified amounts. (See "Initial Protected Withdrawal Value" within the section describing the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit.)

PRUDENTIAL ANNUITY SERVICE CENTER

For general correspondence: P.O. Box 7960, Philadelphia, PA 19176. For express overnight mail: 2101 Welsh Road, Dresher, PA 19025. The telephone number is (888) PRU-2888. Prudential's Web site is www.prudential.com.

PURCHASE PAYMENTS

The amount of money you pay us to purchase the contract. Generally, you can make additional purchase payments at any time during the accumulation phase.

SEPARATE ACCOUNT

Purchase payments allocated to the variable investment options are held by us in a separate account called the Pruco Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

Account. The separate account is set apart from all of the general assets of Pruco Life of New Jersey.

SPOUSAL LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT

An optional feature available for an additional charge that guarantees the ability to withdraw amounts equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (called the "Protected Withdrawal Value"), regardless of the impact of market performance on the contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amount of withdrawals. Under the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit, an annual income amount is paid until the later death of two natural persons who are each other's spouses at the time of election and at the first death of one of them.

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

A document containing certain additional information about the Strategic Partners Plus 3 variable annuity. We have filed the Statement of Additional Information with the Securities and Exchange Commission and it is legally a part of this prospectus. To learn how to obtain a copy of the Statement of Additional Information, see the front cover of this prospectus.

TAX DEFERRAL

This is a way to increase your assets without currently being taxed. Generally, you do not pay taxes on your contract earnings until you take money out of your contract. You should be aware that tax favored plans (such as IRAs) already provide tax deferral regardless of whether they invest in annuity contracts. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?"

VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTION

When you choose a variable investment option, we purchase shares of the underlying mutual fund that are held as an investment for that option. We hold these shares in the separate account. The division of the separate account of Pruco Life of New Jersey that invests in a particular mutual fund is referred to in your contract as a subaccount.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

SUMMARY FOR SECTIONS 1-11

FOR A MORE COMPLETE DISCUSSION OF THE FOLLOWING TOPICS, SEE THE CORRESPONDING SECTION IN PART II OF THE PROSPECTUS.

SECTION 1

WHAT IS THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 VARIABLE ANNUITY?

The Strategic Partners Plus 3 variable annuity is a contract between you, the owner, and us, the insurance company, Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey (Pruco Life of New Jersey, we or us). The contract allows you to invest on a tax-deferred basis in variable investment options, fixed interest rate options, and the market value adjustment option. The contract is intended for retirement savings or other long-term investment purposes and provides for a death benefit.

There are two basic versions of the Strategic Partners Plus 3 variable annuity.

Contract With Credit.

- - provides for a bonus credit that we add to each purchase payment that you make,
- - has higher withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract Without Credit,
- - may provide lower interest rates for fixed interest rate options than the Contract Without Credit, and
- - does not offer the market value adjustment option.

Contract Without Credit.

- - does not provide a credit,
- - has lower withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract With Credit.

- - may provide higher interest rates for fixed interest rate options than the Contract With Credit, and
- - offers the market value adjustment option.

The variable investment options available under the contract offer the opportunity for a favorable return. However, this is NOT guaranteed. It is possible, due to market changes, that your investments may decrease in value, including an investment in the Prudential Money Market Portfolio variable investment option.

The fixed interest rate options offer a guaranteed interest rate. While your money is allocated to one of these options, your principal amount will not decrease and we guarantee that your money will earn at least a minimum interest rate annually.

Under the market value adjustment option, while your money remains in the contract for the full guarantee period, your principal amount is guaranteed and the interest amount that your money will earn is guaranteed by us to be at least the minimum interest rate dictated by applicable state law.

You may make up to 12 free transfers each contract year among the investment options. Certain restrictions apply to transfers involving the fixed interest rate options.

The contract, like all deferred annuity contracts, has two phases: the accumulation phase and the income phase.

- - During the accumulation phase, any earnings grow on a tax-deferred basis and are generally only taxed as income when you make a withdrawal.
- - The income phase starts when you begin receiving regular payments from your contract.

The amount of money you are able to accumulate in your contract during the accumulation phase will help determine the amount you will receive during the income phase. Other factors will affect the amount of your payments, such as age, gender, and the payout option you select.

The contract offers a choice of income and death benefit options, which may also be available to you.

We may amend the contract as permitted by law. For example, we may add new features to the contract. Subject to applicable law, we determine whether or not to make such contract amendments available to contracts that already have been issued.

If you change your mind about owning Strategic Partners Plus 3, you may cancel your contract within 10 days after receiving it (or whatever period is required by applicable law). This time period is referred to as the "Free Look" period.

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SUMMARY FOR SECTIONS 1-11 CONTINUED

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

SECTION 2

WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE?

You can invest your money in several variable investment options. The variable investment options are classified according to their investment style, and a brief description of each portfolio's investment objective and key policies is set forth in Section 2, to assist you in determining which portfolios may be of interest to you.

Depending upon market conditions, you may earn or lose money in any of these options. The value of your contract will fluctuate depending upon the performance of the underlying mutual fund portfolios used by the variable investment options that you choose. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.

You may also allocate your money to fixed interest rate options or in a market value adjustment option.

SECTION 3

WHAT KIND OF PAYMENTS WILL I RECEIVE DURING THE INCOME PHASE? (ANNUITIZATION)

If you want to receive regular income from your annuity, you can choose one of several options, including guaranteed payments for the annuitant's lifetime. Generally, once you begin receiving regular payments, you cannot change your payment plan.

For an additional fee, you may also choose, if it is available under your contract, the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (GMIB). The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit provides that once the income period begins, your income payments will be no less than a value that is based on a certain "GMIB protected value " applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates. See Section 3, "What Kind Of Payments Will I Receive During The Income Phase?"

The Lifetime Five Income Benefit, the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit (discussed in Section 5) and the Income Appreciator Benefit (discussed in Section 6) each may provide an additional amount upon which your annuity payments are based.

SECTION 4
WHAT IS THE DEATH BENEFIT?

In general, if the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner dies before the income phase of the contract begins, the person(s) or entity that you have chosen as your beneficiary will receive, at a minimum, the greater of (i) the contract value, (ii) either the base death benefit or, for a higher insurance and administrative cost, a potentially larger Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit (GMDB).

The base death benefit equals the total invested purchase payments reduced proportionally by withdrawals. The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit is equal to the "GMDB protected value" of the highest value of the contract on any contract anniversary, which we call the "GMDB step-up value".

On the date we receive proof of death in good order, in lieu of paying a death benefit, we will allow the surviving spouse to continue the contract by exercising the Spousal Continuation Benefit, if the conditions that we describe, in Section 4, are met.

SECTION 5
WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE(SM) INCOME BENEFIT?

The Lifetime Five Income Benefit is an optional feature that guarantees your ability to withdraw an amount equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (called the "Protected Withdrawal Value"), regardless of the impact of market performance on your contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amounts of withdrawals. There are two options -- one is designed to provide an annual withdrawal amount for life (the "Life Income Benefit"), and the other is designed to provide a greater annual withdrawal amount (than the first option), as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value (adjusted, as described in Section 5) (the "Withdrawal Benefit"). The annuitant must be at least 45 years old when the Lifetime Five Income Benefit is elected.

The charge for the Lifetime Five Income Benefit is a daily fee equal on an annual basis to 0.60% of the contract value allocated to the variable investment options. This charge is in addition to the charge for the applicable death benefit.

In addition to the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, we offer a benefit called the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit. The Spousal Lifetime Five Income benefit is

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY PART I

similar to the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, except that it is offered only to those who are each other's spouses at the time the benefit is elected, and the benefit offers only a Life Income Benefit (not the Withdrawal Benefit). The charge for the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit is a daily fee equal on an annual basis to 0.75% of the contract value allocated to the variable investment options. The charge is in addition to the charge for the applicable death benefit.

SECTION 6
WHAT IS THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT?

The Income Appreciator Benefit is an optional benefit, available for an additional charge, that provides an additional income amount during the accumulation period or upon annuitization. The Income Appreciator Benefit is designed to provide you with additional funds that can be used to help defray the impact taxes may have on distributions from your contract. You can activate this benefit in one of three ways, as described in Section 6. Note, however, that the annuitization options within this benefit are limited.

SECTION 7
HOW CAN I PURCHASE A STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT?

You can purchase this contract, unless we agree otherwise and subject to our

rules, with a minimum initial purchase payment of \$10,000. You must get our prior approval for any initial and additional purchase payment of \$1,000,000 or more, unless we are prohibited under applicable state law from insisting on such prior approval. Generally, you can make additional purchase payments of \$500 (\$100 if made through electronic funds transfer) or more at any time during the accumulation phase of the contract. Your representative can help you fill out the proper forms. The Contract With Credit provides for the allocation of a credit with each purchase payment.

You may purchase this contract only if the oldest of the owner, joint owner, annuitant, or co-annuitant is age 85 or younger on the contract date. In addition, certain age limits apply to certain features and benefits described herein.

SECTION 8

WHAT ARE THE EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT?

The contract has insurance features and investment features, both of which have related costs and charges.

- Each year (or upon full surrender) we deduct a contract maintenance charge if your contract value is less than \$75,000. This charge is currently equal to the lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value. We do not impose the contract maintenance charge if your contract value is \$75,000 or more.
- For insurance and administrative costs, we also deduct a daily charge based on the average daily value of all assets allocated to the variable investment options, depending on the death benefit (or other) option that you choose. The daily cost is equivalent to an annual charge as follows:
 - 1.40% if you choose the base death benefit,
 - 1.65% if you choose the step-up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit option (i.e., 0.25% in addition to the base death benefit charge),
 - 0.60% if you choose the Lifetime Five Income Benefit. This charge is in addition to the charge for the applicable death benefit, or
 - 0.75% if you choose the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit. This charge is in addition to the charge for the applicable death benefit.
- We impose an additional insurance and administrative charge of 0.10% annually for the Contract With Credit.
- We will deduct an additional charge if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. We deduct this annual charge from your contract value on the contract anniversary and upon certain other events. The charge for this benefit is equal to 0.50% for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (0.45% for all other contracts), of the average GMIB protected value.
- We will deduct an additional charge if you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit. We deduct this charge from your contract value on the contract anniversary and upon certain other events. The charge for this benefit is based on an annual rate of 0.25% of your contract value.

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SUMMARY FOR SECTIONS 1-11 CONTINUED

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

- There are also expenses associated with the mutual funds. For 2005, the fees of these funds ranged from 0.38% to 1.67% annually. For certain funds, expenses are reduced pursuant to expense waivers and comparable arrangements. In general, these expense waivers and comparable arrangements are not guaranteed, and may be terminated at any time.
- If you withdraw money less than seven contract anniversaries after making a purchase payment, then you may have to pay a withdrawal charge on all or part of the withdrawal. This charge ranges from 1-7% for the Contract Without Credit and 5-8% for the Contract With Credit.

For more information, including details about other possible charges under the contract, see "Summary Of Contract Expenses" and Section 8, "What Are The Expenses Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?"

SECTION 9

HOW CAN I ACCESS MY MONEY?

You may withdraw money at any time during the accumulation phase. You may, however, be subject to income tax and, if you make a withdrawal prior to age 59 1/2, an additional tax penalty as well. For the Contract Without Credit, if you withdraw money less than seven contract anniversaries after making a

purchase payment, we may impose a withdrawal charge ranging from 1-7%. For the Contract With Credit, we may impose a withdrawal charge ranging from 5-8%.

Under the market value adjustment option, you will be subject to a market value adjustment if you make a withdrawal or transfer from the option prior to the end of a guarantee period.

We offer an optional benefit, called the Lifetime Five Income Benefit, under which we guarantee that certain amounts will be available to you for withdrawal, regardless of market-related declines in your contract value. You need not participate in this benefit in order to withdraw some or all of your money. We also offer a Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit. You also may access your Income Appreciator Benefit through withdrawals.

SECTION 10
WHAT ARE THE TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT?

Your earnings are generally not taxed until withdrawn. If you withdraw money during the accumulation phase, the tax laws treat the withdrawal as a withdrawal of earnings, which are taxed as ordinary income. If you are younger than age 59 1/2 when you take money out, you may be charged a 10% federal tax penalty on the earnings in addition to ordinary taxation. A portion of the payments you receive during the income phase is considered a partial return of your original investment and therefore will not be taxable as income. Generally, all amounts withdrawn from an Individual Retirement Annuity (IRA) contract (excluding Roth IRAs) are taxable and subject to the 10% penalty if withdrawn prior to age 59 1/2.

SECTION 11
OTHER INFORMATION

This contract is issued by Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey (Pruco Life of New Jersey), an indirect subsidiary of The Prudential Insurance Company of America, and sold by registered representatives of affiliated and unaffiliated broker/dealers.

RISK FACTORS

There are various risks associated with an investment in the Market Value Adjustment Option that we summarize below.

Issuer Risk. The Market Value Adjustment Option, fixed interest rate options, and the contract's other insurance features are available under a contract issued by Pruco Life of New Jersey, and thus backed by the financial strength of that company. If Pruco Life of New Jersey were to experience significant financial adversity, it is possible that Pruco Life of New Jersey's ability to pay interest and principal under the Market Value Adjustment Option and fixed interest rate options and to fulfill its insurance guarantees could be impaired.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

PART I

Risks Related to Changing Interest Rates. You do not participate directly in the investment experience of the bonds and other instruments that Pruco Life of New Jersey holds to support the Market Value Adjustment Option. Nonetheless, the market value adjustment formula reflects the effect that prevailing interest rates have on those bonds and other instruments. If you need to withdraw your money prior to the end of a guarantee period and during a period in which prevailing interest rates have risen above their level when you made your purchase, you will experience a "negative" market value adjustment. When we impose this market value adjustment, it could result in the loss of both the interest you have earned and a portion of your purchase payments. Thus, before you commit to a particular guarantee period, you should consider carefully whether you have the ability to remain invested throughout the guarantee period. In addition, we cannot, of course, assure you that the Market Value Adjustment Option will perform better than another investment that you might have made.

Risks Related to the Withdrawal Charge. We may impose withdrawal charges on amounts withdrawn from the Market Value Adjustment Option. If you anticipate needing to withdraw your money prior to the end of a guarantee period, you should be prepared to pay the withdrawal charge that we will impose.

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

PART I

SUMMARY OF CONTRACT EXPENSES

THE PURPOSE OF THIS SUMMARY IS TO HELP YOU TO UNDERSTAND THE COSTS YOU WILL PAY

FOR STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3. THE FOLLOWING TABLES DESCRIBE THE FEES AND EXPENSES THAT YOU WILL PAY WHEN BUYING, OWNING, AND SURRENDERING THE CONTRACT. THE FIRST TABLE DESCRIBES THE FEES AND EXPENSES THAT YOU WILL PAY AT THE TIME THAT YOU BUY THE CONTRACT, SURRENDER THE CONTRACT, OR TRANSFER CASH VALUE BETWEEN INVESTMENT OPTIONS.

For more detailed information, including additional information about current and maximum charges, see Section 8, "What Are The Expenses Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?" The individual fund prospectuses contain detailed expense information about the underlying mutual funds.

CONTRACT OWNER TRANSACTION EXPENSES

<Table>
<Caption>
WITHDRAWAL CHARGE(1)

	NUMBER OF CONTRACT ANNIVERSARIES SINCE PURCHASE PAYMENT	CONTRACT WITH CREDIT	CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT
<S>		<C>	<C>
	0	8%	7%
	1	8%	6%
	2	8%	5%
	3	8%	4%
	4	7%	3%
	5	6%	2%
	6	5%	1%
	7	0%	0%

MAXIMUM TRANSFER FEE

EACH TRANSFER AFTER 12(2)	\$30.00
---------------------------	---------

</Table>

1: Each contract year, you may withdraw a specified amount of your contract value without incurring a withdrawal charge. We will waive the withdrawal charge if we pay a death benefit or under certain other circumstances. See "Withdrawal Charge" in Section 8.

2: Currently, we charge \$25 for each transfer after the twelfth in a contract year. As shown in the table, we can increase that charge up to a maximum of \$30, but have no current intention to do so. We will not charge you for transfers made in connection with Dollar Cost Averaging and Auto-Rebalancing or transfers from the market value adjustment option at the end of a guarantee period, and do not count them toward the limit of 12 free transfers per year.

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The next table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay periodically during the time that you own the contract, not including underlying mutual fund fees and expenses.

PERIODIC ACCOUNT EXPENSES

<Table>
MAXIMUM CONTRACT MAINTENANCE CHARGE AND CONTRACT CHARGE
UPON FULL WITHDRAWAL(3)

	\$30.00
--	---------

INSURANCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES WITH THE INDICATED
BENEFITS

AS A PERCENTAGE OF ACCOUNT VALUE IN VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTIONS:

	CONTRACT WITH CREDIT	CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT
<S>	<C>	<C>
Base Death Benefit	1.50%	1.40%
Base Death Benefit with Lifetime Five Income Benefit	2.10%	2.00%
Base Death Benefit with Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit	2.25%	2.15%
Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option--Step-Up	1.75%	1.65%
Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit Option--Step-Up with Lifetime Five Income Benefit	2.35%	2.25%

ANNUAL GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT CHARGE AND CHARGE

UPON CERTAIN WITHDRAWALS(4) (for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004)	
AS A PERCENTAGE OF AVERAGE GMIB PROTECTED VALUE	0.50%
ANNUAL INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT CHARGE AND CHARGE UPON CERTAIN WITHDRAWALS(5)	
AS A PERCENTAGE OF CONTRACT VALUE	0.25%

3: Currently, we waive this fee if your contract value is greater than or equal to \$75,000. If your contract value is less than \$75,000, we currently charge the lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value. This is a single fee that we assess (a) annually or (b) upon full withdrawal made on a date other than a contract anniversary.

4: We impose this charge only if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. This charge is equal to 0.50% for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (0.45% for all other contracts), of the average GMIB protected value, which is calculated daily and generally is equal to the GMIB roll-up value. The fee is withdrawn from each variable investment option in the same proportion as the contract value allocated to that variable investment option represents to the total contract value in all variable investment options. Subject to certain age or duration restrictions, the roll-up value is the total of all invested purchase payments (after a reset, the contract value at the time of the reset) compounded daily at an effective annual rate of 5%, subject to a cap of 200% of all invested purchase payments. Withdrawals reduce both the roll-up value and the 200% cap. When the GMIB roll-up is increasing at an effective annual interest rate of 5%, the reduction is equal to the amount of the withdrawal for the first 5% of the roll-up value, calculated as of the latest contract anniversary (or contract date). The amount of the withdrawal in excess of 5% of the roll-up value further reduces the roll-up value and 200% cap proportionally to the additional reduction in contract value after the first 5% withdrawal occurs. We assess this fee each contract anniversary and when you begin the income phase of your contract. We also assess this fee if you make a full withdrawal, but prorate the fee based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted. If you make a partial withdrawal, we will assess the prorated fee if the remaining contract value after the withdrawal would be less than the amount of the prorated fee; otherwise we will not assess the fee at that time.

5: We impose this charge only if you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit. The charge for this benefit is based on an annual rate of 0.25% of your contract value. The Income Appreciator Benefit charge is calculated: on each contract anniversary, on the annuity date, upon the death of the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date, upon a full or partial withdrawal, and upon a subsequent purchase payment. The fee is based on the contract value at the time of the calculation, and is prorated based on the portion of the contract year since the date that the charge was last deducted. Although it may be calculated more often, it is deducted only: on each contract anniversary, on the annuity date, upon the death of the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date, upon a full withdrawal, and upon a partial withdrawal if the contract value remaining after such partial withdrawal is not enough to cover the then-applicable charge. With respect to full and partial withdrawals, we prorate the fee based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted. We reserve the right to calculate and deduct the fee more frequently than annually, such as quarterly.

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SUMMARY OF CONTRACT EXPENSES CONTINUED

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY	PART I
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TOTAL ANNUAL MUTUAL FUND OPERATING EXPENSES

The next item shows the minimum and maximum total operating expenses (expenses that are deducted from underlying mutual fund assets, including management fees, distribution and/or service (12b-1) fees, and other expenses) charged by the underlying mutual funds that you may pay periodically during the time that you own the contract. More detail concerning each underlying mutual fund's fees and expenses is contained below and in the prospectus for each underlying mutual fund. The minimum and maximum total operating expenses depicted below are based on historical fund expenses for the year ended December 31, 2005. Fund expenses are not fixed or guaranteed by the Strategic Partners Plus 3 contract, and may vary from year to year.

<Table>		
<Caption>	Minimum	Maximum
	-----	-----

<S>	<C>	<C>
Total Annual Underlying Mutual Fund Operating Expenses*	0.38%	1.67%

* See "Summary of Contract Expenses"--Underlying Mutual Fund Portfolio Annual Expenses for more detail on the expenses of the underlying mutual funds.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

PART I

<Table>
<Caption>
UNDERLYING MUTUAL FUND PORTFOLIO ANNUAL EXPENSES

AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE AVERAGE NET ASSETS OF THE UNDERLYING PORTFOLIOS

ANNUAL OPERATING	MANAGEMENT FEES	OTHER EXPENSES (1)	12B-1 FEES	TOTAL PORTFOLIO EXPENSES
<S> THE PRUDENTIAL SERIES FUND(2)	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
Jennison Portfolio	0.60%	0.03%	None	0.63%
Prudential Equity Portfolio(3)	0.45%	0.02%	None	0.47%
Prudential Global Portfolio(4)	0.75%	0.07%	None	0.82%
Prudential Money Market Portfolio	0.40%	0.05%	None	0.45%
Prudential Stock Index Portfolio	0.35%	0.03%	None	0.38%
Prudential Value Portfolio	0.40%	0.03%	None	0.43%
SP Aggressive Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio(5,6)	0.84%	0.11%	None	0.95%
SP AIM Core Equity Portfolio	0.85%	0.15%	None	1.00%
SP Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio(5,6)	0.76%	0.09%	None	0.85%
SP Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio(5,6)	0.72%	0.08%	None	0.80%
SP Davis Value Portfolio	0.75%	0.07%	None	0.82%
SP Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio(5,6)	0.81%	0.10%	None	0.91%
SP Large Cap Value Portfolio(5)	0.80%	0.03%	None	0.83%
SP LSV International Value Portfolio	0.90%	0.16%	None	1.06%
SP Mid Cap Growth Portfolio	0.80%	0.20%	None	1.00%
SP PIMCO High Yield Portfolio	0.60%	0.07%	None	0.67%
SP PIMCO Total Return Portfolio	0.60%	0.02%	None	0.62%
SP Prudential U.S. Emerging Growth Portfolio	0.60%	0.20%	None	0.80%
SP Small Cap Growth Portfolio	0.95%	0.10%	None	1.05%
SP Small Cap Value Portfolio (formerly SP Goldman Sachs Small Cap Value Portfolio)(7)	0.90%	0.07%	None	0.97%
SP Strategic Partners Focused Growth Portfolio	0.90%	0.17%	None	1.07%
SP T. Rowe Price Large-Cap Growth Portfolio (formerly SP AllianceBernstein Large-Cap Growth Portfolio)(8,9)	0.90%	0.16%	None	1.06%
SP William Blair International Growth Portfolio	0.85%	0.13%	None	0.98%
AMERICAN SKANDIA TRUST(2,10)				
AST Advanced Strategies Portfolio	0.85%	0.18%	None	1.03%
AST Aggressive Asset Allocation Portfolio(11)	1.04%	0.29%	None	1.33%
AST AllianceBernstein Core Value Portfolio	0.75%	0.19%	None	0.94%
AST AllianceBernstein Growth & Income Portfolio	0.75%	0.13%	None	0.88%
AST AllianceBernstein Managed Index 500 Portfolio	0.60%	0.17%	None	0.77%
AST American Century Income & Growth Portfolio	0.75%	0.18%	None	0.93%
AST American Century Strategic Balanced Portfolio	0.85%	0.23%	None	1.08%
AST Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio(11)	0.95%	0.20%	None	1.15%
AST Capital Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio(11)	1.00%	0.20%	None	1.20%
AST Cohen & Steers Realty Portfolio	1.00%	0.18%	None	1.18%
AST Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio(11)	0.94%	0.24%	None	1.18%
AST DeAM Large-Cap Value Portfolio	0.85%	0.22%	None	1.07%
AST DeAM Small-Cap Growth Portfolio	0.95%	0.20%	None	1.15%
AST DeAM Small-Cap Value Portfolio	0.95%	0.24%	None	1.19%
AST Federated Aggressive Growth Portfolio	0.95%	0.17%	None	1.12%
AST First Trust Balanced Target Portfolio	0.85%	0.19%	None	1.04%
AST First Trust Capital Appreciation Target Portfolio	0.85%	0.19%	None	1.04%
AST Global Allocation Portfolio	0.86%	0.23%	None	1.09%
AST Goldman Sachs Concentrated Growth Portfolio	0.90%	0.16%	None	1.06%
AST Goldman Sachs Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio	1.00%	0.18%	None	1.18%
AST High Yield Portfolio (formerly, AST Goldman Sachs High Yield Portfolio)(12)	0.75%	0.19%	None	0.94%
AST JPMorgan International Equity Portfolio	0.88%	0.19%	None	1.07%

AST Large-Cap Value Portfolio (formerly AST Hotchkis and Wiley Large-Cap Value Portfolio)(13,14,15)	0.75%	0.16%	None	0.91%
AST Lord Abbett Bond-Debenture Portfolio	0.80%	0.17%	None	0.97%
AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio	0.90%	0.13%	None	1.03%
AST MFS Global Equity Portfolio	1.00%	0.26%	None	1.26%
AST MFS Growth Portfolio	0.90%	0.18%	None	1.08%

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SUMMARY OF CONTRACT EXPENSES CONTINUED

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

PART I

UNDERLYING MUTUAL FUND PORTFOLIO ANNUAL EXPENSES

AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE AVERAGE NET ASSETS OF THE UNDERLYING PORTFOLIOS

ANNUAL OPERATING	MANAGEMENT FEES <C>	OTHER EXPENSES(1) <C>	12B-1 FEES <C>	TOTAL PORTFOLIO EXPENSES <C>
<S> AST Mid Cap Value Portfolio (formerly, AST Gabelli All-Cap Value Portfolio)(16)	0.95%	0.22%	None	1.17%
AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Growth Portfolio	0.90%	0.18%	None	1.08%
AST Neuberger Berman Mid-Cap Value Portfolio	0.89%	0.14%	None	1.03%
AST PIMCO Limited Maturity Bond Portfolio	0.65%	0.15%	None	0.80%
AST Preservation Asset Allocation Portfolio(11)	0.89%	0.38%	None	1.27%
AST Small-Cap Value Portfolio(13,17)	0.90%	0.17%	None	1.07%
AST T. Rowe Price Asset Allocation Portfolio	0.85%	0.23%	None	1.08%
AST T. Rowe Price Global Bond Portfolio	0.80%	0.21%	None	1.01%
AST T. Rowe Price Natural Resources Portfolio	0.90%	0.18%	None	1.08%
EVERGREEN VARIABLE ANNUITY TRUST				
Evergreen VA Balanced Fund	0.30%	0.20%	--	0.50%
Evergreen VA Fundamental Large Cap Fund	0.58%	0.18%	--	0.76%
Evergreen VA Growth Fund	0.70%	0.22%	--	0.99%
Evergreen VA International Equity Fund	0.41%	0.30%	--	0.71%
Evergreen VA Omega Fund	0.52%	0.19%	--	0.71%
Evergreen VA Special Values Fund	0.78%	0.19%	--	0.97%
GARTMORE VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST				
GVIT Developing Markets Fund(18,19)	1.05%	0.37%	0.25%	1.67%
JANUS ASPEN SERIES				
Large Cap Growth Portfolio -- Service Shares(19)	0.64%	0.02%	0.25%	0.91%

1. As noted above, shares of the Portfolios generally are purchased through variable insurance products. Some of the Portfolios and/or their investment advisers and/or distributors have entered into arrangements with us as the issuer of the contract under which they compensate us for providing ongoing services in lieu of the Series Fund and/or Trust providing such services. Amounts paid by a Portfolio under those arrangements are included under "Other Expenses."

2. The total actual operating expenses for certain of the Portfolios listed above for the year ended December 31, 2005 were less than the amounts shown in the table above, due to fee waivers, reimbursement of expenses, and expense offset arrangements ("Arrangements"). These Arrangements are voluntary and may be terminated at any time. In addition, the Arrangements may be modified periodically. For more information regarding the Arrangements, please see the prospectus and statement of additional information for the Portfolios.

3. Effective December 5, 2005, GE Asset Management was removed as sub-adviser to a portion of the Portfolio. Salomon Brothers Asset Management, Inc. (an existing co-sub-adviser to the Portfolio) assumed responsibility for the assets previously managed by GE Asset Management.

4. Effective December 5, 2005, LSV Asset Management, Marsico Capital Management, LLC, T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc., and William Blair & Company, LLC became the sub-advisers of the Portfolio. Prior to December 5, 2005, Jennison Associates

LLC served as sub-adviser to the Portfolio.

5. Effective December 5, 2005, the Portfolio was closed to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in the Portfolio.

6. Each asset allocation portfolio invests in a combination of underlying portfolios of The Prudential Series Fund. The total expenses for each asset allocation portfolio are calculated as a blend of the fees of the underlying portfolios, plus a 0.05% advisory fee payable to the investment adviser, Prudential Investments LLC. The 0.05% advisory fee is included in the amount of each investment advisory fee set forth in the table above.

7. Effective December 5, 2005, Salomon Brothers Asset Management Inc. began managing a portion of the Portfolio's assets, then named "SP Goldman Sachs Small Cap Value Portfolio."

8. Effective December 5, 2005, T. Rowe Price Associates replaced Alliance Capital Management, L.P. as sub-adviser of the Portfolio, then named "SP AllianceBernstein Large-Cap Growth Portfolio."

9. Effective March 20, 2006, Dreman Value Management LLC began managing a portion of the Portfolio's assets.

10. Until November 18, 2004, the Trust had a Distribution Plan under Rule 12b-1 to permit an affiliate of the Trust's investment managers to receive brokerage commissions in connection with purchases and sales of securities held by the Portfolios, and to use these commissions to promote the sale of shares of the Portfolio. The Distribution Plan was terminated effective November 18, 2004.

11. Effective December 5, 2005, this Portfolio was added as a new asset allocation portfolio.

12. Effective March 20, 2006, Pacific Investment Management Company LLC began managing a portion of the Portfolio's assets, then named "AST Goldman Sachs High Yield Portfolio."

13. Effective December 5, 2005, Salomon Brothers Asset Management Inc. began managing a portion of the Portfolio's assets.

14. Effective December 5, 2005, J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. began managing a portion of the Portfolio's assets, then named "AST Hotchkis and Wiley Large-Cap Value Portfolio."

15. Effective March 20, 2006, Dreman Value Management LLC began managing a portion of the Portfolio's assets.

16. Effective December 5, 2005, EARNEST Partners, LLC and Wedge Capital Management, LLP replaced GAMCO Investors, Inc. as sub-advisers to the Portfolio, then named "AST Gabelli All-Cap Value Portfolio."

17. Effective March 20, 2006, Integrity Asset Management was removed as a sub-adviser to a portion of the Portfolio's assets. Dreman Value Management LLC was added as a sub-adviser and assumed responsibility for the assets previously managed by Integrity Asset Management.

18. Effective January 1, 2006, the management fee was lowered to the base fee described above. Beginning January 1, 2007, the management fee may be adjusted, on a quarterly basis, upward or downward depending on the Fund's performance relative to its benchmark, the MSCI Emerging Market Free Index. As a result, beginning January 1, 2007, if the management fee were calculated taking into account all base fee breakpoints and performance fee adjustments, the management fee could range from 0.85% at its lowest to 1.15% at its highest.

19. Because the 12b-1 fee is charged as an ongoing fee, over time the fee will increase the cost of your investment and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

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PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

EXPENSE EXAMPLES

THESE EXAMPLES ARE INTENDED TO HELP YOU COMPARE THE COST OF INVESTING IN THE CONTRACT WITH THE COST OF INVESTING IN OTHER VARIABLE ANNUITY CONTRACTS. THESE COSTS INCLUDE CONTRACT OWNER TRANSACTION EXPENSES, CONTRACT FEES, SEPARATE ACCOUNT ANNUAL EXPENSES, AND UNDERLYING MUTUAL FUND FEES AND EXPENSES.

THE EXAMPLES ASSUME THAT YOU INVEST \$10,000 IN THE CONTRACT FOR THE TIME PERIODS INDICATED. THE EXAMPLES ALSO ASSUME THAT YOUR INVESTMENT HAS A 5% RETURN EACH YEAR AND ASSUME THE MAXIMUM FEES AND EXPENSES OF ANY OF THE MUTUAL FUNDS, WHICH DO NOT REFLECT ANY EXPENSE REIMBURSEMENTS OR WAIVERS. ALTHOUGH YOUR ACTUAL COSTS MAY BE HIGHER OR LOWER, BASED ON THESE ASSUMPTIONS, YOUR COSTS WOULD BE AS

INDICATED IN THE TABLES THAT FOLLOW.

EXAMPLE 1a: Contract With Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example assumes that:

- You invest \$10,000 in the Contract With Credit,
- You choose the Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit,
- You choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004),
- You choose the Income Appreciator Benefit,
- You allocate all of your assets to the variable investment option having the maximum total operating expenses,
- The investment has a 5% return each year,
- The mutual fund's total operating expenses remain the same each year, and
- You withdraw all your assets at the end of the indicated period.

EXAMPLE 1b: Contract With Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 1a except that it assumes that you do not withdraw any of your assets at the end of the indicated period.

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EXPENSE EXAMPLES CONTINUED

- - - - -

PART I

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

EXAMPLE 2a: Contract With Credit: Base Death Benefit, and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example assumes that:

- You invest \$10,000 in the Contract With Credit,
- You do not choose any optional insurance benefit,
- You allocate all of your assets to the variable investment option having the maximum total operating expenses,
- The investment has a 5% return each year,
- The mutual fund's total operating expenses remain the same each year, and
- You withdraw all your assets at the end of the indicated period.

EXAMPLE 2b: Contract With Credit: Base Death Benefit, and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 2a except that it assumes that you do not withdraw any of your assets at the end of the indicated period.

EXAMPLE 3a: Contract Without Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 1a except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

EXAMPLE 3b: Contract Without Credit: Step-Up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, Income Appreciator Benefit, and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 1b except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

EXAMPLE 4a: Contract Without Credit: Base Death Benefit; and You Withdraw All Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 2a except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

EXAMPLE 4b: Contract Without Credit: Base Death Benefit; and You Do Not Withdraw Your Assets

This example makes exactly the same assumptions as Example 2b except that it assumes that you invest in the Contract Without Credit.

NOTES FOR EXPENSE EXAMPLES:

THESE EXAMPLES SHOULD NOT BE CONSIDERED A REPRESENTATION OF PAST OR FUTURE EXPENSES. ACTUAL EXPENSES MAY BE GREATER OR LESS THAN THOSE SHOWN.

Note that withdrawal charges (which are reflected in Examples 1a, 2a, 3a and 4a) are assessed in connection with some annuity options, but not others.

The values shown in the 10 year column are the same for Example 1a and 1b, 2a and 2b, 3a and 3b, and 4a and 4b. This is because if 10 years have elapsed since your last purchase payment, we would no longer deduct withdrawal charges when you make a withdrawal.

The examples use an average contract maintenance charge, which we calculated based on our estimate of the total contract fees we expect to collect in 2006. Your actual fees will vary based on the amount of your contract and your specific allocation among the investment options.

A table of accumulation unit values appears in Appendix A to this prospectus.

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<Table>
<Caption>
CONTRACT WITH CREDIT: STEP-UP GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION,
GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT, INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

EXAMPLE 1a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS				EXAMPLE 1b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<S> <C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$1,218	\$2,158	\$3,013	\$4,774	\$466	\$1,406	\$2,355	\$4,774

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<Caption>
CONTRACT WITH CREDIT: BASE DEATH BENEFIT

EXAMPLE 2a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS				EXAMPLE 2b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<S> <C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$1,116	\$1,860	\$2,533	\$3,897	\$364	\$1,108	\$1,875	\$3,897

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<Caption>
CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT: STEP-UP GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT OPTION,
GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT, INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

EXAMPLE 3a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS				EXAMPLE 3b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<S> <C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$1,068	\$1,773	\$2,490	\$4,510	\$438	\$1,323	\$2,220	\$4,510

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<Caption>
CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT: BASE DEATH BENEFIT

EXAMPLE 4a: IF YOU WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS				EXAMPLE 4b: IF YOU DO NOT WITHDRAW YOUR ASSETS			
1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS	1 YR	3 YRS	5 YRS	10 YRS
<S> <C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>
\$ 970	\$1,486	\$2,025	\$3,658	\$340	\$1,036	\$1,755	\$3,658

</Table>

1:
WHAT IS THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3

VARIABLE ANNUITY?

THE STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 VARIABLE ANNUITY IS A CONTRACT BETWEEN YOU, THE OWNER, AND US, PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY (PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY, WE OR US).

Under our contract, in exchange for your payment to us, we promise to pay you a guaranteed income stream that can begin any time on or after the first contract anniversary. Your annuity is in the accumulation phase until you decide to begin receiving annuity payments. The date you begin receiving annuity payments is the annuity date. On the annuity date, your contract switches to the income phase.

This annuity contract benefits from tax deferral when it is sold outside a tax-favored plan (generally called a non-qualified annuity). Tax deferral means that you are not taxed on earnings or appreciation on the assets in your contract until you withdraw money from your contract.

If you purchase the annuity contract in a tax-favored plan such as an IRA, that plan generally provides tax deferral even without investing in an annuity contract. In other words, you need not purchase this contract to gain the preferential tax treatment provided by your retirement plan. Therefore, before purchasing an annuity in a tax-favored plan, you should consider whether its features and benefits beyond tax deferral, including the death benefit and income benefits, meet your needs and goals. You should consider the relative features, benefits and costs of this annuity compared with any other investment that you may use in connection with your retirement plan or arrangement.

There are two basic versions of Strategic Partners Plus 3 variable annuity.
Contract With Credit.

- - provides for a bonus credit that we add to each purchase payment that you make,
- - has higher withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract Without Credit,
- - may provide a lower interest rate for the fixed interest rate options than the Contract Without Credit, and
- - does not offer the market value adjustment option.

Contract Without Credit.

- - does not provide a credit,
- - has lower withdrawal charges and insurance and administrative costs than the Contract With Credit,
- - may provide a higher interest rate for the fixed interest rate options than the Contract With Credit, and
- - offers the Market Value Adjustment Option.

Unless we state otherwise, when we use the word contract, it applies to both versions.

In replacing another annuity you may own, please consider all charges associated with that annuity. Credits applicable to bonus products, such as the Contract With Credit, should not be viewed as an offset of any surrender charge that applies to another annuity contract you may currently own.

Because of the higher withdrawal charges, if you choose the Contract With Credit and you withdraw a purchase payment, depending upon the performance of the investment options you choose, you may be worse off than if you had chosen the Contract Without Credit. We do not recommend purchase of either version of Strategic Partners Plus 3 if you anticipate having to withdraw a significant amount of your purchase payments within a few years of making those purchase payments.

Strategic Partners Plus 3 is a variable annuity contract. During the accumulation phase, you can allocate your assets among the variable investment options, guaranteed fixed interest rate options and a market value adjustment option. The market value adjustment option is only available in the Contract Without Credit. If you select variable investment options,

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

PART II

the amount of money you are able to accumulate in your contract during the accumulation phase depends upon the investment performance of the underlying mutual fund(s) associated with that variable investment option.

Because the underlying mutual funds' portfolios fluctuate in value depending upon market conditions, your contract value can either increase or decrease. This is important, since the amount of the annuity payments you receive during the income phase depends upon the value of your contract at the time you begin receiving payments.

As the owner of the contract, you have all of the decision-making rights under the contract. You will also be the annuitant unless you designate someone else. The annuitant is the person whose life is used to determine how much and how long (if applicable) the annuity payments will continue once the annuity phase begins. On or after the annuity date, the annuitant may not be changed.

The beneficiary is the person(s) or entity you designate to receive any death benefit. You may change the beneficiary any time prior to the annuity date by making a written request to us.

SHORT TERM CANCELLATION RIGHT OR "FREE LOOK"

If you change your mind about owning Strategic Partners Plus 3, you may cancel your contract within 10 days after receiving it (or whatever period is required by applicable law). You can request a refund by returning the contract either to the representative who sold it to you, or to the Prudential Annuity Service Center at the address shown on the first page of this prospectus. You will receive a refund equal to your contract value (plus the amount of any fees or other charges) as of the date you surrendered your contract.

If you have purchased the Contract With Credit, we will deduct any credit we had added to your contract value.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

PART II

2:
WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS

CAN I CHOOSE?

THE CONTRACT GIVES YOU THE CHOICE OF ALLOCATING YOUR PURCHASE PAYMENTS TO ANY OF THE VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTIONS, FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTIONS, AND A MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT OPTION.

The variable investment options invest in underlying mutual funds managed by leading investment advisers. These underlying mutual funds may sell their shares to both variable annuity and variable life separate accounts of different insurance companies, which could create the kinds of risk that are described in more detail in the current prospectus for the underlying mutual fund. The current prospectuses for the underlying mutual funds also contain other important information about the mutual funds. When you invest in a variable investment option that is funded by a mutual fund, you should read the mutual fund prospectus and keep it for future reference.

VARIABLE INVESTMENT OPTIONS

The following chart classifies each of the portfolios based on our assessment of their investment style (as of the date of this prospectus). The chart also provides a description of each portfolio's investment objective and a short, summary description of their key policies to assist you in determining which portfolios may be of interest to you. There is no guarantee that any portfolio will meet its investment objective. The name of the adviser/sub-adviser for each portfolio appears next to the description.

The Jennison Portfolio, Prudential Equity Portfolio, Prudential Global Portfolio, Prudential Money Market Portfolio, Prudential Stock Index Portfolio, Prudential Value Portfolio, and each "SP" Portfolio of the Prudential Series Fund, are managed by an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential

Financial, Inc. called Prudential Investments LLC (PI) under a "manager-of-managers" approach.

Under the manager-of-managers approach, PI has the ability to assign sub-advisers to manage specific portions of a portfolio, and the portion managed by a sub-adviser may vary from 0% to 100% of the portfolio's assets. The sub-advisers that manage some or all of a Prudential Series Fund portfolio are listed on the following chart.

The portfolios of the American Skandia Trust are co-managed by PI and American Skandia Investment Services, Incorporated, also under a manager-of-managers approach. American Skandia Investment Services, Incorporated is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial, Inc.

A fund or portfolio may have a similar name or an investment objective and investment policies resembling those of a mutual fund managed by the same investment adviser that is sold directly to the public. Despite such similarities, there can be no assurance that the investment performance of any such fund or portfolio will resemble that of the publicly available mutual fund.

Pruco Life of New Jersey has entered into agreements with certain underlying portfolios and/or the investment adviser or distributor of such portfolios. Pruco Life of New Jersey may provide administrative and support services to such portfolios pursuant to the terms of these agreements and under which it receives a fee of up to 0.55% annually (as of May 1, 2006) of the average assets allocated to the portfolio under the contract. These agreements, including the fees paid and services provided, can vary for each underlying mutual fund whose portfolios are offered as sub-accounts.

In addition, the investment adviser, sub-adviser or distributor of the underlying portfolios may also compensate us by providing reimbursement or paying directly for, among other things, marketing and/or administrative services and/or other services they provide in connection with the contract. These services may include, but are not limited to: co-sponsoring various meetings and seminars attended by broker/dealer firms' registered representatives and creating marketing material discussing the contract and the available options.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

PART II

As detailed in the Prudential Series Fund prospectus, although the Prudential Money Market Portfolio is designed to be a stable investment option, it is possible to lose money in that portfolio. For example, when prevailing short-term interest rates are very low, the yield on the Prudential Money Market Portfolio may be so low that, when separate account and contract charges are deducted, you experience a negative return.

Upon the introduction of the American Skandia Trust Asset Allocation Portfolios on December 5, 2005, we ceased offering the Prudential Series Fund Asset Allocation Portfolios to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in those Portfolios. However, a contract owner who had contract value allocated to a Prudential Series Fund Asset Allocation Portfolio prior to December 5, 2005 may continue to allocate purchase payments to that Portfolio after that date. In addition, after December 5, 2005, we ceased offering the Prudential Series Fund SP Large Cap Value Portfolio to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in that Portfolio. However, a contract owner who had contract value allocated to the SP Large Cap Value Portfolio prior to December 5, 2005 may continue to allocate purchase payments to that Portfolio after that date.

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2:
WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

PART II

<Table>
<Caption>

STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER

<S>	<C>	<C>
THE PRUDENTIAL SERIES FUND		

-		

LARGE CAP GROWTH	JENNISON PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio invests primarily in equity securities of major, established corporations that the Sub-adviser believes offer above-average growth prospects. The Portfolio may invest up to 30% of its total assets in foreign securities. Stocks are selected on a company-by-company basis using fundamental analysis. Normally 65% of the Portfolio's total assets are invested in common stocks and preferred stocks of companies with capitalization in excess of \$1 billion.	Jennison Associates LLC
LARGE CAP BLEND	PRUDENTIAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets plus borrowings for investment purposes in common stocks of major established corporations as well as smaller companies that the Sub-advisers believe offer attractive prospects of appreciation.	Jennison Associates LLC; Salomon Brothers Asset Management Inc
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	PRUDENTIAL GLOBAL PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks (and their equivalents) of foreign and U.S. companies. Each Sub-adviser for the Portfolio generally will use either a "growth" approach or a "value" approach in selecting either foreign or U.S. common stocks.	LSV Asset Management; Marsico Capital Management, LLC; T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.; William Blair & Company, LLC
FIXED INCOME	PRUDENTIAL MONEY MARKET PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum current income consistent with the stability of capital and the maintenance of liquidity. The Portfolio invests in high-quality short-term money market instruments issued by the U.S. Government or its agencies, as well as by corporations and banks, both domestic and foreign. The Portfolio will invest only in instruments that mature in thirteen months or less, and which are denominated in U.S. dollars.	Prudential Investment Management, Inc.
LARGE CAP BLEND	PRUDENTIAL STOCK INDEX PORTFOLIO: seeks investment results that generally correspond to the performance of publicly-traded common stocks. With the price and yield performance of the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Stock Price Index (S&P 500) as the benchmark, the Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in S&P 500 stocks. The S&P 500 represents more than 70% of the total market value of all publicly-traded common stocks and is widely viewed as representative of publicly-traded common stocks as a whole. The Portfolio is not "managed" in the traditional sense of using market and economic analyses to select stocks. Rather, the portfolio manager purchases stocks in proportion to their weighting in the S&P 500.	Quantitative Management Associates LLC

</Table>

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
LARGE CAP VALUE	PRUDENTIAL VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital through appreciation and income. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks that the Sub-adviser believes are undervalued -- those stocks that are trading below their underlying asset value, cash generating ability and overall earnings and earnings growth. There is a risk that "value" stocks can perform differently from the market as a whole and other types of stocks and can continue to be undervalued by the markets for long periods of time. Normally at least 65% of the Portfolio's total assets is invested in the common stock and convertible securities of companies that the Sub-adviser believes will provide investment returns above those of the S&P 500 or the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) Composite Index. Most of the investments will be securities of large capitalization	Jennison Associates LLC

companies. The Portfolio may invest up to 25% of its total assets in real estate investment trusts (REITs) and up to 30% of its total assets in foreign securities.

ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	SP AGGRESSIVE GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with the specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio may invest in any other Portfolio of the Fund (other than another SP Asset Allocation Portfolio), the AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio of American Skandia Trust (AST), and the AST LSV International Value Portfolio of AST (the Underlying Portfolios). Under normal circumstances, the Portfolio generally will focus on equity Underlying Portfolios but will also invest in fixed-income Underlying Portfolios. (Effective December 5, 2005, this Portfolio was closed to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in the Portfolio.)	Prudential Investments LLC
LARGE CAP BLEND	SP AIM CORE EQUITY PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in equity securities, including convertible securities of established companies that have long-term above-average growth in earnings and growth companies that the Sub-adviser believes have the potential for above-average growth in earnings. The Portfolio may invest up to 20% of its total assets in foreign securities.	AIM Capital Management, Inc.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	SP BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with the specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio may invest in any other Portfolio of the Fund (other than another SP Asset Allocation Portfolio), the AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio of American Skandia Trust (AST), and the AST LSV International Value Portfolio of AST (the Underlying Portfolios). The Portfolio will invest in equity and fixed-income Underlying Portfolios. (Effective December 5, 2005, this Portfolio was closed to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in the Portfolio.)	Prudential Investments LLC

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2:
WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

PART II

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	<C> SP CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with the specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio may invest in any other Portfolio of the Fund (other than another SP Asset Allocation Portfolio), the AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio of American Skandia Trust (AST), and the AST LSV International Value Portfolio of AST (the Underlying Portfolios). Under normal circumstances, the Portfolio generally will focus on fixed-income Underlying Portfolios but will also invest in equity Underlying Portfolios. (Effective December 5, 2005, this Portfolio was closed to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in the Portfolio.)	<C> Prudential Investments LLC
LARGE CAP VALUE	SP DAVIS VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks growth of capital. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks of U.S. companies with market capitalizations of at least \$5 billion. It may also invest in stocks of foreign companies and U.S. companies with smaller capitalizations. The Sub-adviser attempts to select common stocks of businesses	Davis Selected Advisers, L.P.

that possess characteristics that the Sub-adviser believe foster the creation of long-term value, such as proven management, a durable franchise and business model, and sustainable competitive advantages. The Sub-adviser aims to invest in such businesses when they are trading at a discount to their intrinsic worth. There is a risk that "value" stocks can perform differently from the market as a whole and other types of stocks and can continue to be undervalued by the markets for long periods of time.

ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	SP GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with the specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio may invest in any other Portfolio of the Fund (other than another SP Asset Allocation Portfolio), the AST Marsico Capital Growth Portfolio of American Skandia Trust (AST), and the AST LSV International Value Portfolio of AST (the Underlying Portfolios). Under normal circumstances, the Portfolio generally will focus on equity Underlying Portfolios but will also invest in fixed-income Underlying Portfolios. (Effective December 5, 2005, this Portfolio was closed to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in the Portfolio.)	Prudential Investments LLC
LARGE CAP VALUE	SP LARGE CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in common stocks and securities convertible into common stock of companies that are believed to be undervalued and have an above-average potential to increase in price, given the company's sales, earnings, book value, cash flow and recent performance. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its objective through investments primarily in equity securities of large capitalization companies. (Effective December 5, 2005, this Portfolio was closed to new purchasers and to existing contract owners who had not previously invested in the Portfolio.)	Hotchkis and Wiley Capital Management, LLC; J.P. Morgan Investment Management Inc., Dreman Value Management LLC

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	<C> SP LSV INTERNATIONAL VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its objective by primarily investing at least 80% of the value of its assets in the equity securities of companies in developed non-U.S. countries that are represented in the MSCI EAFE Index. The target of this Portfolio is to outperform the unhedged US Dollar total return (net of foreign dividend withholding taxes) of the MSCI EAFE Index. The Sub-adviser uses proprietary quantitative models to manage the Portfolio in a bottom-up security selection approach combined with overall portfolio risk management.	<C> LSV Asset Management
MID CAP GROWTH	SP MID CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in common stocks and related securities, such as preferred stocks, convertible securities and depositary receipts for those securities. These securities typically are of medium market capitalizations, which the Sub-adviser believes have above-average growth potential. Medium market capitalization companies are defined by the Portfolio as companies with market capitalizations equaling or exceeding \$250 million but not exceeding the top of the Russell Mid Cap(TM) Growth Index range at the time of the Portfolio's investment. The Portfolio's investments may include securities listed on a securities exchange or traded in the over-the-counter markets. The Sub-adviser uses a bottom-up and top-down analysis in managing the Portfolio. This means that securities are selected based upon	Calamos Advisors LLC

fundamental analysis, as well as a top-down approach to diversification by industry and company, and by paying attention to macro-level investment themes. The Portfolio may invest in foreign securities (including emerging markets securities).

FIXED INCOME	SP PIMCO HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management. The Portfolio will invest in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities of varying maturities. The average portfolio duration of the Portfolio generally will vary within a two- to six-year time frame based on the Sub-adviser's forecast for interest rates.	Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)
FIXED INCOME	SP PIMCO TOTAL RETURN PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management. The Portfolio will invest in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities of varying maturities. The average portfolio duration of the Portfolio generally will vary within a three-to six-year time frame based on the Sub-adviser's forecast for interest rates.	Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)
MID CAP GROWTH	SP PRUDENTIAL U.S. EMERGING GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital appreciation. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of investable assets in equity securities of small and medium sized U.S. companies that the Sub-adviser believes have the potential for above-average earnings growth.	Jennison Associates LLC

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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>
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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> SMALL CAP GROWTH	<C> SP SMALL CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its objective by primarily investing in the common stocks of small-capitalization companies, which is defined as a company with a market capitalization, at the time of purchase, no larger than the largest capitalized company included in the Russell 2000 Index during the most recent 11-month period (based on month-end data) plus the most recent data during the current month.	<C> Eagle Asset Management; Neuberger Berman Management, Inc.
SMALL CAP VALUE	SP SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO(formerly SP Goldman Sachs Small Cap Value Portfolio): seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% its net assets plus borrowings for investment purposes in the equity securities of small capitalization companies. The Portfolio focuses on equity securities that are believed to be undervalued in the market place.	Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.; Salomon Brothers Asset Management Inc
LARGE CAP GROWTH	SP STRATEGIC PARTNERS FOCUSED GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests at least 65% of total assets in equity-related securities of U.S. companies that the Sub-advisers believe to have strong capital appreciation potential. The Portfolio's strategy is to combine the efforts of two Sub-advisers and to invest in the favorite stock selection ideas of three portfolio managers (two of whom invest as a team). Each Sub-adviser to the Portfolio utilizes a growth style to select approximately 20 securities. The portfolio managers build a portfolio with stocks in which they have the highest confidence and may invest more than 5% of the Portfolio's	AllianceBernstein L.P.; Jennison Associates LLC

assets in any one issuer. The Portfolio is nondiversified, meaning it can invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a small number of issuers. Investing in a nondiversified portfolio, particularly a portfolio investing in approximately 40 equity-related securities, involves greater risk than investing in a diversified portfolio because a loss resulting from the decline in the value of one security may represent a greater portion of the total assets of an on diversified portfolio.

LARGE CAP GROWTH	SP T. ROWE PRICE LARGE-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO (formerly SP AllianceBernstein Large-Cap Growth Portfolio): seeks long-term capital growth. Under normal circumstances, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets plus borrowings for investment purposes in the equity securities of large-cap companies. The Sub-adviser generally looks for companies with an above-average rate of earnings and cash flow growth and a lucrative niche in the economy that gives them the ability to sustain earnings momentum even during times of slow economic growth.	T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.
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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	<C> SP WILLIAM BLAIR INTERNATIONAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital appreciation. The Portfolio invests primarily in stocks of large and medium-sized companies located in countries included in the Morgan Stanley Capital International All Country World Ex-U.S. Index. Under normal market conditions, the portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in equity securities. The Portfolio's assets normally will be allocated among not fewer than six different countries and will not concentrate investments in any particular industry. The Portfolio seeks companies that historically have had superior growth, profitability and quality relative to local markets and relative to companies within the same industry worldwide, and that are expected to continue such performance.	<C> William Blair & Company, LLC

AMERICAN SKANDIA TRUST

ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST ADVANCED STRATEGIES PORTFOLIO: seeks a high level of absolute return. The Portfolio invests primarily in a diversified portfolio of equity and fixed income securities across different investment categories and investment managers. The Portfolio pursues a combination of traditional and non-traditional investment strategies.	Marsico Capital Management, LLC; T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.; LSV Asset Management; William Blair & Company, L.L.C.; Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST AGGRESSIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks the highest potential total return consistent with its specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio will invest its assets in several other American Skandia Trust Portfolios. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio will devote between 92.5% to 100% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in equity securities, and 0% to 7.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in debt securities and money market instruments.	American Skandia Investment Services, Inc.; Prudential Investments LLC
LARGE CAP VALUE	AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN CORE VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth by investing primarily in common stocks. The Sub-adviser expects that the majority of the Portfolio's assets will be invested in the common stocks of large	AllianceBernstein L.P.

companies that appear to be undervalued. Among other things, the Portfolio seeks to identify compelling buying opportunities created when companies are undervalued on the basis of investor reactions to near-term problems or circumstances even though their long-term prospects remain sound. The Sub-adviser seeks to identify individual companies with earnings growth potential that may not be recognized by the market at large.

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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

PART II

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> LARGE CAP VALUE	<C> AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN GROWTH & INCOME PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital and income while attempting to avoid excessive fluctuations in market value. The Portfolio normally will invest in common stocks (and securities convertible into common stocks). The Sub-adviser will take a value-oriented approach, in that it will try to keep the Portfolio's assets invested in securities that are selling at reasonable valuations in relation to their fundamental business prospects. The stocks that the Portfolio will normally invest in are those of seasoned companies.	<C> AllianceBernstein L.P.
LARGE CAP BLEND	AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN MANAGED INDEX 500 PORTFOLIO (AST AllianceBernstein Growth + Value Portfolio merged into this Portfolio): seeks to outperform the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Stock Price Index (the "S&P (R) 500") through stock selection resulting in different weightings of common stocks relative to the index. The Portfolio will invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in securities included in the S&P(R) 500.	AllianceBernstein L.P.
LARGE CAP VALUE	AST AMERICAN CENTURY INCOME & GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth with current income as a secondary objective. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks that offer potential for capital growth, and may, consistent with its investment objective, invest in stocks that offer potential for current income. The Sub-adviser utilizes a quantitative management technique with a goal of building an equity portfolio that provides better returns than the S&P 500 Index without taking on significant additional risk and while attempting to create a dividend yield that will be greater than the S&P 500 Index.	American Century Investment Management, Inc.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC BALANCED PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth and current income. The Sub-adviser intends to maintain approximately 60% of the Portfolio's assets in equity securities and the remainder in bonds and other fixed income securities. Both the Portfolio's equity and fixed income investments will fluctuate in value. The equity securities will fluctuate depending on the performance of the companies that issued them, general market and economic conditions, and investor confidence. The fixed income investments will be affected primarily by rising or falling interest rates and the credit quality of the issuers.	American Century Investment Management, Inc.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks the highest potential total return consistent with its specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio will invest its assets in several other American Skandia Trust Portfolios. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio will devote between 57.5% to 72.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in equity securities, and 27.5% to 42.5%	American Skandia Investment Services, Inc.; Prudential Investments LLC

of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in debt securities and money market instruments.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST CAPITAL GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks the highest potential total return consistent with its specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio will invest its assets in several other American Skandia Trust Portfolios. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio will devote between 72.5% to 87.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in equity securities, and 12.5% to 27.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in debt securities and money market instruments.	American Skandia Investment Services, Inc.; Prudential Investments LLC
SPECIALTY	AST COHEN & STEERS REALTY PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return through investment in real estate securities. The Portfolio pursues its investment objective by investing, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets in securities of real estate issuers. Under normal circumstances, the Portfolio will invest substantially all of its assets in the equity securities of real estate companies, i.e., a company that derives at least 50% of its revenues from the ownership, construction, financing, management or sale of real estate or that has at least 50% of its assets in real estate. Real estate companies may include real estate investment trusts or REITs.	Cohen & Steers Capital Management, Inc.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks the highest potential total return consistent with its specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio will invest its assets in several other American Skandia Trust Portfolios. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio will devote between 47.5% to 62.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in equity securities, and 37.5% to 52.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in debt securities and money market instruments.	American Skandia Investment Services, Inc.; Prudential Investments LLC
LARGE CAP VALUE	AST DEAM LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum growth of capital by investing primarily in the value stocks of larger companies. The Portfolio pursues its objective, under normal market conditions, by primarily investing at least 80% of the value of its assets in the equity securities of large-sized companies included in the Russell 1000(R) Value Index. The Sub-adviser employs an investment strategy designed to maintain a portfolio of equity securities which approximates the market risk of those stocks included in the Russell 1000(R) Value Index, but which attempts to outperform the Russell 1000(R) Value Index through active stock selection.	Deutsche Asset Management, Inc.
SMALL CAP GROWTH	AST DEAM SMALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum growth of investors' capital from a portfolio of growth stocks of smaller companies. The Portfolio pursues its objective, under normal circumstances, by primarily investing at least 80% of its total assets in the equity securities of small-sized companies included in the Russell 2000(R) Growth Index. The Sub-adviser employs an investment strategy designed to maintain a portfolio of equity securities which approximates the market risk of those stocks included in the Russell 2000(R) Growth Index, but which attempts to outperform the Russell 2000(R) Growth Index.	Deutsche Asset Management, Inc.

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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>
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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> SMALL CAP VALUE	<C> AST DEAM SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks maximum growth of investors' capital. The Portfolio pursues its objective, under normal market conditions, by primarily investing at least 80% of its total assets in the equity securities of small-sized companies included in the Russell 2000(R) Value Index. The Sub-adviser employs an investment strategy designed to maintain a portfolio of equity securities which approximates the market risk of those stocks included in the Russell 2000(R) Value Index, but which attempts to outperform the Russell 2000(R) Value Index.	<C> Deutsche Asset Management, Inc.
SMALL CAP GROWTH	AST FEDERATED AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its investment objective by investing primarily in the stocks of small companies that are traded on national security exchanges, NASDAQ stock exchange and the over-the-counter-market. Small companies will be defined as companies with market capitalizations similar to companies in the Russell 2000 Growth Index. Up to 25% of the Portfolio's net assets may be invested in foreign securities, which are typically denominated in foreign currencies.	Federated Equity Management Company of Pennsylvania; Federated Global Investment Management Corp.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST FIRST TRUST BALANCED TARGET PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth balanced by current income. The Portfolio normally invests approximately 65% of its total assets in equity securities and 35% in fixed income securities. Depending on market conditions, the equity portion may range between 60-70% and the fixed income portion between 30-40%. The Portfolio allocates its assets across a number of uniquely specialized investment strategies.	First Trust Advisors L.P.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST FIRST TRUST CAPITAL APPRECIATION TARGET PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term growth of capital. The Portfolio normally invests approximately 80% of its total assets in equity securities and 20% in fixed income securities. Depending on market conditions, the equity portion may range between 75-85% and the fixed income portion between 15-25%. The Portfolio allocates its assets across a number of uniquely specialized investment strategies.	First Trust Advisors L.P.
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST GLOBAL ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks to obtain the highest potential total return consistent with a specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing in several other AST Portfolios ("Underlying Portfolios"). The Portfolio intends its strategy of investing in combinations of Underlying Portfolios to result in investment diversification that an investor could otherwise achieve only by holding numerous investments. It is expected that the investment objectives of such AST Portfolios will be diversified.	Prudential Investments LLC

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
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<S> LARGE CAP GROWTH	<C> AST GOLDMAN SACHS CONCENTRATED GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks growth of capital in a manner consistent with the preservation of capital. Realization of income is not a significant investment consideration and any income realized on the Portfolio's investments, therefore, will be incidental to the Portfolio's objective. The Portfolio will pursue its objective by investing primarily in equity securities of companies that the Sub-adviser believes have the potential to achieve capital appreciation over the long-term. The Portfolio seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing, under normal circumstances, in approximately 30-45 companies that are considered by the Sub-adviser to be positioned for long-term growth.	<C> Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.
-		
MID CAP GROWTH	AST GOLDMAN SACHS MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio pursues its investment objective, by investing primarily in equity securities selected for their growth potential, and normally invests at least 80% of the value of its assets in medium capitalization companies. For purposes of the Portfolio, medium-sized companies are those whose market capitalizations (measured at the time of investment) fall within the range of companies in the Russell Mid Cap Growth Index. The Sub-adviser seeks to identify individual companies with earnings growth potential that may not be recognized by the market at large.	Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.
-		
FIXED INCOME	AST HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO (formerly AST Goldman Sachs High Yield Portfolio): seeks a high level of current income and may also consider the potential for capital appreciation. The Portfolio invests, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of its net assets plus any borrowings for investment purposes (measured at time of purchase) in high yield, fixed-income securities that, at the time of purchase, are non-investment grade securities. Such securities are commonly referred to as "junk bonds."	Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.; Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)
-		
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	AST JPMORGAN INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth by investing in a diversified portfolio of international equity securities. The Portfolio seeks to meet its objective by investing, under normal market conditions, at least 80% of its assets in a diversified portfolio of equity securities of companies located or operating in developed non-U.S. countries and emerging markets of the world. The equity securities will ordinarily be traded on a recognized foreign securities exchange or traded in a foreign over-the-counter market in the country where the issuer is principally based, but may also be traded in other countries including the United States.	J.P.Morgan Investment Management Inc.
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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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<Caption>

STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
-		
<S> LARGE CAP VALUE	<C> AST LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO (formerly AST Hotchkis and Wiley Large-Cap Value Portfolio): seeks current income and long-term growth of income, as well as capital appreciation. The Portfolio invests, under normal circumstances, at least	<C> Dreman Value Management LLC, Hotchkis and Wiley Capital Management,

80% of its net assets in common stocks of large cap U.S. companies. The Portfolio focuses on common stocks that have a high cash dividend or payout yield relative to the market or that possess relative value within sectors.

LLC; J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc.

FIXED INCOME

AST LORD ABBETT BOND-DEBENTURE PORTFOLIO: seeks high current income and the opportunity for capital appreciation to produce a high total return. To pursue its objective, the Portfolio will invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of its assets in fixed income securities and normally invests primarily in high yield and investment grade debt securities, securities convertible into common stock and preferred stocks. The Portfolio may find good value in high yield securities, sometimes called "lower-rated bonds" or "junk bonds," and frequently may have more than half of its assets invested in those securities. At least 20% of the Portfolio's assets must be invested in any combination of investment grade debt securities, U.S. Government securities and cash equivalents. The Portfolio may also make significant investments in mortgage-backed securities. Although the Portfolio expects to maintain a weighted average maturity in the range of five to twelve years, there are no restrictions on the overall Portfolio or on individual securities. The Portfolio may invest up to 20% of its net assets in equity securities.

Lord, Abnett & Co. LLC

LARGE CAP GROWTH

AST MARSICO CAPITAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. Income realization is not an investment objective and any income realized on the Portfolio's investments, therefore, will be incidental to the Portfolio's objective. The Portfolio will pursue its objective by investing primarily in common stocks of larger, more established companies. In selecting investments for the Portfolio, the Sub-adviser uses an approach that combines "top down" economic analysis with "bottom up" stock selection. The "top down" approach identifies sectors, industries and companies that may benefit from the trends the Sub-adviser has observed. The Sub-adviser then looks for individual companies with earnings growth potential that may not be recognized by the market at large, utilizing a "bottom up" stock selection process. The Portfolio will normally hold a core position of between 35 and 50 common stocks. The Portfolio may hold a limited number of additional common stocks at times when the Portfolio manager is accumulating new positions, phasing out existing or responding to exceptional market conditions.

Marsico Capital Management, LLC

INTERNATIONAL EQUITY

AST MFS GLOBAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. Under normal circumstances the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its assets in equity securities of U.S. and foreign issuers (including issuers in developing countries). The Portfolio generally seeks to purchase securities of companies with relatively large market capitalizations relative to the market in which they are traded.

Massachusetts Financial Services Company

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>
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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> LARGE CAP GROWTH	<C> AST MFS GROWTH PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth and future income. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio invests at least 80% of its total assets in common stocks and related securities, such as preferred stocks, convertible securities and depositary receipts, of companies that the Sub-adviser believes offer better than average prospects for long-term growth. The Sub-adviser seeks to purchase securities of companies that it considers well-run and poised for growth. The Portfolio may invest up to 35% of its net assets in foreign securities.	<C> Massachusetts Financial Services Company

MID CAP VALUE	AST MID CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO (formerly AST Gabelli All-Cap Value Portfolio): seeks to provide capital growth by investing primarily in mid-capitalization stocks that appear to be undervalued. The Portfolio has a non-fundamental policy to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of its net assets in mid-capitalization companies.	EARNEST Partners LLC; WEDGE Capital Management, LLP
MID-CAP GROWTH	AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO: (AST Alger All-Cap Growth Portfolio merged into this Portfolio): seeks capital growth. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio primarily invests at least 80% of its net assets in the common stocks of mid-cap companies. The Sub-adviser looks for fast-growing companies that are in new or rapidly evolving industries.	Neuberger Berman Management Inc.
MID-CAP VALUE	AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks capital growth. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio primarily invests at least 80% of its net assets in the common stocks of mid-cap companies. For purposes of the Portfolio, companies with equity market capitalizations that fall within the range of the Russell Midcap(R) Index at the time of investment are considered mid-cap companies. Some of the Portfolio's assets may be invested in the securities of large-cap companies as well as in small-cap companies. Under the Portfolio's value-oriented investment approach, the Sub-adviser looks for well-managed companies whose stock prices are undervalued and that may rise in price before other investors realize their worth.	Neuberger Berman Management Inc.
FIXED INCOME	AST PIMCO LIMITED MATURITY BOND PORTFOLIO: seeks to maximize total return consistent with preservation of capital and prudent investment management. The Portfolio will invest in a diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities of varying maturities. The average portfolio duration of the Portfolio generally will vary within a one- to three-year time frame based on the Sub-adviser's forecast for interest rates.	Pacific Investment Management Company LLC (PIMCO)
ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST PRESERVATION ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks the highest potential total return consistent with its specified level of risk tolerance. The Portfolio will invest its assets in several other American Skandia Trust Portfolios. Under normal market conditions, the Portfolio will devote between 27.5% to 42.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in equity securities, and 57.5% to 72.5% of its net assets to underlying portfolios investing primarily in debt securities and money market instruments.	American Skandia Investment Services, Inc.; Prudential Investments LLC

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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11		
<Table> <Caption>		
STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> SMALL CAP VALUE	<C> AST SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO: seeks to provide long-term capital growth by investing primarily in small-capitalization stocks that appear to be undervalued. The Portfolio will have a non-fundamental policy to invest, under normal circumstances, at least 80% of the value of its net assets in small capitalization stocks. The Portfolio will focus on common stocks that appear to be undervalued.	<C> Lee Munder Investments, Ltd; J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc.; Salomon Brothers Asset Management Inc; Dreman Value Management LLC

ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	AST T. ROWE PRICE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO: seeks a high level of total return by investing primarily in a diversified portfolio of fixed income and equity securities. The Portfolio normally invests approximately 60% of its total assets in equity securities and 40% in fixed income securities. This mix may vary depending on the Sub-adviser's outlook for the markets. The Sub-adviser concentrates common stock investments in larger, more established companies, but the Portfolio may include small and medium-sized companies with good growth prospects. The fixed income portion of the Portfolio will be allocated among investment grade securities, high yield or "junk" bonds, foreign high quality debt securities and cash reserves.	T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.
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FIXED INCOME	AST T. ROWE PRICE GLOBAL BOND PORTFOLIO: seeks to provide high current income and capital growth by investing in high-quality foreign and U.S. dollar-denominated bonds. The Portfolio will invest at least 80% of its total assets in fixed income securities, including high quality bonds issued or guaranteed by U.S. or foreign governments or their agencies and by foreign authorities, provinces and municipalities as well as investment grade corporate bonds and mortgage and asset-backed securities of U.S. and foreign issuers. The Portfolio generally invests in countries where the combination of fixed-income returns and currency exchange rates appears attractive, or, if the currency trend is unfavorable, where the Sub-adviser believes that the currency risk can be minimized through hedging. The Portfolio may also invest up to 20% of its assets in the aggregate in below investment-grade, high-risk bonds ("junk bonds"). In addition, the Portfolio may invest up to 30% of its assets in mortgage-backed (including derivatives, such as collateralized mortgage obligations and stripped mortgage securities) and asset-backed securities.	T. Rowe Price International, Inc.
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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S> SPECIALTY	<C> AST T. ROWE PRICE NATURAL RESOURCES PORTFOLIO: seeks long-term capital growth primarily through the common stocks of companies that own or develop natural resources (such as energy products, precious metals and forest products) and other basic commodities. The Portfolio normally invests primarily (at least 80% of its total assets) in the common stocks of natural resource companies whose earnings and tangible assets could benefit from accelerating inflation. The Portfolio looks for companies that have the ability to expand production, to maintain superior exploration programs and production facilities, and the potential to accumulate new resources. At least 50% of Portfolio assets will be invested in U.S. securities, up to 50% of total assets also may be invested in foreign securities.	<C> T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.

EVERGREEN VARIABLE ANNUITY TRUST

ASSET ALLOCATION/ BALANCED	EVERGREEN VA BALANCED FUND: seeks capital growth and current income. The Portfolio invests in a combination of debt securities, common stocks, preferred stocks and securities convertible or exchangeable for common stocks of large U.S. companies (i.e., companies whose market capitalizations fall within the range tracked by the Russell 1000(R) INDEX, AT THE TIME OF PURCHASE). UNDER NORMAL CIRCUMSTANCES, THE PORTFOLIO WILL INVEST AT LEAST 25% OF ITS ASSETS IN DEBT SECURITIES AND THE REMAINDER IN EQUITY SECURITIES. THE PORTFOLIO'S MANAGERS USE A DIVERSIFIED EQUITY STYLE OF MANAGEMENT, BEST DEFINED AS A BLEND BETWEEN GROWTH AND VALUE	Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC
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STOCKS. THE PORTFOLIO NORMALLY INVESTS PRIMARILY ALL OF THE FIXED INCOME PORTION IN U.S. DOLLAR-DENOMINATED INVESTMENT GRADE DEBT SECURITIES, INCLUDING DEBT SECURITIES ISSUED OR GUARANTEED BY THE U.S. TREASURY OR BY AN AGENCY OR INSTRUMENTALITY OF THE U.S. GOVERNMENT, CORPORATE BONDS, MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES, ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES, AND OTHER INCOME PRODUCING SECURITIES. THE PORTFOLIO IS NOT REQUIRED TO SELL OR OTHERWISE DISPOSE OF ANY SECURITY THAT LOSES ITS RATING OR HAS ITS RATING REDUCED AFTER THE PORTFOLIO HAS PURCHASED IT.

LARGE CAP VALUE

EVERGREEN VA FUNDAMENTAL LARGE CAP FUND: seeks capital growth with the potential for current income. The Portfolio invests primarily in common stocks of large U.S. companies (i.e., companies whose market capitalizations fall within the market capitalization range of the companies tracked by the Russell 1000(R) INDEX, MEASURED AT THE TIME OF PURCHASE). THE PORTFOLIO'S STOCK SELECTION IS BASED ON A DIVERSIFIED STYLE OF EQUITY MANAGEMENT THAT ALLOWS THE PORTFOLIO TO INVEST IN BOTH VALUE- AND GROWTH-ORIENTED EQUITY SECURITIES. THE PORTFOLIO'S MANAGERS SEEK COMPANIES THAT ARE TEMPORARILY UNDERVALUED IN THE MARKETPLACE, SELL AT A DISCOUNT TO THEIR PRIVATE MARKET VALUES AND DISPLAY CERTAIN CHARACTERISTICS SUCH AS EARNING A HIGH RETURN ON INVESTMENT AND HAVING SOME KIND OF COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE IN THEIR INDUSTRY. "GROWTH" STOCKS ARE STOCKS OF COMPANIES WHICH THE PORTFOLIO'S MANAGERS BELIEVE HAVE ANTICIPATED EARNINGS RANGING FROM STEADY TO ACCELERATED GROWTH. THE PORTFOLIO INTENDS TO SEEK ADDITIONAL INCOME PRIMARILY BY INVESTING UP TO 20% OF ITS ASSETS IN CONVERTIBLE BONDS, INCLUDING BELOW INVESTMENT GRADE BONDS, AND CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCKS OF ANY QUALITY. THE PORTFOLIO MAY INVEST UP TO 20% OF ITS ASSETS IN FOREIGN SECURITIES.

Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC

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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S>	<C>	<C>
SMALL CAP GROWTH	EVERGREEN VA GROWTH FUND: seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio invests at least 75% of its assets in common stocks of small- and medium-sized companies (i.e., companies whose market capitalizations fall within the market capitalization range of the companies tracked by the Russell 2000(R)GROWTH INDEX, MEASURED AT THE TIME OF PURCHASE). THE REMAINING PORTION OF THE PORTFOLIO'S ASSETS MAY BE INVESTED IN COMPANIES OF ANY SIZE. THE PORTFOLIO'S MANAGERS EMPLOY A GROWTH-STYLE OF EQUITY MANAGEMENT AND WILL PURCHASE STOCKS OF COMPANIES THAT HAVE DEMONSTRATED EARNINGS, ASSET VALUES OR GROWTH POTENTIAL WHICH THEY BELIEVE ARE NOT YET REFLECTED IN THE STOCK'S MARKET PRICE. THE PORTFOLIO'S MANAGERS CONSIDER EARNINGS GROWTH ABOVE THE AVERAGE EARNINGS GROWTH OF COMPANIES INCLUDED IN THE RUSSELL 2000(R) GROWTH INDEX AS A KEY FACTOR IN SELECTING INVESTMENTS.	Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC

INTERNATIONAL EQUITY

EVERGREEN VA INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND: seeks long-term capital growth and secondarily, modest income. The Portfolio normally invests 80% of its assets in equity securities issued by established, quality, non-U.S. companies located in countries with developed markets and may purchase across all market capitalizations. The Portfolio normally invests at least 65% of its assets in securities of companies in at least three different countries (other than the U.S.). The Portfolio may also invest in emerging markets. The Portfolio's managers seek both growth and value opportunities, and the Portfolio intends to seek modest income from dividends paid by its equity holdings.

Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC

SPECIALTY	EVERGREEN VA OMEGA FUND: seeks long-term capital growth. The Portfolio invests primarily, and under normal conditions substantially all of its assets, in common stocks and securities convertible into common stocks of U.S. companies across all market capitalizations. The Portfolio's managers employ a growth style of equity management. "Growth" stocks are stocks of companies that the Portfolio's managers believe have anticipated earnings ranging from steady to accelerated growth. The Portfolio may invest up to 25% of its assets in foreign securities.	Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC
SMALL CAP VALUE	EVERGREEN VA SPECIAL VALUES FUND: seeks capital growth in the value of its shares. The Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of its assets in common stocks of small U.S. companies (i.e. companies whose market capitalizations fall within the market capitalization range of the companies tracked by the Russell 2000(R) INDEX, MEASURED AT THE TIME OF PURCHASE). THE REMAINING 20% OF THE PORTFOLIO'S ASSETS MAY BE REPRESENTED BY CASH OR INVESTED IN VARIOUS CASH EQUIVALENTS OR COMMON STOCKS OF ANY MARKET CAPITALIZATION. THE PORTFOLIO'S MANAGERS SEEK TO LIMIT THE INVESTMENT RISK OF SMALL COMPANY INVESTING BY SEEKING STOCKS THAT TRADE BELOW WHAT THE MANAGERS CONSIDER THEIR INTRINSIC VALUE. THE PORTFOLIO'S MANAGERS LOOK SPECIFICALLY FOR VARIOUS GROWTH TRIGGERS, OR CATALYSTS, THAT WILL BRING THE STOCK'S PRICE INTO LINE WITH ITS ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL VALUE, SUCH AS NEW PRODUCTS, NEW MANAGEMENT, CHANGES IN REGULATION AND/OR RESTRUCTURING POTENTIAL.	Evergreen Investment Management Company, LLC

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STYLE/ TYPE	INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES/POLICIES	PORTFOLIO ADVISER/ SUB-ADVISER
<S>	<C>	<C>
GARTMORE VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUST		
INTERNATIONAL EQUITY	GVIT DEVELOPING MARKETS FUND: seeks long-term capital appreciation, under normal conditions by investing at least 80% of its total assets in stocks of companies of any size based in the world's developing economies. Under normal market conditions, investments are maintained in at least six countries at all times and no more than 35% of total assets in any single one of them.	Gartmore Global Asset Management Trust; Gartmore Global Partners
JANUS ASPEN SERIES		
LARGE CAP GROWTH	JANUS ASPEN SERIES: LARGE CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO -- SERVICE SHARES: seeks long- term growth of capital in a manner consistent with the preservation of capital. The Portfolio invests at least 80% of its net assets in common stocks of large-sized companies. Large-sized companies are those whose market capitalizations fall within the range of companies in the Russell 1000 Index at the time of purchase.	Janus Capital Management LLC

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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTIONS

We offer two fixed interest rate options:

- a one-year fixed interest rate option, and
- a dollar cost averaging fixed rate option (DCA Fixed Rate Option).

When you select one of these options, your payment will earn interest at the established rate for the applicable interest rate period. A new interest rate period is established every time you allocate or transfer money into a fixed interest rate option. (You may not transfer amounts from other investment options into the DCA Fixed Rate Option.) You may have money allocated in more than one interest rate period at the same time. This could result in your money earning interest at different rates and each interest rate period maturing at a different time. While these interest rates may change from time to time, they will not be less than the minimum interest rate dictated by applicable state law. We may offer lower interest rates for Contracts With Credit than for Contracts Without Credit.

Payments allocated to the fixed interest rate options become part of Pruco Life of New Jersey's general assets.

ONE-YEAR FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTION

We set a one-year base guaranteed annual interest rate for the one-year fixed interest rate option. Additionally, we may provide a higher interest rate on each purchase payment allocated to this option for the first year after the payment. This higher interest rate will not apply to amounts transferred from other investment options within the contract or amounts remaining in this option for more than one year.

DOLLAR COST AVERAGING FIXED RATE OPTION

You may allocate all or part of any purchase payment to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. Under this option, you automatically transfer amounts over a stated period (currently, six or twelve months) from the DCA Fixed Rate Option to the variable investment options and/or to the one-year fixed interest rate option, as you select. We will invest the assets you allocate to the DCA Fixed Rate Option in our general account until they are transferred. You may not transfer from other investment options to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. Transfers to the one-year fixed interest rate option will remain in the general account.

If you choose to allocate all or part of a purchase payment to the DCA Fixed Rate Option, the minimum amount of the purchase payment you may allocate is \$2,000. The first periodic transfer will occur on the date you allocate your purchase payment to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. Subsequent transfers will occur on the monthly anniversary of the first transfer. Currently, you may choose to have the purchase payment allocated to the DCA Fixed Rate Option transferred to the selected variable investment option, or to the one-year fixed interest rate option in either six or twelve monthly installments, and you may not change that number of monthly installments after you have chosen the DCA Fixed Rate Option. You may allocate to both the six-month and twelve-month options. (In the future, we may make available other numbers of transfers and other transfer schedules--for example, quarterly as well as monthly.)

If you choose a six-payment transfer schedule, each transfer generally will equal 1/6th of the amount you allocated to the DCA Fixed Rate Option, and if you choose a twelve-payment transfer schedule, each transfer generally will equal 1/12th of the amount you allocated to the DCA Fixed Rate Option. In either case, the final transfer amount generally will also include the credited interest. You may change at any time the investment options into which the DCA Fixed Rate Option assets are transferred. You may make a one time transfer of the remaining value out of your DCA Fixed Rate Option, if you so choose. Transfers from the DCA Fixed Rate Option do not count toward the maximum number of free transfers allowed under the contract.

If you make a withdrawal or have a fee assessed from your contract, and all or part of that withdrawal or fee comes out of the DCA Fixed Rate Option, we will recalculate the periodic transfer amount to reflect the change. This recalculation may include some or all of the interest credited to the date of the next scheduled transfer. If a withdrawal or fee assessment reduces the monthly transfer amount below \$100, we will transfer

the remaining balance in the DCA Fixed Rate Option on the next scheduled transfer date.

By investing amounts on a regular basis instead of investing the total amount at one time, the DCA Fixed Rate Option may decrease the effect of market

fluctuation on the investment of your purchase payment. Of course, dollar cost averaging cannot ensure a profit or protect against loss in a declining market.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT OPTION

Under the Market Value Adjustment Option, we may offer one or more of several guarantee periods provided that the interest rate we are able to declare will be no less than the minimum interest rate dictated by applicable state law with respect to any guarantee period. This option is only available in the Contract Without Credit. The Market Value Adjustment Option is registered separately from the variable investment options, and the amount of market value adjustment option securities registered is stated in that registration statement.

IF AMOUNTS ARE WITHDRAWN FROM A GUARANTEE PERIOD, OTHER THAN DURING THE 30-DAY PERIOD IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE END OF THE GUARANTEE PERIOD, THEY WILL BE SUBJECT TO A MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT EVEN IF THEY ARE NOT SUBJECT TO A WITHDRAWAL CHARGE.

You will earn interest on your invested purchase payment at the rate that we have declared for the guarantee period you have chosen. You must invest at least \$1,000 if you choose this option.

We refer to interest rates as annual rates, although we credit interest within each guarantee period on a daily basis. The daily interest that we credit is equal to the pro rated portion of the interest that would be earned on an annual basis. We credit interest from the business day on which your purchase payment is received in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center until the earliest to occur of any of the following events: (a) full surrender of the contract, (b) commencement of annuity payments or settlement, (c) end of the guarantee period, (d) transfer of the value in the guarantee period, (e) payment of a death benefit, or (f) the date the amount is withdrawn.

During the 30-day period immediately following the end of a guarantee period, we allow you to do any of the following, without the imposition of the market value adjustment:

- (a) withdraw or transfer the value of the guarantee period,
- (b) allocate the value to another available guarantee period or other investment option (provided that the new guarantee period ends prior to the annuity date). You will receive the interest rate applicable on the date we receive your instruction, or
- (c) apply the value in the guarantee period to the annuity or settlement option of your choice.

If we do not receive instructions from you concerning the disposition of the contract value in your maturing guarantee period, we will reinvest the amount in the Prudential Money Market Portfolio investment option.

During the 30-day period immediately following the end of the guarantee period, or until you elect to do (a), (b) or (c) listed immediately above, you will receive the current interest rate applicable to the guarantee period having the same duration as the guarantee period that just matured, which is offered on the day immediately following the end of the matured guarantee period. However, if at that time we do not offer a guarantee period with the same duration as that which matured, you will then receive the current interest rate applicable to the shortest guarantee period then offered.

Under the Market Value Adjustment Option, while your money remains in the contract for the full guarantee period, your principal amount is guaranteed by us and the interest amount that your money will earn is guaranteed by us to be at least the minimum interest rate dictated by applicable state law.

Payments allocated to the Market Value Adjustment Option are held as a separate pool of assets. Any gains or losses experienced by these assets will not directly affect the contracts. The strength of our guarantees under these options is based on the overall financial strength of Pruco Life of New Jersey.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT

When you allocate a purchase payment or transfer contract value to a guarantee period, we use that

bonds and other instruments that we buy with respect to a particular guarantee period is influenced significantly by the length of the guarantee period. For example, we typically would acquire longer-duration bonds with respect to the 10 year guarantee period than we do for the 3 year guarantee period. The value of these bonds is affected by changes in interest rates, among other factors. The market value adjustment that we assess against your contract value if you withdraw or transfer outside the 30-day period discussed above involves our attributing to you a portion of our investment experience on these bonds and other instruments.

For example, if you make a full withdrawal when interest rates have risen since the time of your investment, the bonds and other investments in the guarantee period likely would have decreased in value, meaning that we would impose a "negative" market value adjustment on you (i.e., one that results in a reduction of the withdrawal proceeds that you receive). For a partial withdrawal, we would deduct a negative market value adjustment from your remaining contract value. Conversely, if interest rates have decreased, the market value adjustment would be positive.

Other things you should know about the market value adjustment include the following:

- - We determine the market value adjustment according to a mathematical formula, which is set forth at the end of this prospectus under the heading "Market-Value Adjustment Formula." In that section of the prospectus, we also provide hypothetical examples of how the formula works.
- - A negative market value adjustment could cause you to lose not only the interest you have earned but also a portion of your principal.
- - In addition to imposing a market value adjustment on withdrawals, we also will impose a market value adjustment on the contract value you apply to an annuity or settlement option, unless you annuitize within the 30-day period discussed above.

YOU SHOULD REALIZE, HOWEVER, THAT APART FROM THE MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT, THE VALUE OF THE BENEFIT IN YOUR GUARANTEE PERIOD DOES NOT DEPEND ON THE INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE OF THE BONDS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS THAT WE HOLD WITH RESPECT TO YOUR GUARANTEE PERIOD. APART FROM THE EFFECT OF ANY MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT, WE DO NOT PASS THROUGH TO YOU THE GAINS OR LOSSES ON THE BONDS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS THAT WE HOLD IN CONNECTION WITH A GUARANTEE PERIOD.

TRANSFERS AMONG OPTIONS

Subject to certain restrictions, you can transfer money among the variable investment options and the one-year fixed interest rate option. The minimum transfer amount is the lesser of \$250 or the amount in the investment option from which the transfer is to be made. In addition, you can transfer your contract value out of a market value adjustment guarantee period into another market value adjustment guarantee period, into a variable investment option, or into a one-year fixed interest rate option, although a market value adjustment will apply to any transfer you make outside the 30-day period discussed above. You may transfer contract value into the Market Value Adjustment Option at any time, provided it is at least \$1,000.

In general, you may make your transfer request by telephone, electronically, or otherwise in paper form to the Prudential Annuity Service Center. We have procedures in place to confirm that instructions received by telephone or electronically are genuine. We will not be liable for following unauthorized telephone or electronic instructions that we reasonably believed to be genuine. Your transfer request will take effect at the end of the business day on which it was received in good order by us, or by certain entities that we have specifically designated. Our business day generally closes at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time. Our business day may close earlier, for example if regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange closes early. Transfer requests received after the close of the business day will take effect at the end of the next business day.

With regard to the Market Value Adjustment Option, you can specify the guarantee period from which you wish to transfer. If you request a transfer from the

market value adjustment option, but you do not specify the guarantee period from which funds are to be taken, then we will transfer funds from the guarantee period that has the least time remaining until its maturity date.

YOU CAN MAKE TRANSFERS OUT OF A FIXED INTEREST RATE OPTION, OTHER THAN THE DCA FIXED RATE OPTION, ONLY DURING THE 30-DAY PERIOD FOLLOWING THE END OF THE ONE YEAR INTEREST RATE PERIOD. TRANSFERS FROM THE DCA FIXED RATE OPTION ARE MADE ON A PERIODIC BASIS FOR THE PERIOD THAT YOU SELECT.

During the contract accumulation phase, you can make up to 12 transfers each contract year, among the investment options, without charge. Currently we charge \$25 for each transfer after the twelfth in a contract year, and we have the right to increase this charge up to \$30. (Dollar Cost Averaging and Auto-Rebalancing transfers do not count toward the 12 free transfers per year.)

For purposes of the 12 free transfers per year that we allow, we will treat multiple transfers that are submitted on the same business day as a single transfer.

ADDITIONAL TRANSFER RESTRICTIONS

We limit your ability to transfer among your contract's variable investment options as permitted by applicable law. We impose a yearly restriction on transfers. Specifically, once you have made 20 transfers among the subaccounts during a contract year, we will accept any additional transfer request during that year only if the request is submitted to us in writing with an original signature and otherwise is in good order. For purposes of this transfer restriction, we (i) do not view a facsimile transmission as a "writing", (ii) will treat multiple transfer requests submitted on the same business day as a single transfer, and (iii) do not count any transfer that involves one of our systematic programs, such as asset allocation and automated withdrawals.

Frequent transfers among variable investment options in response to short-term fluctuations in markets, sometimes called "market timing," can make it very difficult for a portfolio manager to manage an underlying mutual fund's investments. Frequent transfers may cause the fund to hold more cash than otherwise necessary, disrupt management strategies, increase transaction costs, or affect performance. For those reasons, the contract was not designed for persons who make programmed, large, or frequent transfers.

In light of the risks posed to contract owners and other fund investors by frequent transfers, we reserve the right to limit the number of transfers in any contract year for all existing or new contract owners, and to take the other actions discussed below. We also reserve the right to limit the number of transfers in any contract year or to refuse any transfer request for an owner or certain owners if: (a) we believe that excessive transfer activity (as we define it) or a specific transfer request or group of transfer requests may have a detrimental effect on accumulation unit values or the share prices of the underlying mutual funds; or (b) we are informed by a fund (e.g., by the fund's portfolio manager) that the purchase or redemption of fund shares must be restricted because the fund believes the transfer activity to which such purchase and redemption relates would have a detrimental effect on the share prices of the affected fund. Without limiting the above, the most likely scenario where either of the above could occur would be if the aggregate amount of a trade or trades represented a relatively large proportion of the total assets of a particular underlying mutual fund. In furtherance of our general authority to restrict transfers as described above, and without limiting other actions we may take in the future, we have adopted the following specific restrictions:

- With respect to each variable investment option (other than the Prudential Money Market Portfolio), we track amounts exceeding a certain dollar threshold that were transferred into the option. If you transfer such amount into a particular variable investment option, and within 30 calendar days thereafter transfer (the "Transfer Out") all or a portion of that amount into another variable investment option, then upon the Transfer Out, the former variable investment option becomes restricted (the "Restricted Option"). Specifically, we will not permit subsequent transfers into the Restricted Option for 90 calendar days after the Transfer Out if the Restricted Option invests in a non-international fund,

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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

or 180 calendar days after the Transfer Out if the Restricted Option invests in an international fund. For purposes of this rule, we do not (i) count transfers made in connection with one of our systematic programs, such as asset allocation and automated withdrawals and (ii) categorize as a transfer the first transfer that you make after the contract date, if you make that transfer within 30 calendar days after the contract date. Even if an amount becomes restricted under the foregoing rules, you are still free to redeem the amount from your contract at any time.

- We reserve the right to effect exchanges on a delayed basis for all contracts. That is, we may price an exchange involving a variable investment option on the business day subsequent to the business day on which the exchange request

was received. Before implementing such a practice, we would issue a separate written notice to contract owners that explains the practice in detail. In addition, if we do implement a delayed exchange policy, we will apply the policy on a uniform basis to all contracts in the relevant class.

- We may impose specific restrictions on financial transactions (including transfer requests) for certain portfolios based on the portfolio's investment and/or transfer restrictions. We may do so to conform to any present or future restriction that is imposed by any portfolio available under this contract.
- If we deny one or more transfer requests under the foregoing rules, we will inform you promptly of the circumstances concerning the denial.
- We will not implement these rules in jurisdictions that have not approved contract language authorizing us to do so, or may implement different rules in certain jurisdictions if required by such jurisdictions. Contract owners in jurisdictions with such limited transfer restrictions, and contract owners who own variable life insurance or variable annuity contracts (regardless of jurisdiction) that do not impose the above-referenced transfer restrictions, might make more numerous and frequent transfers than contract owners who are subject to such limitations. Because contract owners who are not subject to the same transfer restrictions may have the same underlying mutual fund portfolios available to them, unfavorable consequences associated with such frequent trading within the underlying mutual fund (e.g., greater portfolio turnover, higher transaction costs, or performance or tax issues) may affect all contract owners. Apart from jurisdiction-specific and contract differences in transfer restrictions, we will apply these rules uniformly, and will not waive a transfer restriction for any contract owner.

Although our transfer restrictions are designed to prevent excessive transfers, they are not capable of preventing every potential occurrence of excessive transfer activity.

DOLLAR COST AVERAGING

The dollar cost averaging (DCA) feature (which is distinct from the DCA Fixed Rate Option) allows you to systematically transfer either a fixed dollar amount or a percentage out of any variable investment option into any other variable investment option or the one-year fixed interest rate option. You can have these automatic transfers occur monthly, quarterly, semiannually or annually. By investing amounts on a regular basis instead of investing the total amount at one time, dollar cost averaging may decrease the effect of market fluctuation on the investment of your purchase payment. Of course, dollar cost averaging cannot ensure a profit or protect against loss in declining markets.

Transfers will be made automatically on the schedule you choose until the entire amount you chose to have transferred has been transferred or until you tell us to discontinue the transfers. You can allocate subsequent purchase payments to be transferred under this option at any time.

Your transfers will occur on the last calendar day of each transfer period you have selected, provided that the New York Stock Exchange is open on that date. If the New York Stock Exchange is not open on a particular transfer date, the transfer will take effect on the next business day.

Any dollar cost averaging transfers you make do not count toward the 12 free transfers you are allowed each

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contract year. The dollar cost averaging feature is available only during the contract accumulation phase and is offered without charge.

ASSET ALLOCATION PROGRAM

We recognize the value of having asset allocation models when deciding how to allocate your purchase payments among the investment options. If you choose to participate in the Asset Allocation Program, your representative will give you a questionnaire to complete that will help determine a program that is appropriate for you. Your asset allocation will be prepared based on your answers to the questionnaire. You will not be charged for this service, and you are not obligated to participate or to invest according to program recommendations.

Asset allocation is a sophisticated method of diversification which allocates assets among classes in order to manage investment risk and enhance returns over the long term. However, asset allocation does not guarantee a profit or protect against a loss. You are not obligated to participate or to invest according to the program recommendations. We do not intend to provide any personalized investment advice in connection with these programs and you should not rely on these programs as providing individualized investment recommendations to you. The asset allocation programs do not guarantee better investment results. We

reserve the right to terminate or change the asset allocation programs at any time. You should consult your representative before electing any asset allocation program.

AUTO-REBALANCING

Once your money has been allocated among the variable investment options, the actual performance of the investment options may cause your allocation to shift. For example, an investment option that initially holds only a small percentage of your assets could perform much better than another investment option. Over time, this option could increase to a larger percentage of your assets than you desire. You can direct us to automatically rebalance your assets to return to your original allocation percentage or to a subsequent allocation percentage you select. We will rebalance only the variable investment options that you have designated. If you also participate in the DCA feature, then the variable investment option from which you make the DCA transfers will not be rebalanced.

You may choose to have your rebalancing occur monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually. The rebalancing will occur on the last calendar day of the period you have chosen, provided that the New York Stock Exchange is open on that date. If the New York Stock Exchange is not open on that date, the rebalancing will take effect on the next business day.

Any transfers you make because of auto-rebalancing are not counted toward the 12 free transfers you are allowed per year. This feature is available only during the contract accumulation phase, and is offered without charge. If you choose auto-rebalancing and dollar cost averaging, auto-rebalancing will take place after the transfers from your DCA account.

SCHEDULED TRANSACTIONS

Scheduled transactions include transfers under dollar cost averaging, the asset allocation program, auto-rebalancing, systematic withdrawals, systematic investments, required minimum distributions, substantially equal periodic payments under Section 72(t) or 72(q) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (Code), and annuity payments. Scheduled transactions are processed and valued as of the date they are scheduled, unless the scheduled day is not a business day. In that case, the transaction will be processed and valued on the next business day, unless (with respect to required minimum distributions, substantially equal periodic payments under Section 72(t) or 72(q) of the Code, and annuity payments only), the next business day falls in the subsequent calendar year, in which case the transaction will be processed and valued on the prior business day.

VOTING RIGHTS

We are the legal owner of the shares of the underlying mutual funds used by the variable investment options. However, we vote the shares of the mutual funds according to voting instructions we receive from

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WHAT INVESTMENT OPTIONS CAN I CHOOSE? CONTINUED

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contract owners. When a vote is required, we will mail you a proxy which is a form that you need to complete and return to us to tell us how you wish us to vote. When we receive those instructions, we will vote all of the shares we own on your behalf in accordance with those instructions. We will vote fund shares for which we do not receive instructions, and any other shares that we own in our own right, in the same proportion as shares for which we receive instructions from contract owners. This voting procedure is sometimes referred to as "mirror voting" because, as indicated in the immediately preceding sentence, we mirror the votes that are actually cast, rather than decide on our own how to vote. In addition, because all the shares of a given mutual fund held within our separate account are legally owned by us, we intend to vote all of such shares when that underlying fund seeks a vote of its shareholders. As such, all such shares will be counted towards whether there is a quorum at the underlying fund's shareholder meeting and towards the ultimate outcome of the vote. Thus, under "mirror voting," it is possible that the votes of a small percentage of contract owners who actually vote will determine the ultimate outcome. We may change the way your voting instructions are calculated if it is required or permitted by federal or state regulation.

SUBSTITUTION

We may substitute one or more of the underlying mutual funds used by the variable investment options. We may also cease to allow investments in existing funds. We would not do this without the approval of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and any necessary state insurance departments. You will be

given specific notice in advance of any substitution we intend to make.

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WHAT KIND OF PAYMENTS WILL I RECEIVE DURING THE

INCOME PHASE? (ANNUITIZATION)

PAYMENT PROVISIONS

We can begin making annuity payments any time on or after the first contract anniversary. Annuity payments must begin no later than the later of the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the annuitant's 90th birthday or the tenth contract anniversary.

Upon annuitization, any value in a guarantee period of the market value adjustment option may be subject to a market value adjustment.

The Strategic Partners Plus 3 variable annuity contract offers an optional Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, which we describe below. Your annuity options vary depending upon whether you choose this benefit.

PAYMENT PROVISIONS WITHOUT THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

We make the income plans described below available at any time before the annuity date. These plans are called "annuity options" or "settlement options." During the income phase, all of the annuity options under this contract are fixed annuity options. This means that your participation in the variable investment options ends on the annuity date. If an annuity option is not selected by the annuity date, the Life Income Annuity Option (Option 2, described below) will automatically be selected unless prohibited by applicable law. GENERALLY, ONCE THE ANNUITY PAYMENTS BEGIN, THE ANNUITY OPTION CANNOT BE CHANGED AND YOU CANNOT MAKE WITHDRAWALS. IN ADDITION TO THE ANNUITY PAYMENT OPTIONS DISCUSSED IN THIS SECTION, PLEASE NOTE THAT IF YOU CHOOSE THE OPTIONAL LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT, THERE ARE ADDITIONAL ANNUITY PAYMENT OPTIONS THAT ARE ASSOCIATED WITH THAT BENEFIT. SEE SECTION 5 OF THIS PROSPECTUS FOR ADDITIONAL DETAILS.

OPTION 1 ANNUITY PAYMENTS FOR A FIXED PERIOD

Under this option, we will make equal payments for the period chosen, up to 25 years (but not to exceed life expectancy). The annuity payments may be made monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually, as you choose, for the fixed period. If the annuitant dies during the income phase, payments will continue to the beneficiary for the remainder of the fixed period or, if the beneficiary so chooses, we will make a single lump-sum payment. The amount of the lump sum payment is determined by calculating the present value of the unpaid future payments. This is done by using the interest rate used to compute the actual payments. The interest rate will be at least 3% a year.

OPTION 2 LIFE INCOME ANNUITY OPTION

Under this option, we will make annuity payments monthly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually as long as the annuitant is alive. If the annuitant dies before we have made 10 years worth of payments, we will pay the beneficiary in one lump sum the present value of the annuity payments scheduled to have been made over the remaining portion of that 10 year period, unless we were specifically instructed that such remaining annuity payments continue to be paid to the beneficiary. The present value of the remaining annuity payments is calculated by using the interest rate used to compute the amount of the original 120 payments. The interest rate will be at least 3% a year.

If an annuity option is not selected by the annuity date, this is the option we will automatically select for you.

OTHER ANNUITY OPTIONS

We currently offer a variety of other annuity options not described above. At the time annuity payments are chosen, we may make available to you any of the fixed annuity options that are offered at your annuity date.

TAX CONSIDERATIONS

If your contract is held under a tax-favored plan, you should consider the minimum distribution requirements when selecting your annuity option.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (GMIB), is an optional feature that guarantees that once the income period begins, your income payments will be no less than the GMIB protected value applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates. If you want the

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WHAT KIND OF PAYMENTS WILL I RECEIVE DURING THE INCOME PHASE? (ANNUITIZATION)
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Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, you must elect it when you make your initial purchase payment. Once elected, the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit cannot be revoked. You may not elect both GMIB and the Lifetime Five Income Benefit.

The GMIB protected value is calculated daily and is equal to the GMIB roll-up until the GMIB roll-up either reaches its cap or if we stop applying the annual interest rate based on the age of the annuitant, number of contract anniversaries, or number of years since the last GMIB reset, as described below. At this point, the GMIB protected value will be increased by any subsequent invested purchase payments and reduced proportionally by withdrawals.

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit is subject to certain restrictions described below.

- - The annuitant must be 75 or younger in order for you to elect the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit.
- - If you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, we will impose an annual charge equal to 0.50% for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (0.45% for all other contracts) of the average GMIB protected value described below.
- - Under the contract terms governing the GMIB, we can require GMIB participants to invest only in designated underlying mutual funds or can require GMIB participants to invest according to an asset allocation model.
- - TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT, YOU MUST WAIT A CERTAIN AMOUNT OF TIME BEFORE YOU BEGIN THE INCOME PHASE. THE WAITING PERIOD IS THE PERIOD EXTENDING FROM THE CONTRACT DATE TO THE 7TH CONTRACT ANNIVERSARY BUT, IF THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT HAS BEEN RESET (AS DESCRIBED BELOW), THE WAITING PERIOD IS THE 7 YEAR PERIOD BEGINNING WITH THE DATE OF THE MOST RECENT RESET. IN LIGHT OF THIS WAITING PERIOD UPON RESETS, IT IS NOT RECOMMENDED THAT YOU RESET YOUR GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT IF THE REQUIRED BEGINNING DATE UNDER IRS MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS WOULD COMMENCE DURING THE 7 YEAR WAITING PERIOD. SEE "MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS AND PAYMENT OPTION" IN SECTION 10 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON IRS REQUIREMENTS.

Once the waiting period has elapsed, you will have a 30-day period each year, beginning on the contract anniversary (or in the case of a reset, the anniversary of the most recent reset), during which you may begin the income phase with the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit by submitting the necessary forms in good order to the Prudential Annuity Service Center.

GMIB ROLL-UP

The GMIB roll-up is equal to the invested purchase payments (after a reset, the contract value at the time of the reset), increased daily at an effective annual interest rate of 5% starting on the date each invested purchase payment is made, until the cap is reached (GMIB roll-up cap). We will reduce this amount by the effect of withdrawals. The GMIB roll-up cap is equal to two times each invested purchase payment (for a reset, two times the sum of (1) the contract value at the time of the reset, and (2) any invested purchase payments made subsequent to the reset).

Even if the GMIB roll-up cap has not been reached, we will nevertheless stop increasing the GMIB roll-up value by the effective annual interest rate on the latest of:

- - the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the annuitant's 80th birthday,
- - the 7th contract anniversary, or
- - 7 years from the most recent GMIB reset (as described below).

However, even if we stop increasing the GMIB roll-up value by the effective annual interest rate, we will still increase the GMIB protected value by subsequent invested purchase payments, reduced proportionally by withdrawals.

EFFECT OF WITHDRAWALS

In any contract year when the GMIB protected value is increasing at the rate of 5%, withdrawals will first reduce the GMIB protected value on a dollar-for-dollar basis, by the same dollar amount of the withdrawal up to the first 5% of GMIB protected value calculated on the contract anniversary (or, during the first contract year, on the

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contract date). Any withdrawals made after the dollar-for-dollar limit has been reached will proportionally reduce the GMIB protected value. We calculate the proportional reduction by dividing the contract value after the withdrawal by the contract value immediately following the withdrawal of any available dollar-for-dollar amount. The resulting percentage is multiplied by the GMIB protected value after subtracting the amount of the withdrawal that does not exceed 5%. In each contract year during which the GMIB protected value has stopped increasing at the 5% rate, withdrawals will reduce the GMIB protected value proportionally. The GMIB roll-up cap is reduced by the sum of all reductions described above.

The following examples of dollar-for-dollar and proportional reductions assume: 1.) the contract date and the effective date of the GMIB are January 1, 2006; 2.) an initial purchase payment of \$250,000; 3.) an initial GMIB protected value of \$250,000; 4.) an initial 200% cap of \$500,000; and 5.) an initial dollar-for-dollar limit of \$12,500 (5% of \$250,000):

EXAMPLE 1. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR REDUCTION

A \$10,000 withdrawal is taken on February 1, 2006 (in the first contract year). No prior withdrawals have been taken. Immediately prior to the withdrawal, the GMIB protected value is \$251,038.10 (the initial value accumulated for 31 days at an annual effective rate of 5%). As the amount withdrawn is less than the dollar-for-dollar limit:

- - The GMIB protected value is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., by \$10,000, from \$251,038.10 to \$241,038.10).
- - The GMIB 200% cap is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., by \$10,000, from \$500,000 to \$490,000).
- - The remaining dollar-for-dollar limit ("Remaining Limit") for the balance of the first contract year is also reduced by the amount withdrawn (from \$12,500 to \$2,500).

EXAMPLE 2. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR AND PROPORTIONAL REDUCTIONS

A second \$10,000 withdrawal is taken on March 1, 2006 (still within the first contract year). Immediately before the withdrawal, the contract value is \$220,000 and the GMIB protected value is \$241,941.95. As the amount withdrawn exceeds the Remaining Limit of \$2,500 from Example 1:

- - The GMIB protected value is first reduced by the Remaining Limit (from \$241,941.95 to \$239,441.95).
- - The result is then further reduced by the ratio of A to B, where:
 - A is the amount withdrawn less the Remaining Limit (\$10,000 - \$2,500, or \$7,500).
 - B is the contract value less the Remaining Limit (\$220,000 - \$2,500, or \$217,500). The resulting GMIB protected value is: $\$239,441.95 \times (1 - (\$7,500/\$217,500))$, or \$231,185.33.
 - The GMIB 200% cap is reduced by the sum of all reductions above (\$490,000-\$2,500-\$8,256.62, or \$479,243.38).
- - The Remaining Limit is set to zero (0) for the balance of the first contract year.

EXAMPLE 3. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR LIMIT IN SECOND CONTRACT YEAR

A \$10,000 withdrawal is made on the first anniversary of the contract date, January 1, 2007 (second contract year). Prior to the withdrawal, the GMIB protected value is \$240,837.69. The dollar-for-dollar limit is equal to 5% of this amount, or \$12,041.88. As the amount withdrawn is less than the dollar-for-dollar limit:

- - The GMIB protected value is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., reduced by \$10,000, from \$240,837.69 to \$230,837.69).

- - The GMIB 200% cap is reduced by the amount withdrawn (i.e., by \$10,000, from \$479,243.38 to \$469,243.38).
- - The Remaining Limit for the balance of the second contract year is also reduced by the amount withdrawn (from \$12,041.88 to \$2,041.88).

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WHAT KIND OF PAYMENTS WILL I RECEIVE DURING THE INCOME PHASE? (ANNUITIZATION)
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GMIB RESET FEATURE

You may elect to "reset" your GMIB protected value to equal your current contract value twice over the life of the contract. You may only exercise this reset option if the annuitant has not yet reached his or her 76th birthday. If you reset, you must wait a new 7-year period from the most recent reset to exercise the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. Further, we will reset the GMIB roll-up cap to equal two times the GMIB protected value as of such date. Additionally, if you reset, we will determine the GMIB payout amount by using the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates (specified in your contract) based on the number of years since the most recent reset. These purchase rates may be less advantageous than the rates that would have applied absent a reset.

PAYOUT AMOUNT

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit payout amount is based on the age and sex of the annuitant (and, if there is one, the co-annuitant). After we first deduct a charge for any applicable premium taxes that we are required to pay, the payout amount will equal the greater of:

- 1) the GMIB protected value as of the date you exercise the GMIB payout option, applied to the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates (which are generally less favorable than the annuity purchase rates for annuity payments not involving GMIB) and based on the annuity payout option as described below, or
- 2) the adjusted contract value--that is, the value of the contract adjusted for any market value adjustment minus any charge we impose for premium taxes and withdrawal charges--as of the date you exercise the GMIB payout option applied to the current annuity purchase rates then in use.

GMIB ANNUITY PAYOUT OPTIONS

We currently offer two Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit annuity payout options. Each option involves payment for at least a period certain of ten years. In calculating the amount of the payments under the GMIB we apply certain assumed interest rates, equal to 2% annually for a waiting period of 7-9 years, and 2.5% annually for waiting periods of 10 years or longer for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (and 2.5% annually for a waiting period of 7-9 years, 3% annually for a waiting period of 10-14 years, and 3.5% annually for waiting periods of 15 years or longer for all other contracts).

GMIB OPTION 1 SINGLE LIFE PAYOUT OPTION

We will make monthly payments for as long as the annuitant lives, with payments for a period certain. We will stop making payments after the later of the death of the annuitant or the end of the period certain.

GMIB OPTION 2 JOINT LIFE PAYOUT OPTION

In the case of an annuitant and co-annuitant, we will make monthly payments for the joint lifetime of the annuitant and co-annuitant, with payments for a period certain. If the co-annuitant dies first, we will continue to make payments until the later of the death of the annuitant and the end of the period certain. If the annuitant dies first, we will continue to make payments until the later of the death of the co-annuitant and the end of the period certain, but if the period certain ends first, we will reduce the amount of each payment to 50% of the original amount.

You have no right to withdraw amounts early under either GMIB payout option. We may make other payout frequencies available, such as quarterly, semi-annually or annually.

Because we do not impose a new waiting period for each subsequent purchase payment, if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit, we reserve the right to limit subsequent purchase payments if we discover that by the timing of

your purchase payments, your GMIB protected value is increasing in ways we did not intend. In determining whether to limit purchase payments, we will look at purchase payments which are disproportionately larger than your initial purchase payment and other actions that may artificially increase the GMIB protected value. Certain state laws may prevent us from limiting your subsequent purchase payments. You must exercise one of the GMIB payout

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options described above no later than 30 days after the later of the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the annuitant's attainment of age 90 or the 10th contract anniversary.

You should note that GMIB is designed to provide a type of insurance that serves as a safety net only in the event that your contract value declines significantly due to negative investment performance. If your contract value is not significantly affected by negative investment performance, it is unlikely that the purchase of GMIB will result in your receiving larger annuity payments than if you had not purchased GMIB. This is because the assumptions that we use in computing the GMIB, such as the annuity purchase rates, (which include assumptions as to age-setbacks and assumed interest rates), are more conservative than the assumptions that we use in computing non-GMIB annuity payout options. Therefore, you may generate higher income payments if you were to annuitize a lower contract value at the current annuity purchase rates, than if you were to annuitize under the GMIB with a higher GMIB protected value than your contract value but at the annuity purchase rates guaranteed under the GMIB.

TERMINATING THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

The Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit cannot be terminated by the owner once elected. The GMIB automatically terminates as of the date the contract is fully surrendered, on the date the death benefit is payable to your beneficiary (unless your surviving spouse elects to continue the contract), or on the date that your contract value is transferred to begin making annuity payments. The GMIB may also be terminated if you designate a new annuitant who would not be eligible to elect the GMIB based on his or her age at the time of the change.

Upon termination of the GMIB, we will deduct the charge from your contract value for the portion of the contract year since the prior contract anniversary (or the contract date if in the first contract year).

HOW WE DETERMINE ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Generally speaking, the annuity phase of the contract involves our distributing to you in increments the value that you have accumulated. We make these incremental payments either over a specified time period (e.g., 15 years) (fixed period annuities) or for the duration of the life of the annuitant (and possibly co-annuitant) (life annuities). There are certain assumptions that are common to both fixed period annuities and life annuities. In each type of annuity, we assume that the value you apply at the outset toward your annuity payments earns interest throughout the payout period. For annuity options within the GMIB, this interest rate ranges from 2% to 2.5% for contracts sold on or after May 1, 2004 (and 2.5% to 3.5% for all other contracts). For non-GMIB annuity options, the guaranteed minimum rate is 3%. The GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates in your contract depict the minimum amounts we will pay (per \$1000 of adjusted contract value). If our current annuity purchase rates on the annuity date are more favorable to you than the guaranteed rates, we will make payments based on those more favorable rates.

Other assumptions that we use for life annuities and fixed period annuities differ, as detailed in the following overview:

FIXED PERIOD ANNUITIES

Currently, we offer fixed period annuities only under the Income Appreciator Benefit and non-GMIB annuity options. Generally speaking, in determining the amount of each annuity payment under a fixed period annuity, we start with the adjusted contract value, add interest assumed to be earned over the fixed period, and divide the sum by the number of payments you have requested. The life expectancy of the annuitant and co-annuitant are relevant to this calculation only in that we will not allow you to select a fixed period that exceeds life expectancy.

LIFE ANNUITIES

There are more variables that affect our calculation of life annuity payments. Most importantly, we make

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several assumptions about the annuitant's or co-annuitant's life expectancy, including the following:

- The Annuity 2000 Mortality Table is the starting point for our life expectancy assumptions. This table anticipates longevity of an insured population based on historical experience and reflecting anticipated experience for the year 2000.

GUARANTEED AND GMIB ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Because life expectancy has lengthened over the past few decades, and likely will increase in the future, our life annuity calculations anticipate these developments. We do this largely by making a hypothetical reduction in the age of the annuitant (or co-annuitant), in lieu of using the annuitant's (or co-annuitant's) actual age, in calculating the payment amounts. By using such a reduced age, we base our calculations on a younger person, who generally would live longer and therefore draw life annuity payments over a longer time period. Given the longer pay-out period, the payments made to the younger person would be less than those made to an older person. We make two such age adjustments:

- 1) First, for all annuities, we start with the age of the annuitant (or co-annuitant) on his/her most recent birthday and reduce that age by either (a) four years, for life annuities under the GMIB sold in contracts on or after May 1, 2004 or (b) two years, with respect to guaranteed payments under life annuities not involving GMIB, as well as GMIB payments under contracts not described in (a) immediately above. For the reasons explained above in this section, the four year age reduction causes a greater reduction in the amount of the annuity payments than does the two-year age reduction.
- 2) Second, for life annuities under both versions of GMIB as well as guaranteed payments under life annuities not involving GMIB, we make a further age reduction according to the table in your contract entitled "Translation of Adjusted Age." As indicated in the table, the further into the future the first annuity payment is, the longer we expect the person receiving those payments to live, and the more we reduce the annuitant's (or co-annuitant's) age.

CURRENT ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Immediately above, we have referenced how we determine annuity payments based on "guaranteed" annuity purchase rates. By "guaranteed" annuity purchase rates, we mean the minimum annuity purchase rates that are set forth in your annuity contract and thus contractually guaranteed by us. "Current" annuity purchase rates, in contrast, refer to the annuity purchase rates that we are applying to contracts that are entering the annuity phase at a given point in time. These current annuity purchase rates vary from period to period, depending on changes in interest rates and other factors. We do not guarantee any particular level of current annuity purchase rates. When calculating current annuity purchase rates, we use the actual age of the annuitant (or co-annuitant), rather than any reduced age.

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WHAT IS THE

DEATH BENEFIT?

THE DEATH BENEFIT FEATURE PROTECTS THE CONTRACT VALUE FOR THE BENEFICIARY.

BENEFICIARY

The beneficiary is the person(s) or entity you name to receive any death benefit. The beneficiary is named at the time the contract is issued, unless you change it at a later date. A change of beneficiary will take effect on the date you sign the change request form, provided we receive the form in good order. Unless an irrevocable beneficiary has been named, during the accumulation period, you can change the beneficiary at any time before the owner dies. However, if the contract is jointly owned, the owner must name the joint owner and the joint owner must name the owner as the beneficiary. For entity-owned contracts, we pay a death benefit upon the death of the annuitant.

CALCULATION OF THE DEATH BENEFIT

If the owner or joint owner dies during the accumulation phase, we will, upon receiving the appropriate proof of death and any other needed documentation in good order (proof of death), pay a death benefit to the beneficiary designated by the deceased owner or joint owner. If there is a sole owner and there is only one beneficiary who is the owner's spouse on the date of death, then the surviving spouse may continue the contract under the Spousal Continuance Benefit. If there are an owner and joint owner of the contract, and the owner's spouse is both the joint owner and the beneficiary on the date of death, then, at the death of the first to die, the death benefit will be paid to the surviving owner or the surviving owner may continue the contract under the Spousal Continuance Benefit.

Upon receiving appropriate proof of death, the beneficiary will receive the greater of the following:

- 1) The current contract value (as of the time we receive proof of death in good order). If you have purchased the Contract With Credit, we will first deduct any credit corresponding to a purchase payment made within one year of death. We impose no market value adjustment on contract value held within the market value adjustment option when a death benefit is paid.
- 2) Either the base death benefit, which equals the total invested purchase payments you have made proportionally reduced by any withdrawals, or, if you have chosen the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit (GMDB), the GMDB protected value.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM DEATH BENEFIT

The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit provides for the option to receive an enhanced death benefit upon the death of the sole owner or the first to die of the owner or joint owner during the accumulation phase.

The GMDB protected value option equals the GMDB step-up. The GMDB protected value is calculated daily.

GMDB STEP-UP

IF THE SOLE OWNER OR THE OLDER OF THE OWNER AND JOINT OWNER IS LESS THAN AGE 80 ON THE CONTRACT DATE, the GMDB step-up before the first contract anniversary is the initial invested purchase payment increased by subsequent invested purchase payments, and proportionally reduced by the effect of withdrawals. The GMDB step-up on each contract anniversary will be the greater of the previous GMDB step-up and the contract value as of such contract anniversary. Between contract anniversaries, the GMDB step-up will increase by invested purchase payments and reduce proportionally by withdrawals.

We stop increasing the GMDB step-up by any appreciation in the contract value on the later of:

- the contract anniversary coinciding with or next following the sole or older owner's 80th birthday, or
- the 5th contract anniversary.

However, we still increase the GMDB protected value by subsequent invested purchase payments and proportionally reduce it by withdrawals.

Here is an example of a proportional reduction:

The current contract value is \$100,000 and the protected value is \$80,000. The owner makes a withdrawal that reduces the contract value by 25% (including the effect of any withdrawal charges). The

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WHAT IS THE DEATH BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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new protected value is \$60,000, or 75% of what it was before the withdrawal.

IF THE SOLE OWNER OR THE OLDER OF THE OWNER AND JOINT OWNER IS BETWEEN AGE 80 AND 85 ON THE CONTRACT DATE, the GMDB step-up before the third contract anniversary is the sum of invested purchase payments, reduced by the effect of withdrawals. On the third contract anniversary, we will adjust the GMDB step-up to the greater of the then current GMDB step-up or the contract value as of that contract anniversary. Thereafter, we will only increase the GMDB protected value by subsequent invested purchase payments and proportionally reduce it by

withdrawals.

Special rules apply if the beneficiary is the spouse of the owner and the contract does not have a joint owner. In that case, upon the death of the owner, the spouse will have the choice of the following:

- - If the sole beneficiary under the contract is the owner's spouse, and the other requirements of the Spousal Continuation Benefit are met, then the contract can continue, and the spouse will become the new owner of the contract; or
- - The spouse can receive the death benefit. A surviving spouse who is eligible for the Spousal Continuation Benefit must choose between that benefit and receiving the death benefit during the first 60 days following our receipt of proof of death.

If ownership of the contract changes as a result of the owner assigning it to someone else, we will reset the value of the death benefit to equal the contract value on the date the change of ownership occurs, and for purposes of computing the future death benefit, we will treat that contract value as a purchase payment occurring on that date.

SPECIAL RULES IF JOINT OWNERS

If the contract has an owner and a joint owner and they are spouses at the time that one dies, the Spousal Continuation Benefit may apply. If the contract has an owner and a joint owner and they are not spouses at the time one dies, we will pay the death benefit and the contract will end.

PAYOUT OPTIONS

The beneficiary may, within 60 days of providing proof of death, choose to take the death benefit under one of several death benefit payout options listed below.

The death benefit payout options are:

Choice 1. Lump sum payment of the death benefit. If the beneficiary does not choose a payout option within sixty days, the beneficiary will receive this payout option.

Choice 2. The payment of the entire death benefit within a period of 5 years from the date of death of the first-to-die of the owner or joint owner.

The entire death benefit will include any increases or losses resulting from the performance of the variable or fixed interest rate options during this period. During this period the beneficiary may: reallocate the contract value among the variable or fixed interest rate options; name a beneficiary to receive any remaining death benefit in the event of the beneficiary's death; and make withdrawals from the contract value, in which case, any such withdrawals will not be subject to any withdrawal charges. However, the beneficiary may not make any purchase payments to the contract.

During this 5 year period, we will continue to deduct from the death benefit proceeds the charges and costs that were associated with the features and benefits of the contract. Some of these features and benefits may not be available to the beneficiary, such as the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (with respect to the version of GMIB sold on or after May 1, 2004, we impose no GMIB charge after death) and Income Appreciator Benefit.

Choice 3. Payment of the death benefit under an annuity or annuity settlement option over the lifetime of the beneficiary or over a period not extending beyond the life expectancy of the beneficiary with distribution beginning within one year of the date of death of the owner.

If the owner and joint owner are not spouses, any portion of the death benefit not applied under Choice 3 within one year of the date of death of the first to die

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must be distributed within five years of the survivor's date of death.

The tax consequences to the beneficiary vary among the three death benefit payout options. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?"

SPOUSAL CONTINUANCE BENEFIT

This benefit is available if, on the date we receive proof of the owner's death in good order, (1) there is only one owner of the contract and there is only one

beneficiary who is the owner's spouse; or (2) there are an owner and joint owner of the contract, and the joint owner is the owner's spouse and the owner's beneficiary under the contract. In no event, however, can the annuitant be older than the maximum age for annuitization on the date of the owner's death, nor can the surviving spouse be older than 95 on the date of the owner's death. Assuming the above conditions are present, the surviving spouse can elect the Spousal Continuation Benefit, but must do so no later than 60 days after furnishing proof of the owner's death in good order.

Upon activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, the contract value is adjusted to equal the amount of the death benefit to which the surviving spouse would have been entitled. This contract value will serve as the basis for calculating any death benefit payable upon the death of the surviving spouse. We will allocate any increase in the adjusted contract value among the variable, fixed interest rate or market value adjustment options in the same proportions that existed immediately prior to the spousal continuation adjustment. We will waive the \$1,000 minimum requirement for the market value adjustment option.

Under the Spousal Continuation Benefit, we waive any potential withdrawal charges applicable to purchase payments made prior to activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit. However, we will continue to impose withdrawal charges on purchase payments made after activation of this benefit. In addition, contract value allocated to the market value adjustment option will remain subject to a potential market value adjustment.

IF YOU ELECTED THE BASE DEATH BENEFIT, then upon activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, we will adjust the contract value to equal the greater of:

- the contract value, or
- the sum of all invested purchase payments (adjusted for withdrawals).

IF YOU HAVE ELECTED THE GMDB STEP-UP, we will adjust the contract value to equal the greater of:

- the contract value, or
- the GMDB step-up.

After we have made the adjustment to contract value set out immediately above, we will continue to compute the GMDB step-up under the surviving spousal owner's contract, and will do so in accordance with the preceding discussion in this section.

If the contract is being continued by the surviving spouse, the attained age of the surviving spouse will be the basis used in determining the death benefit payable under the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit provisions of the contract. The contract may not be continued upon the death of a spouse who had assumed ownership of the contract through the exercise of the Spousal Continuation Benefit.

IF YOU ELECTED THE GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT, it will be continued for the surviving spousal owner. All provisions of the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (i.e., waiting period, GMIB roll-up cap, etc.) will remain the same as on the date of the owner's death. If the GMIB reset feature was never exercised, the surviving spousal owner can exercise the GMIB reset feature twice. If the original owner had previously exercised the GMIB reset feature once, the surviving spousal owner can exercise the GMIB reset once. However, the surviving spouse (or new annuitant designated by the surviving spouse) must be under 76 years of age at the time of reset. If the original owner had previously exercised the GMIB reset feature twice, the surviving spousal owner may not exercise the GMIB reset at all. If the attained age of the surviving spouse at activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, when added to the remainder of the GMIB waiting period to be satisfied, would preclude the surviving spouse from utilizing the Guaranteed Mini-

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WHAT IS THE DEATH BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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mum Income Benefit, we will revoke the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit under the contract at that time and we will no longer charge for that benefit.

IF YOU ELECTED THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT, on the owner's death, the Lifetime Five Income Benefit will end. However, if the owner's surviving spouse would be eligible to acquire the Lifetime Five Income Benefit as if he/she were a new purchaser, then the surviving spouse may elect the Lifetime Five Income Benefit under the Spousal Continuation Benefit. The surviving spouse (or new

annuitant designated by the surviving spouse) must be at least 45 years of age at the time of election.

IF YOU ELECTED THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT, on the owner's death (or first-to-die, in the case of joint owners), the Income Appreciator Benefit will end unless the contract is continued by the deceased owner's surviving spouse under the Spousal Continuation Benefit. If the contract is continued by the surviving spouse, we will continue to pay the balance of any Income Appreciator Benefit payments until the earliest to occur of the following: (a) the date on which 10 years' worth of IAB automatic withdrawal payments or IAB credits, as applicable, have been paid, (b) the latest date on which annuity payments would have had to have commenced had the owner not died (i.e., the later of the contract anniversary next following the annuitant's 90th birthday or the 10th contract anniversary), or (c) the later of the 10th contract anniversary or the contract anniversary next following the surviving spouse's 90th birthday (or the annuitant's 90th birthday if other than the surviving spouse).

If the Income Appreciator Benefit has not been in force for 7 contract years, the surviving spouse may not activate the benefit until it has been in force for 7 contract years. If the attained age of the surviving spouse at activation of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, when added to the remainder of the Income Appreciator Benefit waiting period to be satisfied, would preclude the surviving spouse from utilizing the Income Appreciator Benefit, we will revoke the Income Appreciator Benefit under the contract at that time and we will no longer charge for that benefit. If the Income Appreciator Benefit has been in force for 7 contract years or more, but the benefit has not been activated, the surviving spouse may activate the benefit at any time after the contract has been continued. If the Income Appreciator Benefit is activated after the contract is continued by the surviving spouse, the Income Appreciator Benefit calculation will exclude any amount added to the contract at the time of spousal continuation resulting from any death benefit value exceeding the contract value.

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE

INCOME BENEFIT?

LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT

The Lifetime Five Income Benefit (Lifetime Five) is an optional feature that guarantees your ability to withdraw amounts equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (called the "Protected Withdrawal Value"), regardless of the impact of market performance on your contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amount of withdrawals. There are two options -- one is designed to provide an annual withdrawal amount for life (the "Life Income Benefit") and the other is designed to provide a greater annual withdrawal amount (than the first option) as long as there is Protected Withdrawal Value (adjusted as described below) (the "Withdrawal Benefit"). If there is no Protected Withdrawal Value, the Withdrawal Benefit will be zero. You do not choose between these two options; each option will continue to be available as long as the annuity has a contract value and Lifetime Five is in effect. Certain benefits under Lifetime Five may remain in effect even if the contract value is zero. The option may be appropriate if you intend to make periodic withdrawals from your contract and wish to ensure that market performance will not affect your ability to receive annual payments. You are not required to make withdrawals -- the guarantees are not lost if you withdraw less than the maximum allowable amount each year.

Lifetime Five is subject to certain restrictions described below.

- - Currently, Lifetime Five can only be elected once each contract year, and only where the annuitant and the contract owner are the same person or, if the contract owner is an entity, where there is only one annuitant. We reserve the right to limit the election frequency in the future. Before making any such change to the election frequency, we will provide prior notice to contract owners who have an effective Lifetime Five Income Benefit.
- - The annuitant must be at least 45 years old when Lifetime Five is elected.
- - Lifetime Five is not available if you elect the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit or Income Appreciator Benefit.
- - Owners electing this benefit prior to December 5, 2005, were required to allocate contract value to one or more of the following asset allocation portfolios of the Prudential Series Fund: SP Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio, SP Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio, and SP Growth Asset Allocation Portfolio. Owners electing this benefit after December 5, 2005 must allocate contract value to one or more of the following asset allocation portfolios of American Skandia Trust: AST Capital Growth Asset Allocation

Portfolio, AST Balanced Asset Allocation Portfolio, AST Conservative Asset Allocation Portfolio, AST Preservation Asset Allocation Portfolio and to the AST Advanced Strategies Portfolio, AST First Trust Balanced Target Portfolio, or AST First Trust Capital Appreciation Target Portfolio.

PROTECTED WITHDRAWAL VALUE

The Protected Withdrawal Value is initially used to determine the amount of each initial annual payment under the Life Income Benefit and the Withdrawal Benefit. The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is determined as of the date you make your first withdrawal under the contract following your election of Lifetime Five. The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is equal to the greater of (A) the contract value on the date you elect Lifetime Five growing at 5% per year from the date of your election, plus any subsequent purchase payments growing at 5% per year from the application of the purchase payment to your contract, until the earlier of the date of your first withdrawal or the 10th anniversary of the benefit effective date, (B) the contract value as of the date of the first withdrawal from your contract, prior to the withdrawal, and (C) the highest contract value on each contract anniversary prior to the first withdrawal or on the first 10 contract anniversaries after the benefit effective date if earlier than the date of your first withdrawal. With respect to (A) and (C) above, each value is increased by the amount of any subsequent purchase payments. In determining Protected Withdrawal Value, we include, as part of purchase payments, the amount of any credits

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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granted with respect to such purchase payments for the Contract with Credit.

- - If you elect Lifetime Five at the time you purchase your contract, the contract value will be your initial purchase payment.
- - For existing contract owners who are electing the Lifetime Five Benefit, the contract value on the date of the contract owner's election of Lifetime Five will be used to determine the initial Protected Withdrawal Value.
- - If you make additional purchase payments after your first withdrawal, the Protected Withdrawal Value will be increased by the amount of each additional purchase payment.

You may elect to step-up your Protected Withdrawal Value if, due to positive market performance, your contract value is greater than the Protected Withdrawal Value. If you elected Lifetime Five prior to March 20, 2006 and that original election remains in effect, then you are eligible to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value on or after the 5th anniversary of the first withdrawal under Lifetime Five. Under contracts with Lifetime Five elected prior to March 20, 2006, the Protected Withdrawal Value can be stepped up again on or after the 5th anniversary following the preceding step-up. If you elected Lifetime Five on or after March 20, 2006, then you are eligible to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value on or after the 3rd anniversary of the first withdrawal under Lifetime Five. Under contracts with Lifetime Five elected on or after March 20, 2006, the Protected Withdrawal Value can be stepped up again on or after the 3rd anniversary following the preceding step-up. In either scenario (i.e., elections before or after March 20, 2006) if you elect to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value, and on the date you elect to step-up, the charges under Lifetime Five have changed for new purchasers, you may be subject to the new charge going forward.

An optional automatic step-up ("Auto Step-Up") feature is available for this benefit. This feature may be elected at the time the benefit is elected or at any time while the benefit is in force. If you elect this feature, the first Auto Step-Up opportunity will occur on the 3rd contract anniversary (5th contract anniversary if the benefit was elected prior to March 20, 2006) following the later of the first withdrawal under the benefit or the prior step-up. At this time, your Protected Withdrawal Value will be stepped-up only if 5% of the contract value exceeds the Annual Income Amount by 5% or more. If 5% of the contract value does not exceed the Annual Income Amount by 5% or more, then an Auto Step-Up opportunity will occur on each successive contract anniversary until a step-up occurs. Once a step-up occurs, the next Auto Step-Up opportunity will occur on the 3rd (5th if the benefit was elected prior to March 20, 2006) contract anniversary following the most recent step-up. If, on the date that we implement an Auto Step-Up to your Protected Withdrawal Value, the charge for Lifetime Five has changed for new purchasers, you may be subject to the new charge at the time of such step-up.

Upon election of the step-up, we increase the Protected Withdrawal Value to

be equal to the then current contract value. For example, assume your initial Protected Withdrawal Value was \$100,000 and you have made cumulative withdrawals of \$40,000, reducing the Protected Withdrawal Value to \$60,000. On the date you are eligible to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value, your contract value is equal to \$75,000. You could elect to step-up the Protected Withdrawal Value to \$75,000 on the date you are eligible. If your current Annual Income Amount and Annual Withdrawal Amount (as described below) are less than they would be if we did not reflect the step-up in Protected Withdrawal Value, then we will increase these amounts to reflect the step-up as described below.

The Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced each time a withdrawal is made on a "dollar-for-dollar" basis up to 7% per contract year of the Protected Withdrawal Value and on the greater of a "dollar-for-dollar" basis or a pro rata basis for withdrawals in a contract year in excess of that amount until the Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced to zero. At that point, the Annual Withdrawal Amount will be zero until such time (if any) as the contract reflects a Protected Withdrawal Value

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(for example, due to a step-up or additional purchase payments being made into the contract).

ANNUAL INCOME AMOUNT UNDER THE LIFE INCOME BENEFIT

The initial Annual Income Amount is equal to 5% of the initial Protected Withdrawal Value. Under Lifetime Five, if your cumulative withdrawals in a contract year are less than or equal to the Annual Income Amount, they will not reduce your Annual Income Amount in subsequent contract years. If your cumulative withdrawals are in excess of the Annual Income Amount (Excess Income), your Annual Income Amount in subsequent years will be reduced (except with regard to required minimum distributions) by the result of the ratio of the Excess Income to the contract value immediately prior to such withdrawal (see examples of this calculation below). Reductions include the actual amount of the withdrawal, including any withdrawal charges that may apply. A withdrawal can be considered Excess Income under the Life Income Benefit even though it does not exceed the Annual Withdrawal Amount under the Withdrawal Benefit. When you elect a step-up, your Annual Income Amount increases to equal 5% of your contract value after the step-up if such amount is greater than your Annual Income Amount. Your Annual Income Amount also increases if you make additional purchase payments. The amount of the increase is equal to 5% of any additional purchase payments. Any increase will be added to your Annual Income Amount beginning on the day that the step-up is effective or the purchase payment is made. A determination of whether you have exceeded your Annual Income Amount is made at the time of each withdrawal; therefore, a subsequent increase in the Annual Income Amount will not offset the effect of a withdrawal that exceeded the Annual Income Amount at the time the withdrawal was made.

ANNUAL WITHDRAWAL AMOUNT UNDER THE WITHDRAWAL BENEFIT

The initial Annual Withdrawal Amount is equal to 7% of the initial Protected Withdrawal Value. Under Lifetime Five, if your cumulative withdrawals each contract year are less than or equal to the Annual Withdrawal Amount, your Protected Withdrawal Value will be reduced on a "dollar-for-dollar" basis. If your cumulative withdrawals are in excess of the Annual Withdrawal Amount (Excess Withdrawal), your Annual Withdrawal Amount will be reduced (except with regard to required minimum distributions) by the result of the ratio of the Excess Withdrawal to the contract value immediately prior to such withdrawal (see the examples of this calculation below). Reductions include the actual amount of the withdrawal, including any withdrawal charges that may apply. When you elect a step-up, your Annual Withdrawal Amount increases to equal 7% of your contract value after the step-up if such amount is greater than your Annual Withdrawal Amount. Your Annual Withdrawal Amount also increases if you make additional purchase payments. The amount of the increase is equal to 7% of any additional purchase payments. A determination of whether you have exceeded your Annual Withdrawal Amount is made at the time of each withdrawal; therefore, a subsequent increase in the Annual Withdrawal Amount will not offset the effect of a withdrawal that exceeded the Annual Withdrawal Amount at the time the withdrawal was made.

Lifetime Five does not affect your ability to make withdrawals under your contract or limit your ability to request withdrawals that exceed the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount. You are not required to withdraw all or any portion of the Annual Withdrawal Amount or Annual Income Amount in each contract year.

- - If, cumulatively, you withdraw an amount less than the Annual Withdrawal Amount under the Withdrawal Benefit in any contract year, you cannot carry-over the unused portion of the Annual Withdrawal Amount to subsequent contract years.

- If, cumulatively, you withdraw an amount less than the Annual Income Amount under the Life Income Benefit in any contract year, you cannot carry-over the unused portion of the Annual Income Amount to subsequent contract years.

However, because the Protected Withdrawal Value is only reduced by the actual amount of withdrawals you make under these circumstances, any unused Annual Withdrawal Amount or Annual Income Amount may

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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extend the period of time until the remaining Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced to zero.

The following examples of dollar-for-dollar and proportional reductions and the step-up of the Protected Withdrawal Value, Annual Withdrawal Amount and Annual Income Amount assume: 1.) the contract date and the effective date of Lifetime Five are February 1, 2005; 2.) an initial purchase payment of \$250,000; 3.) the contract value on February 1, 2006 is equal to \$265,000; 4.) the first withdrawal occurs on March 1, 2006 when the contract value is equal to \$263,000; and 5.) the contract value on February 1, 2010 is equal to \$280,000.

The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is calculated as the greatest of (a), (b) and (c):

- (a) Purchase payment accumulated at 5% per year from February 1, 2005 until March 1, 2006 (393 days) = $\$250,000 \times 1.05(393/365) = \$263,484.33$
- (b) Contract value on March 1, 2006 (the date of the first withdrawal) = \$263,000
- (c) Contract value on February 1, 2006 (the first contract anniversary) = \$265,000

Therefore, the initial Protected Withdrawal Value is equal to \$265,000. The Annual Withdrawal Amount is equal to \$18,550 under the Withdrawal Benefit (7% of \$265,000). The Annual Income Amount is equal to \$13,250 under the Life Income Benefit (5% of \$265,000).F

EXAMPLE 1. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR REDUCTION

If \$10,000 was withdrawn (less than both the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:

- Remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount for current contract year = \$18,550 - \$10,000 = \$8,550
- Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years remains at \$18,550
- Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = \$13,250 - \$10,000 = \$3,250
- Annual Income Amount for future contract years remains at \$13,250
- Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced by \$10,000 from \$265,000 to \$255,000

EXAMPLE 2. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR AND PROPORTIONAL REDUCTIONS

a) If \$15,000 was withdrawn (more than the Annual Income Amount but less than the Annual Withdrawal Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:

- Remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount for current contract year = \$18,550 - \$15,000 = \$3,550
- Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years remains at \$18,550
- Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = \$0
- Excess of withdrawal over the Annual Income Amount (\$15,000 - \$13,250 = \$1,750) reduces Annual Income Amount for future contract years.
- Reduction to Annual Income Amount = $\text{Excess Income} / \text{contract value before Excess Income} \times \text{Annual Income Amount} = \$1,750 / (\$263,000 - \$13,250) \times \$13,250 = \93

- Annual Income Amount for future contract years = $\$13,250 - \$93 = \$13,157$
 - Protected Withdrawal Value is reduced by $\$15,000$ from $\$265,000$ to $\$250,000$
- b) If $\$25,000$ was withdrawn (more than both the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:
- Remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount for current contract year = $\$0$
 - Excess of withdrawal over the Annual Withdrawal Amount ($\$25,000 - \$18,550 = \$6,450$) reduces Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years.
 - Reduction to Annual Withdrawal Amount = $\text{Excess Withdrawal} / \text{contract value before Excess Withdrawal} \times \text{Annual Withdrawal Amount} = \$6,450 / (\$263,000 - \$18,550) \times \$18,550 = \489
 - Annual Withdrawal Amount for future contract years = $\$18,550 - \$489 = \$18,061$
 - Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = $\$0$
 - Excess of withdrawal over the Annual Income Amount ($\$25,000 - \$13,250 = \$11,750$) reduces Annual Income Amount for future contract years.

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- Reduction to Annual Income Amount = $\text{Excess Income} / \text{contract value before Excess Income} \times \text{Annual Income Amount} = \$11,750 / (\$263,000 - \$13,250) \times \$13,250 = \623
- Annual Income Amount for future contract years = $\$13,250 - \$623 = \$12,627$
- Protected Withdrawal Value is first reduced by the Annual Withdrawal Amount ($\$18,550$) from $\$265,000$ to $\$246,450$. It is further reduced by the greater of a dollar-for-dollar reduction or a proportional reduction.
- Dollar-for-dollar reduction = $\$25,000 - \$18,550 = \$6,450$
- Proportional reduction = $\text{Excess Withdrawal} / \text{contract value before Excess Withdrawal} \times \text{Protected Withdrawal Value} = \$6,450 / (\$263,000 - \$18,550) \times \$246,450 = \$6,503$
- Protected Withdrawal Value = $\$246,450 - \max[\$6,450, \$6,503] = \$239,947$

EXAMPLE 3. STEP-UP OF THE PROTECTED WITHDRAWAL VALUE

If the Annual Income Amount ($\$13,250$) is withdrawn each year starting on March 1, 2006 for a period of 5 years, the Protected Withdrawal Value on February 1, 2010 would be reduced to $\$225,250$ [$\$265,000 - (\$13,250 \times 5)$]. If a step-up is elected on February 1, 2010, then the following values would result:

- Protected Withdrawal Value = contract value on February 1, 2010 = $\$280,000$
- Annual Income Amount is equal to the greater of the current Annual Income Amount or 5% of the stepped up Protected Withdrawal Value. Current Annual Income Amount is $\$13,250$. 5% of the stepped-up Protected Withdrawal Value is 5% of $\$280,000$, which is $\$14,000$. Therefore, the Annual Income Amount is increased to $\$14,000$.
- If the step-up request on February 1, 2010 was due to the election of the auto step-up feature, we would first check to see if an auto step-up should occur by checking to see if 5% of the Account Value exceeds the Annual Income Amount by 5% or more. 5% of the Account Value is equal to 5% of $\$280,000$, which is $\$14,000$. 5% of the Annual Income Amount ($\$13,250$) is $\$662.50$, which added to the Annual Income Amount is $\$13,912.50$. Since 5% of the Account Value is greater than $\$13,912.50$, the step-up would still occur in this scenario, and all of the values would be increased as indicated above.
- Annual Withdrawal Amount is equal to the greater of the current Annual Withdrawal Amount or 7% of the stepped up Protected Withdrawal Value. Current Annual Withdrawal Amount is $\$18,550$. 7% of the stepped-up Protected Withdrawal Value is 7% of $\$280,000$, which is $\$19,600$. Therefore, the Annual Withdrawal Amount is increased to $\$19,600$.

BENEFITS UNDER LIFETIME FIVE

- If your contract value is equal to zero, and the cumulative withdrawals in the current contract year are greater than the Annual Withdrawal Amount, Lifetime Five will terminate. To the extent that your contract value was reduced to zero as a result of cumulative withdrawals that are equal to or

less than the Annual Income Amount and amounts are still payable under both the Life Income Benefit and the Withdrawal Benefit, you will be given the choice of receiving the payments under the Life Income Benefit or under the Withdrawal Benefit. Once you make this election we will make an additional payment for that contract year equal to either the remaining Annual Income Amount or Annual Withdrawal Amount for the contract year, if any, depending on the option you choose. In subsequent contract years we make payments that equal either the Annual Income Amount or the Annual Withdrawal Amount. You will not be able to change the option after your election and no further purchase payments will be accepted under your contract. If you do not make an election, we will pay you annually under the Life Income Benefit. To the extent that cumulative withdrawals in the current contract year that reduced your contract value to zero are more than the Annual Income Amount but less than or equal to the Annual Withdrawal Amount and amounts are still payable under the Withdrawal Benefit, you will receive the payments under the Withdrawal Benefit. In the year of a

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withdrawal that reduced your contract value to zero, we will make an additional payment to equal any remaining Annual Withdrawal Amount and make payments equal to the Annual Withdrawal Amount in each subsequent year (until the Protected Withdrawal Value is depleted). Once your contract value equals zero no further purchase payments will be accepted under your contract.

- If annuity payments are to begin under the terms of your contract or if you decide to begin receiving annuity payments and there is any Annual Income Amount due in subsequent contract years or any remaining Protected Withdrawal Value, you can elect one of the following three options:

1. apply your contract value to any annuity option available;
2. request that, as of the date annuity payments are to begin, we make annuity payments each year equal to the Annual Income Amount. We make such annuity payments until the annuitant's death; or
3. request that, as of the date annuity payments are to begin, we pay out any remaining Protected Withdrawal Value as annuity payments. Each year such annuity payments will equal the Annual Withdrawal Amount or the remaining Protected Withdrawal Value if less. We make such annuity payments until the earlier of the annuitant's death or the date the Protected Withdrawal Value is depleted.

We must receive your request in a form acceptable to us at the Prudential Annuity Service Center.

- In the absence of an election when mandatory annuity payments are to begin, we will make annual annuity payments as a single life fixed annuity with five payments certain using the greater of the annuity rates then currently available or the annuity rates guaranteed in your contract. The amount that will be applied to provide such annuity payments will be the greater of:

1. the present value of future Annual Income Amount payments. Such present value will be calculated using the greater of the single life fixed annuity rates then currently available or the single life fixed annuity rates guaranteed in your contract; and
2. the contract value.

If no withdrawal was ever taken, we will determine a Protected Withdrawal Value and calculate an Annual Income Amount and an Annual Withdrawal Amount as if you made your first withdrawal on the date the annuity payments are to begin.

OTHER IMPORTANT CONSIDERATIONS

- Withdrawals under Lifetime Five are subject to all of the terms and conditions of the contract, including any withdrawal charges.
- Withdrawals made while Lifetime Five is in effect will be treated, for tax purposes, in the same way as any other withdrawals under the contract. Lifetime Five does not directly affect the contract value or surrender value, but any withdrawal will decrease the contract value by the amount of the withdrawal (plus any applicable withdrawal charges). If you surrender your contract, you will receive the current contract value, not the Protected Withdrawal Value.

- You can make withdrawals from your contract while your contract value is greater than zero without purchasing Lifetime Five. Lifetime Five provides a guarantee that if your contract value declines due to market performance, you will be able to receive your Protected Withdrawal Value or Annual Income Amount in the form of periodic benefit payments.

ELECTION OF LIFETIME FIVE

Lifetime Five can be elected at the time you purchase your contract, or after the contract date. Elections of Lifetime Five are subject to our eligibility rules and restrictions. The contract owner's contract value as of the date of election will be used as the basis to calculate the initial Protected Withdrawal Value, the initial Annual Withdrawal Amount, and the initial Annual Income Amount.

TERMINATION OF LIFETIME FIVE

Lifetime Five terminates automatically when your Protected Withdrawal Value and Annual Income Amount reach zero. You may terminate Lifetime Five at any time

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by notifying us. If you terminate Lifetime Five, any guarantee provided by the benefit will terminate as of the date the termination is effective.

Lifetime Five terminates:

- upon your surrender of the contract,
- upon the death of the annuitant (but your surviving spouse may elect a new Lifetime Five benefit if your spouse elects the spousal continuance option and your spouse would then be eligible to elect the benefit as if he/she were a new purchaser),
- upon a change in ownership of the contract that changes the tax identification number of the contract owner, or
- upon your election to begin receiving annuity payments.

We cease imposing the charge for Lifetime Five upon the earliest to occur of (i) your election to terminate the benefit, (ii) our receipt of appropriate proof of the death of the owner (or annuitant, for entity owned contracts), (iii) the annuity date, (iv) automatic termination of the benefit due to an impermissible change of owner or annuitant, or (v) a withdrawal that causes the benefit to terminate.

While you may terminate Lifetime Five at any time, we may not terminate the benefit other than in the circumstances listed above. However, we may stop offering Lifetime Five for new elections or re-elections at any time in the future.

Currently, if you terminate Lifetime Five, you will only be permitted to re-elect the benefit or elect the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit on any anniversary of the contract date that is at least 90 calendar days from the date the benefit was last terminated.

If you elected Lifetime Five at the time you purchased your contract and prior to March 20, 2006, and you terminate Lifetime Five, there will be no waiting period before you can re-elect the benefit or elect Spousal Lifetime Five. However, once you choose to re-elect/elect, the waiting period described above will apply to subsequent re-elections. If you elected Lifetime Five after the time you purchased your contract, but prior to March 20, 2006, and you terminate Lifetime Five, you must wait until the contract anniversary following your cancellation before you can re-elect the benefit or elect Spousal Lifetime Five. Once you choose to re-elect/elect, the waiting period described above will apply to subsequent re-elections. We reserve the right to limit the re-election/election frequency in the future. Before making any such change to the re-election/election frequency, we will provide prior notice to contract owners who have an effective Lifetime Five Income Benefit.

ADDITIONAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS FOR QUALIFIED CONTRACTS/ARRANGEMENTS

If you purchase an annuity contract as an investment vehicle for "qualified" investments, including an IRA, the minimum distribution rules under the Code require that you begin receiving periodic amounts from your annuity contract beginning after age 70 1/2. Roth IRAs are not subject to these rules during the owner's lifetime. The amount required under the Code may exceed the Annual Withdrawal Amount and the Annual Income Amount, which will cause us to increase the Annual Income Amount and the Annual Withdrawal Amount in any contract year that required minimum distributions due from your contract are greater than such

amounts. Any such payments will reduce your Protected Withdrawal Value. In addition, the amount and duration of payments under the contract payment and death benefit provisions may be adjusted so that the payments do not trigger any penalty or excise taxes due to tax considerations such as minimum distribution requirements.

SPOUSAL LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT

Currently, if you elect Spousal Lifetime Five and subsequently terminate the benefit, there will be a restriction on your ability to re-elect Spousal Lifetime Five and Lifetime Five. We reserve the right to further limit the election frequency in the future. Before making any such change to the election frequency, we will provide prior notice to contract owners who have an effective Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit. Spousal Lifetime Five must be elected based on two Designated Lives, as described below. Each Designated Life must be at least 55 years old when the benefit is elected.

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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Spousal Lifetime Five is not available if you elect any other optional living or death benefit. As long as your Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit is in effect, you must allocate your contract value in accordance with the then permitted and available option(s).

We offer a benefit that guarantees until the later death of two natural persons that are each other's spouses at the time of election of Spousal Lifetime Five and at the first death of one of them (the "Designated Lives", each a "Designated Life") the ability to withdraw an annual amount (Spousal Life Income Benefit) equal to a percentage of an initial principal value (the "Protected Withdrawal Value") regardless of the impact of market performance on the contract value, subject to our rules regarding the timing and amount of withdrawals. The Spousal Life Income Benefit may remain in effect even if the contract value is zero. Spousal Lifetime Five may be appropriate if you intend to make periodic withdrawals from your annuity, wish to ensure that market performance will not affect your ability to receive annual payments and you wish either spouse to be able to continue the Spousal Life Income Benefit after the death of the first. You are not required to make withdrawals as part of the benefit -- the guarantees are not lost if you withdraw less than the maximum allowable amount each year under the rules of the benefit.

INITIAL PROTECTED WITHDRAWAL VALUE

The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is used to determine the amount of the initial annual payment under the Spousal Life Income Benefit. The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is determined as of the date you make your first withdrawal under the contract following your election of Spousal Lifetime Five. The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is equal to the greater of (A) the contract value on the date you elect Spousal Lifetime Five growing at 5% per year from the date of your election, plus any subsequent purchase payments growing at 5% per year from the application of the purchase payment to your contract, until the earlier of the date of your first withdrawal or the 10th anniversary of the benefit effective date, (B) the contract value as of the date of the first withdrawal from your contract, prior to the withdrawal, and (C) the highest contract value on each contract anniversary prior to the first withdrawal or on the first 10 contract anniversaries after the benefit effective date if earlier than the date of your first withdrawal. With respect to (A) and (C) above, each value is increased by the amount of any subsequent purchase payments. In determining Protected Withdrawal Value, we include, as part of purchase payments, the amount of any credits granted with respect to such purchase payments for the Contract with Credit.

- - If you elect Spousal Lifetime Five at the time you purchase your contract, the contract value will be your initial purchase payment.
- - For existing contract owners who are electing the Spousal Lifetime Five Benefit, the contract value on the date of your election of Spousal Lifetime Five will be used to determine the initial Protected Withdrawal Value.

ANNUAL INCOME AMOUNT UNDER THE SPOUSAL LIFE INCOME BENEFIT

The initial Annual Income Amount is equal to 5% of the initial Protected Withdrawal Value. Under Spousal Lifetime Five, if your cumulative withdrawals in a contract year are less than or equal to the Annual Income Amount, they will not reduce your Annual Income Amount in subsequent contract years, but any such withdrawals will reduce the Annual Income Amount on a dollar-for-dollar basis in that contract year. If your cumulative withdrawals are in excess of the Annual

Income Amount ("Excess Income"), your Annual Income Amount in subsequent years will be reduced (except with regard to required minimum distributions) by the result of the ratio of the Excess Income to the contract value immediately prior to such withdrawal (see examples of this calculation below). Reductions include the actual amount of the withdrawal, including any withdrawal charges that may apply.

You may elect to step-up your Annual Income Amount if, due to positive market performance, 5% of your contract value is greater than the Annual Income Amount. You are eligible to step-up the Annual Income

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

Amount on or after the 3rd anniversary of the first withdrawal under Spousal Lifetime Five. The Annual Income Amount can be stepped up again on or after the 3rd anniversary of the preceding step-up. If you elect to step-up the Annual Income Amount, and on the date you elect to step-up, the charges under Spousal Lifetime Five have changed for new purchasers, you may be subject to the new charge at the time of such step-up. When you elect a step-up, your Annual Income Amount increases to equal 5% of your contract value after the step-up. Your Annual Income Amount also increases if you make additional purchase payments. The amount of the increase is equal to 5% of any additional purchase payments. Any increase will be added to your Annual Income Amount beginning on the day that the step-up is effective or the purchase payment is made. A determination of whether you have exceeded your Annual Income Amount is made at the time of each withdrawal; therefore a subsequent increase in the Annual Income Amount will not offset the effect of a withdrawal that exceeded the Annual Income Amount at the time the withdrawal was made.

An optional automatic step-up ("Auto Step-Up") feature is available for this benefit. This feature may be elected at the time the benefit is elected or at any time while the benefit is in force. If you elect this feature, the first Auto Step-Up opportunity will occur on the 3rd Annuity Anniversary following the later of the first withdrawal under the benefit or the prior step-up. At this time, your Annual Income Amount will only be stepped-up if 5% of the Contract Value exceeds the Annual Income Amount by 5% or more. If 5% of the Account Value does not exceed the Annual Income Amount by 5% or more, then an Auto Step-Up opportunity will occur on each successive Contract Anniversary until a step-up occurs. Once a step-up occurs, the next Auto Step-Up opportunity will occur on the 3rd Contract Anniversary following the most recent step-up. If, on the date that we implement an Auto Step-Up to your Annual Income Amount, the charge for Spousal Lifetime Five has changed for new purchasers, you may be subject to the new charge at the time of such step-up.

Spousal Lifetime Five does not affect your ability to make withdrawals under your contract or limit your ability to request withdrawals that exceed the Annual Income Amount. Under Spousal Lifetime Five, if your cumulative withdrawals in a contract year are less than or equal to the Annual Income Amount, they will not reduce your Annual Income Amount in subsequent contract years, but any such withdrawals will reduce the Annual Income Amount on a dollar-for-dollar basis in that contract year.

If, cumulatively, you withdraw an amount less than the Annual Income Amount under Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit in any contract year, you cannot carry-over the unused portion of the Annual Income Amount to subsequent contract years.

The following examples of dollar-for-dollar and proportional reductions and the step-up of the Annual Income Amount assume: 1.) the contract date and the effective date of Spousal Lifetime Five are February 1, 2005; 2.) an initial purchase payment of \$250,000; 3.) the contract value on February 1, 2006 is equal to \$265,000; 4.) the first withdrawal occurs on March 1, 2006 when the contract value is equal to \$263,000; and 5.) the contract value on February 1, 2010 is equal to \$280,000. The values set forth here are purely hypothetical, and do not reflect the charge for the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit.

The initial Protected Withdrawal Value is calculated as the greatest of (a), (b) and (c):

- (a) Purchase payment accumulated at 5% per year from February 1, 2005 until March 1, 2006 (393 days) = $\$250,000 \times 1.05^{(393/365)} = \$263,484$
- (b) Contract value on March 1, 2006 (the date of the first withdrawal) = \$263,000
- (c) Contract value on February 1, 2006 (the first Annuity Anniversary) = \$265,000

Therefore, the initial Protected Withdrawal Value is equal to \$265,000. The Annual Income Amount is equal to \$13,250 under the Spousal Life Income Benefit

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WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

EXAMPLE 1. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR REDUCTION

If \$10,000 was withdrawn (less than the Annual Income Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:

- Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = $\$13,250 - \$10,000 = \$3,250$ Annual Income Amount for future contract years remains at \$13,250

EXAMPLE 2. DOLLAR-FOR-DOLLAR AND PROPORTIONAL REDUCTIONS

If \$15,000 was withdrawn (more than the Annual Income Amount) on March 1, 2006, then the following values would result:

- Remaining Annual Income Amount for current contract year = \$0
- Excess of withdrawal over the Annual Income Amount ($\$15,000 - \$13,250 = \$1,750$) reduces Annual Income Amount for future contract years.
- Reduction to Annual Income Amount = $\text{Excess Income/Contract Value before Excess Income} \times \text{Annual Income Amount} = \$1,750 / (\$263,000 - \$13,250) \times \$13,250 = \93
- Annual Income Amount for future contract years = $\$13,250 - \$93 = \$13,157$

EXAMPLE 3. STEP-UP OF THE ANNUAL INCOME AMOUNT

If a step-up of the Annual Income Amount is requested on February 1, 2010, the request will be accepted because 5% of the contract value, which is \$14,000 (5% of \$280,000), is greater than the Annual Income Amount of \$13,250. The new Annual Income Amount will be equal to \$14,000. If the step-up request on February 1, 2010 was due to the election of the auto step-up feature, we would first check to see if an auto step-up should occur by checking to see if 5% of the Account Value exceeds the Annual Income Amount by 5% or more. 5% of the Account Value is equal to 5% of \$280,000, which is \$14,000. 5% of the Annual Income Amount (\$13,250) is \$662.50, which added to the Annual Income Amount is \$13,912.50. Since 5% of the Account Value is greater than \$13,912.50, the step-up would still occur in this scenario, and all of the values would be increased as indicated above.

BENEFITS UNDER SPOUSAL LIFETIME FIVE

- To the extent that your contract value was reduced to zero as a result of cumulative withdrawals that are equal to or less than the Annual Income Amount and amounts are still payable under the Spousal Life Income Benefit, we will make an additional payment for that contract year equal to the remaining Annual Income Amount for the contract year, if any. Thus, in that scenario, the remaining Annual Income Amount would be payable even though your contract value was reduced to zero. In subsequent contract years we make payments that equal the Annual Income Amount as described above. No further purchase payments will be accepted under your contract. We will make payments until the first of the Designated Lives to die, and will continue to make payments until the death of the second Designated Life as long as the Designated Lives were spouses at the time of the first death. To the extent that cumulative withdrawals in the current contract year that reduced your contract value to zero are more than the Annual Income Amount, the Spousal Life Income Benefit terminates and no additional payments will be made.
- If annuity payments are to begin under the terms of your contract or if you decide to begin receiving annuity payments and there is any Annual Income Amount due in subsequent contract years, you can elect one of the following two options:
 1. apply your contract value to any annuity option available; or
 2. request that, as of the date annuity payments are to begin, we make annuity payments each year equal to the Annual Income Amount. We will make payments until the first of the Designated Lives to die, and will continue to make payments until the death of the second Designated Life as long as the Designated Lives were spouses at the time of the first death.

We must receive your request in a form acceptable to us at our office.

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

- In the absence of an election when mandatory annuity payments are to begin, we will make annual annuity payments as a joint and survivor or single (as applicable) life fixed annuity with five payments certain using the same basis that is used to calculate the greater of the annuity rates then currently available or the annuity rates guaranteed in your contract. The amount that will be applied to provide such annuity payments will be the greater of:
 1. the present value of future Annual Income Amount payments. Such present value will be calculated using the same basis that is used to calculate the single life fixed annuity rates guaranteed in your contract; and
 2. the contract value.
- If no withdrawal was ever taken, we will determine an initial Protected Withdrawal Value and calculate an Annual Income Amount as if you made your first withdrawal on the date the annuity payments are to begin.

OTHER IMPORTANT CONSIDERATIONS

- Withdrawals under Spousal Lifetime Five are subject to all of the terms and conditions of the contract, including any withdrawal charges.
- Withdrawals made while Spousal Lifetime Five is in effect will be treated, for tax purposes, in the same way as any other withdrawals under the contract. Spousal Lifetime Five does not directly affect the contract value or surrender value, but any withdrawal will decrease the contract value by the amount of the withdrawal (plus any applicable withdrawal charges). If you surrender your contract, you will receive the current surrender value.
- You can make withdrawals from your contract while your contract value is greater than zero without purchasing Spousal Lifetime Five. Spousal Lifetime Five provides a guarantee that if your contract value declines due to market performance, you will be able to receive your Annual Income Amount in the form of periodic benefit payments.
- You must allocate your contract value in accordance with the then available option(s) that we may permit in order to elect and maintain Spousal Lifetime Five.
- There may be circumstances where you will continue to be charged the full amount for Spousal Lifetime Five even when the benefit is only providing a guarantee of income based on one life with no survivorship.
- In order for the surviving Designated Life to continue Spousal Lifetime Five upon the death of an owner, the Designated Life must elect to assume ownership of the contract under the spousal continuation benefit.

ELECTION OF AND DESIGNATIONS OF SPOUSAL LIFETIME FIVE

Spousal Lifetime Five can only be elected based on two Designated Lives. Designated Lives must be natural persons who are each other's spouses at the time of election of the benefit and at the death of the first of the Designated Lives to die. Currently, the benefit may only be elected where the contract owner, annuitant and beneficiary designations are as follows:

- One contract owner, where the annuitant and the contract owner are the same person and the beneficiary is the contract owner's spouse. The contract owner/annuitant and the beneficiary each must be at least 55 years old at the time of election; or
- Co-contract owners, where the contract owners are each other's spouses. The beneficiary designation must be the surviving spouse. The first named contract owner must be the annuitant. Both contract owners must each be 55 years old at the time of election.

No ownership changes or annuitant changes will be permitted once this benefit is elected. However, if the contract is co-owned, the contract owner that is not the annuitant may be removed without affecting the benefit.

Spousal Lifetime Five can be elected at the time that you purchase your contract. We also offer existing contract owners the option to elect Spousal Lifetime Five after the contract date of their contract, subject to our eligibility rules and restrictions. Your contract value

WHAT IS THE LIFETIME FIVE INCOME BENEFIT? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

as of the date of election will be used as a basis to calculate the initial Protected Withdrawal Value and the Annual Income Amount.

Currently, if you terminate Spousal Lifetime Five, you will only be permitted to re-elect the benefit or elect the Lifetime Five Income Benefit on any anniversary of the contract date that is at least 90 calendar days from the date the benefit was last terminated.

We reserve the right to further limit the election frequency in the future. Before making any such change to the election frequency, we will provide prior notice to contract owners who have an effective Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit.

TERMINATION OF SPOUSAL LIFETIME FIVE

Spousal Lifetime Five terminates automatically when your Annual Income Amount equals zero. You may terminate Spousal Lifetime Five at any time by notifying us. If you terminate Spousal Lifetime Five, any guarantee provided by the benefit will terminate as of the date the termination is effective and certain restrictions on re-election of the benefit will apply as described above. We reserve the right to further limit the frequency election in the future. Spousal Lifetime Five terminates upon your surrender of the contract, upon the first Designated Life to die if the contract is not continued, upon the second Designated Life to die or upon your election to begin receiving annuity payments.

The charge for Spousal Lifetime Five will no longer be deducted from your contract value upon termination of the benefit.

ADDITIONAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS FOR QUALIFIED CONTRACTS/ARRANGEMENTS

If you purchase an annuity contract as an investment vehicle for "qualified" investments, including an IRA, the minimum distribution rules under the Code require that you begin receiving periodic amounts from your contract beginning after age 70 1/2. Roth IRAs are not subject to these rules during the contract owner's lifetime. The amount required under the Code may exceed the Annual Income Amount, which will cause us to increase the Annual Income Amount in any contract year that required minimum distributions due from your contract are greater than such amounts. In addition, the amount and duration of payments under the annuity payment and death benefit provisions may be adjusted so that the payments do not trigger any penalty or excise taxes due to tax considerations such as minimum distribution requirements.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

WHAT IS THE

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT?

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

The Income Appreciator Benefit (IAB) is an optional, supplemental income benefit that provides an additional income amount during the accumulation period or upon annuitization. The Income Appreciator Benefit is designed to provide you with additional funds that can be used to help defray the impact taxes may have on distributions from your contract. IAB may be suitable for you in other circumstances as well, which you can discuss with your registered representative. Because individual circumstances vary, you should consult with a qualified tax advisor to determine whether it would be appropriate for you to elect the Income Appreciator Benefit.

If you want the Income Appreciator Benefit, you generally must elect it when you make your initial purchase payment. Once you elect the Income Appreciator Benefit, you may not later revoke it.

- - The annuitant must be 75 or younger in order for you to elect the Income Appreciator Benefit.
- - If you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit, we will impose an annual charge equal to 0.25% of your contract value. See Section 8, "What Are The Expenses

Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?"

ACTIVATION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

YOU CAN ACTIVATE THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AT ANY TIME AFTER IT HAS BEEN IN FORCE FOR SEVEN YEARS. To activate the Income Appreciator Benefit, you must send us a written request in good order.

Once activated, you can receive the Income Appreciator Benefit:

- - (IAB OPTION 1) at annuitization when determining an annuity payment;
- - (IAB OPTION 2) during the accumulation phase through the IAB automatic withdrawal payment program; or
- - (IAB OPTION 3) during the accumulation phase as an Income Appreciator Benefit credit to your contract over a 10-year period.

Income Appreciator Benefit payments are treated as earnings and may be subject to tax upon withdrawal. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?"

IF YOU DO NOT ACTIVATE THE BENEFIT PRIOR TO THE MAXIMUM ANNUITIZATION AGE YOU MAY LOSE ALL OR PART OF THE IAB.

CALCULATION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

We will calculate the Income Appreciator Benefit amount as of the date we receive your written request in good order (or, for IAB Option 1, on the annuity date). We do this by multiplying the current earnings in the contract by the applicable Income Appreciator Benefit percentage based on the number of years the Income Appreciator Benefit has been in force. For purposes of calculating the Income Appreciator Benefit:

- - earnings are calculated as the difference between the contract value and the sum of all purchase payments;
- - earnings do not include (1) any amount added to the contract value as a result of the Spousal Continuation Benefit, or (2) if we were to permit you to elect the Income Appreciator Benefit after the contract date, any earnings accrued under the contract prior to that election;
- - withdrawals reduce earnings first, then purchase payments, on a dollar-for-dollar basis;
- - the table below shows the Income Appreciator Benefit percentages corresponding to the number of years the Income Appreciator Benefit has been in force.

<Table> <Caption> NUMBER OF YEARS INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT HAS BEEN IN FORCE ----- <S>		INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT PERCENTAGE ----- <C>	
0-6		0%	
7-9		15%	
10-14		20%	
15+		25%	

</Table>

IAB OPTION 1 -- INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AT ANNUITIZATION

Under this option, if you choose to activate the Income Appreciator Benefit at annuitization, we will calculate

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WHAT IS THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT? CONTINUED

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the Income Appreciator Benefit amount on the annuity date and add it to the adjusted contract value for purposes of determining the amount available for annuitization. You may apply this amount to any annuity or settlement option over the lifetime of the annuitant, joint annuitants, or a period certain of at least 15 years (but not to exceed life expectancy).

UPON ANNUITIZATION, YOU MAY LOSE ALL OR A PORTION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT IF YOU CHOOSE AN ANNUITY SETTLEMENT OPTION OTHER THAN ANY LIFETIME PAYOUT OPTION OR PERIOD CERTAIN OPTION FOR AT LEAST 15 YEARS. IN SUCH INSTANCES, WE WOULD NOT REIMBURSE YOU FOR THE EXPENSES YOU HAD PAID US FOR THIS BENEFIT.

EFFECT OF INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT ON GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT

If you exercise the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit feature and an Income Appreciator Benefit amount remains payable under your contract, the value we use to calculate the annuity payout amount will be the greater of:

- 1. the adjusted contract value plus the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount, calculated at current IAB annuitization rates; or
- 2. the GMIB protected value plus the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount, calculated using the GMIB guaranteed annuity purchase rates shown in the contract.

If you exercise the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit feature and activate the Income Appreciator Benefit at the same time, you must choose among the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit annuity payout options available at the time.

TERMINATING THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

The Income Appreciator Benefit will terminate on the earliest of:

- - the date you make a total withdrawal from the contract;
- - the date a death benefit is payable if the contract is not continued by the surviving spouse under the Spousal Continuance Benefit;
- - the date the Income Appreciator Benefit amount is reduced to zero (generally ten years after activation) under IAB Options 2 and 3;
- - the date of annuitization; or
- - the date the contract terminates.

Upon termination of the Income Appreciator Benefit, we cease imposing the associated charge.

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT OPTIONS DURING THE ACCUMULATION PHASE

You may choose IAB Option 1 at annuitization, but you may instead choose IAB Options 2 or 3 during the accumulation phase of your contract. Income Appreciator Benefit payments under IAB Options 2 and 3 will begin on the same day of the month as the contract date, beginning with the next month following our receipt of your request in good order. Under IAB Options 2 and 3, you can choose to have the Income Appreciator Benefit amounts paid or credited monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually.

IAB OPTIONS 2 AND 3 INVOLVE A TEN-YEAR PAYMENT PERIOD. IF THE 10-YEAR PAYMENT PERIOD WOULD END AFTER THE ANNUITY DATE AND YOU CHOOSE AN ANNUITY SETTLEMENT OPTION OTHER THAN ANY LIFETIME PAYOUT OPTION OR PERIOD CERTAIN OPTION OF AT LEAST 15 YEARS OR YOU MAKE A FULL WITHDRAWAL, YOU MAY LOSE ALL OR ANY REMAINING PORTION OF THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT. IN SUCH INSTANCES, WE WOULD NOT REIMBURSE YOU FOR THE EXPENSES YOU HAD PAID US FOR THIS BENEFIT.

IAB OPTION 2 -- INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AUTOMATIC WITHDRAWAL PAYMENT PROGRAM

Under this option, you elect to receive the Income Appreciator Benefit during the accumulation phase. When you activate the benefit, a 10-year Income Appreciator Benefit automatic withdrawal payment program begins. We will pay you the Income Appreciator Benefit amount in equal installments over a 10-year payment period. You may combine this Income Appreciator Benefit amount with an automated withdrawal amount from your contract value, in which case each combined payment must be at least \$100.

The maximum automated withdrawal payment amount that you may receive from your contract value

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under this Income Appreciator Benefit program in any contract year during the 10-year period may not exceed 10% of the contract value as of the date you activate the Income Appreciator Benefit.

Once we calculate the Income Appreciator Benefit, the amount will not be affected by changes in contract value due to the investment performance of any allocation option. Withdrawal charges may apply to automatic withdrawal payment

amounts, but not to amounts attributable to the Income Appreciator Benefit.

After the ten-year payment period has ended, if the remaining contract value is \$2,000 or more, the contract will continue. If the remaining contract value is less than \$2,000 after the end of the 10-year payment period, we will pay you the remaining contract value and the contract will terminate. If the contract value falls below the minimum amount required to keep the contract in force due solely to investment results before the end of the 10-year payment period, we will continue to pay the Income Appreciator Benefit amount for the remainder of the 10-year payment period.

DISCONTINUING THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT AUTOMATIC WITHDRAWAL PAYMENT PROGRAM UNDER IAB OPTION 2

You may discontinue the Income Appreciator Benefit payment program under IAB Option 2 and activate IAB Option 3 at any time after payments have begun and before the last payment is made. We will add the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount to the contract value at the same frequency as your initial election until the end of the 10-year payment period. We will treat any Income Appreciator Benefit amount added to the contract value as additional earnings. Unless you direct us otherwise, we will allocate these additions to the variable investment options, fixed interest rate options, or the market value adjustment option in the same proportions as your most recent purchase payment allocation percentages.

You may discontinue the Income Appreciator Benefit payment program under IAB Option 2 before the last payment is made and elect an annuity or settlement option. We will add the balance of the Income Appreciator Benefit amount for the 10-year payment period to the contract value in a lump sum before determining the adjusted contract value. The adjusted contract value may be applied to any annuity or settlement option that is paid over the lifetime of the annuitant, joint annuitants, or a period certain of at least 15 years (but not to exceed life expectancy).

IAB OPTION 3 -- INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT CREDIT TO CONTRACT VALUE

Under this option, you can activate the Income Appreciator Benefit and receive the benefit as credits to your contract value over a 10-year payment period. We will allocate these Income Appreciator Benefit credits to the variable investment options, the fixed interest rate options, or the market value adjustment option in the same manner as your current allocation, unless you direct us otherwise. We will waive the \$1,000 minimum requirement for the market value adjustment option. We will calculate the Income Appreciator Benefit amount on the date we receive your written request in good order. Once we have calculated the Income Appreciator Benefit, the Income Appreciator Benefit credit will not be affected by changes in contract value due to the investment performance of any allocation option.

Before we add the last Income Appreciator Benefit credit to your contract value, you may switch to IAB Option 2 and receive the remainder of the Income Appreciator Benefit as payments to you (instead of credits to the contract value) under the Income Appreciator Benefit program for the remainder of the 10-year payment period.

You can also request that any remaining payments in the 10-year payment period be applied to an annuity or settlement option that is paid over the lifetime of the annuitants, joint annuitants, or a period certain of at least 15 years (but not to exceed life expectancy).

EXCESS WITHDRAWALS

During the 10 year period under IAB options 2 or 3, an "excess withdrawal" occurs when any amount is withdrawn from your contract value in a contract year that exceeds the sum of (1) 10% of the contract value as of the date the Income Appreciator Benefit was activated

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WHAT IS THE INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT? CONTINUED

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

plus (2) earnings since the Income Appreciator Benefit was activated that have not been previously withdrawn.

We will deduct the excess withdrawal on a proportional basis from the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount. We will then calculate and apply a new reduced Income Appreciator Benefit amount.

Withdrawals you make in a contract year that do not exceed the sum of (1) 10%

of the contract value as of the date the Income Appreciator Benefit was activated plus (2) earnings since the Income Appreciator Benefit was activated that have not been previously withdrawn do not reduce the remaining Income Appreciator Benefit amount. Additionally, if the amount withdrawn in any year is less than the excess withdrawal threshold, the difference between the amount withdrawn and the threshold can be carried over to subsequent years on a cumulative basis and withdrawn without causing a reduction to the Income Appreciator Benefit amount.

EFFECT OF TOTAL WITHDRAWAL ON INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT

We will not make Income Appreciator Benefit payments after the date you make a total withdrawal of the contract surrender value.

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HOW CAN I PURCHASE A STRATEGIC PARTNERS

PLUS 3 CONTRACT?

PURCHASE PAYMENTS

The initial purchase payment is the amount of money you give us to purchase the contract. Unless we agree otherwise, and subject to our rules, the minimum initial purchase payment is \$10,000. You must get our prior approval for any initial and additional purchase payment of \$1,000,000 or more, unless we are prohibited under applicable state law from insisting on such prior approval. With some restrictions, you can make additional purchase payments by means other than electronic fund transfer of no less than \$500 at any time during the accumulation phase. However, we impose a minimum of \$100 with respect to additional purchase payments made through electronic fund transfers.

You may purchase this contract only if the oldest of the owner, joint owner, annuitant, or co-annuitant is age 85 or younger on the contract date. Certain age limits apply to certain features and benefits described herein. No subsequent purchase payments may be made on or after the earliest of the 86th birthday of:

- - the owner,
- - the joint owner,
- - the annuitant, or
- - the co-annuitant.

Currently, the maximum aggregate purchase payments you may make is \$7 million. We limit the maximum total purchase payments in any contract year other than the first to \$2 million absent our prior approval.

ALLOCATION OF PURCHASE PAYMENTS

When you purchase a contract, we will allocate your invested purchase payment among the variable or fixed interest rate investment options, or the market value adjustment option based on the percentages you choose. The percentage of your allocation to a particular investment option can range in whole percentages from 0% to 100%.

When you make an additional purchase payment, it will be allocated in the same way as your most recent purchase payment, unless you tell us otherwise. Allocations to the DCA Fixed Rate Option must be no less than \$2,000 and, allocations to the market value adjustment option must be no less than \$1,000.

You may change your allocation of future invested purchase payments at any time. Contact the Prudential Annuity Service Center for details.

We generally will credit the initial purchase payment to your contract within two business days from the day on which we receive your payment in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. If, however, your first payment is made without enough information for us to set up your contract, we may need to contact you to obtain the required information. If we are not able to obtain this information within five business days, we will within that five business day period either return your purchase payment or obtain your consent to continue holding it until we receive the necessary information. We will generally credit each subsequent purchase payment as of the business day we receive it in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. Our business day generally closes at 4:00 p.m. Eastern time. Our business day may close earlier, for example if regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange closes

early. Subsequent purchase payments received in good order after the close of the business day will be credited on the following business day.

At our discretion, we may give initial and subsequent purchase payments (as well as withdrawals and transfers) received in good order by certain broker/dealers prior to the close of a business day the same treatment as they would have received had they been received at the same time at the Prudential Annuity Service Center. For more detail, talk to your registered representative.

CREDITS

If you purchase the Contract With Credit, we will add a credit amount to your contract value with each purchase payment you make. The credit amount is allocated to the variable or fixed interest rate investment options or the market value adjustment option in the same percentages as the purchase payment.

The bonus credit that we pay with respect to any purchase payment depends on (i) the age of the older of the owner or joint owner on the date on which the

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HOW CAN I PURCHASE A STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT? CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

purchase payment is made and (ii) the amount of the purchase payment. Specifically,

- if the elder owner is 80 or younger on the date that the purchase payment is made, then we will add a bonus credit to the purchase payment equal to 4% if the purchase payment is less than \$250,000; 5% if the purchase payment is equal to or greater than \$250,000 but less than \$1 million; or 6% if the purchase payment is \$1 million or greater; and
- if the older owner is aged 81-85 on the date that the purchase payment is made, then we will add a bonus credit equal to 3% of the amount of the purchase payment.

Under the Contract With Credit, if the owner returns the contract during the free look period, we will recapture the bonus credits. If we pay a death benefit under the contract, we have a contractual right to take back any credit we applied within one year of the date of death.

CALCULATING CONTRACT VALUE

The value of the variable portion of your contract will go up or down depending on the investment performance of the variable investment options you choose. To determine the value of your contract allocated to the variable investment options, we use a unit of measure called an accumulation unit. An accumulation unit works like a share of a mutual fund.

Every day we determine the value of an accumulation unit for each of the variable investment options. We do this by:

- 1) adding up the total amount of money allocated to a specific investment option,
- 2) subtracting from that amount insurance charges and any other applicable charges such as for taxes, and
- 3) dividing this amount by the number of outstanding accumulation units.

When you make a purchase payment to a variable investment option, we credit your contract with accumulation units of the subaccount or subaccounts for the investment options you choose. We determine the number of accumulation units credited to your contract by dividing the amount of the purchase payment, plus (if you have purchased the Contract With Credit) any applicable credit, allocated to a variable investment option by the unit price of the accumulation unit for that variable investment option. We calculate the unit price for each investment option after the New York Stock Exchange closes each day and then credit your contract. The value of the accumulation units can increase, decrease, or remain the same from day to day.

We cannot guarantee that your contract value will increase or that it will not fall below the amount of your total purchase payments.

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WHAT ARE THE EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC
PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT?

THERE ARE CHARGES AND OTHER EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE CONTRACT THAT REDUCE THE RETURN ON YOUR INVESTMENT. THESE CHARGES AND EXPENSES ARE DESCRIBED BELOW.

The charges under the contracts are designed to cover, in the aggregate, our direct and indirect costs of selling, administering and providing benefits under the contracts. They are also designed, in the aggregate, to compensate us for the risks of loss we assume pursuant to the contracts. If, as we expect, the charges that we collect from the contracts exceed our total costs in connection with the contracts, we will earn a profit. Otherwise, we will incur a loss. The rates of certain of our charges have been set with reference to estimates of the amount of specific types of expenses or risks that we will incur. In most cases, this prospectus identifies such expenses or risks in the name of the charge; however, the fact that any charge bears the name of, or is designed primarily to defray a particular expense or risk does not mean that the amount we collect from that charge will never be more than the amount of such expense or risk. Nor does it mean that we may not also be compensated for such expense or risk out of any other charges we are permitted to deduct by the terms of the contract.

INSURANCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE CHARGES

Each day, we make a deduction for the insurance and administrative charges. These charges cover our expenses for mortality and expense risk, administration, marketing and distribution. If you choose a Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit option, or Lifetime Five Income Benefit option, the insurance and administrative cost also includes a charge to cover our assumption of the associated risk. The mortality risk portion of the charge is for assuming the risk that the annuitant(s) will live longer than expected based on our life expectancy tables. When this happens, we pay a greater number of annuity payments. We also incur the risk that the death benefit amount exceeds the contract value. The expense risk portion of the charge is for assuming the risk that the current charges will be insufficient in the future to cover the cost of administering the contract. The administrative expense portion of the charge compensates us for the expenses associated with the administration of the contract. This includes preparing and issuing the contract; establishing and maintaining contract records; preparation of confirmations and annual reports; personnel costs; legal and accounting fees; filing fees; and systems costs.

We calculate the insurance and administrative charge based on the average daily value of all assets allocated to the variable investment options. These charges are not assessed against amounts allocated to the fixed interest rate options. The amount of the charge depends on the death benefit (or other) option that you choose.

The death benefit charge is equal to:

- 1.40% on an annual basis if you choose the base death benefit, or
- 1.65% on an annual basis if you choose the step-up Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit option (i.e., 0.25% in addition to the base death benefit charge).

We impose an additional insurance and administrative charge of 0.10% annually (of account value attributable to the variable investment options) for the Contract With Credit.

We impose an additional charge of 0.60% annually if you choose the Lifetime Five Income Benefit. We impose an additional charge of 0.75% annually if you choose the Spousal Lifetime Five Income Benefit. The 0.60% and 0.75% charges are in addition to the charge we impose for the applicable death benefit, and are deducted daily based on the contract value in the variable investment options. Upon any reset of the amounts guaranteed under these benefits, we reserve the right to adjust the charge to that being imposed at that time for new elections of the benefits.

If the charges under the contract are not sufficient to cover our expenses, then we will bear the loss. We do, however, expect to profit from these charges. Any profits made from these charges may be used by us to pay for the costs of distributing the contracts. If you

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

choose the Contract With Credit, we will also use any profits from this charge to recoup our costs of providing the credit.

WITHDRAWAL CHARGE

A withdrawal charge may apply if you make a full or partial withdrawal during the withdrawal charge period for a purchase payment. The amount and duration of the withdrawal charge depends on whether you choose the Contract With Credit or the Contract Without Credit. The withdrawal charge varies with the number of contract anniversaries that have elapsed since each purchase payment being withdrawn was made. Specifically, we maintain an "age" for each purchase payment you have made by keeping track of how many contract anniversaries have passed since the purchase payment was made.

The withdrawal charge is the percentage, shown below, of the amount withdrawn.

NUMBER OF CONTRACT ANNIVERSARIES SINCE THE DATE OF EACH PURCHASE PAYMENT		CONTRACT WITH CREDIT WITHDRAWAL CHARGE	CONTRACT WITHOUT CREDIT WITHDRAWAL CHARGE
<S>		<C>	<C>
0		8%	7%
1		8%	6%
2		8%	5%
3		8%	4%
4		7%	3%
5		6%	2%
6		5%	1%
7		0%	0%

If a withdrawal is effective on the day before a contract anniversary, the withdrawal charge percentage as of the next following contract anniversary will apply.

If you request a withdrawal, we will deduct an amount from the contract value that is sufficient to pay the withdrawal charge, and provide you with the amount requested.

If you request a full withdrawal, we will provide you with the full amount of the contract value after making deductions for charges.

Each contract year, you may withdraw a specified amount of your contract value without incurring a withdrawal charge. We determine the "charge-free" amount available to you in a given contract year on the contract anniversary that begins that year. In calculating the charge-free amount, we divide purchase payments into two categories -- payments that are subject to a withdrawal charge and those that are not. We determine the charge-free amount based only on purchase payments that are subject to a withdrawal charge. The charge-free amount in a given contract year is equal to 10% of the sum of all the purchase payments subject to the withdrawal charge that you have made as of the applicable contract anniversary. During the first contract year, the charge-free amount is equal to 10% of the initial purchase payment.

When you make a withdrawal (including a withdrawal under the optional Lifetime Five Income Benefit), we will deduct the amount of the withdrawal first from the available charge-free amount. Any excess amount will then be deducted from purchase payments in excess of the charge-free amount and subject to applicable withdrawal charges. Once you have withdrawn all purchase payments, additional withdrawals will come from any earnings. We do not impose withdrawal charges on earnings.

If a withdrawal or transfer is taken from a market value adjustment guarantee period, prior to the expiration of the rate guarantee period, we will make a market value adjustment to the withdrawal amount. We will then apply a withdrawal charge to the adjusted amount.

If you choose the Contract With Credit and make a withdrawal that is subject to a withdrawal charge, we may use part of that withdrawal charge to recoup our costs of providing the credit.

Withdrawal charges will never be greater than permitted by applicable law.

MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS

If a withdrawal is taken from a tax qualified contract under the minimum distribution option in order to satisfy an Internal Revenue Service mandatory distribution requirement only with respect to that contract's account balance, we will waive withdrawal charges. See Section 10, "What Are The Tax Considerations Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?"

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

CONTRACT MAINTENANCE CHARGE

On each contract anniversary during the accumulation phase, if your contract value is less than \$75,000, we will deduct the lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value, for administrative expenses. We may raise the level of the contract value at which we waive this fee. The charge will be deducted proportionately from each of the contract's investment options. This same charge will also be deducted when you surrender your contract if your contract value is less than \$75,000.

GUARANTEED MINIMUM INCOME BENEFIT CHARGE

We will impose an additional charge if you choose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit. FOR CONTRACTS SOLD ON OR AFTER MAY 1, 2004, we will deduct a charge equal to 0.50% per year of the average GMIB protected value for the period the charge applies. FOR ALL OTHER CONTRACTS, this is an annual charge equal to 0.45% of the average GMIB protected value for the period the charge applies. We deduct the charge from your contract value on each of the following events:

- - each contract anniversary,
- - when you begin the income phase of the contract,
- - upon a full withdrawal, and
- - upon a partial withdrawal if the remaining contract value would not be enough to cover the then applicable Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit charge.

If we impose this fee other than on a contract anniversary, then we will pro-rate it based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted.

Because the charge is calculated based on the average GMIB protected value, it does not increase or decrease based on changes to the annuity's contract value due to market performance. If the GMIB protected value increases, the dollar amount of the annual charge will increase, while a decrease in the GMIB protected value will decrease the dollar amount of the charge.

The charge is deducted annually in arrears each contract year on the contract anniversary. We deduct the amount of the charge pro-rata from the contract value allocated to the variable investment options. If you surrender your contract, begin receiving annuity payments under the GMIB or any other annuity payout option we make available during a contract year, or the GMIB terminates, we will deduct the charge for the portion of the contract year since the prior contract anniversary (or the contract date if in the first contract year). Upon a full withdrawal or if the contract value remaining after a partial withdrawal is not enough to cover the applicable Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit charge, we will deduct the charge from the amount we pay you.

THE FACT THAT WE MAY IMPOSE THE CHARGE UPON A FULL OR PARTIAL WITHDRAWAL DOES NOT IMPAIR YOUR RIGHT TO MAKE A WITHDRAWAL AT THE TIME OF YOUR CHOOSING.

We will not impose the Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit charge after the income phase begins.

INCOME APPRECIATOR BENEFIT CHARGE

We will impose an additional charge if you choose the Income Appreciator Benefit. This is an annual charge equal to 0.25% of your contract value. The Income Appreciator Benefit charge is calculated:

- on each contract anniversary,
- on the annuity date,
- upon the death of the sole owner or the first-to-die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date,
- upon a full or partial withdrawal, and
- upon a subsequent purchase payment.

The fee is based on the contract value at the time of the calculation, and is prorated based on the portion of the contract year that has elapsed since the full annual fee was most recently deducted.

Although the Income Appreciator Benefit charge may be calculated more often, it is deducted only:

- on each contract anniversary,
- on the annuity date,
- upon the death of the sole owner or first to die of the owner or joint owner prior to the annuity date,
- upon a full withdrawal, and
- upon a partial withdrawal if the contract value remaining after such partial withdrawal is not enough to cover the then-applicable Income Appreciator Benefit charge.

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WHAT ARE THE EXPENSES ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT? CONTINUED

PART II

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We reserve the right to calculate and deduct the fee more frequently than annually, such as quarterly.

The Income Appreciator Benefit charge is deducted from each investment option in the same proportion that the amount allocated to the investment option bears to the total contract value. No market value adjustment will apply to the portion of the charge deducted from the Market Value Adjustment Option. Upon a full withdrawal, or if the contract value remaining after a partial withdrawal is not enough to cover the then-applicable Income Appreciator Benefit charge, the charge is deducted from the amount paid. The payment of the Income Appreciator Benefit charge will be deemed to be made from earnings for purposes of calculating other charges. THE FACT THAT WE MAY IMPOSE THE CHARGE UPON A FULL OR PARTIAL WITHDRAWAL DOES NOT IMPAIR YOUR RIGHT TO MAKE A WITHDRAWAL AT THE TIME OF YOUR CHOOSING.

We do not assess this charge upon election of IAB Option 1, the completion of IAB Option 2 or 3, and upon annuitization. However, we do assess the IAB charge during the 10-year payment period contemplated by IAB Options 2 and 3. Moreover, you should realize that amounts credited to your contract value under IAB Option 3 increase the contract value, and because the IAB fee is a percentage of your contract value, the IAB fee may increase as a consequence of those additions.

TAXES ATTRIBUTABLE TO PREMIUM

There may be federal, state and premium based taxes applicable to your purchase payment. We are responsible for the payment of these taxes and may make a deduction from the value of the contract to pay some or all of these taxes. New York does not currently charge premium taxes on annuities. It is our current practice not to deduct a charge for the federal tax associated with deferred acquisition costs paid by us that are based on premium received. However, we reserve the right to charge the contract owner in the future for any such tax associated with deferred acquisition costs and any federal, state or local income, excise, business or any other type of tax measured by the amount of premium received by us.

TRANSFER FEE

You can make 12 free transfers every contract year. We measure a contract year from the date we issue your contract (contract date). If you make more than 12 transfers in a contract year (excluding Dollar Cost Averaging and Auto-Rebalancing), we will deduct a transfer fee of \$25 for each additional transfer. We have the right to increase this fee up to a maximum of \$30 per transfer, but we have no current plans to do so. We will deduct the transfer fee pro-rata from the investment options from which the transfer is made. The transfer fee is deducted before the market value adjustment, if any, is calculated.

COMPANY TAXES

We pay company income taxes on the taxable corporate earnings created by this separate account product. While we may consider company income taxes when

pricing our products, we do not currently include such income taxes in the tax charges you pay under the contract. We will periodically review the issue of charging for these taxes and may impose a charge in the future.

In calculating our corporate income tax liability, we derive certain corporate income tax benefits associated with the investment of company assets, including separate account assets, which are treated as company assets under applicable income tax law. These benefits reduce our overall corporate income tax liability. Under current law, such benefits may include foreign tax credits and corporate dividend received deductions. We do not pass these tax benefits through to holders of the separate account annuity contracts because (i) the contract owners are not the owners of the assets generating these benefits under applicable income tax law and (ii) we do not currently include company income taxes in the tax charges you pay under the contract. We reserve the right to change these tax practices.

UNDERLYING MUTUAL FUND FEES

When you allocate a purchase payment or a transfer to the variable investment options, we in turn invest in shares of a corresponding underlying mutual fund. Those funds charge fees that are in addition to the contract-related fees described in this section. For 2005, the fees of these funds ranged from 0.38% to 1.67% annually. For certain funds, expenses are reduced pursuant to expense waivers and comparable arrangements. In general, these expense waivers and comparable arrangements are not guaranteed, and may be terminated at any time. For additional information about these fund fees, please consult the prospectuses for the funds.

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HOW CAN I

ACCESS MY MONEY?

YOU CAN ACCESS YOUR MONEY BY:

- - MAKING A WITHDRAWAL (EITHER PARTIAL OR FULL); OR
- - CHOOSING TO RECEIVE ANNUITY PAYMENTS DURING THE INCOME PHASE.

WITHDRAWALS DURING THE ACCUMULATION PHASE

When you make a full withdrawal, you will receive the value of your contract minus any applicable charges and fees. We will calculate the value of your contract and charges, if any, as of the date we receive your request in good order at the Prudential Annuity Service Center.

Unless you tell us otherwise, any partial withdrawal and related withdrawal charges will be taken proportionately from all of the investment options you have selected. The minimum contract value that must remain in order to keep your contract in force after a withdrawal is \$2,000. If you request a withdrawal amount that would reduce the contract value below this minimum, we will withdraw the maximum amount available that, with the withdrawal charge, would not reduce the contract value below such minimum.

With respect to the variable investment options, we will generally pay the withdrawal amount, less any required tax withholding, within seven days after we receive a withdrawal request in good order. We will deduct applicable charges, if any, from the assets in your contract.

With respect to the market value adjustment option, you may specify the guarantee period from which you would like to make a withdrawal. If you indicate that the withdrawal is to originate from the market value adjustment option, but you do not specify which guarantee period is to be involved, then we will take the withdrawal from the guarantee period that has the least time remaining until its maturity date. If you indicate that you wish to make a withdrawal, but do not specify the investment options to be involved, then we will take the withdrawal from your contract value on a pro rata basis from each investment option that you have. In that situation, we will aggregate the contract value in each of the guarantee periods that you have within the market value adjustment option for purposes of making that pro rata calculation. The portion of the withdrawal associated with the market value adjustment option then will be taken from the guarantee periods with the least amount of time remaining until the maturity date, irrespective of the original length of the guarantee period. You should be aware that a withdrawal may avoid a withdrawal charge based on the charge-free amount that we allow, yet still be subject to a market value adjustment.

INCOME TAXES, TAX PENALTIES, AND CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS ALSO MAY APPLY TO ANY WITHDRAWAL YOU MAKE. FOR A MORE COMPLETE EXPLANATION, SEE SECTION 10.

AUTOMATED WITHDRAWALS

We offer an automated withdrawal feature. This feature enables you to receive periodic withdrawals in monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual intervals. We will process your withdrawals at the end of the business day at the intervals you specify. We will continue at these intervals until you tell us otherwise. You can make withdrawals from any designated investment option or proportionally from all investment options (other than a guarantee period within the market value adjustment option). The minimum automated withdrawal amount you can make is generally \$100. An assignment of the contract terminates any automated withdrawal program that you had in effect.

INCOME TAXES, TAX PENALTIES, WITHDRAWAL CHARGES, AND CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS MAY APPLY TO AUTOMATED WITHDRAWALS. FOR A MORE COMPLETE EXPLANATION, SEE SECTION 10.

SUSPENSION OF PAYMENTS OR TRANSFERS

The SEC may require us to suspend or postpone payments made in connection with withdrawals or transfers for any period when:

- - The New York Stock Exchange is closed (other than customary weekend and holiday closings);
- - Trading on the New York Stock Exchange is restricted;

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HOW CAN I ACCESS MY MONEY? CONTINUED

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

- - An emergency exists, as determined by the SEC, during which sales and redemptions of shares of the underlying mutual funds are not feasible or we cannot reasonably value the accumulation units; or
- - The SEC, by order, permits suspension or postponement of payments for the protection of owners.

We expect to pay the amount of any withdrawal or process any transfer made from the fixed interest rate options promptly upon request.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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WHAT ARE THE TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC
PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT?

The tax considerations associated with the Strategic Partners Plus 3 contract vary depending on whether the contract is (i) owned by an individual and not associated with a tax-favored retirement plan (including contracts held by a non-natural person, such as a trust, acting as an agent for a natural person), or (ii) held under a tax-favored retirement plan. We discuss the tax considerations for these categories of contracts below. The discussion is general in nature and describes only federal income tax law (not state or other tax laws). It is based on current law and interpretations, which may change. The discussion includes a description of certain spousal rights under the contract and under tax-qualified plans. Our administration of such spousal rights and related tax reporting accords with our understanding of the Defense of Marriage Act (which defines a "marriage" as a legal union between a man and a woman and a "spouse" as a person of the opposite sex). The information provided is not intended as tax advice. You should consult with a qualified tax advisor for complete information and advice. References to purchase payments below relate to your cost basis in your contract. Generally, your cost basis in a contract not associated with a tax-favored retirement plan is the amount you pay into your contract, or into annuities exchanged for your contract, on an after-tax basis less any withdrawals of such payments.

This contract may also be purchased as a non-qualified annuity by a 401(a) trust or custodial IRA or Roth IRA account, which can hold other permissible

assets other than the annuity. The terms and administration of the trust or custodial account in accordance with the laws and regulations for 401(a) plans, IRAs or Roth IRAs, as applicable, are the responsibility of the applicable trustee or custodian.

CONTRACTS OWNED BY INDIVIDUALS (NOT ASSOCIATED WITH TAX-FAVORED RETIREMENT PLANS)

TAXES PAYABLE BY YOU

We believe the contract is an annuity contract for tax purposes. Accordingly, as a general rule, you should not pay any tax until you receive money under the contract.

Generally, annuity contracts issued by the same company (and affiliates) to you during the same calendar year must be treated as one annuity contract for purposes of determining the amount subject to tax under the rules described below.

It is possible that the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) would assert that some or all of the charges for the optional benefits under the contract such as the Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit, should be treated for federal income tax purposes as a partial withdrawal from the contract. If this were the case, the charge for this benefit could be deemed a withdrawal and treated as taxable to the extent there are earnings in the contract. Additionally, for owners under age 59 1/2, the taxable income attributable to the charge for the benefit could be subject to a tax penalty.

If the IRS determines that the charges for one or more benefits under the contract are taxable withdrawals, then the sole or surviving owner will be provided with a notice from us describing available alternatives regarding these benefits.

TAXES ON WITHDRAWALS AND SURRENDER

If you make a withdrawal from your contract or surrender it before annuity payments begin, the amount you receive will be taxed as ordinary income, rather than as return of purchase payments, until all gain has been withdrawn. You will generally be taxed on any withdrawals from the contract while you are alive even if the withdrawal is paid to someone else.

If you assign or pledge all or part of your contract as collateral for a loan, the part assigned generally will be treated as a withdrawal. Also, if you elect any interest payment option that we may offer, that election will be treated, for tax purposes, as surrendering your contract.

If you transfer your contract for less than full consideration, such as by gift, you will trigger tax on any gain in the contract. This rule does not apply if you transfer the contract to your spouse or under most circumstances if you transfer the contract incident to divorce.

TAXES ON ANNUITY PAYMENTS

A portion of each annuity payment you receive will be treated as a partial return of your purchase payments and will not be taxed. The remaining portion will be taxed as ordinary income. Generally, the nontaxable

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TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

portion is determined by multiplying the annuity payment you receive by a fraction, the numerator of which is your purchase payments (less any amounts previously received tax-free) and the denominator of which is the total expected payments under the contract.

After the full amount of your purchase payments have been recovered tax-free, the full amount of the annuity payments will be taxable. If annuity payments stop due to the death of the annuitant before the full amount of your purchase payments have been recovered, a tax deduction may be allowed for the unrecovered amount.

TAX PENALTY ON WITHDRAWALS AND ANNUITY PAYMENTS

Any taxable amount you receive under your contract may be subject to a 10% tax

penalty. Amounts are not subject to this tax penalty if:

- - the amount is paid on or after you reach age 59 1/2 or die;
- - the amount received is attributable to your becoming disabled;
- - the amount paid or received is in the form of substantially equal payments not less frequently than annually (please note that substantially equal payments must continue until the later of reaching age 59 1/2 or 5 years. Modification of payments during that time period will generally result in retroactive application of the 10% tax penalty.); or
- - the amount received is paid under an immediate annuity contract (in which annuity payments begin within one year of purchase).

SPECIAL RULES IN RELATION TO TAX-FREE EXCHANGES UNDER SECTION 1035

Section 1035 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (Code) permits certain tax-free exchanges of a life insurance, annuity or endowment contract for an annuity. If the annuity is purchased through a tax-free exchange of a life insurance, annuity or endowment contract that was purchased prior to August 14, 1982, then any purchase payments made to the original contract prior to August 14, 1982 will be treated as made to the new contract prior to that date. (See "Federal Tax Status" in the Statement of Additional Information.)

Partial surrenders may be treated in the same way as tax-free 1035 exchanges of entire contracts, therefore avoiding current taxation of gains in the contract as well as the 10% tax penalty of pre-age 59 1/2 withdrawals. The IRS has reserved the right to treat transactions it considers abusive as ineligible for this favorable partial 1035 exchange treatment. We do not know what transactions may be considered abusive. For example we do not know how the IRS may view early withdrawals or annuitizations after a partial exchange. In addition, it is unclear how the IRS will treat a partial exchange from a life insurance, endowment, or annuity contract into an immediate annuity. As of the date of this prospectus, we will accept a partial 1035 exchange from a non-qualified annuity into an immediate annuity as a "tax-free" exchange for future tax reporting purposes, except to the extent that we, as a reporting and withholding agent, believe that we would be expected to deem the transaction to be abusive. However, some insurance companies may not recognize these partial surrenders as tax-free exchanges and may report them as taxable distributions to the extent of any gain distributed as well as subjecting the taxable portion of the distribution to the 10% tax penalty. We strongly urge you to discuss any transaction of this type with your tax advisor before proceeding with the transaction.

TAXES PAYABLE BY BENEFICIARIES

The death benefit options are subject to income tax to the extent the distribution exceeds the cost basis in the contract. The value of the death benefit, as determined under federal law, is also included in the owner's estate.

Generally, the same tax rules described above would also apply to amounts received by your beneficiary. Choosing any option other than a lump sum death benefit may defer taxes. Certain minimum distribution requirements apply upon your death, as discussed further below.

Tax consequences to the beneficiary vary among the death benefit payment options.

- - Choice 1: The beneficiary is taxed on earnings in the contract.

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

- - Choice 2: The beneficiary is taxed as amounts are withdrawn (in this case earnings are treated as being distributed first).
- - Choice 3: The beneficiary is taxed on each payment (part will be treated as earnings and part as return of premiums).

REPORTING AND WITHHOLDING ON DISTRIBUTIONS

Taxable amounts distributed from your annuity contracts are subject to federal and state income tax reporting and withholding. In general, we will withhold federal income tax from the taxable portion of such distribution based on the type of distribution. In the case of an annuity or similar periodic payment, we will withhold as if you are a married individual with three exemptions unless you designate a different withholding status. In the case of all other distributions, we will withhold at a 10% rate. You may generally elect not to have tax withheld from your payments. An election out of withholding must be

made on forms that we provide.

State income tax withholding rules vary and we will withhold based on the rules of your State of residence. Special tax rules apply to withholding for nonresident aliens, and we generally withhold income tax for nonresident aliens at a 30% rate. A different withholding rate may be applicable to a nonresident alien based on the terms of an existing income tax treaty between the United States and the nonresident alien's country. Please refer to the CONTRACTS HELD BY TAX FAVORED PLANS section below for a discussion regarding withholding rules for tax favored plans (for example, an IRA).

Regardless of the amount withheld by us, you are liable for payment of federal and state income tax on the taxable portion of annuity distributions. You should consult with your tax advisor regarding the payment of the correct amount of these income taxes and potential liability if you fail to pay such taxes.

ANNUITY QUALIFICATION

Diversification And Investor Control. In order to qualify for the tax rules applicable to annuity contracts described above, the assets underlying the variable investment options of the annuity contract must be diversified, according to certain rules. We believe these diversification rules will be met.

An additional requirement for qualification for the tax treatment described above is that we, and not you as the contract owner, must have sufficient control over the underlying assets to be treated as the owner of the underlying assets for tax purposes. While we also believe these investor control rules will be met, the Treasury Department may promulgate guidelines under which a variable annuity will not be treated as an annuity for tax purposes if persons with ownership rights have excessive control over the investments underlying such variable annuity. It is unclear whether such guidelines, if in fact promulgated, would have retroactive effect. It is also unclear what effect, if any, such guidelines may have on transfers between the investment options offered pursuant to this prospectus. We will take any action, including modifications to your contract or the investment options, required to comply with such guidelines if promulgated.

Please refer to the Statement of Additional Information for further information on these diversification and investor control issues.

Required Distributions Upon Your Death. Upon your death, certain distributions must be made under the contract. The required distributions depend on whether you die before you start taking annuity payments under the contract or after you start taking annuity payments under the contract.

If you die on or after the annuity date, the remaining portion of the interest in the contract must be distributed at least as rapidly as under the method of distribution being used as of the date of death.

If you die before the annuity date, the entire interest in the contract must be distributed within 5 years after the date of death. However, if a periodic payment option is selected by your designated beneficiary and if such payments begin within 1 year of your death, the value of the contract may be distributed over the beneficiary's life or a period not exceeding the beneficiary's life expectancy. Your designated beneficiary is the person to whom benefit rights under the contract pass by reason of death, and must be a

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TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

PARTNERS PLUS 3 CONTRACT CONTINUED

PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

natural person in order to elect a periodic payment option based on life expectancy or a period exceeding five years.

If the contract is payable to (or for the benefit of) your surviving spouse, that portion of the contract may be continued with your spouse as the owner.

Changes In The Contract. We reserve the right to make any changes we deem necessary to assure that the contract qualifies as an annuity contract for tax purposes. Any such changes will apply to all contract owners and you will be given notice to the extent feasible under the circumstances.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

You should refer to the Statement of Additional Information if:

- - The contract is held by a corporation or other entity instead of by an individual or as agent for an individual.
- - Your contract was issued in exchange for a contract containing purchase payments made before August 14, 1982.
- - You transfer your contract to, or designate, a beneficiary who is either 37 1/2 years younger than you or a grandchild.

CONTRACTS HELD BY TAX-FAVORED PLANS

The following discussion covers annuity contracts held under tax-favored retirement plans.

Currently, the contract may be purchased for use in connection with individual retirement accounts and annuities (IRAs) which are subject to Sections 408(a) and 408(b) of the Code and Roth Individual Retirement Accounts (Roth IRAs) under Section 408A of the Code. This description assumes that you have satisfied the requirements for eligibility for these products.

YOU SHOULD BE AWARE THAT TAX FAVORED PLANS SUCH AS IRAS GENERALLY PROVIDE TAX DEFERRAL REGARDLESS WHETHER THEY INVEST IN ANNUITY CONTRACTS. THIS MEANS THAT WHEN A TAX FAVORED PLAN INVESTS IN AN ANNUITY CONTRACT, IT GENERALLY DOES NOT RESULT IN ANY ADDITIONAL TAX DEFERRAL BENEFITS.

TYPES OF TAX FAVORED PLANS

IRAs. If you buy a contract for use as an IRA, we will provide you a copy of the prospectus and contract. The "IRA Disclosure Statement," attached to this prospectus, contains information about eligibility, contribution limits, tax particulars, and other IRA information. In addition to this information (some of which is summarized below), the IRS requires that you have a "free look" after making an initial contribution to the contract. During this time, you can cancel the contract by notifying us in writing, and we will refund all of the purchase payments under the contract (or, if provided by applicable state law, the amount your contract is worth, if greater), less any applicable federal and state income tax withholding.

CONTRIBUTIONS LIMITS/ROLLOVERS. Because of the way the contract is designed, you may only purchase a contract for an IRA in connection with a "rollover" of amounts from a qualified retirement plan or transfer from another IRA, or if you are age 50 or older by making a single contribution consisting of your IRA contributions and catch-up contributions attributable to the prior year and the current year during the period from January 1 to April 15 of the current year. You must make a minimum initial payment of \$10,000 to purchase a contract. This minimum is greater than the maximum amount of any annual contribution allowed by law you may make to an IRA. For 2006, the limit is \$4,000, increasing to \$5,000 in 2008. After 2008, the contribution amount will be indexed for inflation. The tax law also provides for a catch-up provision for individuals who are age 50 and above, allowing these individuals an additional \$1,000 contribution each year. The "rollover" rules under the Code are fairly technical; however, an individual (or his or her surviving spouse) may generally "roll over" certain distributions from tax favored retirement plans (either directly or within 60 days from the date of these distributions) if he or she meets the requirements for distribution. Once you buy the contract, you can make regular IRA contributions under the contract (to the extent permitted by law). However, if you make such regular IRA contributions, you should note that you will not be able to treat the contract as a "conduit IRA," which means that you will

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not retain possible favorable tax treatment if you subsequently "roll over" the contract funds originally derived from a qualified retirement plan into another Section 401(a) plan.

Required Provisions. Contracts that are IRAs (or endorsements that are part of the contract) must contain certain provisions:

- - You, as owner of the contract, must be the "annuitant" under the contract (except in certain cases involving the division of property under a decree of divorce);
- - Your rights as owner are non-forfeitable;
- - You cannot sell, assign or pledge the contract, other than to Pruco Life of New Jersey;
- - The annual contribution you pay cannot be greater than the maximum amount

allowed by law, including catch-up contributions if applicable (which does not include any rollover amounts);

- The date on which required minimum distributions must begin cannot be later than April 1st of the calendar year after the calendar year you turn age 70 1/2; and
- Death and annuity payments must meet "minimum distribution requirements".

Usually, the full amount of any distribution from an IRA (including a distribution from this contract) which is not a rollover is taxable. As taxable income, these distributions are subject to the general tax withholding rules described earlier. In addition to this normal tax liability, you may also be liable for the following, depending on your actions:

- A 10% "early distribution penalty";
- Liability for "prohibited transactions" if you, for example, borrow against the value of an IRA; or
- Failure to take a minimum distribution.

Roth IRAs. Like standard IRAs, income within a Roth IRA accumulates tax-free, and contributions are subject to specific limits. Roth IRAs have, however, the following differences:

- Contributions to a Roth IRA cannot be deducted from your gross income;
- "Qualified distributions" from a Roth IRA are excludable from gross income. A "qualified distribution" is a distribution that satisfies two requirements: (1) the distribution must be made (a) after the owner of the IRA attains age 59 1/2; (b) after the owner's death; (c) due to the owner's disability; or (d) for a qualified first time homebuyer distribution within the meaning of Section 72(t)(2)(F) of the Code; and (2) the distribution must be made in the year that is at least five tax years after the first year for which a contribution was made to any Roth IRA established for the owner or five years after a rollover, transfer, or conversion was made from a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA. Distributions from a Roth IRA that are not qualified distributions will be treated as made first from contributions and then from earnings, and earnings will be taxed generally in the same manner as distributions from a traditional IRA; and
- If eligible (including meeting income limitations and earnings requirements), you may make contributions to a Roth IRA after attaining age 70 1/2, and distributions are not required to begin upon attaining such age or at any time thereafter.

The "IRA Disclosure Statement" attached to this prospectus contains some additional information on Roth IRAs.

Because the contract's minimum initial payment of \$10,000 is greater than the maximum annual contribution permitted to be made to a Roth IRA, you may only purchase the contract for a Roth IRA in connection with a "rollover" or "conversion" of amounts of a traditional IRA, conduit IRA, or another Roth IRA, or if you are age 50 or older and by making a single contribution consisting of your Roth IRA contributions and catch-up contributions attributable to the prior year and the current year during the period from January 1 to April 15 of the current year. The Code permits persons who meet certain income limitations (generally, adjusted gross income under \$100,000) who are not married filing a separate return, and who receive certain qualifying distributions from such non-Roth IRAs, to directly rollover or make, within 60 days, a "rollover" of all or any part of the amount of such distribution to a Roth IRA which they establish.

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TAX CONSIDERATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE STRATEGIC

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This conversion triggers current taxation (but is not subject to a 10% early distribution penalty). Once the contract has been purchased, regular Roth IRA contributions will be accepted to the extent permitted by law. In addition, as of January 1, 2006, an individual receiving an eligible rollover distribution from a designated Roth account under an employer plan may roll over the distribution to a Roth IRA. If you are considering rolling over funds from your Roth account under an employer plan, please contact your Financial Professional

prior to purchase to confirm whether such rollovers are being accepted.

MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS AND PAYMENT OPTION

If you hold the contract under an IRA (or other tax-favored plan), IRS minimum distribution requirements must be satisfied. This means that generally payments must start by April 1 of the year after the year you reach age 70 1/2 and must be made for each year thereafter. Roth IRAs are not subject to these rules during the owner's lifetime. The amount of the payment must at least equal the minimum required under the IRS rules. Several choices are available for calculating the minimum amount. More information on the mechanics of this calculation is available on request. Please contact us a reasonable time before the IRS deadline so that a timely distribution is made. Please note that there is a 50% tax penalty on the amount of any minimum distribution not made in a timely manner.

Effective in 2006, in accordance with recent changes in laws and regulations, required minimum distributions will be calculated based on the sum of the contract value and the actuarial value of any additional death benefits and benefits from optional riders that you have purchased under the contract. As a result, the required minimum distributions may be larger than if the calculation were based on the contract value only, which may in turn result in an earlier (but not before the required beginning date) distribution of amounts under the contract and an increased amount of taxable income distributed to the contract owner, and a reduction of death benefits and the benefits of any optional riders.

You can use the minimum distribution option to satisfy the IRS minimum distribution requirements for this contract without either beginning annuity payments or surrendering the contract. We will distribute to you this minimum distribution amount, less any other partial withdrawals that you made during the year.

Although the IRS rules determine the required amount to be distributed from your IRA each year, certain payment alternatives are still available to you. If you own more than one IRA, you can choose to satisfy your minimum distribution requirement for each of your IRAs by withdrawing that amount from any of your IRAs. Similar rules apply if you inherit more than one Roth IRA from the same owner.

PENALTY FOR EARLY WITHDRAWALS

You may owe a 10% tax penalty on the taxable part of distributions received from an IRA or Roth IRA before you attain age 59 1/2.

Amounts are not subject to this tax penalty if:

- - the amount is paid on or after you reach age 59 1/2 or die;
- - the amount received is attributable to your becoming disabled; or
- - the amount paid or received is in the form of substantially equal payments not less frequently than annually (please note that substantially equal payments must continue until the later of reaching age 59 1/2 or 5 years. Modification of payments during that time period will generally result in retroactive application of the 10% tax penalty.)

Other exceptions to this tax may apply. You should consult your tax advisor for further details.

WITHHOLDING

Unless you elect otherwise, we will withhold federal income tax from the taxable portion of such distribution at an appropriate percentage. The rate of withholding on annuity payments where no mandatory withholding is required is determined on the basis of the withholding certificate that you file with us. If you do not file a certificate, we will automatically withhold federal taxes on the following basis:

- - For any annuity payments not subject to mandatory withholding, you will have taxes withheld by us as if

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

you are a married individual, with three exemptions; and

- - For all other distributions, we will withhold at a 10% rate.

We will provide you with forms and instructions concerning the right to elect that no amount be withheld from payments in the ordinary course. However, you

should know that, in any event, you are liable for payment of federal income taxes on the taxable portion of the distributions, and you should consult with your tax advisor to find out more information on your potential liability if you fail to pay such taxes.

ERISA DISCLOSURE/REQUIREMENTS

ERISA (the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974") and the Code prevent a fiduciary and other "parties in interest" with respect to a plan (and, for these purposes, an IRA would also constitute a "plan") from receiving any benefit from any party dealing with the plan, as a result of the sale of the contract. Administrative exemptions under ERISA generally permit the sale of insurance/annuity products to plans, provided that certain information is disclosed to the person purchasing the contract. This information has to do primarily with the fees, charges, discounts and other costs related to the contract, as well as any commissions paid to any agent selling the contract.

Information about any applicable fees, charges, discounts, penalties or adjustments may be found under Section 8, "What Are The Expenses Associated With The Strategic Partners Plus 3 Contract?"

Information about sales representatives and commissions may be found under "Other Information" and "Sale And Distribution Of The Contract" in Section 11.

In addition, other relevant information required by the exemptions is contained in the contract and accompanying documentation. Please consult your tax advisor if you have any additional questions.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For additional information about federal tax law requirements applicable to tax favored plans, see the "IRA Disclosure Statement," attached to this prospectus.

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OTHER

INFORMATION

PRUCO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY

Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey (Pruco Life of New Jersey) is a stock life insurance company which was organized on September 17, 1982 under the laws of the State of New Jersey. It is licensed to sell life insurance and annuities in New Jersey and New York, and accordingly is subject to the laws of each of those states.

Pruco Life of New Jersey is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of The Prudential Insurance Company of America (Prudential), a New Jersey stock life insurance company doing business since October 13, 1875. Prudential is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial, Inc. (Prudential Financial), a New Jersey insurance holding company. As Pruco Life of New Jersey's ultimate parent, Prudential Financial exercises significant influence over the operations and capital structure of Pruco Life of New Jersey and Prudential. However, neither Prudential Financial, Prudential, nor any other related company has any legal responsibility to pay amounts that Pruco Life of New Jersey may owe under the contract.

Pruco Life of New Jersey publishes annual and quarterly reports that are filed with the SEC. These reports contain financial information about Pruco Life of New Jersey that is annually audited by independent accountants. Pruco Life of New Jersey's annual report for the year ended December 31, 2005, together with subsequent periodic reports that Pruco Life of New Jersey files with the SEC, are incorporated by reference into this prospectus. You can obtain copies, at no cost, of any and all of this information, including the Pruco Life of New Jersey annual report that is not ordinarily mailed to contract owners, the more current reports and any subsequently filed documents at no cost by contacting us at the address or telephone number listed on the cover. The SEC file number for Pruco Life of New Jersey is 811-07975. You may read and copy any filings made by Pruco Life of New Jersey with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You can obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling (202) 551-8090. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC at <http://www.sec.gov>.

THE SEPARATE ACCOUNT

We have established a separate account, the Pruco Life of New Jersey Flexible Premium Variable Annuity Account (separate account), to hold the assets that are associated with the variable annuity contracts. The separate account was established under New Jersey law on May 20, 1996, and is registered with the SEC under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as a unit investment trust, which is a type of investment company. The assets of the separate account are held in the name of Pruco Life of New Jersey and legally belong to us. These assets are kept separate from all of our other assets and may not be charged with liabilities arising out of any other business we may conduct. More detailed information about Pruco Life of New Jersey, including its audited financial statements, is provided in the SAI.

SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE CONTRACT

Prudential Investment Management Services LLC (PIMS), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Prudential Financial, Inc., is the distributor and principal underwriter of the securities offered through this prospectus. PIMS acts as the distributor of a number of annuity contracts and life insurance products we offer.

PIMS's principal business address is 100 Mulberry Street, Newark, New Jersey 07102-4077. PIMS is registered as a broker/dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act) and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD).

The contract is offered on a continuous basis. PIMS enters into distribution agreements with broker/dealers who are registered under the Exchange Act and with entities that may offer the contract but are exempt from registration (firms). Applications for the contract are solicited by registered representatives of those firms. Such representatives will also be our appointed insurance agents under state insurance law. In addition,

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PIMS may offer the contract directly to potential purchasers.

Commissions are paid to firms on sales of the contract according to one or more schedules. The individual representative will receive a portion of the compensation, depending on the practice of his or her firm. Commissions are generally based on a percentage of purchase payments made, up to a maximum of 8%. Alternative compensation schedules are available that provide a lower initial commission plus ongoing annual compensation based on all or a portion of contract value. We may also provide compensation to the distributing firm for providing ongoing service to you in relation to the contract. Commissions and other compensation paid in relation to the contract do not result in any additional charge to you or to the separate account.

In addition, in an effort to promote the sale of our products (which may include the placement of Pruco Life of New Jersey and/or the contract on a preferred or recommended company or product list and/or access to the firm's registered representatives), we or PIMS may enter into compensation arrangements with certain broker/dealer firms with respect to certain or all registered representatives of such firms under which such firms may receive separate compensation or reimbursement for, among other things, training of sales personnel and/or marketing and/or administrative services and/or other services they provide to us or our affiliates. These services may include, but are not limited to: educating customers of the firm on the contract's features; conducting due diligence and analysis; providing office access, operations and systems support; holding seminars intended to educate registered representatives and make them more knowledgeable about the contract; providing a dedicated marketing coordinator; providing priority sales desk support; and providing expedited marketing compliance approval to PIMS. A list of firms that PIMS paid pursuant to such arrangements is provided in the Statement of Additional Information which is available upon request.

To the extent permitted by NASD rules and other applicable laws and regulations, PIMS may pay or allow other promotional incentives or payments in the form of cash or non-cash compensation. These arrangements may not be offered to all firms and the terms of such arrangements may differ between firms.

You should note that firms and individual registered representatives and branch managers within some firms participating in one of these compensation arrangements might receive greater compensation for selling the contract than for selling a different contract that is not eligible for these compensation arrangements. While compensation is generally taken into account as an expense in considering the charges applicable to a contract product, any such compensation will be paid by us or PIMS and will not result in any additional charge to you. Overall compensation paid to the distributing firm does not exceed, based on actuarial assumptions, 8.5% of the total purchase payments made. Your registered representative can provide you with more information about the compensation arrangements that apply upon the sale of the contract.

On July 1, 2003, Prudential Financial combined its retail securities brokerage and clearing operations with those of Wachovia Corporation ("Wachovia") and formed Wachovia Securities Financial Holdings, LLC ("Wachovia Securities"), a joint venture headquartered in Richmond, Virginia. PFI has a 38% ownership interest in the joint venture, while Wachovia owns the remaining 62%. Wachovia and Wachovia Securities are key distribution partners for certain products of Prudential Financial affiliates, including mutual funds and individual annuities that are distributed through their financial advisors, bank channel and independent channel. In addition, Prudential Financial is a service provider to the managed account platform and certain wrap-fee programs offered by Wachovia Securities. The Strategic Partners Plus and Strategic Partners Plus 3 variable annuities are sold through Wachovia Securities.

LITIGATION

Pruco Life of New Jersey is subject to legal and regulatory actions in the ordinary course of our

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businesses, including class action lawsuits. Our pending legal and regulatory actions include proceedings specific to us and proceedings generally applicable to business practices in the industries in which we operate. In our insurance operations, we are subject to class action lawsuits and individual lawsuits involving a variety of issues, including sales practices, underwriting practices, claims payment and procedures, additional premium charges for premiums paid on a periodic basis, denial or delay of benefits, return of premiums or excessive premium charges and breaching fiduciary duties to customers. In our annuities operations, we are subject to litigation involving class action lawsuits and other litigation alleging, among other things, that we made improper or inadequate disclosures in connection with the sale of annuity products or charged excessive or impermissible fees on these products, recommended unsuitable products to customers, mishandled customer accounts or breached fiduciary duties to customers. In some of our pending legal and regulatory actions, parties are seeking large and/or indeterminate amounts, including punitive or exemplary damages.

Pruco Life of New Jersey's litigation and regulatory matters are subject to many uncertainties, and given the complexity and scope, the outcomes cannot be predicted. It is possible that the results of operations or the cash flow of the Pruco Life of New Jersey in a particular quarterly or annual period could be materially affected by an ultimate unfavorable resolution of litigation and regulatory matters. Management believes, however, that the ultimate outcome of all pending litigation and regulatory matters should not have a material adverse effect on the Pruco Life of New Jersey's financial position.

ASSIGNMENT

In general, you can assign the contract at any time during your lifetime. If you do so, we will reset the death benefit to equal the contract value on the date the assignment occurs. For details, see Section 4, "What Is The Death Benefit?" We will not be bound by the assignment until we receive written notice. We will not be liable for any payment or other action we take in accordance with the contract if that action occurs before we receive notice of the assignment. An assignment, like any other change in ownership, may trigger a taxable event. If you assign the contract, that assignment will result in the termination of any automated withdrawal program that had been in effect. If the new owner wants to re-institute an automated withdrawal program, then he/she needs to submit the forms that we require, in good order.

If the contract is issued under a qualified plan, there may be limitations on your ability to assign the contract. For further information please speak to your representative.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the separate account and Pruco Life of New Jersey, the co-issuer of the Strategic Partners Plus 3 contract, are included in the Statement of Additional Information.

STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Contents:

- - Company
- - Experts
- - Principal Underwriter
- - Payments Made to Promote Sale of Our Products
- - Allocation of Initial Purchase Payment
- - Determination of Accumulation Unit Values
- - Federal Tax Status
- - Financial Statements

HOUSEHOLDING

To reduce costs, we now send only a single copy of prospectuses and shareholder reports to each consenting household, in lieu of sending a copy to each contract owner that resides in the household. If you are a member of such a household, you should be aware that you can revoke your consent to householding at any time, and begin to receive your own copy of prospectuses and shareholder reports, by calling (877) 778-5008.

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MARKET-VALUE ADJUSTMENT FORMULA

MARKET-VALUE ADJUSTMENT FORMULA

The general formula under which Pruco Life of New Jersey calculates the market value adjustment applicable to a full or partial surrender, annuitization, or settlement under Strategic Partners Plus 3 is set forth below. The market value adjustment is expressed as a multiplier factor. That is, the Contract Value after the market value adjustment ("MVA"), but before any withdrawal charge, is as follows: Contract Value (after MVA) = Contract Value (before MVA) X (1 + MVA). The MVA itself is calculated as follows:

$$MVA = \left[\frac{1 + I}{1 + J + .0025} \right]^{(N/12)} - 1$$

<Table>			
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
where:	I	=	the guaranteed credited interest rate (annual effective) for the given contract at the time of withdrawal or annuitization or settlement.
	J	=	the interpolated current credited interest rate offered on new money at the time of withdrawal, annuitization, or settlement. (See below for the interpolation formula)
	N	=	equals the remaining number of months in the contract's current guarantee period (rounded up) at the time of withdrawal or annuitization or settlement.
</Table>			

The MVA formula with respect to contracts issued in New York is what is depicted above. The formula uses an interpolated rate "J" as the current credited interest rate. Specifically, "J" is the interpolated current credited interest rate offered on new money at the time of withdrawal, annuitization, or settlement. The interpolated value is calculated using the following formula:

$$m/365 \times (n + 1) \text{ year rate} + (365 - m)/365 \times n \text{ year rate},$$

where "n" equals the number of whole years remaining in the Contract's current guarantee period, and "m" equals the number of days remaining in year "n" of the current guarantee period.

MARKET VALUE ADJUSTMENT EXAMPLE

The following will illustrate the application of the Market Value Adjustment. For simplicity, surrender charges are ignored in this example.

Positive market value adjustment

- Suppose a contract owner made an invested purchase payment of \$10,000 on July 1, 2005 and received a guaranteed interest rate of 6% for 5 years. A request to surrender the contract is made on May 1, 2007. At the time, the Contract Value will have accumulated to \$11,127.11. The number of whole years remaining in the guarantee period is 3.
- On May 1, 2007 the interest rate declared by Pruco Life of New Jersey for a guarantee period of 3 years (the number of whole years remaining) is 4%, and for a guarantee period of 4 years (the number of whole years remaining plus 1) is 5%.

The following computations would be made:

- 1) Determine the Market Value Adjustment factor.

```
<Table>
<S> <C> <C>
      N = 38
      I = 6% (0.06)
      J = [(61/365) X 0.05] + [((365-61)/365) X 0.04] =
          0.0417
</Table>
```

The MVA factor calculation would be: $[(1.06)/(1.0417 + 0.0025)]$ to the power of $(38/12) - 1 = 0.04871$

- 2) Multiply the Contract Value by the factor calculated in Step 1.

$$\$11,127.11 \times 0.04871 = \$542.00$$

- 3) Add together the Market Value Adjustment and the Contract Value to get the total Contract Surrender Value.

$$\$11,127.11 + \$542.00 = \$11,669.11$$

The MVA may not always be positive. Here is an example where it is negative.

- Suppose a contract owner made an invested purchase payment of \$10,000 on July 1, 2005 and received a guaranteed interest rate of 6% for 5 years. A request to surrender the contract is made on May 1, 2007. At the time, the Contract Value will have accumulated to \$11,127.11. The number of whole years remaining in the guarantee period is 3.
- On May 1, 2007 the interest rate declared by Pruco Life of New Jersey for a guarantee period of 3 years (the number of whole years remaining) is 7%, and for a guarantee period of 4 years (the number of whole years remaining plus 1) is 8%.

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MARKET-VALUE ADJUSTMENT FORMULA CONTINUED

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The following computations would be made:

- 1) Determine the Market Value Adjustment factor.

```
<Table>
<S> <C> <C>
      N = 38
      I = 6% (0.06)
      J = [(61/365) X 0.08] + [((365 - 61)/365) X 0.07] =
          0.0717
</Table>
```

The MVA factor calculation would be: $[(1.06)/(1.0717 + 0.0025)]$ to the power of $(38/12) - 1 = -0.04126$

- 2) Multiply the Contract Value by the factor calculated in Step 1.

$$\$11,127.11 \times (-0.04126) = -\$459.10$$

- 3) Add together the Market Value Adjustment and the Contract Value to get the total Contract Surrender Value.

$$\$11,127.11 + (-\$459.10) = \$10,668.10$$

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APPENDIX A

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES

As we have indicated throughout this prospectus, the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3 Variable Annuity is a contract that allows you to select or decline any of several features that carries with it a specific asset-based charge. We maintain a unique unit value corresponding to each combination of such contract features. Here we depict the historical unit values corresponding to the contract features bearing the highest and lowest combinations of asset-based charges. The remaining unit values appear in the Statement of Additional Information, which you may obtain free of charge, by calling (888) PRU-2888 or by writing to us at the Prudential Annuity Service Center, P.O. Box 7960, Philadelphia, PA 19176. As discussed in the prospectus, if you select certain optional benefits (e.g., Lifetime Five), we limit the investment options to which you may allocate your contract value. In certain of these accumulation unit value tables, we set forth accumulation unit values that assume election of one or more of such optional benefits and allocation of contract value to portfolios that currently are not permitted as part of such optional benefits. Such unit values are set forth for general reference purposes only, and are not intended to indicate that such portfolios may be acquired along with those optional benefits.

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES

<Table> <Caption> ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES: (BASE DEATH BENEFIT 1.40)			
ACCUMULATION UNITS OF PERIOD <S> JENNISON PORTFOLIO	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD <C>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT END OF PERIOD <C>	NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING AT END <C>
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.18439	\$ 1.24006	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.24006	\$ 1.34066	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.34066	\$ 1.51459	0
PRUDENTIAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.17721	\$ 1.25778	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.25778	\$ 1.3635	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.36350	\$ 1.49905	0
PRUDENTIAL GLOBAL PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.20571	\$ 1.28481	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.28481	\$ 1.38861	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.38861	\$ 1.58951	0
PRUDENTIAL MONEY MARKET PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 0.99549	\$ 0.99449	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 0.99449	\$ 0.99063	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 0.99063	\$ 1.00520	0
PRUDENTIAL STOCK INDEX PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.15290	\$ 1.22414	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.22414	\$ 1.33335	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.33335	\$ 1.37464	0
PRUDENTIAL VALUE PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.12896	\$ 1.22392	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.22392	\$ 1.40386	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.40386	\$ 1.61508	0
SP AGGRESSIVE GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.21452	\$ 1.27916	0

1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.27916	\$ 1.44765	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.44765	\$ 1.57741	0
SP AIM AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.18805	\$ 1.22149	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.22149	\$ 1.34749	0
1/1/2005 to 4/29/2005	\$ 1.34749	\$ 1.24414	0
SP AIM CORE EQUITY PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.12456	\$ 1.19626	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.19626	\$ 1.28343	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.28343	\$ 1.32432	0
SP BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.14798	\$ 1.19393	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.19393	\$ 1.30793	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.30793	\$ 1.38790	0

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED):
(BASE DEATH BENEFIT 1.40)

ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	NUMBER OF
OF PERIOD	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	AT END OF PERIOD	OUTSTANDING AT END
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SP CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.10288	\$ 1.13654	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.13654	\$ 1.22048	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.22048	\$ 1.27471	0
SP DAVIS VALUE PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.17037	\$ 1.24835	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.24835	\$ 1.38531	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.38531	\$ 1.49631	0
SP GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.18371	\$ 1.23975	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.23975	\$ 1.38211	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.38211	\$ 1.48911	0
SP LARGE CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.13457	\$ 1.21457	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.21457	\$ 1.41041	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.41041	\$ 1.48345	0
SP LSV INTERNATIONAL VALUE PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.13314	\$ 1.23393	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.23393	\$ 1.40924	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.40924	\$ 1.58122	0
SP MFS CAPITAL OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO			

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.14453	\$ 1.20717	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.20717	\$ 1.33789	0
1/1/2005 to 4/29/2005	\$ 1.33789	\$ 1.25025	0

SP MID CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.31609	\$ 1.33928	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.33928	\$ 1.57888	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.57888	\$ 1.63898	0

SP PIMCO HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.16169	\$ 1.19841	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.19841	\$ 1.29196	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.29196	\$ 1.32558	0

SP PIMCO TOTAL RETURN PORTFOLIO

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.02971	\$ 1.04684	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.04684	\$ 1.08689	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.08689	\$ 1.09767	0

SP PRUDENTIAL U.S. EMERGING GROWTH PORTFOLIO

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.35478	\$ 1.36653	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.36653	\$ 1.63587	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.63587	\$ 1.90014	0

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED):
(BASE DEATH BENEFIT 1.40)

ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	NUMBER OF
OF PERIOD	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	AT END OF PERIOD	OUTSTANDING AT END
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SP SMALL CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.29042	\$ 1.30191	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.30191	\$ 1.27212	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.27212	\$ 1.28565	0

SP SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO

FORMERLY, SP GOLDMAN SACHS SMALL CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.22255	\$ 1.29026	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.29026	\$ 1.53570	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.53570	\$ 1.58443	0

SP STRATEGIC PARTNERS FOCUSED GROWTH PORTFOLIO

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.14518	\$ 1.19388	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.19388	\$ 1.30209	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.30209	\$ 1.47863	0

SP T. ROWE PRICE LARGE-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO

FORMERLY SP ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN LARGE-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.13994	\$ 1.17938	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.17938	\$ 1.23406	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.23406	\$ 1.41770	0

SP TECHNOLOGY PORTFOLIO

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.32609	\$ 1.34037	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.34037	\$ 1.32188	0
1/1/2005 to 4/29/2005	\$ 1.32188	\$ 1.18074	0

SP WILLIAM BLAIR INTERNATIONAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO

11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.26410	\$ 1.35112	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.35112	\$ 1.55290	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.55290	\$ 1.78245	0
AST AGGRESSIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
12/5/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$ 9.99933	0
AST ALGER ALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/02/2005	\$10.09338	\$11.73323	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN CORE VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.07970	\$10.33229	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN GROWTH & INCOME PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.05481	\$10.28681	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN GROWTH + VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/02/2005	\$10.05009	\$11.34495	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN MANAGED INDEX 500 PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.04988	\$10.42169	0

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED):
(BASE DEATH BENEFIT 1.40)

ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT END OF PERIOD	NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING AT END OF PERIOD
AST AMERICAN CENTURY INCOME & GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.06658	\$10.35426	0
AST AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC BALANCED PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.04202	\$10.33700	0
AST BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
12/5/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$10.01933	0
AST CAPITAL GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
12/5/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$10.00933	0
AST COHEN & STEERS REALTY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.14710	\$12.04155	0
AST CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			

12/5/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$10.02932	0
AST DEAM LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.08492	\$10.73678	0
AST DEAM SMALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.01133	\$10.33264	0
AST DEAM SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.04570	\$10.03757	0
AST FEDERATED AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$10.98052	0
AST GLOBAL ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.01541	\$10.64464	0
AST GOLDMAN SACHS CONCENTRATED GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.03302	\$10.78065	0
AST GOLDMAN SACHS MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$10.60000	0
AST HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO			
FORMERLY, AST GOLDMAN SACHS HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.97681	\$ 9.87825	0
AST JP MORGAN INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.91389	\$10.67460	0
AST LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
FORMERLY, AST HOTCHKIS AND WILEY LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.07726	\$10.57804	0
AST LORD ABBETT BOND-DEBENTURE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$ 9.96977	0
AST MARSICO CAPITAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.12625	\$10.92526	0
AST MFS GLOBAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.96626	\$10.49866	0

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED):
(BASE DEATH BENEFIT 1.40)

ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	NUMBER OF
OF PERIOD	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	AT END OF PERIOD	OUTSTANDING AT END
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AST MFS GROWTH PORTFOLIO

3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.03693	\$10.78089	0
AST MID CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
FORMERLY, AST GABELLI ALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.06503	\$10.37369	0
AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.05576	\$11.35869	0
AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.02196	\$10.90682	0
AST PIMCO LIMITED MATURITY BOND PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$10.07733	0
AST PRESERVATION ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
12/5/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99886	\$10.03931	0
AST SMALL CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.04866	\$10.66828	0
AST T. ROWE PRICE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.02867	\$10.37610	0
AST T. ROWE PRICE GLOBAL BOND PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.94939	\$ 9.46839	0
AST T. ROWE PRICE NATURAL RESOURCES PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$10.00286	\$11.76236	0
EVERGREEN GROWTH AND INCOME FUND			
12/5/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 9.92203	\$10.34285	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$10.34285	\$11.05580	0
1/1/2005 to 4/15/2005	\$11.05580	\$10.33082	0
EVERGREEN VA BALANCED FUND			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.08315	\$ 1.12625	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.12625	\$ 1.18087	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.18087	\$ 1.22619	0
EVERGREEN VA FUNDAMENTAL LARGE CAP FUND			
12/5/2003** to 12/31/2003	\$ 9.91859	\$10.39784	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$10.39784	\$11.19868	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$11.19868	\$12.03990	0
EVERGREEN VA GROWTH FUND			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.32545	\$ 1.35076	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.35076	\$ 1.51675	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.51675	\$ 1.59343	0

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ACCUMULATION UNITS OF PERIOD <S>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD <C>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT END OF PERIOD <C>	NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING AT END <C>
EVERGREEN VA INTERNATIONAL EQUITY FUND			
12/5/2003** to 12/31/2003	\$ 9.98995	\$10.44289	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$10.44289	\$12.27702	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$12.27702	\$14.04482	0
EVERGREEN VA OMEGA FUND			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.30024	\$ 1.33662	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.33662	\$ 1.41333	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.41333	\$ 1.44748	0
EVERGREEN VA SPECIAL VALUES FUND			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.17920	\$ 1.25261	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.25261	\$ 1.48703	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.48703	\$ 1.62435	0
GARTMORE GVIT DEVELOPING MARKETS FUND			
3/14/2005** to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.88103	\$12.08600	0
JANUS ASPEN SERIES--GROWTH PORTFOLIO -- SERVICE SHARES			
11/10/2003* to 12/31/2003	\$ 1.19749	\$ 1.24622	0
1/1/2004 to 12/31/2004	\$ 1.24622	\$ 1.28061	0
1/1/2005 to 12/31/2005	\$ 1.28061	\$ 1.31370	0
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 (CONTRACT WITH CREDIT, GMDB STEP-UP, LIFETIME FIVE 2.35)

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JENNISON PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.06149	\$11.75530	0
PRUDENTIAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.04786	\$11.04459	0
PRUDENTIAL GLOBAL PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.98604	\$11.28141	0
PRUDENTIAL MONEY MARKET PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99996	\$10.05988	0
PRUDENTIAL STOCK INDEX PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.05601	\$10.32927	0
PRUDENTIAL VALUE PORTFOLIO			

3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.03736	\$11.20262	0
SP AGGRESSIVE GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.03176	\$10.92881	0
SP AIM AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 4/29/2005	\$10.06871	\$ 9.48129	0
SP AIM CORE EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.02504	\$10.18592	0
SP BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.01701	\$10.62086	217,259
SP CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.00706	\$10.45020	108,808
SP DAVIS VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.02497	\$10.57546	0
SP GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.02889	\$10.78726	260,567
SP LARGE CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.07568	\$10.43081	0
SP LSV INTERNATIONAL VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.91207	\$10.61389	0
SP MFS CAPITAL OPPORTUNITIES PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 4/29/2005	\$10.05589	\$ 9.60153	0
SP MID CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.02817	\$10.64137	0
SP PIMCO HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.98883	\$10.08741	0
SP PIMCO TOTAL RETURN PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$10.11842	0
SP PRUDENTIAL U.S. EMERGING GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.03568	\$11.68962	0

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

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ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE	NUMBER OF
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OF PERIOD	AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	AT END OF PERIOD	OUTSTANDING AT END
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>
SP SMALL CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.03030	\$10.46275	0
SP SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
FORMERLY, SP GOLDMAN SACHS SMALL CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.05718	\$10.45619	0
SP STRATEGIC PARTNERS FOCUSED GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.07351	\$11.93182	0
SP T. ROWE PRICE LARGE-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
FORMERLY, SP ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN LARGE-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.03004	\$12.07261	0
SP TECHNOLOGY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 4/29/2005	\$10.04303	\$ 9.58801	0
SP WILLIAM BLAIR INTERNATIONAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.92625	\$11.24237	0
AST AGGRESSIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
12/5/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$ 9.99215	0
AST ALGER ALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/02/2005	\$10.09261	\$11.65393	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN CORE VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.07893	\$10.25500	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN GROWTH & INCOME PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.05404	\$10.20982	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN GROWTH + VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/02/2005	\$10.04932	\$11.26832	0
AST ALLIANCEBERNSTEIN MANAGED INDEX 500 PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.04911	\$10.34380	0
AST AMERICAN CENTURY INCOME & GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.06581	\$10.27670	0
AST AMERICAN CENTURY STRATEGIC BALANCED PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.04126	\$10.25966	0
AST BALANCED ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
12/5/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$10.01214	90,836
AST CAPITAL GROWTH ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
12/5/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$10.00213	16,400
AST COHEN & STEERS REALTY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.14633	\$11.95154	0
AST CONSERVATIVE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
12/5/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$10.02210	74,062
AST DEAM LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.08415	\$10.65644	0

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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table> <Caption> ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED): (CONTRACT WITH CREDIT, GMD B STEP-UP, LIFETIME FIVE 2.35)			
ACCUMULATION UNITS OF PERIOD <S>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD <C>	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT END OF PERIOD <C>	NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING AT END <C>
AST DEAM SMALL-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.01056	\$10.25531	0
AST DEAM SMALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.04493	\$ 9.96249	0
AST FEDERATED AGGRESSIVE GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$10.89847	0
AST GLOBAL ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.01465	\$10.56503	0
AST GOLDMAN SACHS CONCENTRATED GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.03225	\$10.70014	0
AST GOLDMAN SACHS MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$10.52063	0
AST HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO FORMERLY, AST GOLDMAN SACHS HIGH YIELD PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.97604	\$ 9.80433	0
AST JP MORGAN INTERNATIONAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.91312	\$10.59475	0
AST LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO FORMERLY, AST HOTCHKIS AND WILEY LARGE-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.07650	\$10.49882	0
AST LORD ABBETT BOND-DEBENTURE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$ 9.89514	0
AST MARSICO CAPITAL GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.12548	\$10.84339	0
AST MFS GLOBAL EQUITY PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.96549	\$10.42012	0
AST MFS GROWTH PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.03616	\$10.70037	0
AST MID CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO FORMERLY, AST GABELLI ALL-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.06426	\$10.29604	0
AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO			

3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.05499	\$11.27378	0
AST NEUBERGER BERMAN MID-CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.02120	\$10.82531	0
AST PIMCO LIMITED MATURITY BOND PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$10.00170	0
AST PRESERVATION ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
12/5/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.99809	\$10.03209	1,097

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 * DATE THAT THE FUND AND/OR LIFETIME FIVE WAS FIRST OFFERED UNDER THIS ANNUITY.
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PART II

STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUES (CONTINUED): (CONTRACT WITH CREDIT, GMDB STEP-UP, LIFETIME FIVE 2.35)			
ACCUMULATION UNITS	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	ACCUMULATION UNIT VALUE AT END OF PERIOD	NUMBER OF OUTSTANDING AT END
OF PERIOD	<C>	<C>	<C>
AST SMALL CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.04790	\$10.58843	0
AST T. ROWE PRICE ASSET ALLOCATION PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.02791	\$10.29859	0
AST T. ROWE PRICE GLOBAL BOND PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.94863	\$ 9.39752	0
AST T. ROWE PRICE NATURAL RESOURCES PORTFOLIO			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.00209	\$11.67449	0
GARTMORE GVIT DEVELOPING MARKETS FUND			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$ 9.88026	\$11.99550	0
JANUS ASPEN LARGE CAP GROWTH PORTFOLIO -- SERVICE SHARES			
3/14/2005* to 12/31/2005	\$10.04403	\$10.33887	0

* DATE THAT THE FUND AND/OR LIFETIME FIVE WAS FIRST OFFERED UNDER THIS ANNUITY.
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 * DATE THAT THE FUND AND/OR LIFETIME FIVE WAS FIRST OFFERED UNDER THIS ANNUITY.
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Within the Strategic Partners(SM) family of annuities, we offer several different deferred variable annuity products. These annuities are issued by Pruco Life Insurance Company of New Jersey. Not all of these annuities may be available to you due to state approval or broker-dealer offerings. You can verify which of these annuities is available to you by asking your registered representative, or by calling us at (888) PRU-2888. For comprehensive information about each of these annuities, please consult the prospectus for the annuity.

The different features and benefits may include variations on your ability to access funds in your annuity without the imposition of a withdrawal charge as well as different ongoing fees and charges you pay while your contract remains in force. Additionally, differences may exist in various optional benefits such as guaranteed living benefits or death benefit protection.

- - Your age;
- - The amount of your investment and any planned future deposits into the annuity;
- - How long you intend to hold the annuity (also referred to as investment time horizon);
- - Your desire to make withdrawals from the annuity;
- - Your investment return objectives;
- - The effect of optional benefits that may be elected; and
- - Your desire to minimize costs and/or maximize return associated with the annuity.

In addition to the chart, we set out below certain hypothetical illustrations that reflect the contract value and surrender value of each variable annuity over a variety of holding periods. These charts are meant to reflect how your annuities can grow or decrease depending on market conditions and the comparable value of each of the annuities (which reflects the charges associated with the annuities) under the assumptions noted. In comparing the values within the illustrations, a number of distinctions are evident. To fully appreciate these distinctions, we encourage you to speak to your registered representative and to read the prospectuses. However, we do point out the following noteworthy items:

- Strategic Partners Advisor, because it has no sales charge, offers the highest surrender value during the first few years. However, unlike the Strategic Partners Annuity One 3/Plus 3 contracts, Strategic Partners Advisor offers few optional benefits.
- Strategic Partners Select, as part of its standard insurance and administrative expense, offers a guaranteed minimum death benefit equal to the greater of the contract value or a step-up value. In contrast, you incur an additional charge if you opt for an enhanced death benefit under the other annuities.
- Strategic Partners Annuity One 3/Plus 3 comes in both a bonus version and a non-bonus version, each of which offers several optional insurance features. A bonus is added to your purchase payments under the bonus version, although the withdrawal charges under the bonus version are higher than those under the non-bonus version. Although the non-bonus version offers no bonus, it is accompanied by fixed interest rate options and a market

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PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

value adjustment option that may provide higher interest rates than such options accompanying the bonus version.

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY PRODUCT COMPARISON. Below is a summary of Strategic Partners variable annuity products. You should consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of an investment in any contract carefully before investing. Each product prospectus as well as the underlying portfolio prospectuses contains this and other information about the variable annuities and underlying investment options. Your registered representative can provide you with prospectuses for one or more of these variable annuities and the underlying portfolios and can help you decide upon the product that would be most advantageous for you given your individual needs. Please read the prospectuses carefully before investing.

PARTNERS PLUS 3	STRATEGIC PARTNERS	STRATEGIC PARTNERS	STRATEGIC PARTNERS	STRATEGIC
	ADVISOR	SELECT	ANNUITY ONE 3/ PLUS 3 NON BONUS	ANNUITY ONE 3/ BONUS
<S> Minimum Investment	<C> \$10,000	<C> \$10,000	<C> \$10,000	<C> \$10,000
Maximum Issue Age	85 Qualified & Non-Qualified	80 Qualified & 85 Non-Qualified	85 Qualified & Non-Qualified	85 Qualified & Non-Qualified
Withdrawal Charge, 8%, Schedule based	None	7 Years (7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%) Contract date based	7 Years (7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%) Payment date based	7 Years (8%, 8%, 8%, 7%, 6%, 5%) Payment date
Annual Charge-Free purchase Withdrawal(1) of	Full liquidity	10% of gross purchase payments per contract year, cumulative up to 7 years or 70% of gross purchase payments	10% of gross purchase payments made as of last contract anniversary per contract year	10% of gross payments made as of last contract anniversary per contract year
Insurance and Administration Charge	1.40%	1.52%	1.40%	1.50%
Contract Maintenance Fee (assessed annually) value. contract or	The lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value. Waived if contract value is \$50,000 or more	\$30. Waived if contract value is \$50,000 or more	The lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value. Waived if contract value is \$75,000 or more	The lesser of \$30 or 2% of your contract value. Waived if value is \$75,000 or more
Contract Credit ages	No	No	No	Yes 3%-all amounts 81-85 4%-under \$250,000 5%-\$250,000-\$999,999 6%-\$1,000,000+

1 Withdrawals of taxable amounts will be subject to income tax, and prior to age 59 1/2, may be subject to a 10% federal income tax penalty.

* DATE THAT THE FUND AND/OR LIFETIME FIVE WAS FIRST OFFERED UNDER THIS ANNUITY.

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PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

<Table>

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PARTNERS PLUS 3	STRATEGIC PARTNERS ADVISOR	STRATEGIC PARTNERS SELECT	STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3/ PLUS 3 NON BONUS	STRATEGIC ANNUITY ONE 3/ BONUS
Fixed Rate Account	No	Yes 1-Year	Yes 1-Year	Yes(2) 1-Year
Market Value Adjustment Account (MVA)	No	Yes 7-Year	Yes 1-10 Years	No
Enhanced Dollar Cost Averaging (DCA)	No	No	Yes	Yes
Variable Investment Options Available	56	56	56/62	56/62
Evergreen Funds Partners Plus	N/A	N/A	6-available in Strategic Partners Plus 3 only	6-available in Strategic 3 only
Base Death Benefit: payment(s) proportionate	The greater of: purchase payment(s) minus proportionate withdrawal(s) or contract value	Step-Up Withdrawals will proportionately affect the Death Benefit	The greater of: purchase payment(s) minus proportionate withdrawal(s) or contract value	The greater of: purchase minus withdrawal(s) or contract value
Optional Death Benefit (for an additional cost),(3)	Step-Up	N/A	Step-Up	Step-Up
Living Benefits (for an additional cost),(4) Five Minimum (GMIB) Appreciator	Lifetime Five	N/A	Lifetime Five Spousal Lifetime Five Guaranteed Minimum Income Benefit (GMIB) Income Appreciator Benefit (IAB)	Lifetime Five Spousal Lifetime Guaranteed Income Benefit Income Benefit (IAB)

</Table>

2 May offer lower interest rates for the fixed rate options than the interest rates offered in the contracts without credit.

3 For more information on these benefits, refer to section 4, "What Is The Death Benefit?" in the Prospectus.

4 For more information on these benefits, refer to section 3, "What Kind of Payments Will I Receive During The Income Phase?"; section 5, "What Is The LifeTime Five(SM) Income Benefit?"; (discussing Lifetime Five and Spousal Lifetime Five) and section 6, "What Is The Income Appreciator Benefit?" in the Prospectus.

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* DATE THAT THE FUND AND/OR LIFETIME FIVE WAS FIRST OFFERED UNDER THIS ANNUITY.

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PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

HYPOTHETICAL ILLUSTRATION

The following examples outline the value of each annuity as well as the amount that would be available to an investor as a result of full surrender at the end of each of the contract years specified. The values shown below are based on the following assumptions:

- An initial investment of \$100,000 is made into each contract earning a gross rate of return of 0% and 6% respectively.
- No subsequent deposits or withdrawals are made to/from the contract.
- The hypothetical gross rates of return are reduced by the arithmetic average of the fees and expenses of the underlying portfolios and the charges that are deducted from the contract at the Separate Account level as follows:
 - 0.99% average of all fund expenses are computed by adding Portfolio management fees, 12b-1 fees and other expenses of all of the underlying portfolios and then dividing by the number of portfolios. For purposes of the illustrations, we do not reflect any expense reimbursements or expense waivers that might apply and are described in the prospectus fee table.
 - The Separate Account level charges include the Insurance Charge and Administration Charge (as applicable).

The Contract Value assumes no surrender while the Surrender Value assumes a 100% surrender two days prior to the contract anniversary, therefore reflecting the withdrawal charge applicable to that contract year. Note that a withdrawal on the contract anniversary, or the day before the contract anniversary, would be subject to the withdrawal charge applicable to the next contract year, which usually is lower. The values that you actually experience under a contract will be different from what is depicted here if any of the assumptions we make here differ from your circumstances, however the relative values for each product reflected below will remain the same. We will provide you with a personalized illustration upon request.

<Table>

<Caption>

* DATE THAT THE FUND AND/OR LIFETIME FIVE WAS FIRST OFFERED UNDER THIS ANNUITY.

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PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

0% GROSS RETURN

<Table>

<Caption>

STRATEGIC PARTNERS ADVISOR		STRATEGIC PARTNERS SELECT		STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3/PLUS 3 NON BONUS		STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3/PLUS 3 BONUS		
CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	
1	\$97,659	\$97,659	\$97,544	\$91,415	\$97,659	\$91,522	\$101,465	\$94,148
2	\$95,366	\$95,366	\$95,141	\$90,032	\$95,366	\$90,244	\$ 98,986	\$91,866
3	\$93,128	\$93,128	\$92,798	\$88,658	\$93,128	\$88,971	\$ 96,567	\$89,641
4	\$90,941	\$90,941	\$90,512	\$87,292	\$90,941	\$87,703	\$ 94,207	\$87,470
5	\$88,807	\$88,807	\$88,283	\$85,934	\$88,807	\$86,442	\$ 91,905	\$86,171
6	\$86,722	\$86,722	\$86,109	\$84,586	\$86,722	\$85,187	\$ 89,659	\$84,879
7	\$84,686	\$84,686	\$83,988	\$83,248	\$84,686	\$83,939	\$ 87,468	\$83,594
8	\$82,698	\$82,698	\$81,919	\$81,919	\$82,698	\$82,698	\$ 85,331	\$85,331
9	\$80,757	\$80,757	\$79,902	\$79,902	\$80,757	\$80,757	\$ 83,245	\$83,245
10	\$78,861	\$78,861	\$77,934	\$77,934	\$78,861	\$78,861	\$ 81,211	\$81,211
11	\$77,010	\$77,010	\$76,014	\$76,014	\$77,010	\$77,010	\$ 79,226	\$79,226
12	\$75,202	\$75,202	\$74,142	\$74,142	\$75,202	\$75,202	\$ 77,290	\$77,290

13	\$73,436	\$73,436	\$72,282	\$72,282	\$73,436	\$73,436	\$ 75,402	\$75,402
14	\$71,712	\$71,712	\$70,468	\$70,468	\$71,678	\$71,678	\$ 73,559	\$73,559
15	\$70,029	\$70,029	\$68,698	\$68,698	\$69,961	\$69,961	\$ 71,727	\$71,727
16	\$68,385	\$68,385	\$66,972	\$66,972	\$68,285	\$68,285	\$ 69,940	\$69,940
17	\$66,780	\$66,780	\$65,288	\$65,288	\$66,648	\$66,648	\$ 68,197	\$68,197
18	\$65,212	\$65,212	\$63,646	\$63,646	\$65,049	\$65,049	\$ 66,496	\$66,496
19	\$63,681	\$63,681	\$62,044	\$62,044	\$63,488	\$63,488	\$ 64,837	\$64,837
20	\$62,186	\$62,186	\$60,482	\$60,482	\$61,963	\$61,963	\$ 63,219	\$63,219
21	\$60,726	\$60,726	\$58,958	\$58,958	\$60,474	\$60,474	\$ 61,640	\$61,640
22	\$59,301	\$59,301	\$57,472	\$57,472	\$59,021	\$59,021	\$ 60,099	\$60,099
23	\$57,909	\$57,909	\$56,022	\$56,022	\$57,601	\$57,601	\$ 58,596	\$58,596
24	\$56,549	\$56,549	\$54,608	\$54,608	\$56,215	\$56,215	\$ 57,130	\$57,130
25	\$55,222	\$55,222	\$53,229	\$53,229	\$54,861	\$54,861	\$ 55,700	\$55,700

</Table>

Assumptions:

1. \$100,000 initial investment.
2. As of December 31, 2005, the average fund expenses = 0.99%.
3. No optional death benefit(s) and/or optional living benefit(s) were elected.
4. These reductions result in hypothetical net rates of return as follows:
Strategic Partners Advisor -2.35%; Strategic Partners Select -2.46%;
Strategic Partners Annuity One 3/Plus 3 Non-Bonus -2.35%; Strategic Partners
Annuity One 3/Plus 3 Bonus -2.44%.
5. The illustration above illustrates 100% invested into the variable
sub-accounts. Investments into the fixed rate accounts, as noted above, may
receive a higher rate of interest in one product over another causing
Contract Values to differ in relation to one another.
6. Surrender Value assumes surrender 2 days prior to policy anniversary.

<Table>

<Caption>

* DATE THAT THE FUND AND/OR LIFETIME FIVE WAS FIRST OFFERED UNDER THIS ANNUITY.

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PART II STRATEGIC PARTNERS PLUS 3 PROSPECTUS SECTIONS 1-11

6% GROSS RETURN

<Table>

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STRATEGIC PARTNERS ADVISOR		STRATEGIC PARTNERS SELECT		STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3/PLUS 3 NON BONUS		STRATEGIC PARTNERS ANNUITY ONE 3/PLUS 3 BONUS		
CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	CONTRACT VALUE	SURRENDER VALUE	
<S>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	<C>	
1	\$103,502	\$103,502	\$103,380	\$ 96,844	\$103,502	\$ 96,957	\$107,536	\$ 99,734
2	\$107,136	\$107,136	\$106,884	\$101,071	\$107,136	\$101,309	\$111,203	\$103,107
3	\$110,899	\$110,899	\$110,506	\$105,481	\$110,899	\$105,854	\$114,994	\$106,596
4	\$114,793	\$114,793	\$114,252	\$110,082	\$114,793	\$110,602	\$118,915	\$110,203
5	\$118,824	\$118,824	\$118,124	\$114,881	\$118,824	\$115,560	\$122,970	\$115,063
6	\$122,997	\$122,997	\$122,127	\$119,885	\$122,997	\$120,737	\$127,163	\$120,134
7	\$127,316	\$127,316	\$126,267	\$125,104	\$127,316	\$126,143	\$131,499	\$125,424
8	\$131,787	\$131,787	\$130,546	\$130,546	\$131,787	\$131,787	\$135,982	\$135,982
9	\$136,415	\$136,415	\$134,971	\$134,971	\$136,415	\$136,415	\$140,619	\$140,619
10	\$141,205	\$141,205	\$139,545	\$139,545	\$141,205	\$141,205	\$145,413	\$145,413
11	\$146,164	\$146,164	\$144,275	\$144,275	\$146,164	\$146,164	\$150,371	\$150,371
12	\$151,297	\$151,297	\$149,165	\$149,165	\$151,297	\$151,297	\$155,499	\$155,499
13	\$156,610	\$156,610	\$154,220	\$154,220	\$156,610	\$156,610	\$160,800	\$160,800
14	\$162,109	\$162,109	\$159,447	\$159,447	\$162,109	\$162,109	\$166,283	\$166,283
15	\$167,802	\$167,802	\$164,851	\$164,851	\$167,802	\$167,802	\$171,953	\$171,953
16	\$173,694	\$173,694	\$170,439	\$170,439	\$173,694	\$173,694	\$177,816	\$177,816
17	\$179,794	\$179,794	\$176,215	\$176,215	\$179,794	\$179,794	\$183,879	\$183,879
18	\$186,108	\$186,108	\$182,188	\$182,188	\$186,108	\$186,108	\$190,148	\$190,148
19	\$192,643	\$192,643	\$188,363	\$188,363	\$192,643	\$192,643	\$196,632	\$196,632
20	\$199,408	\$199,408	\$194,747	\$194,747	\$199,408	\$199,408	\$203,336	\$203,336
21	\$206,411	\$206,411	\$201,347	\$201,347	\$206,411	\$206,411	\$210,269	\$210,269
22	\$213,659	\$213,659	\$208,172	\$208,172	\$213,659	\$213,659	\$217,439	\$217,439

23	\$221,162	\$221,162	\$215,227	\$215,227	\$221,162	\$221,162	\$224,853	\$224,853
24	\$228,928	\$228,928	\$222,522	\$222,522	\$228,928	\$228,928	\$232,519	\$232,519
25	\$236,967	\$236,967	\$230,064	\$230,064	\$236,967	\$236,967	\$240,447	\$240,447

</Table>

Assumptions:

1. \$100,000 initial investment.
2. As of December 31, 2005, the average fund expenses = 0.99%.
3. No optional death benefit(s) and/or optional living benefit(s) were elected.
4. These reductions result in hypothetical net rates of return as follows:
Strategic Partners Advisor 3.51%; Strategic Partners Select 3.39%; Strategic Partners Annuity One 3/Plus 3 Non-Bonus 3.51%; Strategic Partners Annuity One 3/Plus 3 Bonus 3.41%.
5. The illustration above illustrates 100% invested into the variable sub-accounts. Investments into the fixed rate accounts, as noted above, may receive a higher rate of interest in one product over another causing Contract Values to differ in relation to one another.
6. Surrender Value assumes surrender 2 days prior to policy anniversary.

<Table>

<Caption>

* DATE THAT THE FUND AND/OR LIFETIME FIVE WAS FIRST OFFERED UNDER THIS ANNUITY.

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PLEASE SEND ME A STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION THAT CONTAINS FURTHER DETAILS ABOUT THE PRUCO LIFE OF NEW JERSEY ANNUITY DESCRIBED IN PROSPECTUS P2401NY (05/2006).

(print your name)

(address)

(city/state/zip code)

MAILING ADDRESS:

PRUDENTIAL ANNUITY SERVICE CENTER
P.O. Box 7960
Philadelphia, PA 19176

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P2401NY